"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy today; Sunday warmer, probably snow; southwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 31; min. 19.
For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXXI...No. 23,366. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1922. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

WHALEN ASKS BUSES, COSTING $25,000,000, TO END STREET CARS

Wants 3,500 Vehicles to Give as Many Seats as 1,060 Manhattan Street Cars.

NO MORE SURFACE LINES

Estimate Board Also Votes Against Elevated Structures, Favors Buses and Subways.

COURT ORDER IN THE WAY

Whalen Would Have City Prepare for Change, Believing Legal Relief Will Be Found.

The Board of Estimate yesterday defined its policy on transit by adopting a resolution declaring against further elevated construction on rapid transit lines and expressing the opinion that future passenger transportation within the city should be by subways and buses. The provision concerning buses was included at the suggestion of Mayor Hylan and was considered another indication of the board's hostility to the expected proposal of the Transit Commission that the city should take over the present surface lines.

Controller Charles L. Craig alone voted in the negative, on the ground that, although he agreed subways were necessary in the congested districts, it might be desirable to erect elevated railroads in outlying sections.

A plan for a bus system which would displace all the surface cars in Manhattan and augment the present surface car service in Brooklyn, the Bronx and Queens was submitted by Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, who asked that $25,000,000 in corporate stock be set aside for this purpose, to be used as soon as the city obtained the legal power to establish a system of bus routes. The plan will be acted upon later by the board.

Mr. Whalen asked for the construction of 3,500 buses and calculated a profit of $4,081,000 a year for the city from the operation of the proposed bus system, based upon its carrying 2,240,000 passengers a day.

George McAneny, Chairman of the Transit Commission, said after the meeting that the expression of the Board of Estimate with relation to future subway building was in accord with the policy of the commission and therefore satisfactory to it. "The Transit Commission, as stated in the outline of its plan published in September, anticipated the use of buses for short haul service wherever they may be appropriately employed," Mr. McAneny added. "As Commissioner Whalen is to complete his testimony before the commission at the end of the sessions next week, we shall have opportunity then to examine the plan he has presented to the Board of Estimate and to determine how far his suggestions may be of use in the plan actually to be carried out."

Says 8,000 Buses Are Needed.

Mr. McAneny added that it would require 8,000 buses instead of 3,500 to take care of the present surface car traffic, as the buses seated only thirty persons each and the cars fifty-two.

The meeting of the board was well attended, and representatives of a number of civic organizations agreed that they wanted more subways, but no more elevated lines. During the meeting the Mayor and other officials became involved in an argument with ex-Controller Herman A. Metz, in which the Mayor attacked the Port Authority and defended the city's plan for a Staten Island tunnel.

Mr. Whalen's request that the board set aside $25,000,000 for a bus system was addressed to the Mayor. It read, in part, as follows:

"Pursuant to your directions, a comprehensive bus program has been worked out for the entire elimination in the Borough of Manhattan of the surface car tracks and the substitution therefor of a bus system. In the Boroughs of Brooklyn, Bronx and Queens a bus system has also been worked out to augment the trolley car system now in operation.

"In the Borough of Manhattan at the present time there are operating in the neighborhood of 1,060 trolley cars. In the program outlined below, we have planned to substitute a bus seat for every trolley seat now operating in the Borough of Manhattan.

"In order that this department may be properly equipped to meet its responsibilities to the public in the matter of passenger transportation, I respectfully recommend to your honorable board that corporate stock (revenue producing) be set aside in the amount of $25,000,000 for use as follows:

For the construction of 2,500 modern, well-built, sanitary, stable and properly equipped motor buses, according to the plans permitted by the authorities	$19,250,000
For the purchase of spare parts and spare equipment	750,000
For the construction and equipment of a central motor bus repair shop	1,000,000
For the construction and equipment of garages	3,500,000
For contingencies	500,000
Total	$25,000,000

Calls It Sound Business.

"While making this recommendation primarily in order to meet the transportation necessities of the public, and as a necessary measure to protect the vested interest of the people in the five-cent fare, I am submitting this request also as a sound business proposition.

"From the experience of this department in motor bus operation and from a study of the transportation needs of the city, I believe that there is need for 200 bus lines in the Boroughs of Manhattan, the Bronx, Brooklyn and Queens.

Continued on Page Three.

BILLIE BURKE in Beach Tattlegrist's Most Delightful Laughing Comedy. Pop. Prices. Mat. Today.—Henry Miller's Theatre.—Advt.

Government to Use Movies To Promote Foreign Trade

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Moving pictures are to be used extensively by the Government as a means of foreign trade promotion, it was announced tonight by the Commerce Department. Arrangements are being made for the co-operation of the motion picture experts of the Bureau of Mines and of Manufactures, as the cost of the films to be shown must be borne by the company whose product is pictured.

"In the opinion of the Department of Commerce," the department said, "representative industrial films will provide a very effective method in promoting export trade. They should prove exceedingly helpful in convincing the people of other countries regarding the industrial ability and facilities of the United States."

COLUMBIA STADIUM SAVED BY G. F. BAKER

Dr. Butler Reveals That Banker at Last Moment Provided $700,000 for Site.

PLANS TO BE HASTENED

Gift Assures City of Facilities for National Intercollegiate Contests on Vast Scale.

George F. Baker, Chairman of the Board of the First National Bank, was revealed yesterday as the contributor of $700,000 given recently to Columbia University for the purchase of a stadium site. By this gift Columbia was enabled to acquire the Dyckman tract of twenty-six acres for athletic fields, stadium, boathouse and related purposes.

In announcing the name of the contributor Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler said that Mr. Baker had followed with great interest the project to acquire the property since the subject first was presented to the banker.

In making the gift Mr. Baker said it was his desire to contribute in this way, through Columbia University, to the "distinction and satisfaction of the City of New York," where his active business career had been carried on for many years.

Dr. Butler said the Trustees, in due time, would attach the name of Mr. Baker to the property acquired. The Committee on Buildings and Grounds of the Trustees of Columbia has been charged with the responsibility of having plans prepared at the earliest practicable date for the development and administration of the property.

The announcement that an anonymous giver had made possible the acquisition of the Dyckman property was made on Dec. 21, the option having expired at noon on that day. The contributor had made his gift to Dr. Butler the day before.

"Mr. Baker's munificence assures to the City of New York facilities for national intercollegiate contests and public events on a scale rivaling the great outdoor centres of the world," says Columbia's announcement. "Coming at the eleventh hour, when alumni and friends of the university were doubtful of the issue, the gift heartened the university's alumni and students as no event has done in a long time.

"A committee of alumni and students, under the Chairmanship of Archibald Douglas, a Trustee of the university and a member of the Law School class of 1897, had been working since May, 1921, to raise the needed amount. The gift came to Columbia and the city as a New Year's surprise.

"Dr. Butler stated at the time that it was difficult to exaggerate what possession of this property would mean to the health and enjoyment of generations of Columbia University's students and alumni. When developed as we plan to develop it," added Dr. Butler, "it will be as notable an addition to the resources of New York as a metropolitan city as has been made in many a day.

"Dr. Butler also said that the committee of alumni and students have before them a complete scheme for developing the property prepared by Eugene Klapp, engineer of the Columbia class of 1913, and Henry F. Hornbostel, architect of the Columbia class of 1891.

These plans were described as providing for a football stadium, with a seating capacity of 56,000, costing $750,000; a separate baseball field, with a capacity of 10,000, costing $125,000, and an athletic field with three tracks and a 220-yard straightaway, with a capacity of 5,000 or 6,000, costing $450,000.

A field boulevard, 200 feet wide, that will park from 1,000 to 1,500 automobiles, will be built across the property at a cost of $150,000. This boulevard will look down over the various athletic fields.

A boathouse and rowing headquarters will be built in the extreme westerly part of the property in a cove protected from the tidal currents of the Harlem. A seawall costing $155,000 is provided for in the plans, which also contemplate the erection of a war memorial, whose cost, like that of the boathouse and a clubhouse, has not yet been estimated.

The committee in charge of the project is composed of Archibald Douglas, '97, as Chairman; Albert W. Putnam, '97; Frederick A. Goetze, '05; Frank D. Fackenthal, '05; Eugene Klapp, '13; Rudolph L. von Bernuth, '04; Gustavus Kirby, '95; R. W. Watt, '09, and undergraduates Ralph A. Freed, '22; Kenneth W. Plumb, '22; W. R. Squires, '22, and L. R. Watson, '22.

"SALLY" Mat. Today; 25c to $2.50; no higher. Ziegfeld production. Marilyn Miller, Leon Errol, at New Amsterdam Theatre.—Advt.

FATAL RIOTS GREET PRINCE OF WALES ENTERING MADRAS

Two Killed in Fighting Following Native Attack Upon Motion Picture Theatre.

WAR CRY IS "HOLY GANDHI"

Rioters Shout the Name of "Passive Resistance" Leader as They Burn and Loot.

SOLDIERS PATROL STREETS

Disturbances Extend to Government House Neighborhood, but the Prince Is Safe.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A dispatch to The London Times from Madras says the magnificent reception prepared for the arrival of the Prince of Wales was spoiled by a sudden outbreak of rioting, similar to that which took place in Bombay. Two deaths are reported to have resulted. One of the dead was a rioter who was shot by a member of the moving-picture staff, which the mob had attacked.

The dispatch adds that troops in armored cars are patrolling the streets and that the situation seems well in hand.

The cause of the rioting at Madras, according to The Daily Mail's correspondent, was an attempt by the adherents of Gandhi to prevent the people from going to greet the Prince. The correspondents say that a moving-picture theatre located a quarter of a mile from the Government House was attacked by a mob, shouting "Long live the holy Gandhi!" After wrecking the interior, destroying the films and burning programs, the mob tried to set fire to the building.

Near the Government House a crowd uprooted plants growing around an ornamental pagoda and scattered them in the street.

On Thursday the Madras Government issued a notice that, owing to the indications of possible intimidation and violence for the purpose of enforcing shop closing Friday, it had made arrangements to protect those who wished to keep their shops open.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRAS, Jan. 13 (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle).—The Prince of Wales arrived here this morning, when presentations were made and addresses from the municipality and people's committee were read and replied to. The Prince afterward drove through the decorated streets to the Government House. All the way his reception, especially from the schoolchildren and loyal clubs, was excellent.

But from an early hour this morning trouble had been reported from the Triplicane quarter, which is occupied chiefly by Mohammedans. This district unfortunately lies beside the Government House and centres round a mosque, where it seems the trouble originated. Ellis Road is particularly under suspicion by the police, and today it justified its reputation.

On the side opposite the entrance to the Government House stands a statue of Lord Ripon, beside a large chattri [pavilion] in the middle of the wide place, which was handsomely decorated this morning with Union Jacks and portraits of the Prince and with pot plants.

Soon after the arrival of the Prince an attack was made by a mob of Mohammedans, and plants, pictures and flags were all thrown down and trampled on. The single policeman on duty called for help, and about 11 o'clock the chattri was occupied by a detachment of Leinsters with a Lewis gun. The crowd continued to increase, and many stones were thrown at the soldiers, who acted with admirable restraint.

Although the outbreak took place disagreeably near the Government House, no anxiety need be felt for the personal safety of the Prince.

BOMBAY, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Tomorrow will see the opening of a conference of representatives of all the Indian party leaders, for the purpose, as the invitations said, of trying to solve the existing deadlock among them. Mohandas Gandhi, the Nationalist leader, will attend, but no member of the Government will be present, unless a few moderate Indians who hold seats in the Legislative Council are considered as such.

In official circles it is stated that a round-table conference of Indian leaders and Government officials will probably be considered, but the Viceroy has already expressed himself as not in favor of such a meeting, and it is considered doubtful if permission for the conference will be granted should tomorrow's conference ask for it.

Woman's Body With Sandbag Tied to Neck Found Where Man Drowned in Same Manner

A man was spearing for eels through a hole in the ice in the East Rockaway Canal, between Long Beach and Lynbrook, L. I., yesterday afternoon. The spear caught something heavy underneath the ice. He pulled it to the surface and discovered it was the body of a woman. She was fully clothed. A sandbag had been tied around her neck.

At about the same place the body of a man was found on Dec. 12. There was a sandbag tied around his neck also. The bags were ordinary flour bags, holding about five pounds, which any housewife might buy at a grocery. They had been stuffed with sand and tied around the necks of the man and woman, to the apparent purpose of keeping their heads under water.

The man and woman were each about 60 years old. The woman was 5 feet in height and appeared to weigh about 120 pounds. She had gray hair. Her body had been in the water for some time. She wore a black Winter coat with a braid collar, a black-and-white skirt, black cloth top shoes, rubbers and black stockings, with leather garters.

The man was 5 feet 4 inches tall and weighed 145 pounds. He had gray-blue eyes and a Roman nose. A set of false teeth were clenched in his right hand. He wore a black overcoat, gray-striped trousers, dark-blue shirt with white dots, celluloid collar, ribbed underwear and black cotton gloves, and his socks were kept in place by the same kind of leather garters as the woman wore.

There was nothing in the clothing of the man or woman to identify them. The man was buried in the Rockville Cemetery. An autopsy will be performed on the woman's body today. It has already been determined by autopsy that drowning was the cause of the man's death.

Whether the couple died in a suicide agreement, or whether it was murder, or murder and suicide, may never be known.

SALE ANS FOR INDIGESTION, KEEP IT HANDY. DON'T FORGET.—Advt.

Wilson Says Senate Blocked America's World Leadership

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Woodrow Wilson declared in a letter written by him Jan. 3 to John H. Williams of San Francisco, published in The Bulletin today, that the Senate's failure to ratify the Treaty of Versailles deprived the United States of world leadership. Replying to a letter from Williams saying that his work had made possible the Washington conference on armament limitation, he wrote:

"You are right in thinking that the United States was entitled to leadership in the League of Nations. Indeed, the countries associated with us in the war, and the many less powerful Governments which had benefited by the results of the war, had already accorded us leadership, and the pity of the failure of the Senate to ratify the Treaty of Versailles was not only that the nations who took part in the framing of the treaty were denied by our act the justice they sought to secure by its terms, but also that the United States was deprived of the leadership of the world."

HARDING WANTS NEW U. S. BUILDING HERE

Cabinet Favors Centralizing Federal Offices and Exchange of Post Office Site.

TO CO-OPERATE WITH CITY

Government Now Paying $980,000 a Year Rent for Scattered Quarters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—High rents for Government offices in New York were discussed by President Harding with his Cabinet this morning, and Postmaster General Hays was authorized to co-operate with the New York municipal authorities on plans for a scheme of centralized public buildings.

Removal of the unsightly Federal Building in City Hall Park was discussed, and it was proposed to take up with the city government the question of exchanging the site of the present building for a suitable location for a building capable of housing New York Federal offices.

The rent that the United States is paying for office space in New York buildings was described at the White House today as "excessive." Attorney General Daugherty and Secretaries Hoover and Davis told the Cabinet of the rents their departments are paying for their New York offices. Another large item in Federal rent expenditure is that of the Treasury Department for offices that cannot be accommodated in the Custom House.

The Federal Government pays approximately $980,000 a year rent to house its various departments in New York City. The principal Federal departments in the city are housed in two United States Government buildings, the old Post Office Building at Park Row and Broadway, and the Custom House, but neither building has the space to accommodate the numerous other Federal activities in New York City and consequently they are scattered throughout the city in rented buildings.

The erection of a new Federal building in New York, it is stated, would house all the Government activities under one roof and besides saving about a million dollars a year would expedite business. This is the main purpose in the minds of those who are urging that the Federal authorities make a deal with the city whereby the old Federal Building would be torn down and City Hall Park extended in return for which the Federal Government would receive a site for a new building, preferably in Centre Street in the neighborhood of the site of the new Court House. This plan has the backing of Postmaster General Will H. Hays and Postmaster Edward M. Morgan, besides other Federal officials.

Two committees, representing the city and the Federal Government, were appointed some time ago to try to reach an agreement. These committees went as far as they could, but are awaiting action by Congress, as any deal involving the abandonment of the Post Office building must be sanctioned by Congress. The present Congress is expected to pass such an act, in which event it is believed the city and Federal authorities would quickly come to terms.

Some of the Federal departments now scattered about the city in rented buildings are the Bureau of Census, 441-475 Eighth Avenue; Bureau of Naturalization, 5 Beekman Street; Interstate Commerce Commission, 149 Broadway; United States Shipping Board, 45 Broadway; Federal Trade Commission, 30 West Thirty-eighth Street; Federal Reserve Board, 37 Liberty Street; Federal Board for Vocational Education, 140 West Forty-fifth Street; United States Public Health Service, 630 West Forty-second Street and 280 Broadway; New York Meteorological Observatory, Central Park East and Sixty-fifth Street; Bureau of Animal Industry, 11 Broadway; Bureau of Plant Industry, New York Laboratory, 904 Franklin Street; Bureau of Chemistry, 641 Washington Street, and the Bureau of Markets, 27 William Street and 904 Franklin Street.

Gangplank Stops Farewell to Tokugawa.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Prince Tokugawa, President of the Japanese House of Peers and a delegate to the Washington conference, left San Francisco today without a farewell greeting from Mayor Rolphe Jr., because the gangplank slipped just as the Mayor was about to board the Korea Maru and the stevedores were unable to replace it in time. Baron Naibo Kanda and a party of about fifteen accompanied the Prince on his homeward voyage.

Delta Kappa Epsilon—Sunday Dinner and Evening Concert, $2.50. Vanderbilt Hotel.—Advt.

POINCARE CABINET READY BY SUNDAY; HE CONFERS WITH LLOYD GEORGE TODAY; GENOA PARLEY CALLED DESPITE CRISIS

CALL TO GENOA SENT OUT

Supreme Council Agrees Decisions Taken Before Break Shall Stand.

INVITATION SENT TO US

Large Powers Are Asked to Send Three or Five Delegates and Other States Two.

GERMANY GETS A DELAY

Must Pay 31,000,000 Marks Every Ten Days Until New Program Is Approved.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CANNES, Jan 13.—Amid the wreckage of the Cannes conference some results are discernible that may save it from total failure. Lloyd George told his colleagues this morning that the Genoa conference would be held no matter what happened in Paris. Official invitations to the conference went out today. One of the members of the conference told me the Prime Minister's remarks in this connection had considerable bite in them and indicated that England would push along on economic lines with France if possible and without her if necessary.

The position of the Reparations Committee has undoubtedly been strengthened and there is much more reason to hope the allied Governments will give this body a better show than it has had in the past. The very breakdown itself of the Cannes conference emphasizes the need of putting more economics and less politics in future attempts at settlement.

The Reparation Commission's action in concluding arrangements for 1922 with Germany is evidence of the fact that the commission is on a firmer footing and means to do business. The commission has pretty full powers under the Versailles Treaty, but in practice, as the members owe their appointment to the Governments and they are constantly menaced by political influences, it has not functioned efficiently.

It is an interesting fact that M. Poincaré resigned his membership in the commission on the ground that it was interfered with. His position at that time and his newspaper article since have had the effect of committing him pretty fully to the policy of turning over the reparations issues to the commission. If it should work out in this way, the Cannes conference, through Briand's resignation and Poincaré's coming in, might accomplish in a roundabout way the main results for which the conference was conceived and called.

It was next to impossible for Briand to accept the conditions insisted upon by Lloyd George and keep the support of a majority of the Chamber. If Poincaré adheres to his declared views and supports the Reparation Commission that subject may be removed from politics and put on a business basis.

Germans Pleased With Terms.

The Reparation Commission's action regarding Germany's 1922 payments gave all-round satisfaction.

The Germans were evidently pleased, although Rathenau had protested that 500,000,000 gold marks was the limit of what Germany could pay this year. Rathenau has represented his country more ably and efficiently than his predecessors. He spoke about three hours in all, introducing his remarks in German, then using French and translating the French into English for himself. His French was better than his English, but both were good.

The effect of his presentation was somewhat marred by his effort to prove there was more idleness in Germany than in England. He rested his argument on the claim there were 9,000,000,000 hours of work rendered necessary by the losses and deprivations imposed on Germany by the Allies. His argument in this sense left every one cold, as nobody cared particularly how hard the Germans have to work.

In his remarks this morning Lloyd

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Lloyd George to Meet Poincare Today To Renew Conversations Broken at Cannes

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—An interview is to take place tomorrow at the British Embassy here between M. Poincaré and Mr. Lloyd George. No time therefore is going to be lost in trying to patch up the break in the conversations between the two countries caused by the resignation of M. Briand.

The British Premier is due here in the course of the morning on his return from Cannes, and M. Poincaré, when informed that he would spend a few hours here and intended to call on President Millerand, asked Lord Hardinge, the British Ambassador, to arrange an interview at the Embassy at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Even though he is not yet officially Premier, M. Poincaré thinks it will be best to have an understanding with Mr. Lloyd George right at the start.

CANNES, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain before his departure from Cannes this evening said he wished the Anglo-French compact could be signed before the Genoa conference. He explained that the Italian Government would not, for the present, be asked to adhere to it, because the shape of the Italian frontier did not require additional safeguards. He declared that an entente with Belgium had been effected, and, with regard to the Near East question, he hoped it would be settled within the next fortnight at a meeting of foreign Ministers to be held at Paris.

GERMANY AWAITS NEW FRENCH POLICY

Wirth Cabinet Badly Shaken by Collapse of Its Plans, but Keeps at Work.

PRESS COMMENT IS BITTER

Only Reactionary Organs See Any Benefit in the "Clarification" of European Problems.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—Briand's resignation burst like a bomb under the Wirth Government and Germany. It shattered all German hopes set on Cannes and the general conference; it sent the paper mark down to 197 to the dollar, though it recovered after the first shock to 188.

The French crisis caused two special Cabinet meetings within the past twenty-four hours and the summoning of the Reichstag Foreign Affairs Committee for tomorrow by the Chairman, Dr. Stresemann, leader of the German People's Party. There is talk of a possible German Cabinet crisis.

But Briand's bomb has not shaken the Wirth Government in its policy of watchful waiting. Political friends close to the Chancellor emphasized that the Wirth Government had no reason to do anything but keep still and saw wood, pending further developments at Paris and London. It was admitted in political circles, however, that if the change in the Government of France spelled a radical change in French reparation policy, particularly if the new policy was of marked nationalistic or chauvinistic complexion, with "treat Germany rough" as the slogan, then Chancellor Wirth's personal good faith policy might well go by the board and be replaced by a less conciliatory and more nationalistic German policy. Thus a potential German Cabinet crisis is still in the offing, although dependent on France's next move.

The fact remains that Briand's resignation and the blow-up of the Cannes conference constitute a heavy blow to the Wirth-Rathenau policy. The German delegation is expected from Cannes on Sunday evening.

The German press is unanimously bitter about Briand's resignation and the possible consequences of a Poincaré government. Two viewpoints are emphasized, first the increased acuteness of Anglo-French relations; secondly, the worsening of Germany's immediate prospects. Contrary to what one might expect, the German press does not jubilate over the assumed increased tension between England and France. Most Ger-

Continued on Page Two.

BRITAIN IS HOPEFUL OF FRENCH ACCORD

Poincare as Premier Is Expected to Prove Less Hostile Than Poincare the Journalist.

HIS CRITICISMS MODERATING

Doubt That He Would Follow Extremist Policy to the Point of Disrupting Entente.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—In official circles in London every effort is being made to make the best of a bad business, for that is what the fall of the Briand Cabinet at this particular period is felt, though not openly acknowledged, to be.

Hopes are expressed that M. Poincaré will take up the work of the Cannes conference at the point where it was so dramatically interrupted. The responsibility of office has not infrequently exercised a moderating influence upon French politicians, and it is considered that the new Government in Paris, whatever may have been its attitude in opposition, will very probably be reluctant to pursue such a policy as would inevitably stretch the entente to the breaking point.

M. Poincaré is thought to be as firm in his belief in the desirability of a good understanding with Great Britain as he is convinced of the necessity of executing the terms of the Versailles Treaty. In the British view both these objectives are desirable in so far as they are possible. There have been and still are differences of opinion between the French and the British as to where to draw the line of possibility, but each successive meeting of experts on both sides has marked a gradual approach toward agreement.

Will Result in a Delay.

It is, of course, admitted that the retirement of M. Briand must result in a delay and some hindrance in reaching a solution of the European problem. Months of close association between him and Mr. Lloyd George had resulted in their learning to know each other. The very disagreements which had occurred between them over such questions as Silesia and Angora had taught each of them the other's points of views and even actually helped them toward a solution of the still graver problems that were before them. Much time must elapse before Mr. Lloyd George and M. Poincaré can reach equal terms of personal understanding, but it is not doubted here that they will soon establish harmonious relations.

M. Poincaré has, of course, been one of the strongest supporters of the doctrine of the Treaty of Versailles, the whole treaty and nothing but the treaty. He is in the forefront of French political writers, and his criticisms of Britain in the Revue des Deux Mondes, the Temps and the Matin have been outspoken and pointed, but recently their tone has been moderating.

He came to London last Fall in connection with the League of Mercy, an organization which promotes adoption by English municipalities of towns in French devastated areas in much the same way as Frenchwomen became during the war "marraines" of the poilus in the trenches. The City of London adopted Verdun, and its Lord Mayor and Corporation entertained M. Poincaré in celebration of that event at the Mansion House with all their traditional hospitality. M. Poincaré then discovered that England had not forgotten the war. No one brought up or seemed even to know of his fierce criticisms of British policy. He was France's war President, and was honored personally as such, while his appeal for the ruined provinces met with a ready and generous response.

All this seems to have tended to nullify his views and although as a politician

Continued on Page Two.

POINCARE FORMS CABINET

Promises President to Take Over Government After Conferences.

LIBERALS REFUSE TO JOIN

Strong Opposition Expected to Prevent Carrying Out of Extreme Nationalist Policy.

BRIAND MINISTERS STAY

Men From the Conservative Wing Will Complete the New Government.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—Raymond Poincaré, ex-President of the republic, ex-Premier, ex-Minister of Finance and Foreign Affairs, politician for thirty years and barrister by profession, this afternoon definitely accepted the task of forming a French Government in succession to Aristide Briand. The acceptance was made at the Elysée this afternoon during a forty-five-minute interview which he had with the President and following a whole day of interviews with men on whom he is counting to accept office in his Cabinet or to lend its support in the Chamber and Senate.

On leaving the Elysée the new Premier declared that it would be tomorrow or Sunday before he could issue a definite announcement as to the constitution of his Government. That he will have it all ready very soon is certain, for Poincaré is a hustler on the job, and moreover his plans have been well laid for some time past.

Liberal Opposition to New Premier.

From the Chamber the first sign of opposition has come in a declaration by the Radical Socialist group that they will refuse their co-operation. This is the group to which Briand, Viviani and many other famous statesmen, including Millerand, in the past have belonged, and its name in no way connects it with violent revolutionism. Other parties of the liberal left of the Chamber have also decided that they will not enter the Government but will keep their liberty to vote for or against it as it meets their policy. Poincaré, therefore, will from the outset be faced by a fairly compact minority and will have to depend for all his support on the Nationalist members who were elected on the Clemenceau program in 1919.

In this situation there is no little humor, for Poincaré has been the bitter critic of Clemenceau since the old man undertook the task of making peace as well as war for France. Now he will have to depend on Clemenceists for a good measure of his support.

What his program will be there is as yet, of course, no clear indication, except from his recent utterances in the press and in public. And even these are not very clear, for Poincaré has ever shown himself more reactionary and more blustering in opposition than in office. He is a Lorrainer by birth and Lorrainers have a reputation in France of being obstinate people to move, but willing to go when convinced, and the strength of the opposition he is likely to meet from the Left of the Chamber is not unlikely to lead the new Premier quickly to abandon any too militant and imperialistic attitude. Even today, after consulting the President of the Chamber of Deputies, he showed a disposition to get into his Cabinet representatives of all groups, and it was only their refusal which has prevented the formation of another coalition Cabinet, with the result that for the first time in nearly thirty years France will be governed by the conservative half of the Chamber instead of the Left.

How long it will last is a question which none is trying to answer. It is worth notice, however, that the Senate is much more liberal than the Chamber, and there also the new Premier will have to go carefully if he wishes to hold his office for long.

It is the first time in the history of the Third Republic that an ex-President has re-entered active politics and there is a great deal of curiosity about the event. But France is no great respecters of persons, and Poincaré at the tribunal defending an unpopular policy will have no more respect than any other citizen.

Briand Ministers to Stay.

In his Cabinet, so it is forecast tonight, he is likely to keep some of those who served with Briand, while 44 times differing from him and at times also conspiring against him. Minister of War Barthou is, for instance, among that number, also M. Maginot, Minister of Pensions, while it is almost certain that for his personal qualifications as well as on account of his presence at Washington, M. Albert Sarraut, Minister of Colonies, will be asked to keep his portfolio.

Among the new names mentioned the most important is that of Count de Lasteyrie as Minister of Finance. De Lasteyrie has been for some time past regarded as one of the best younger men in the Chamber and one of the few who has any sound knowledge of national finance. He has been for some time

Thieves Get $4,000 Payroll in Hold-Up Of 3 Men in Busy Street, Escape in Auto

Operating in daylight on a busy street, three payroll robbers yesterday afternoon held up an official and two employes of the Rose & Rose dyeing establishment at 242 East Fortieth Street. The men got about $4,000, just drawn from the bank, and escaped in an automobile that was waiting for them. Its engine going full tilt.

By the time the three victims, dazed at the sudden onslaught in the very doorway of their own building, had recovered their presence of mind and given the alarm, the thieves had disappeared. The automobile which they had used was found abandoned on the west side not long after, in it were the non-negotiable proceeds of the haul, and a blackjack.

It was between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon that W. Roberts went to a bank in Fifth Avenue and drew the payroll money for the firm's chief offices and workrooms. With him were Michael Hennessy, a guard, and the driver of one of the company's covered wagons, in which the money was brought back to the store, not far from Third Avenue.

As Roberts and his companions crossed the street, three young men lounging in an adjacent doorway, cape shielding their faces, and their hands in their overcoat pockets holding pistols, sprang at them.

"Drop that bag and keep quiet or we'll drill you," one of the men said. Roberts dropped the bag and he and his companions thrust their hands into the air.

One of the trio snatched the bag, another cried a warning against making any outcry before they were gone, and the three dashed across the street to the waiting car.

No one noticed whether a fourth man sat at its wheel, but while the robbers still were scrambling aboard, it started at full speed, and soon was lost in the traffic. Detectives retrieved the car later, but late last night they had not caught the robbers.

When you think of writing, think of WRITING.—Advt.

PARTRIDGE INN, AUGUSTA, GA. Excellent Golf. Special January Rates.—Advt.

Chairman of the Finance Commission of the Chamber and has made a sound reputation there. To M. Poincaré he is doubly acceptable as being one of those who believe that Germany can pay up to a far greater extent than the English advisers believe.

All things considered, Briand's resignation before a vote was taken was probably the most astute political move of his long career. He has left as a legacy to his successor the unfinished negotiations for a treaty of alliance with Great Britain, unfinished negotiations with regard to German payments during this year and an undertaking by his country to take part in the conference at Genoa side by side with the Soviet leaders. If he had waited for a vote yesterday and been defeated all these questions might have been considered as definitely negatived by the Chamber. This is indeed the subject of complaint of many of today's newspapers which would have been glad to see the prospect of Genoa overthrown. But by resigning before a vote was taken Briand has simply handed over to Poincaré the task on which he was engaged and it will be for him to disentangle himself or follow his predecessor's line.

The Chamber has not yet pronounced against any of these three important policies and Poincaré will have to take them again before the Chamber in his declaration of policy. It will be then for the Chamber to indicate clearly whether it is willing to refuse a ten-year guarantee by England with 10,000,000 men and all her navy against unprovoked attack, to indicate clearly whether it is willing to sacrifice the good will not only of England but of all the rest of the world by trying to get paid at the bayonet point and to indicate clearly whether it intends to hold up the economic restoration of Europe by refusing to participate in the Genoa conference.

Signs of a Moderate Policy.

Already today there are indications that such an extreme course will not be followed. The disturbance raised during Briand's absence which culminated in his resignation yesterday was in part personal. For just one year he had succeeded in governing the country without a real majority in the Chamber and the irritation at this fact of the leaders of that majority was the real reason for their onslaught, which has been several times attempted but never before successfully.

M. Briand, however, could not take such grave decisions as those of Cannes with uncertain support which he could always win, but never keep. At the critical moment, with his successor all but committed, he has abandoned the leadership knowing that his policy is bound to be continued by those who were seeking to overthrow him. M. Poincaré will probably do all the things that Briand was censured for trying to do, but he will have this advantage—and it will be an advantage perhaps to Lloyd George as well—that he will be able to count on his followers of the Right, while he will have all the time to make concessions to his opponents of the Left, who will be always threatening in number.

M. Poincaré himself in an article in this week's Revue des Deux Mondes declared that he is not blindly opposed to meeting with the Soviets, but that before doing so he wants to know exactly where he stands and whether the commercial conference at Genoa is to be a political conference.

On that subject he is certain to get the warmest assurances from Mr. Lloyd George, for the British Premier at Cannes repeatedly gave M. Briand the assurance that the proposed conference would compromise France not further than she wished to go. As to the question of the treaty of alliance with England, the new Premier has also repeatedly declared that he was anxious for it, and a careful reading of the terms are likely to show him and the rest of the world that nothing more satisfactory could be attained at present. Lastly, he will have to face the fact of the decision by the Reparation Commission at Cannes today to accord a provisional delay to Germany on payments this month and next. When the period of that provisional delay has run out he will have to take a definite stand on almost exactly the same ground as M. Briand did last week and this, and it remains to be seen whether he will succeed, as his predecessor did, in getting more cash for France than was actually due in the current year.

Press Still Attacks Briand.

Press comment today continues to be strongly anti-Briand, and, as indicated above, he is blamed for quitting office without putting his policy to a vote. The general tone is of satisfaction that M. Poincaré has accepted the task of making the Government. Much is expected of him, but already he is being shown the line he must walk along by such advice as this in the Tempo:

"The Ministerial crisis must not crush our hopes. Above all, the pact with England must be saved."

Leon Bailby in the Intransigeant, too, warns the country against indulging in a policy of "splendid isolation."

In several leading articles the firm belief is expressed that M. Poincaré will succeed in doing better than ever M. Briand could have done in forming a real Anglo-French Entente, which will be the basis for the reconstruction of Europe. Auguste Gauvin in the Journal des Débats, for instance, writes:

"Mr. Lloyd George must understand that if France has rejected M. Briand, it is because he was on the point of ruining the Entente with England. M. Poincaré will find himself in a position similar to that he was in in 1912, when he had to draw the Entente out of misunderstandings into which it had been thrown by M. Caillaux. We have no doubt that he will succeed."

It remains to be seen, however, how far the new Premier can succeed in saving the alliance, and at the same time keep the program which he enunciated for France three days ago, as President of the Senate Commission on Foreign Affairs, that the financial and economic restitution of France was an essential condition to that of Europe; that the reparations due France must remain unaltered, without new reductions or alterations of the schedule of payments established last May, and without infringement on Belgian priority.

Cabinet Making Waits on Conference.

PARIS, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Raymond Poincaré, who has assumed the task of forming a Ministry to succeed that of Aristide Briand, said tonight that he did not think that he could complete his work before Sunday evening at the earliest.

While receiving deputations from the principal groups in Parliament this evening M. Poincaré said:

"As you know, Mr. Lloyd George very kindly expressed a desire to talk with M. Briand's successor, if he was appointed, when he passed through Paris from Cannes, bound homeward. I have informed him that I will be happy to confer with him at the British Embassy.

"As our conversation will require several hours, thus delaying the efforts I expect to begin tomorrow to obtain the collaborators I need in the new Ministry, I do not think the Cabinet can be formed before Sunday night at the earliest.

"Parliament having decided to meet next Thursday, I must be able before appearing there to familiarize myself with current discussions between the Allies, and particularly concerning the deliberations at Cannes.

"Further conferences are likely in the near future. They have their uses, but I believe it would be better to summon the Supreme Council only after the Ambassadors have completed the preparatory work. In my opinion the Supreme Council ought in principle to meet only for the exchange of signatures."

M. Poincaré told the delegates concerning the Cabinet that he did not imagine any one expected him to form a purely political Ministry.

"No one denies," he declared, "the gravity of the situation. We are living through hours now as serious as those in 1914. Union is more necessary than ever. Above all we must secure disarmament of minds. There must be no consideration of persons.

"Peace is the indispensable work we will have to accomplish. It must be made for the benefit of France. Not against Germany or another."

It having been pointed out to M. Poincaré that the inclusion of certain Socialist radicals in the Ministry would likely arouse objections, the new Premier replied:

"I have committed myself to nobody. But I can remind you that all the Cabinets formed while I had the honor to be at the Elysée Palace included Socialist radicals."

Foreign Comment Worries Chamber.

Parliament circles were in sober mood today when the Deputies, after the excitement caused by M. Briand's sensational exit, came to realize the seriousness of the situation and manifested evident anxiety to have the Cabinet crisis over with promptly. The English and American press comments trickling in, reflecting unfavorable views, caused palpable worry among the members.

Business circles also manifested uneasiness, while reflections of opinion from the working elements showed strong opposition to M. Poincaré, whom the Socialist newspapers have been openly characterizing as the "dangerous man" of France.

Former Premier Briand today received a telegram from Premier Lloyd George at Cannes, expressing in sympathetic terms the hope that the resolutions adopted by the Allied Supreme Council, with the participation of the French delegates, would be their good fruits in bringing together the European nations and insuring their co-operation for the restoration of the prosperity of their peoples.

GERMANY AWAITS NEW FRENCH POLICY

By CYRIL BROWN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

man editors see no possible benefit resulting therefrom for Germany. On the contrary, having learned a lesson from past experience, most commentators emphasize that an agreement between England and France will undoubtedly be reached at Germany's expense. There is unanimous bitter regret that the international problem of reparation payments and Germany's economic financial reconstruction as prerequisite to European and world reconstruction, the favorite Wirth-Rathenau thesis, harbored, however, by all Germans, has apparently received a knockout blow.

German public opinion is trying to extract some comfort, even optimism, from the proposition that Poincaré will quickly ride France to a fall. The Democratic Tageblatt under the headline "Nationalistic Bloc's Victory," says:

"France offers the world a curious and instructive show. Once again one can see how nationalism, everywhere it attains power and influence, above all harms its own country, and that a nationalistic hatred is like a mad Ajax raging against himself. The Nationalist bloc, the political exponents of Poincarism, cry for "freedom of action." They want to return to force. The diplomats assembled in the Cannes Hotel Club must have received with mixed feelings the news that their work had been in vain and that the conference simply has blown up. France has nothing more to say to them. Europe's sickness has entered the acutest and most feverish stage. Germany particularly faces earnest and difficult days. No doubt the intentions of the new French Cabinet on the reparation question will be most unfavorable for us. There is nothing else for us to do but to await developments with patience and calmness. It will be a bitter transition period."

The Democratic People's Gazette has this to say:

"France or Europe? That is the question arising out of Briand's resignation occasioned by a Poincaré Cabinet. The pessimism of those Europeans is justified who considered the France of today not ripe for the necessary human and economic solidarity. If Briand's resignation does not give France a sharp jolt now and awaken it from its nationalistic delirium, then there is renewed danger that Europe will forever miss the psychological moment for its convalescence."

The Democratic Bourse Courrier comments:

"As things are at present, France by its resistance stands to gain not more but less than Briand had achieved. The Paris policy has inflicted defeat not on the French, but on the British Premier. It is not Rathenau and the German delegation who return from Cannes beaten. Nor is Germany any the worse off if the questions which were handled in Cannes with gloves on must now be thrashed out freely and clearly."

The Francophile Democratic Vossische Zeitung says:

"The champions of the French policy of might and arbitrariness shrank back affrighted from the logical development over Cannes and Genoa. In disavowing Briand's policy they temporarily cut off understanding with England. The first result of their offensive is that they have plunged Europe back into insecurity and dissension."

German Socialist Comment.

The Social Democratic Vorwärts says:

"Although we Germans above all are interested in the question of how France's relations with Germany will now shape themselves, we must bear the fact in mind that Briand's resignation strengthens England's position. The Cannes, Genoa and Anglo-French guarantee agreements are jeopardized. Seldom has one blow smashed so much crockery as the blow of the French nationalistic opposition against Briand. But nothing would be more erroneous than for us now to commit ourselves to a policy with England and Briand against France and Briand's successor. One thing French policy can not do, unless it has been abandoned by all good spirits, it cannot proceed against Germany with the penalties on its own. It can do only two things, either return to Briand's policy of working hand in hand with England or it can independently regulate its relations with Germany. Germany need not reject the alternative provided Germany remembers it has obligations toward others, too. The nationalistic policy must run itself to death. Perhaps in the intoxication of victory it celebrates Briand's fall today, but soon comes the gray morning."

The Boerse Gazette says:

"The impossible has happened. Europe's immediate future harbors a plethora of volcanic unforeseeables. We won't be the oracle about Germany's fate today. The mad Poincaré signifies a program of a continuation of the state of war."

BERLIN, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—The conditions under which Germany has been granted a temporary respite in her January reparations payment became known late this evening, although the Cabinet was still without direct word from Dr. Rathenau at Cannes.

Official quarters declined to discuss the revised terms, declaring they would await the return of the German delegates. These quarters do not conceal their pleasure over the invitation to the Genoa conference and also express curiosity as to the extent of American participation in that gathering.

VOICE SOVIET FEAR OF GENOA MEETING

Radek and Bukharin See in It Capitalistic Attempt "to Re-enslave Us."

SCOFF AT PAYING OLD DEBTS

Why Should Russia Do So, Radek Asks, When the Allies Talk of Canceling Theirs?

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, Jan. 10.—However the rest of the world may regard the Genoa invitation—as a charitable bone to the starving Russian bear or just part of the gigantic scheme of European post-war reconstruction—there is no mistaking Russian opinion on the subject as put forth by its principal interpreters, Bukharin and Radek, in today's Pravda. Both breathe the stark defiance of communism to capitalism.

"The world capitalists will try to use the coming conference as a weapon to re-enslave us," cries Bukharin in his appeal to the Communist Party to rally the whole nation of workers, peasants and soldiers around the Soviet Government and the doctrine of proletarian rights for which it stands.

Radek reminds his readers that "the breach we made in 1917 in the fortress of world capitalism still remains."

Don't be misled," he urges, "by talk about recognition—the invitation to Genoa is recognition in itself. The real point of the whole business is what the Allies are prepared to do to set Russia on her feet again. They need us, and what we want is realist business relations with them—not moral diplomas or testimony to our virtues from the Governments of Briand, Harding and Lloyd George, which continue to oppress the working masses. The most important feature of the conference will be the settlement of the amount of loans for Russia, their mechanism and conditions. All the rest—the talk about the Czarist debts, when the Allies themselves are trying to cancel their mutual debts, &c.—is merely diplomatic rubbish."

Allowing for the exhilaration of the moment, there is no doubt that this kind of stuff is meant chiefly for home consumption. Bukharin's appeal to the Communist Party and Radek's sneers at the Anglo-French squabbles over submarines or the Angora treaty alike mask their realization of two immensely important factors in the future of Russia.

The first is that the Soviet Government before long will find itself fighting against capitalism on its hands—a fight this time in the heart of its own country—such as it never fought before.

The second is that, no matter what changes the Soviet Government may be willing to make in economic conditions here, it does not for a moment contemplate abandoning its fight to prevent the exploitation of workers, or give up the rights it boasts of having won for the downtrodden masses of Russia, or cease its efforts to establish a communistic system.

Ishmael psychology—the hostility of the outlaw for the world whose hand has been against him—explains the bitterness of these attacks upon capitalism and the suspicion of Radek and Bukharin of the allied motives in issuing the Genoa invitation. But beneath this superficial—and, from the practical point of view, little worse than unwise and irritating—bitterness there is the very real determination of the Soviet Government to do its utmost to keep socialistic or semi-socialistic control of the country's finances, industry, commerce and agriculture. What they want the rest of the world to understand is that they are still masters in their own house, however dilapidated that house may be. They are willing to make concessions—great concessions—for the sake of the admission of a new régime of European reconstruction if it can be launched at Genoa. But certain basic principles they will not abdicate, and they are resolved to disappoint any one who expects that they will.

Italian Socialists' Varying Views.

MILAN, Italy, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—The Executive Council of the Italian Confederation of Labor, consisting for the most part of Socialist leaders, has directed that a resolution be sent to the Amsterdam Internationale as follows:

"At Cannes there was considered an economic conference at Genoa of all the European Governments, including Russia. Does not the Internationale think it opportune for all labor organizations in every country to participate in the defense of the working classes?"

The Socialist Deputy Baldesi, one of the most powerful Socialist leaders in Italy, in the course of the discussion of the council, declared that he was opposed to any participation which might be construed as "collaborating with classes who wish war in addition to the present problems and may involve the proletariat in a responsibility which is not its own."

Serrati was beaten in the recent labor conference on this stand related to collaboration and participation of Socialists with the Government. He has incessantly fought any alliance with "bourgeois Cabinets."

Deputy Baldesi, a moderate Socialist and one of the strongest labor leaders, replying to Serrati, said:

"From necessity even Lenin has accepted the chance to collaborate by his willingness to have the Soviets present at Genoa."

There were further attacks upon Serrati from other labor leaders.

The session ended by the passing of a resolution in favor of "action that would give the Socialist parliamentary group freedom to support that Government which guarantees the re-establishment of fundamental liberty and the adoption of a program for the immediate progress of the proletariat."

GERMANY PAYING HERE.

Federal Reserve Bank Gets Funds for Belgian Credit.

During the last two days, through correspondents here, the German Reichsbank has deposited in the Federal Reserve Bank of New York between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000. These specific payments, made in the last two days, are for the account of the Bank of Belgium, and it is presumed that they will be followed by other payments to the national banks of other countries which are to benefit under the reparation agreement. German balances here, at the moment, are moderately heavy, and it is from these that she has been making the payments in the last few days. The balances, which have been standing to her account since the middle of December, are derived from the sale of the mark, not only in New York but in other financial centres of the world, with the proceeds of which dollar exchange was purchased. She has also accumulated a moderate amount of dollars from her merchandise exporters who have been obliged to turn over the dollar payments received from their goods shipped here, receiving marks in exchange.

The payments just received by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York from the Reichsbank, for the account of reparations, are made in exactly the same manner as were those which Germany made in the last fall to the same account. In these cases the Federal Reserve Bank merely acted as a clearing agent and the deposits were at once credited to the accounts of the Banks of Belgium, of France and of England, on the order of their fiscal agents here. The use of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as the clearing agent in the reparations payments has strengthened the belief that in any shipment of Reichsbank gold to this country, to back an American loan to Germany, it will be the Federal Reserve Bank which will be the depository of the collateral.

Germany is leaving no stone unturned to re-establish her credit in the United States. Negotiations are being entered into daily by bankers and L. Bendix, financial adviser of the German Government, who is now stationed in the United States. Mr. Bendix has been in Washington for the past two or three days, in conference with Administration officials.

Full Text of the Defensive Alliance Offered by Great Britain to France

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The text of the proposed treaty between France and Great Britain, in the form in which it was handed to M. Briand on Jan. 11 by Lloyd George is as follows:

Considering that the territory of France has been twice invaded by Germany within the memory of living men and that the country still profoundly suffers from the devastation inflicted by the enemy;

Considering that the peoples of both France and the British Empire paid a heavy tribute in human lives and riches to repulse the invasion of the German armies;

Considering that the prosperity of European peoples and the economic organizations of the world have been profoundly troubled by the trial of prolonged war through which they have just passed;

Considering that the guarantees for the security of France against future invasions by Germany are indispensable for the restoration of the stability of Europe, the security of Great Britain and the peace of the world;

Considering that the following measures for security contained in the Versailles Treaty—

Article 42.—Germany is forbidden to maintain or construct any fortifications either on the left bank of the Rhine or on the right bank to the west of a line drawn fifty kilometres to the east of the Rhine.

Article 43.—In the area defined above the maintenance and the assembly of armed forces, either permanently or temporarily, and military manoeuvres of any kind, as well as the upkeep of all permanent works for mobilization, are in the same way forbidden.

Article 44.—In case Germany violates in any manner whatever the provisions of Articles 42 and 43, she shall be regarded as committing a hostile act against the powers signatory of the present treaty and as calculated to disturb the peace of the world.

—may not provide sufficiently for the defense of the common interest essential to both high contracting parties, as well as to the maintenance of peace in Eastern Europe.

His Britannic Majesty and the President of the French Republic

Have agreed upon the following dispositions:

Article I.—In case of direct and unprovoked aggression against the territory of France by Germany, Great Britain will place herself immediately at the side of France with her naval, military and aerial forces.

Article II.—The high contracting parties again affirm the common interest which Articles 42, 43 and 44 of the Treaty of Versailles have for them, and they will act in concert if there arises any menace of violation to any one of said articles, or if any doubt arises as to their interpretation.

Article III.—The high contracting parties also undertake to act in concert in case of Germany taking any military, naval or aerial measures whatever incompatible with the Treaty of Versailles.

Article IV.—The present treaty imposes no obligation whatsoever on any dominions of the British Empire, unless or until approved by the dominion which is interested.

Article V.—The present treaty will remain in vigor for a period of ten years, and will, by common accord, be renewable at the end of that period.

LENIN REORGANIZES HIS SOVIET CABINET

Retains All Old Ministers, Shifting a Few—No Non-Communists Included.

THE INTERNATIONALE RULES

Majority of Ministers Are Members of It—Talk of New Western Border Republic.

RIGA, Latvia, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Premier Lenin has practically completed the formation of his new Soviet Cabinet, according to advices received here today from Moscow by the official Bolshevist Rosta News Agency. It has the same personnel as Russia's 1921 directing body, with the exception of three new Cabinet members added to the list. Some of the portfolios, however, have been shifted.

According to Latvian and other officials in Riga, the new Council of Commissars of seventeen members is composed mostly of persons of Russian nationality. Trotsky, the Minister of War, and Schmidt, Minister of Labor, are of Jewish parentage. Djerjinsky, the Minister of the Interior, is of Polish nationality, and Stalin, the Minister of National Minorities and Labor and Peasant Inspection, is a Georgian.

The following is the revised list of the Cabinet, as taken from the official newspaper Pravda and the Rosta Agency:

President of the Council of Commissars—NIKOLAI LENIN.

First Vice President—M. RYKOV.

Second Vice President—M. TSURUPOFF. (The Vice Presidents are newly created officials.)

Commissar for Education—M. LUNACHARSKY.

Foreign Trade—LEONID KRASSIN.

Finance—M. KARESTINSKY.

National Minorities and Labor and Peasant Inspection—M. STALIN

Labor—M SCHMIDT.

Food—M. BRUKHANOFF.

War and Navy—LEON TROTZKY.

Communication and Interior—M. DJERJINSKY.

Post and Telegraphs—M. DOVNALEVSKY.

Health—Dr. SEMASHKO.

Foreign Affairs—GEORGE TCHITCHERIN

Justice—M. KURSKY.

Agriculture—M. YAKOVENKO.

President of the Supreme Economic Council—M. BOGDANOFF.

All of the members of the Cabinet, according to local Soviet sources, are of the so-called Right Wing Communists, following Premier Lenin's lead. M. Kalenin, President of the All-Russian Executive Committee, and M. Krylenko, head of the court system, are native Russians. This list comprises most of the important officials of Russia.

An inspection of the list of committees of the Third Internationale shows that a majority of the new Cabinet also are members of that organization. Soviet sources in Riga declare, however, that the revolutionary propaganda efforts of the Internationale are now practically at a standstill.

According to dispatches received here from Kovno, Lithuania, negotiations have commenced there between General Ostrovsky, representing the White Russian Democratic Party, and Russian Soviet officials, with the object of forming an independent White Russian Republic, modeled along the lines of the Chita or Far Eastern Republic. The capital of the new republic would be Minsk.

MOSCOW, Jan. 13.—In an effort to get more efficient work from scientists and professors, the Government has placed 7,000 men of this category in Moscow on full Government rations, the heaviest ration ever given by the Communist Government. This step, it is explained, was taken by the Council of Commissars for the purpose of overcoming sabotage and apathy among these men and inspiring work which it is hoped will lead to a betterment of the economic situation.

Courtesies to Charges Personal.

LISBON, Jan. 13.—The Portuguese Government has notified the Council of Ambassadors sitting in Paris that the courtesies extended to ex-Emperor Charles and his wife, Zita, at Funchal, Madeira, are acts of personal attention shown by the Mayor and people of the island and are without political significance as showing the Governmental attitude toward the exiles.

CALL TO GENOA SENT OUT

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

George showed marked civility toward Rathenau, expressing regret that the Germans had come all the way from Berlin to attend a conference that was obliged to adjourn with its work unfinished and expressing gratification that Germany was to be represented at the Genoa conference.

In replying, Rathenau expressed the hope that the official invitation should be sent to Berlin as promptly as possible. Evidently the Germans are not going to pack their trunks until officially invited.

It is impossible for anybody to be much of an optimist about the general outlook in Europe or the diplomatic methods that characterize these conferences. But Europe and European diplomacy, being what they are and fully admitting the low state of political and economic vitality, it may very well turn out that a frankness of the old policy of seeking a settlement in terms of politics has been materially modified and common sense and business consideration may at last have a hearing.

European politics has lost for the time being in Briand a sincere and able man, but lacking the audacity of his convictions. To the last moment he undoubtedly cherished the idea of making a fight for the common ground on which he and Lloyd George had been standing together, but he was unable to nerve himself up to the point of cutting loose from all personal and political entanglements. There is no other Frenchman with whom England and America could so readily agree.

We do not find, however, as much mourning over Briand as might be expected. It is generally believed that what has happened had to happen, and the longest way round may prove the shortest way across. Let the extreme Nationalists have their inning and then perhaps after a general election Briand or some other man like him may come back with a mandate from the French people.

Poincaré's committal to the Reparations Commission should prove useful in the present circumstance and it is probable that his other idea of putting Germany under an Allied receivership will be less attractive when he is obliged to take the official responsibility for carrying it out. At any rate, there will be no marching into the Ruhr.

Invitations for Genoa Conference.

CANNES, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Invitations to the Genoa economic conference decided upon by the Allied Supreme Council were forwarded today to the various nations whose participation is sought. The United States and the more important countries were asked to send a minimum of three and a maximum of five delegates, and the other nations two delegates each, the date of March 8 being provisionally fixed for the meeting.

A meeting of the committee for the organization of the Central International Corporation, called for by the Council's plan for the economic stabilization of Europe, has been called for Jan. 25, at London.

The Supreme Council met at 11 o'clock and continued in session until 1 P. M. At the beginning of the meeting Prime Minister Lloyd George read to the members a telegram from M. Briand giving notice of his resignation from the French Premiership, and the Council charged Mr. Lloyd George with the duty of telegraphing M. Briand expressing regrets at his resignation and the interruption of the negotiations.

The members of the Reparations Commission were then summoned to the Chamber and M. Dubois of France, its President, read the commission's decision, reached this morning. The German delegation was then introduced to hear a re-reading of this decision.

The decision stated that the Reparations Commission had decided to grant the German Government a provisional delay for payment of the sums due Jan. 15 and Feb. 15, so far as these payments were not covered by payments in cash or in kind, on certain conditions. These conditions are:

First—During the period of provisional delay Germany must pay in approved foreign securities 31,000,000 gold marks every ten days, the first payment to be Jan. 16.

Second—Germany within a fortnight must submit to the commission a plan for reforms or appropriate guarantees for its budget and paper currency, and also a program for reparation payments in cash and in kind for 1922.

Third—The period of provisional delay shall end when the commission or the Allied Governments have reached a decision in regard to the plan and program mentioned in the second condition, the balance due becoming payable a fortnight after the commission or the Allies have reached a decision.

The 31,000,000 gold marks which Germany is called on to pay every ten days during the period of provisional delay is just about equal to 25 per cent. on German exports.

It is made clear in the conditions that the arrangement is only a temporary one, to be superseded by any definite arrangement the Allies may make hereafter in regard to reparations. The expectation in Council circles is that by the time the Germans reply to the demand of the commission the reforms which include the suppression of subsidies and an increased price for coal, the French Government will be ready to resume consideration of the whole reparations question.

Dr. Walter Rathenau, head of the German delegation, took note of the decision in the name of his Government. He added that Germany had not defaulted in her payments, because negotiations had been taken up regarding the payment due Jan. 15. He also took note of the invitation to Germany to take part in the Genoa conference.

That submarines are more dangerous to merchant vessels than warships, as he believed the late war had proved, and that torpedo boats and not submarines are the best defensive craft, was the opinion which Premier Lloyd George expressed to French correspondents in reply to questions they put to him before his departure from Cannes this evening.

"I don't fear submarines in the hands of France especially," he added, "but I fear them in general."

The Genoa conference will be first of all a peace conference, Mr. Lloyd George declared. "Peace is the first question on the agenda," he said, "and rightly so, because the other object of the conference—economic restoration—will be impossible unless peace is completely restored beforehand."

The British Premier said he hoped the Anglo-French pact would develop into a general European accord for the preservation of peace.

The British, Belgian, Japanese and German delegations attending the Supreme Council left here at 7 o'clock this evening.

CANNES COLLAPSE AIDS RIVAL 'SHOW'

Competing Session's Disruption Seems to Have Shot Oxygen Into Arms Conference.

A GAIN IN SPEED IS NOTED

But It Is Not Exactly Whizzing Along—Newberry Case Sets Parley a Fast Pace.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The collapse of Briand, the return of Poincaré and the consequent disruption of the Cannes conference seem to have shot a little oxygen into the Washington conference. Optimists who thought that the postponement of the Anglo-French alliance might lead both France and England into some competition to win American favor at Washington have so far been disappointed, but still the conference, if not exactly whizzing along, is at least making a little better speed than earlier in the week. For one thing, its spirit of emulation has been aroused. They have put on a much better show at the Capitol in the past few days and the conference delegates are beginning to realise that they have lively competition.

Solomon Sexwell, the noted motion-picture magnate, said today he thought the French Cabinet crisis would have an excellent effect on the Washington conference. "Perhaps I may illustrate," he said, "by a parallel from the show business. Suppose that in a certain town there are two theatres, 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' is playing at one of them and 'Hedda Gabler' at the other. Unless the town should happen to be Cambridge, Mass.; Emporia, Kan., or Chautauqua, N. Y., the chances are that the 'Tom' show would do a better business. But let us suppose that the house where it is playing burns down. 'Hedda' will do better business after that. Same with these conferences. Cannes was drawing the crowds, but Cannes is busted. Washington ought to profit by the removal of competition."

Mr. Sexwell refused to be drawn into discussion as to who had been playing Uncle Tom at Cannes and who the bloodhounds. He did intimate, however, that he had a strong suspicion as to the identity of the man cast for Lawyer Marks.

"I am about to produce the world's greatest super-picture," said Mr. Sexwell, "based on the Newberry case. No, the title has not yet been selected, but it will be one of those snappy one-word affairs that sticks in the memory. Something like morality, or do you think regularity would take better? With any luck, I hope to get Mr. Newberry himself to play the lead. He ought to be a star in the silent drama. No doubt he needs practice in some of the business, but I notice he manages his exits pretty well."

Walter J. Woot, Washington correspondent of The Amity (Ind.) Grapevine-Telegraph, announced tonight that he had composed original poem on the French political situation, which reads as follows:

Poincaré.
Hell to pay.

Mysterious are the ways of normalcy. The Newberry case was not unlike the situation which the conference has had to meet in China. In both there had been some question as to the matter which was whether the beneficiaries, innocent or otherwise, should be allowed to keep the plunder, and also whether it was going to happen again. The first question has been settled in the conference at Washington, and the conference has had some small degree of success in getting part of the loot returned. As to the second, the powers in the conference solemnly promise that it won't happen again. No promises are made in the Senate, but the action taken in approving Senator Newberry's title is the best possible incitement to anybody hard pressed and full of money to do the very same thing if he needs to, or thinks he needs to.

Thus far, it would seem that the conference has displayed considerably more moral severity than the Senate. But Mr. Root's resolution about China said nothing about the morality of past acquisitions, except by inference; whereas the Newberry resolution was embellished with both eloquent and thunderous denunciation of the practices which had given this blameless candidate his seat.

The world will little note nor long remember what Senator Newberry's friends did there, but it will be a long time before it forgets what Warren G. Harding, through the mouth of Frank Willis, said there.

The conference is more free and easy than it used to be. Newspaper men now bring in their wives to the interviews with foreign delegates. Mr. Balfour's press conference this afternoon looked almost like an embassy reception. The departure of certain distinguished foreign visitors has emboldened those who have wives to let them appear in public, which might not have been safe a few weeks ago.

When Prince Tokugawa said that this conference had been valuable as an example of international education, he spoke the truth. An American who has had a good deal of experience with international politics and who is not one of those who would have this country crawl back into her shell, remarked the other day that the conference had done a good deal to educate the American people. "They have seen," he remarked, "what an international conference is like. They have realized that no one nation can lay down its program and get it through without change. They have seen that there are conflicts of interests, and that the interests in question are apt to seem important to the nations concerned. They have realized that good intentions are not enough; that to get anywhere you have to work, to make concessions, to take into consideration other points of view."

Quite a number of people are being educated. Consider, for example, the changed attitude of the British delegates. In the early weeks of the conference they treated America very much as the Victorian husband treated one of those charming but clinging wives of whom Tennyson and his contemporaries used to write. He humored the pretty creature. She lived in an unreal but charming world of her own. She liked to talk of idealism, of the higher side of life.

Very well; the husband could talk idealism as well as anybody—and sincerely. He admired her; she embodied his noblest aspirations, not less noble because they were hardly within the sphere of practical realization. She was a good influence; he found her a stimulating and purifying influence.

Of course, in the practical masculine world which the pretty creature couldn't understand there were hard and practical things that had to be done. They might not harmonize in all particulars with the idealistic notions of the angel by the fireside, but they had to be done. So the husband did them, and then refreshed himself by going back to the angel and having a good, purifying talk about the True, the Beautiful and the Good.

But the British delegation hasn't talked much idealism of late. America may still be rather Victorian, but in international affairs America is like the woman just waking up. She wants to know what is going on. She doesn't understand the process of higher synthesis by which language is reconciled with actions that seem to the untutored glance to be a shade inconsistent. And the husband of this modern woman undergoing the process of emancipation, and perhaps unduly suspicious as her eyes are opened to what is going on about her, finds that he can't get along any more by merely humoring her by talking well.

She wants to know what he's doing. She wants to know what his talk means, if anything. And this unfortunate modern husband, who never understood his modernizing wife discovers, with some distress perhaps, that it is necessary to find out what she wants, and if possible to let her have it. And, if that is not possible, to understand that she can't be put off with words; she wants to know what is what, and why.

The conference is a good deal nearer bedrock than it was before Christmas.

There was a social interlude this afternoon in honor of Robert Barry, Chairman of the Standing Committee of correspondents; James D. Preston, Superintendent of the Senate press gallery, and William B. Donaldson, Superintendent of the House press gallery—three men who have been in charge of working newspaper arrangements during the conference and who have handled them exceedingly well. Just before Christmas the American newspaper men gave a smoker in their honor at the National Press Club and today the foreign correspondents gave each of them a testimonial present.

The act of presentation was performed by Arthur J. Balfour of Great Britain, assisted by Percy Bullen of The London Daily Telegraph and Edward Hood of The Associated Press. Everybody was happy. The press praised Mr. Balfour and Mr. Balfour praised the press. Of the justified compliments bestowed on the three guests of honor, perhaps the highest was Mr. Hood's remark that "the Great Dispenser of the Loaves and Fishes had nothing on Barry, who passed around a thousand press tickets to a national convention among ten thousand clamoring applicants."

Mr. Barry, who received a watch from the American correspondents last month, received a clock from the foreign correspondents today. He represents a Philadelphia newspaper.

The Veterans' Bureau announces that among the disabled soldiers it has rehabilitated is Harry Bitter, a pharmacist.

Mr. Balfour today referred to the activities of delegates to the conference as "our avocations." An avocation, according to the dictionary, is "a casual or transient occupation; a diversion."

Maybe so, but it's a queer notion of sport.

BRITAIN IS HOPEFUL OF FRENCH ACCORD

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

he continued to upbraid M. Briand for his lack of backbone in his attitude toward Germany, his utterances lacked the "bitterness toward the British Government that they had formerly shown."

Regarding an agreement, Mr. Poincaré will be at once confronted with the facts that he could ignore as a mere journalist. The French economic experts are not far removed from the conclusions of their British colleagues on the critical facts of the general economic situation. The spade work which has been performed in the last few months was by no means wasted. Certain memoranda have been drawn up and certain recommendations agreed to which have nothing to do with politics. They are the views which the best economic and financial brains of the Allies have come to as the result of hard study. These M. Poincaré must now consider, and it is believed, he will find himself compelled to admit that it is impossible for him as an experienced public official to maintain an unmodified position.

Reports from Cannes today are to the effect that Mr. Lloyd George is leaving for Paris, where he hopes, before coming on to London, to have the opportunity of exchanging views with the head of the new French Government.

It is considered highly satisfactory that the Reparations Commission should have taken action in regard to a moratorium for German reparations payments. The decision of the commission is partial and temporary, and will be up to France to propose other measures than those taken by the Reparations Commission. That the new French Cabinet will make such proposals is taken for granted. The only alternative would be the threat of new sanctions and penalties upon Germany, and, whatever French nationalist extremists might urge in this direction, there is little or no apprehension here that M. Poincaré and his Cabinet would take such steps, which could hardly fail to bring France and Britain to a parting of the ways.

Delays About the Compact.

LONDON, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Three important developments emerged today from the confusion into which the resignation of Aristide Briand, the French Premier, threw the Cannes negotiations. These were, first, that a ministry headed by Raymond Poincaré will take the place of the Briand Administration; second, that the Genoa Economic Conference appears to have been saved out of the wreckage, and, third, that the Reparations Committee, acting under the discretion it possesses by virtue of the Versailles Treaty, has granted Germany a moratorium until the Allies arrive at a new decision with regard to her condition.

Germany, instead of paying the 500,000,000 gold marks due next Sunday, is to pay every ten days approximately $1,000,000 gold marks, which latter amount is considered as representing 25 per cent. of her exports.

Whether the Anglo-French compact arranged between M. Briand and Premier Lloyd George also can be saved is considered to depend upon a conference between Mr. Lloyd George and M. Poincaré. The latter always has been solid for the Versailles Treaty, and, as much as France is known to desire a compact to replace the tripartite convention, including the United States, which was contemplated in the original peace negotiations, Poincaré, like Briand, will have to count with the extreme Nationalist views. Doubts are entertained here whether the Nationalists will accept the stipulations Mr. Lloyd George imposes as necessary preliminaries to a conclusion of the compact.

For these reasons it is considered quite possible prolonged and difficult negotiations may ensue before an agreement is reached.

Effect on General Election.

Speculation here still turns on the effect the developments will have on the contemplated general election. The possibilities of elections in England and France at almost the same time are being discussed, as it is regarded possible that the Poincaré Ministry may be short-lived. The first impressions were that the French crisis made February elections in England impossible, but now that it is seen the arrangements for the Genoa conference will proceed opinion is veering.

The importance which Mr. Lloyd George attached to this conference is seen in the statement he made to the newspaper men at Cannes today, when he declared he believed the conference would succeed, and added, "We want to see America at Genoa."

The view held in political circles here is that Mr. Lloyd George has been subjected to humiliation by the first refusal of the Conservative Party organizers to fall in with his idea of February elections, and that he will be only too willing to adhere to his plan, if there is no hitch in the Genoa arrangements, if only to regain the prestige lost through the action of the organizers. Hence today opinions for and against a February dissolution of Parliament were about evenly divided.

Lord Carson in a public speech at Canterbury tonight declared that Mr. Lloyd George, having swallowed the Unionist leaders, wanted to appeal to the country immediately, as he knew the Conservative Party had no leader.

ROME PRESS IS CRITICAL.

TREATY RETAINS BAR ON PHILIPPINE BASE

Restrictions on America Left as the Chief Feature of Revised Article 19.

BRITISH PROGRAM ACCEPTED

Hughes Is Said to Attach Little Importance to the Change, Which Reassures Japan.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The general project of the preservation of the status quo of fortifications and naval bases in the Pacific Ocean has now simmered down to a proposition which, in brief, is an agreement by the United States not to build big naval bases in the Philippines or Guam. That is what is meant by the revised Article 19 of the naval treaty, which awaits the expected approval of Tokio.

The original statement of this matter issued by the conference on Dec. 15 said:

"It is agreed that with respect to fortifications and naval bases in the Pacific region, including Hongkong, the status quo shall be maintained—that is that there shall be no increase in these fortifications and naval bases except that this restriction shall not apply to the Hawaiian Islands, Australia, New Zealand and the islands composing Japan proper, or, of course, to the coasts of the United States and Canada, as to which the respective powers retain their entire freedom."

When the first draft of the treaty came from the committee some ten days ago Article 19 was framed in approximately this way.

Many British Islands Excepted.

Arthur J. Balfour, head of the British delegation, turned his attention to it, and, pointing out that the chief reason for the article was the attitude of the Japanese toward the American naval base plans in the Pacific, suggested that islands south of the Equator be not included, and that a quadrilateral with the Equator as its southern side and the thirtieth degree of latitude as its northern side be drawn as an area within which the status quo should be maintained. The British islands of the Pacific are all, with insignificant exceptions, southe of the Equator. The same is true of the Dutch and French islands.

Australia and New Zealand were excepted in the original plan, but in addition the British Empire possesses literally thousands of island possessions between the Equator and the Antarctic Circle, some of the important groups being the Gilbert, Ellice, Fiji, Tongo and Solomon Islands and New Guinea. It is understood that the Australians wish the narrow strait between Australia and New Guinea to be fortified.

While none of the chief delegates will discuss Article XIX. and they show marked displeasure that this discussion has become public, it is believed to be true that the United States did not oppose the British suggestion. Naturally the French have no objection, since it leaves them free.

From what can be learned of the proceedings, the Japanese delegates showed no opposition to the principle of the Balfour plan. However, the lines proposed by Mr. Balfour would include the Bonin and Nansei Islands. The Bonin Islands are regarded by the Japanese as a part of Japan proper, and as Japan proper was excepted from the limitations in the original plan adopted by Tokio, Baron Kato submitted the change to his Government.

Japanese Oppose Advanced Bases.

The crux of the whole discussion of Pacific fortifications and naval bases is that the initiative came from the Japanese when the limitation of capital ship tonnage was under consideration, the point being made that if America were able to increase her naval bases by big establishments in the Philippines or Guam, she would increase the potential war power of her navy against Japan, whereas Mr. Hughes had proposed as the basis of his plan of limitation taking the strength of the naval equipments of the powers on Nov. 12.

The Americans, therefore, accepted the principle that they should not carry out any naval base projects in Guam or at Olongapo in the Philippines. It is not fortifications which the Japanese object to so much; it is advanced naval bases.

As far as can be learned, the American delegates attach little importance to the change which the British have made. It is believed that Tokio will accept the change. The ability to build a naval base on a large scale in the Bonin Islands does not make a great difference to Japan, since she would gain nothing from establishing a base a comparatively short distance from Yokohama.

The "Big Five" continued work on the naval treaty today, and it is now in shape for a further redrafting, with the exception of Article 19, waiting on Tokio, and Annex B, waiting on London. It is not believed that it can be put in final shape before some time next week.

There is still no telling when the conference will end. It all depends on what sort of discussions the Americans propose for Manchuria and Siberia. It is considered likely that these discussions will be very secret, as has been a great deal of the conference proceedings.

The British seem to think that the conference may end in another ten days. The Japanese think it should end by Feb. 1. As for the French, they say they will stay as long as Mr. Hughes wishes.

May Convert Some Warships.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—An agreement has been reached regarding methods of scrapping ships under which discarded battleship may be converted in some cases into airplane carriers and training ships under the proposed naval treaty.

According to the provisions all finally agreed to, the United States and Japan are understood to be authorized to change into airplane carriers some of the battleships now under construction, but which under the original plan would have gone to the scrap heap, while France and Italy are to be permitted to convert into training ships the dreadnoughts of their fleet which, by the agreement, are to become obsolete in 1931. This decision was formally decided at a meeting of the big five today.

LAUDS CONFERENCE DEEDS.

Committee of Mothers' Congress Sends Resolution to Harding.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—A resolution expressing appreciation of the achievements of the Washington arms conference "leading to the ending of war and limitation of armament," was forwarded to President Harding today by the Executive Committee of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teachers' Association.

The committee, which was in session here today, went on record as favoring passage of the Turner-Sterling bill now before Congress.

House Passes Post Office Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The Annual Post Office Appropriation bill, carrying about $554,000,000, was passed by the House today and sent to the Senate. No attempt was made to reinsert a section, giving $1,525,000 for air mail service, which was eliminated by the Appropriation Committee.

JOHNSON NOT SURE ABOUT THE TREATIES

Says 'Man on the Street' Out West Is Wondering if 1920 Victory Was in Vain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.—The "man on the street" out West is "wondering and wondering," according to Senator Hiram Johnson of California, whether the Republican victory of 1920 was in vain.

Senator Johnson, who arrived last night from the West after a four weeks' visit to his home State, said that he wanted to study all the treaties that would come into the Senate from the Conference for the Limitation of Armament before committing himself to opposition or support of those treaties.

"It would be presumptuous," he said, "for me to attempt to analyze the sentiment of the West on the quadruple alliance, but from my personal contacts, this appeared:

"The prominent League of Nations supporters hail it with glee as the justification of their attitude on the league. The opponents of the League view it with regret, because they fear its possibilities. The 'man on the street', who voted by 7,000,000 majority to keep this country from entangling alliances, is wondering and wondering whether his victory was in vain. Of course, the English-Japanese propaganda newspapers (and there are many of them) are quite enthusiastic.

"Taken altogether, the sentiment I met with is not unlike the sentiment on the League after the League had been under fire six months or so. The old leaguers are for what they think is a new one, while the great mass of people want to know fully the situation, and as they voted to keep out of the big one."

VILNA CASE DROPPED BY LEAGUE COUNCIL

Geneva Can't Recognize Plebiscite and Remits Discussion to Poland and Lithuania.

GENEVA, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—The League of Nations Council acknowledged its inability to settle the Vilna dispute today and turned its efforts toward adjusting the trouble in Eastern Karelia and Northwest Russia. The Vilna matter, long before the council, was turned back to the countries party to the dispute, both the Poles and Lithuanians promising to try again to reach an agreement.

Paul Hymans, presiding officer of the council, announced that the council could not take cognizance of the Vilna plebiscite held Sunday to determine whether that region should have Polish or Lithuanian sovereignty. The reason the council could not recognize the election, which according to unofficial returns resulted in a large majority in favor of Poland, was that Poland undertook to hold the plebiscite without the sanction of the council, M. Hymans said.

The Vilna dispute again was brought before the council at this morning's session when a resolution was presented terminating the council's conciliatory methods of settling the dispute, proposing to withdraw its military commission of control within one month and inviting Lithuania and Poland to confide their respective interests to some friendly power if they were unable to reach an understanding between themselves.

The Lithuanian representative here said the trouble was due chiefly to failure of the Treaty of Versailles to establish a definite frontier. He said Lithuania was willing to entrust the whole Vilna dispute to the Permanent Court of International Justice, or to arbitration. He feared the withdrawal of the Military Commission would lead to a recrudescence of the frontier trouble which would be fatal to peace.

The Polish delegate said Poland would pursue a policy of peace pending a settlement of all points in dispute.

LEAGUE FACES A DEFICIT.

Faults in Apportionment and Some Failures to Pay Blamed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Daily Mail's Geneva correspondent says the League of Nations is in a serious financial position. Owing to the confusion between the old and new systems of apportioning contributions, there will be a deficit of nearly £250,000, unless the new system is speedily ratified.

The position with regard to the payment of contributions also is serious. Eighteen States paid nothing last year, including most of the South American and several small European countries. Many of the arrears extend back to the middle of 1920, and in two cases, Argentine and Salvador, nothing has ever been paid.

POLICE FEED HUNGRY MAN.

Also Raise Purse for Prisoner Who Snatched Woman's Purse.

Samuel Goldberg, 22 years old, of 122 East Tenth Street, Manhattan, was arrested on the Seventh Avenue Elevated station platform at Livonia and Saratoga Avenues, Brownsville, last night by Patrolman Laruo and Lieutenant of Detectives Grieco, on a charge of grand larceny.

The complainant is Mrs. Joseph Kulka of 1,632 Union Street, Brooklyn, who says that Goldberg snatched a handbag from her containing $10 in cash and $100 worth of jewelry.

Goldberg told detectives that he had had nothing to eat for two days, that he was out of work and did not know where he was going to get any food, and that Mrs. Kulka looked prosperous, so he grabbed her handbag. The police took up a collection for him, and Patrolman Al Rang prepared a hot supper for him in the back room of the station house. One of the detectives said that as soon as Goldberg could be freed he would find work for him.

Before he was placed in a cell for the night Goldberg said to a reporter: "They'll have to show me about the cops beating prisoners up. This is the way I like to get treated rough."

MARRIED WHILE A CONVICT.

Wife Sues After Learning He Wed Her to Gain Parole.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 13.—Frank Jandro of Brooklyn, N. Y. a convict, married to obtain his freedom and not for love, he said today, following the announcement that his wife, formerly Mrs. Mayme Wadley, had applied for an annulment of the marriage when she learned her husband was serving a two-year sentence in the State prison for jail-breaking. Jandro, prison authorities said, must serve his full term.

He said he had told prison authorities he was a married man, and as he was intending to apply for a parole, thought it would be well for him to be able to produce a wife.

Jandro a chauffeur for prison officials and permitted to wear civilian clothing, met Mrs. Wadley in the Federal Building, where she is a clerk.

The marriage is the first of its kind on record here, prison officials say, as no marriages were ever performed before while a convict was serving a sentence.

CHINESE PROMISE TO OPEN KIAO-CHAU

"Direct Conversations" Result in Agreement on Another Phase of Shantung Issue.

RAILWAY ACCORD IS NEARER

Peking Delegation in a Statement Says the Far Graver Question of Manchuria Comes Next.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The "direct conversations" between the Japanese and Chinese delegations over Shantung resulted today in the solution of another of the perplexing collateral phases of that problem. The Chinese agreed to open the port of Tsing-tao and the entire Kiao-chau leased territory to the commerce of all nations on a basis of entire equality.

Until the Peking and Tokio Governments send definite instructions as to the Shantung railroad, no real progress can be made in that direction in the "direct conversations." However, the collateral issues are being gradually clarified and by the end of next week Japan and China will have only one vital question in their Shantung relations unsolved—the railroad. That can be adjusted in a very few hours after the home instructions are received.

The following communique was issued after today's session:

The twenty-fifth meeting of the Chinese and Japanese delegates was held today at 11 o'clock A. M. in the governing board room of the Pan-American Union Building, and the discussion on the opening of the former German leased territory of Kiao-chau to foreign trade was discussed and an agreement was reached. The meeting adjourned at 1:30 o'clock to meet at 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning, Jan. 14.

In high circles it was said today that the railroad dispute would be settled to the satisfaction of China late next week, following the expected refusal of the Committee on Pacific and Far Eastern Questions to consider the treaties growing out of the twenty-one demands.

Japan does not intend to leave the conference without settling her differences with China, according to information given today to THE NEW YORK TIMES representative. This official declined to explain the formula submitted to Tokio and Peking by Secretary Hughes and Mr. Balfour, but he did say that a settlement was certain, indicating that the offer Japan would make finally might be more satisfactory to China than the formula proposed by the American and British officials.

Dr. Wang, one of the Chinese delegates, reiterated that the Chinese intended to press for the consideration of the twenty-one demands by the conference proper. If Japan refuses to make some changes in the twenty-one demands, he said, the effect upon China will be serious. The boycotts will be increased, he said, and the present Cabinet might fall.

VETO THREAT FACES DEBT-BONUS PROJECT

Harding's Firm Stand Is Believed to Have Checked Plan in the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—President Harding has informed Republican leaders in Congress that the Administration will not sanction any bonus legislation that fails to provide the means for raising the funds for its payment.

The Administration's attitude had been interpreted as lukewarm toward the Republican legislative program, which seeks to divert the interest from the $11,000,000,000 owed the United States to the payment of a soldiers' bonus. It was said at the White House today that the President believes it would be ridiculous to pass an adjusted compensation act that bases its hopes on a foreign debt refunding bill which has yet to pass Congress. Any such program he regards as lacking in good faith to ex-service men.

Although the President has not vetoed a single bill since his inauguration, the threat of a veto hangs over any act of Congress that would present to him a bonus bill without providing where the money would come from. His attitude toward such a measure was described at the White House today as "hostile."

The Foreign Debt Refunding bill has passed the House but has not yet been reported out of committee in the Senate, where there are evidences that attempts will be made to limit the authority of the Administration in negotiating for refunding.

On the other hand, had Congress acted upon the funding measure at the time it was proposed, the President believes that matters would be in a state now where it would have been possible to utilize at least some of the interest from the Allies' debt.

HARDING AIDS VETERANS.

Approves Plan for Establishing Nautical School—Lasker to Give Ships.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Establishment of additional vocational training universities will depend on the result of the experimental school now in operation at Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, Director Forbes of the Veterans' Bureau announced today. Colonel Forbes presented to President Harding the bureau's plan for establishing universities similar to the Camp Sherman school in former army cantonments in the North, West and South.

President Harding has approved a plan giving the Veterans' Bureau priority in the use of surplus Government property valued at millions of dollars for the training of former service men, Director Forbes said today.

Establishment by the Veterans' Bureau of a nautical school for the training of former service men for the American merchant marine has the approval of President Harding, Director Forbes announced. Chairman Lasker of the Shipping Board has also endorsed the proposal, and arrangements have been made for the transfer to the bureau of four Shipping Board vessels for use as training ships.

Every seaport town from Barnegat Bay to Key West, Colonel Forbes declared, had offered suitable sites for the proposed nautical school. He indicated that particular consideration was being given to Newport, R. I.; Baltimore, South Carolina coast cities and Jacksonville, Fla.

The alleged payment of $154,500 annually by the Veterans' Bureau for rent of its Boston offices was attacked by Representative Frothingham, Republican, of Massachusetts, in a statement today as "indensibly extravagant."

Bill Calls for Textbook Commission.

ALBANY, Jan 13.—The creation of a Free Text Book Commission to provide and supervise text books in the public schools is sought in a bill introduced in the Legislature today by Assemblyman Chuvilier Democrat, of New York City. The bill carries an appropriation of $5,000,000.

M'CORMICK TO ASK EUROPE'S ARMY COST

Will Propose Senate Request to Hughes to Compare Military Burdens With Deficits.

ATTACKS POLICY OF FRANCE

Says She Has Startled and Disillusioned Americans—Suggests Self-Help at Genoa.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—A resolution calling on Secretary Hughes to transmit to the Senate, if not incompatible with the public interest, information in the possession of the State Department as to the present maintenance cost of the armies of the European nations, will be introduced in the Senate by Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois on Monday.

The resolution as drafted by Senator McCormick reads:

"Resolved, that the Secretary of State be, and hereby is, requested, if not incompatible with the public interests, to lay before the Senate such information regarding the revenues, expenditures, and deficits of the European States, as may be available to the Department of State, showing for the last and current fiscal years especially the annual cost of land armaments in the several States, as compared with the annual deficits of the several States (including both 'ordinary' and 'extraordinary' expenditures) and the sum of the interest annually due from the several States on account of the loans made to them by the United States."

"I believe," said Senator McCormick, "that the American people ought to be informed authoritatively regarding the exact causes of the chronic deficits of the European Governments, in order that they may form just conclusions as to the remedies therefor. According to the authoritative figures which I have before me, France, with 40,000,000 population, has over 800,000 men under arms. The following table was prepared for me by the same responsible authority from whom I have the French figures:

Country.	Population.	Men With the Colors.
Italy	40,000,000	450,000
Poland	30,000,000	450,000
Roumania	17,500,000	180,000
Czechoslovakia	14,000,000	150,000

"These figures are by no means all inclusive, but they show a total of over 2,000,000 armed men for a population, in the aggregate, slightly larger than that of the United States.

Says Twice Revenues Are Spent.

"The States supporting these 2,000,000 men are not so far from bankruptcy, but that they must repudiate in part their domestic debts if they do not halt. If you include sums expended on account of war injuries and reconstruction, States like France and Belgium have been regularly disbursing twice the sum of their revenues. But putting aside the figures of the so-called 'extraordinary' budgets, covering reconstruction and pensions, the 'ordinary' budgets for current expenditure, month after month and year after year, infallibly involve expenditures in excess of income from taxation.

"When I examined the then latest available figures the cost of the French army was equal to twice the sum of the deficit in the ordinary budget of the Republic. The retrenchment in cost of the civil establishments—the ordinary civil payroll—of the Government in continental Europe has not been comparable with the corresponding retrenchment of the relatively prosperous and indubitably solvent Government of the United States.

"The French debt has increased by 50 per cent. since the armistice. There are 100,000,000,000 German marks in circulation, now worth half a cent apiece, whereas once they were worth a quarter of a dollar. There are in circulation 2,000,000,000 Polish marks which sell 5,000 to the dollar.

Europe Urged to Clean House.

"How can we help Europe until Europe is prepared to help us so to do? How can we help Europe unless and until she is prepared politically as well as economically to put her house in order?

"Candor compels the statement—undeniable by any informed man—that if French policy has progressively isolated France from her European allies during the last fourteen months, French policy has startled and disillusioned the people of the United States during the last few weeks.

"No continental State in Europe can be at one and the same time the first power on land and a great naval power as well; Spanish, French and German history all prove that. At present, in the economic community of Western Europe, it is impossible to help in the industrial or financial reconstruction of France to the exclusion, let us say, of Italy or England, of Belgium or Ireland, just as it is impossible to help in the economic restoration of France to the exclusion of Germany or Hungary, Austria, or Poland. It is impossible to help them severally or collectively until they abate their rivalries and accommodate their differences, and drastically reduce their expenditures, civil as well as military.

"Last year we sold abroad $2,000,000,000 worth of goods more than we imported, obviously through the extension of private credits. This cannot go on forever. What profit can there be in sending an American representative to the Genoa conference only to manifest our inability to extend financial help to a group of States whose political differences and financial deficits together conspire to prevent our helping them?"

FARM BLOC MAKES TARIFF DEMANDS

Tells Senate Committee It Wants 5-Cent Duty on Short Staple Cotton.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Final discussion of the basis of assessing the import duties which are to be written into the new tariff bill was started today by Republican members of the Senate Finance Committee. They hope to reach a decision on this, the most important and difficult phase of the whole tariff problem, before the end of next week and then the actual work of constructing the rates will be undertaken. The hope now is that the bill can be reported to the Senate around March 1.

Besides discussing the American valuation plan and various substitutes with members of the Tariff Commission and the Court of Customs Appeals, the committeemen received from the Senate Republican-farmer-tariff bloc recommendations as to rates on farm products. These included a suggested duty of 5 cents a pound on short staple cotton, which always has been on the free list, and a rate of 35 cents a pound on wool, on the basis of the scoured content, as against the 25 cents proposed in the Fordney bill. Rates at increases over those in the Fordney bill on wheat, oats and many other products also were urged.

OPPOSE RATE CUTS TILL WAGES ARE CUT

Byram and Mapother Tell Commerce Commission That Present Rates Should Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Representative railroad executives told the Interstate Commerce Commission today that freight rates could not be reduced without a reduction in operating costs, particularly labor. They insisted that the maintenance of the present rates and of the principle of a 6 per cent. return to carriers was necessary to insure a satisfactory system of transportation.

H. E. Byram, President of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and W. L. Mapother, President of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, asserted that while some relief had been given by the recent reduction of wages, it was inadequate to enable further reduction of rates now.

Samuel O. Dunn of Chicago, editor of The Railway Age, testified that because of the decline in railway development in the United States, as measured by miles of line and cars and locomotives ordered and built in recent years, the carriers, owing to lack of revenue, had been unable to keep abreast of the growth in other industries.

BRIAND'S FOES LIKE WILSON'S, HE SAYS

Henry Morgenthau Compares Premier's Fall With Defeat of Wilson Policies in 1920.

Speaking yesterday at a meeting at his home, 30 West Seventy-second Street, to discuss plans for the opening on Monday of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation campaign for a fund of $1,000,000, Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, said that history had repeated itself in the downfall of Premier Briand of France, which he compared to the defeat of Woodrow Wilson's policies in the Fall of 1920.

"The defeat of the Wilson policies he attributed to a "mischievous poison" spread by the Republican Party since 1917, and said that the public still was dazed by the effect of the toxic propaganda, although the work of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation would go far to repair the ravages upon idealism.

"The same tactics have been put into effect by Briand's enemies as were employed by Woodrow Wilson's enemies," said Mr. Morgenthau. "Mr. Wilson has not failed, nor have his Fourteen Points failed any more than have the Ten Commandments. And for two reasons the country must enternally bestow upon him its gratitude unmeasured."

One of these two reasons, Mr. Morgenthau said, was the enforcement during his Administration of the Federal Reserve system, "which saved our business from a panic ten times as serious as any ever experienced."

"Then, too," he added, "we must be grateful to him for lifting the war to a higher moral plane than it had ever before been elevated, for his declaration that we wanted no personal gain, that we sought nothing for ourselves. The world is the better for the keynotes that Mr. Wilson sounded."

The slogan of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson announced, would be "He Blazed the Way." She read the Fourteen Points. Theodore Hackett Ward said that in eight years the ideals of Mr. Wilson had changed the thought of the world more than had all the ideas of any previous century.

Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Chairman of the Women's Committee of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation in the Metropolitan District, presided.

KILLS WIFE AND HIMSELF

Tragedy on Foxhall P. Keene Estate Is Result of Death Compact.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 13.—William H. Henry, 60, shot and killed his wife, 50 years old, and then himself yesterday at the country place of Foxhall P. Keene of New York, near Monkton, Baltimore County, where Henry was employed as a horse trainer.

The Coroner's investigation today disclosed that the shooting was the result of a death compact between the couple, who were reported to have been suffering from despondency. Henry was formerly a steeplechase jockey.

LEAGUE CHALLENGE IN LETTER TO ROOT

Karnebeek, Assembly's President, Denied Geneva Bar on International Law Changes.

DEFENDED WORLD METHODS

Reported Rebuke to 6-Power Action Taken as Check to Association of Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Before he sailed for home, Jonkheer van Karnebeek, head of the Dutch delegation to the Washington conference, and President of the Assembly of the League of Nations, wrote to Elihu Root, of the American delegation, a letter which perhaps helps to explain the disappearance from view of the Harding plan for an association of nations for periodical meetings and the auxiliary plan for the calling by the Washington conference of a general world meeting for the revision of international law.

The purpose of van Karnebeek's letter was to answer a criticism made by Mr. Root of the League Assembly in his address on Dec. 29 in advocacy of his proposal to outlaw the use of submarines against commerce ships. It is understood on good authority that before he finished the letter, the statesman from The Netherlands added a few remarks which referred directly to the proceedings of the Washington conference.

On Dec. 29 Mr. Root recalled that the International Commission of Jurists, of which he was a member which met at The Hague to draft plans for the world court (which begins its sessions at The Hague this month without American adherence) had also proposed to the League that a convention to be held to revise international law, especially the laws of war. As Mr. Root said, this proposal was referred to the Council of the League, which passed it on to the Assembly. Mr. Root added that the Assembly had rejected the plan. That, he thought, meant that the method of making international law by a world conference was banned for the present, and that this limited conference should, therefore, as a last resort, propose certain international laws.

It is understood that the President of the League Assembly informed Mr. Root that the Assembly had not rejected the proposal; it had simply not acted upon it, on the ground that the League was engaged in working out international laws by means of conventions adopted by the Assembly and preferred that way. As long as the Assembly of the League existed, it was Karnebeek's idea that the door was not closed to the making of international law in a world-wide conference.

It is understood that Karnebeek said that he did not believe international laws made by spokesmen for five powers sitting in secret were made in the best way. The proposed international laws worked out here have been the accomplishment of the five naval powers—America, Great Britain, Japan, France and Italy—and the other four powers here have not been consulted. Holland is among the four.

It is believed that the attitude of the President of the League Assembly is that even if five powers would work out laws as nearly perfect as was humanly possible, the fact that the other forty-five or so nations asked to adopt them as theirs would have had nothing to do with their making might render the chances of their adoption less than if more nations had had a hand in composing them.

It is recalled that Mr. Balfour, who diverted the Hughes plan for calling a general international law conference by limiting it to a discussion of laws relating to the new agencies of warfare, is also a leader in the League, having been head of the British delegation to both Geneva assemblies and the British member of the League Council. It is generally understood that the quiet surrounding the Harding association plan is due to the fact that the Americans have not received a great deal of encouragement on the subject from the heads of delegations here, most of whom are League leaders.

MINE UNION LEADERS INDICTED FOR TREASON

Grand Jury in West Virginia Charges Part in March on Mingo Last Summer.

LOGAN, W. Va., Jan. 13.—Indictments charging treason were returned here today against Frank Keeney, President of District 17, United Mine Workers; Fred Mooney, Secretary-Treasurer; William Blizard, President of Subdistrict No. 4, and A. C. Porter, Secretary of Subdistrict No. 2. The indictments, based on alleged activities of the union officials in the disorders last Summer, referred to by the Logan authorities as "the uprising," were among about 300 returned by the Grand Jury in Circuit Court.

A number of other indictments alleging treason were returned, but the names of the defendants were not made public, as they have not yet been arrested.

The indictments allege that the defendants undertook to overthrow Governor Morgan's proclamation of martial law in Mingo County, raised an army to wage war against the State of West Virginia, and committed acts against the State, which, it is alleged, constituted treason.

Under the State law treason is punishable by death or by imprisonment, lawyers said.

Keeney, Mooney and Blizzard are among ninety men now held in the county jail here under indictments charging conspiracy and in aiding and abetting and counselling Frank Ritchie, held on a charge of killing John Gore, a Logan County deputy sheriff, who died of wounds received on Blair Mountain last August. It was here the "armed march" against Logan and Mingo Counties was stopped.

WHALEN ASKS BUSES TO COST $25,000,000

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

conditions in Richmond making the trackless trolley system better suited to the needs of that borough.

"On these lines it is estimated that the traffic would average 2,240,000 passengers a day.

"These passengers, at 5 cents each, would pay $112,000 a day, or $40,880,000 a year.

"The fixed charges, including interest, depreciation and liability insurance, would amount to $9,089,000.

"The administration and maintenance cost would be $4,460,000, making the total fixed charges $13,489,000.

"The operating cost for an average of 3,200 buses in service would be $23,800,000, making a total cost—fixed charges plus operation—$36,849,000, leaving a net revenue to the city amounting to $4,631,000.

"Therefore I trust that your honorable board will approve this recommendation whether viewing this proposition as a duty to the people who require transportation, or as an economic proposition attractive to the taxpayers who require reduction of taxation.

"Although the initial appropriation made for this purpose by your honorable board on March 12, 1920, is not available for the service of the people owing to the injunction obtained by a traction bondholder, it is not to be seriously believed that this impediment will remain indefinitely. Whether by reversal of the Court ruling or by legislation, the city will no doubt come into the enjoyment of its fundamental right to serve the transportation needs of its people.

"It seems, therefore, that in scheduling the corporate stock funds to be set apart for public purposes it would be wise to make definite provisions for meeting this greatest of all civic needs—the need for adequate, safe and dependable passenger transportation.

"While the present obstruction is being dissolved in the crucible, the time may be well spent in perfecting plans, pending organizing and preparing for the prompt installation of motor bus service on the 260 routes which will be required to provide proper surface transportation to supplement and feed the city's vast underground system of rapid transit and to afford communication in the outlying sections of the city where vacant lots and fields await the homebuilder while the homeseeker is forced to remain in congested areas for lack of such transportation."

In the discussion over the board's future policy on rapid transit construction, Mr. Metz said that elevated roads were better than nothing, but that he favored subways. The proposed Staten Island tunnel was brought up in the discussion, and Mr. Metz urged harmony and a pull-together spirit, so that something could be accomplished.

"In order to get something done," said Mr. Metz, "it is not essential that the municipal authorities work in harmony with the legal bodies established by the State for transit extensions and port development? They are legal bodies, no matter what we may think of them."

"Why bother with the Port Authority?" said the Mayor.

"They are on the books," replied Mr. Metz. "If you go on fighting them and the Governor you'll get nowhere."

"Well, I do not propose to use the credit of the city," said the Mayor, "to develop the outlying sections of New Jersey, to improve the Hackensack Meadows, Newark Bay and the like. I do not care whether Eugenius Outerbridge or Julius Henry Cohen is back of the scheme or not. We propose to develop the Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond and not New Jersey.

"We believe the Port Authority should be wiped out," said Borough President Edward Riegelmann of Brooklyn.

"Granted," said Mr. Metz, "But how are you going to do it?"

"The people of the city," replied the Mayor, "were wise enough to elect those who are anxious to conserve their interests. Immediately the old crowd that works against the public rushed to the Legislature to juggle laws to suit themselves."

"Those people will not see matters except in their own way," said Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen.

"If this board is ready to go ahead, it should be allowed to do so without interference from the State," said Mr. Metz. "Why don't you letter them until they see it your way?"

"That is just what the Mayor is doing," replied Mr. Hulbert. "He is doing it all the time and his batting average is pretty good. Why, the Transit Commission actually refuses me date when it will vote on a matter, contending that the law does not make it necessary for me to do anything but obey their orders."

"Yes, they are constantly giving out misleading information," said the Mayor. "They can get it into the papers, too, but they can't budge me one iota from doing what I believe the people want. I will not be browbeaten into submission. Why don't the civic associations help us get buses? I tell you right now that those traction people want to grab the bus franchises, but they'll never get them as long as I am here."

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DENIES HE FORCED POISON ON HIS WIFE

T. S. Ryan, Newspaper Correspondent, Held in Paris, While She Is Critically Ill.

CUTS FOUND IN HIS THROAT

Letter Saying That His Wife Intended to Break With Him Is Produced.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—Thomas Stewart Ryan, an American newspaper correspondent, who was detained by the Paris police yesterday on the charge of attempting to murder his wife, a violinist, known as Audrey Creighton, by poisoning her and afterward attempting suicide, was brought before a Police Magistrate today. He told a story which is almost in direct contradiction to that of his wife, whose condition is reported to be grave.

According to Mrs. Ryan, she took poison from her husband under a threat. "The time has come for you to die," she says he said, "for you will not go out from here."

Ryan's version to the Magistrate was that, returning from India in a vain attempt to induce his wife, whom he adored, to live with him, they passed most of the day together, he trying to persuade her to return to him and give up an attachment for Peter MacCoy. Discussion, however, turned to dispute and in the bedroom of the hotel where Mrs. Ryan was stopping the dispute ended in her declaring:

"Then there is nothing left for me to do but to kill myself."

Ryan says he told her:

"If that is so, all you have to do is to take some of these sublimate capsules that I have in my grip."

"I did not take her statement seriously," he said, "and turned around to write some letters. While my back was turned, Audrey must have opened the grip, and she took three of the capsules. Suddenly she cried out, 'Now I have poisoned myself and, since you love me so much, it is your turn.'

"Her dreadful cries of pain shattered my nerves and, seizing a knife, I made some cuts at my throat. Then neighbors in the hotel and some servants came in."

Asked why he left the hotel after taking his wife to a hospital, Ryan said it was not because he wished to escape justice but because he did not wish to return to the same room.

The doctors who are attending Mrs. Ryan at the American Hospital in Neuilly have forbidden a meeting between her and her husband, who has been kept at the Santeprison in spite of the protest of his lawyers.

Says He Urged Death Together.

PARIS, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Thomas Stewart Ryan of the Paris staff of The Chicago Tribune, firmly protesting his innocence, was being held in Santa prison tonight in connection with the serious illness of his wife.

According to the story told to the police by the young woman's mother, Ryan returned to Paris unexpectedly on Wednesday and visited her and his wife. He told his wife that he was willing to facilitate a divorce, but wished her to go with him for a farewell dinner.

Mrs. Ryan accompanied her husband to his hotel after the dinner, when, according to a statement by the young woman to the authorities, her husband accused her of infidelity and forced her at the point of a knife to swallow the poison.

Ryan was found to be wounded in the neck, the cut requiring several stitches to close, but the doctors said it was not a severe wound.

Another version of the case was revealed by Police Commissioner Fratieq this afternoon in reporting statements which Mrs. Ryan had made to him at the hospital. Her husband, the Commissioner quoted her as saying, had told her he knew she had had an intrigue with a young man and proposed that they die together, whereupon Mrs. Ryan took the three tablets and Ryan cut his wrist and neck. Mrs. Ryan, however, losing courage, rushed out of the room and demanded to be taken to a hospital.

A letter from his wife was found in Ryan's possession when he was arrested. In this letter, which he had received while he was in India, she said she had decided to break with him entirely. There were also two letters in pencil, written during their interview at her hotel, one addressed to her mother and the other to the man whose name Ryan brought into the case. In these letters, the police stated, Mrs. Ryan said she regretted to die.

The police search of the room in the hotel revealed nothing beyond an empty wine bottle, two glasses and numerous cigarette stubs.

WATER ON OIL FIRE; 3 FIREMEN BURNED

Thousands Gather When Flames Shoot High in Air After Explosion in Greenpoint.

Firemen and policemen fled before a blistering shower of burning oil at the height of a fire in the Standard Oil Company's Sone & Fleming plant in Greenpoint, Brooklyn, early this morning. The blast was caused by an intermixture of cold water used by city firemen and live steam thrust at the flames by the plant's own firefighters.

Most of those in the vicinity got away in time, but three members of Engine Company 235 were caught. One of them, Lieutenant John Murey, was burned severely and was taken to St. Catherine's Hospital. Several others were burned or cut and bruised by fragments of bursted pipe that the explosion hurled through the air. They were treated by surgeons from two hospitals and sent back to quarters.

Before the fire was subdued about 2 o'cloc kthis morning it had furnished a brilliant spectacle to thousands who were roused by the detonation to see great pillars of flame shooting into the sky, paling the light of the full moon.

The fire started in one of two agitators, mixing tanks which receive the products from the stills. These two agitators, standing in a cluster of huge tanks filled with volatile and inflammable liquids, soon were blazing brightly. The plant's own department mobilized and started the live steam onslaught which has become habitual during the many fires that have endangered the place.

Patrolman Clancy of the Greenpoint Avenue Station turned in an alarm as soon as he saw the flames and the first officer of the department to arrive sent a second call for apparatus.

While the city and the plant departments were combating the blaze in their separate ways, big pumps were set to work emptying the agitators. The blaze died away as the oil was pumped off. Firemen meantime interposed walls of water between the two tanks which were afire and others which were threatened and thus averted the danger of a conflagration.

Curley to Receive Pallium April 27.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—It was announced today that the pallium will be conferred upon Archbishop Michael J. Curley at the Baltimore Cathedral on Thursday, April 27. It will be the first ceremony of the kind here in 44 years. The late Cardinal Gibbons received the pallium at the same Cathedral Feb. 10, 1878.

TRANSIT PAYROLL ATTACKED BY CRAIG

Controller Cites Instances of What He Regards as Illegal Increases by Commission.

CITY PLEADS FOR DELAY

$10,000 Salary of Accountant Linders and Engineer Madden's $12,000 Are Mentioned.

The Appellate Division heard argument yesterday on the application of the Transit Commission for an order directing the Board of Estimate to appropriate sufficient funds to enable the commission to pay its employes for the last half of December, to meet other liabilities accruing last year and to enable the commission to meet its expenses for the first half of the current year. Assistant Corporation Counsel Nicholson asked that the matter be delayed until the Court of Appeals had rendered a decision on the question of the constitutionality of the law creating the commission. He thought this decision would be rendered not later than the end of the coming week.

Francis M. Scott, a former justice of the court, who represents the commission, protested against delay because some of the empicyes of the commission deprived of their pay were in sore need of it. The court announced that it would take the matter under advisement.

The feature of the proceedings was a long answer to the application filed by Controller Charles L. Craig. He stated that the request of the commission for $70,761 was in excess of the requisition made by the commission for money to enable it to perform its duties. He asserted that because of the fact that the requisition of $1,083,337 came to the board after the limit of time fixed by law the commission is precluded from further appropriations. The Controller charged the commission with having incurred liabilities which are illegal and which cannot be enforced against the city. He quoted from the law which restrains the board from increasing the pay of employes not in the per diem class after the pay is once fixed in the budget for the fiscal year, and contends that the commission has operated on the assumption that this law does not apply to it.

Among the instances cited by him of alleged improper increases of pay are the following:

The salary of Charles F. Smollin, chief clerk of the commission, was increased from $4,500 to $6,000. Mr. Craig referred to Mr. Smollin as "this political favorite."

A. D. Wattson was appointed as an equipment expert at $500 a month, which was later increased to $350.

To the salary of $6,000 paid James B. Walker, Secretary of the commission, was added $1,000 by the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Companies for services rendered by Mr. Walker as Secretary of the depreciation fund provided for in the dual contracts.

Reference was made to the employment of John A. Beeler, a traffic expert, at $100 a day, and two of Mr. Beeler's assistants at $50 and $35 a day. It has been explained that these men have been employed on a per diem basis, and that the entire cost of their services will probably not exceed $5,000.

Mention was made by Mr. Craig of the appointment of Frederick W. Linders, chief accountant, at $10,000 a year, which, Mr. Craig said, is 25 per cent. more than is paid the chief accountant of the Department of Finance, and of the appointment of John H. Madden, valuation engineer, at $12,000, or $3,000 more than is paid the chief engineer of the Board of Estimate, and of the appointment of Robert Ridgway, chief engineer of the commission at a salary of $15,000, the same salary as paid the Transit Commissioners.

PELLETIER ACCUSED IN EXTORTION PLOT

Named With Four Others in a Conspiracy to Get $50,000 to Halt Criminal Prosecution.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier, three prominent Boston attorneys and a private detective were connected by evidence today in the Supreme Court with an alleged conspiracy to extort a large sum of money from Mrs. Jessie S. Chase.

The evidence was offered by the Government in presenting the nineteenth allegation of the numerous misconduct charges by which Attorney General J. Weston Allen is seeking the removal of Pelletier. The Government charged in an amended information that Daniel J. Gallagher, former United States District Attorney, and Jack Patron, a private detective, were coconspirators with Pelletier, Daniel H. Coakley, a Boston lawyer, and William J. Corcoran, former District Attorney of Middlesex County, in the alleged attempt to obtain money from Mrs. Chase by threatening her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Curtis W. Emery, with criminal prosecution.

Emery testified that Gallagher informed him the plot was "framed in Coakley's office after Victor D. Papineau, former husband of Mrs. Emery, had retained Coakley in connection with litigation over the parentage of Mrs. Emery's child. Emery had retained Gallagher after learning that he and Mrs. Emery might be indicted on a statutory charge.

Emery and Mrs. Papineau were married in Connecticut before the decree divorcing the Papineaus had become final in Massachusetts. Papineau felt he had been wronged in the divorce proceedings and told Coakley the "whole story," he testified, including the fact that Mrs. Chase, mother of his divorced wife, was wealthy.

The story unfolded by the Government in the direct examination of Emery and Papineau disclosed the alleged combined efforts of two District Attorneys to frighten Mrs. Chase by threats of prosecution against Emery and his wife into paying Coakley $50,000 to stop the threatened prosecution.

Emery said Gallagher assured him he had "influence with the powers," but later he discharged the attorney because, he testified, "he kept advising me to settle." He declined to "pay any money" and permitted himself to be indicted in both Middlesex and Suffolk Counties. In neither county was he ever brought to trial.

Cross-examination of Emery and Papineau was deferred until next week at the request of Senator James A. Reed, senior counsel for Pelletier.

HARDING RECEIVES SOKOLOW

Leader of World Zionist Organization Describes Conditions in Palestine.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Nahum Sokolow, President of the Executive Committee of the World Zionist organization, now visiting the United States as the head of a European delegation of Zionist leaders, was today received by President Harding at the White House. The conference lasted over half an hour.

Mr. Sokolow is understood to have reported to the President on the condition of Jews, particularly in Eastern Europe, and on the work undertaken by the Zionist organization in Palestine for the resettlement of that country. He also spoke of the political situation in relation to the confirmation of the Palestine mandate and told of the work of the Zionist delegation. Mr. Sokolow was accompanied by his daughter and personal physician, Dr. Celina Sokolow.

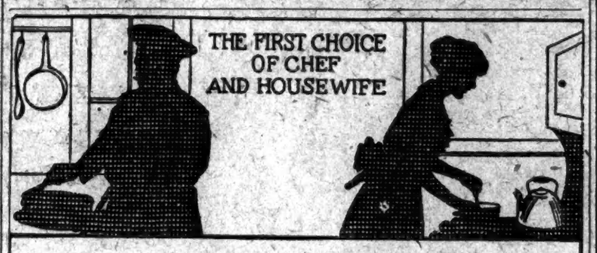
The Clientele of Gidding

is the medium through which is reflected the varied beauty and simple dignity of Gidding Creations.

The atmosphere of refinement and luxury to be found in the new salons has become possible only through the influence and associations with our patrons who are identified with the most cultured circles of the world.

The desires which such women have expressed have furnished the inspiration for the creation of Gidding clothes that have made the Gidding name echo through the halls of Fashion.

Gidding
Paris FIFTH AVENUE London
56th Street—57th Street
New York



The Best Results are Obtained by Using

Baker's Chocolate
(Blue Wrapper, Yellow Label)

In making Cakes, Pies, Pudding, Frosting, Ice Cream, Sauces, Fudges, Hot and Cold Drinks

For more than 140 years this chocolate has been the standard for purity, delicacy of flavor, and uniform quality.

IT IS THOROUGHLY RELIABLE

57 Highest Awards in Europe and America

The trade-mark "La Belle Chocolatiere" on every genuine package

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.
Established 1780
DORCHESTER MASSACHUSETTS

Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

BROOKLYN MANUFACTURERS' INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION

23RD REG'T ARMORY
BEDFORD AND ATLANTIC AVES.

JANUARY 14-21

Grand Opening This Evening
At 7 O'clock
1 to 11 P.M. Daily Thereafter
Except Sunday

Famous Bands and Orchestras
150 Working Exhibits
Moving Pictures
Marvelous Lighting Effects

"Girl with the Golden Voice"

Admission 50c
Tax Free

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue, at 35th Street—N. Y.

TODAY

SMART APPAREL FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

Reduced or Specially Priced

COATS AND WRAPS

Misses' Camel's Hair Polo Coats — 38.00
Three models in tan or caramel shades, with pleat backs, raglan sleeves, notch or convertible collars. Silk lined and interlined.

Misses' Fur Collared Coats — 75.00
Crystella, osiris, velvura, or erminie with beaver, squirrel or caracul collars. Silk lined and interlined.

Women's Fur Trimmed Coats & Wraps — 65.00
Fine, soft pile fabrics, trimmed with silk stitching and buttons—collars and cuffs of Australian opossum, wolf or caracul. Silk lined and interlined.

Women's Fur Trim'd Coats, Capes, Wraps — 85.00
Evora, osiris, and panvelaine with Australian opossum, wolf or Scotch mole collars and cuffs, or with beaver or squirrel collars. Silk lined and interlined.

SUITS

Misses' Tailored or Fur Trim'd Suits — 20.00 28.00 ORIGINALLY 55.00 to 89.50
Duvet de laine, moussyne, rayonner, or velveteen, some with squirrel, beaver or Scotch mole, or opossum trimming.

Misses' Fur Trimmed Suits — 38.00 ORIGINALLY 59.50 to 98.50
Mochatex, marvella, veldyne, duvet de laine or velveteen, with wolf, monkey, mole, nutria, beaver, squirrel, or opossum.

Women's Fur Trimmed Suits — 28.00 58.00 ORIGINALLY 49.50 to 98.50
Duvet de laine, moussyne, or mochatex, with raccoon, opossum, mole, nutria, or beaver trimming.

Women's Fur Trimmed Suits — 78.00 ORIGINALLY 89.50 to 139.50
With caracul, mole, wolf or squirrel.

AFTERNOON AND STREET DRESSES

Misses' Crepe de Chine Dresses — 19.50 SPECIAL
Slip-on models with round neck, elastic at waist and drapery at sides. Light and dark colors.

Misses' Velveteen & Wool Frocks — 15.00 SPECIAL
Several smart tailored models, in velveteen, Poiret twill or tricotine.

Misses' Paris Beaded Dresses — 39.50 SPECIAL
Crepe de chine, heavily beaded in attractive designs. Navy, black, gray, Nattier blue, beige and orchid.

Women's Street or Afternoon Frocks — 55.00 ORIGINALLY 89.50 to 98.50
Duvetyn, Canton crepe, Poiret twill, picotine, chiffon velvet or brocaded velvet.

Women's Silk or Wool Dresses — 45.00 ORIGINALLY 59.50 to 75.00
Canton crepe, Poiret twill, picotine, and crepe satin dresses, in smart styles.

HATS AND VEILS

100 New Spring Hats — 8.50 SPECIAL
Satin, satin and straw, lisere, visca braid, bengaline and grosgrain hats in a variety of smart new shapes. Canna (the new henna shade) grays, blues, black, and jade, in tailored or flower-trimmed models.

French Dot Veiling — 75c SPECIAL
Black or flesh, black on white, black on brown, and brown, black or navy.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Specialists in Apparel

Things Decidedly
NEW

This gentleman takes his place at the *head of the class*, so to speak, by reason of his new imported silk muffler. White silk; and quite as a matter of course for this season—*polka dotted*. **2.50**

Street Floor

By No Means!

Not all necessarily go to Palm Beach who wear the smart new ginghams of this season. For the clever woman who remains in town likes to vary the monotony of her wool costumes with cotton house frocks.

The checks have it this season—and the larger the better. A green-brown-blue-white combination, organdie trimmed . . . **3.95**

Third Floor

A Handful of Sapphires!

The glitter of this maiden's umbrella comes from that twinkling little row of sapphire rhinestones which circle the handle. Each umbrella like it has rhinestones to match its particular shade **15.00**

Street Floor

Hats Made to Match

Introducing "Peggy," one of the most popular models of tweed hats which the Misses' Department obligingly has made up to match its tweed suits. And it only takes a couple of days to have a hat made. There are two models. **7.50**

Fourth Floor

Where Is Your License?

A new and useful trinket which the Jewelry department introduces to weigh the end of a watch chain, is a sterling silver case for a driver's license. It looks like a diminutive cigarette case, with a 14 kt. gold inlay on sterling silver. . . . **7.50**

Others in silver plate. **3.00**

Gold-filled **5.00**

Street Floor

A Presentation of Charming

Crepe de Chine
Frocks for Girls

VERY MODERATELY PRICED

At **14.75**

The frock *pictured* is an excellent example of the youthfulness that characterizes the whole collection. It is of crepe de Chine, shirred around the waist by way of variety, and takes on added color by banding neck, sleeves and front in contrasting shade. The jolly buttons match the banding.

Others of equal charm come in crepe de Chine, taffeta, and wool crepe, in navy, brown, tan, henna, Copenhagen and red. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Second Floor

—The Charm of Simplicity Is Demonstrated in These

Wool Jersey College Frocks

FOR MISSES

—in two smart new models that enable one to freshen one's wardrobe at little cost.

14.75

A jaunty little two-piece model takes a pleated skirt and an overblouse—quite content with leaving the skirt simply pleated, but making up for it by embroidering the blouse in contrasting chenille.

The other is also two-piece—the blouse shirred at the bottom in a manner that permits one to vary the waistline to suit one's fancy—and completes its youthfulness with kid collar and cuffs embossed with contrasting color.

In henna, periwinkle, navy, black, beaver, brown and flame. Sizes 14 to 20 years. *Second Floor*

Children's Apparel

SHARPLY REDUCED

Muslin Night Gowns, sturdily made, with high neck and long sleeves. Regularly 2.00 . . *Reduced to* **50c**

Muslin Underskirts, made on band, and edged with dainty embroidery. Reg. 1.00 and 1.50. *Reduced to* **50c**

Girls' Black Gymnasium Bloomers. Reg. 1.50 and 2.00. *Reduced to* **75c**

Children's Fancy Play Aprons, in white and colors. Regularly 1.50 and 2.00 . . . . *Reduced to* **50c**

Winter Hats in a variety of styles and colors. Regularly 3.00, 4.00 and 5.00 . . . . *Reduced to* **50c**

Fourth Floor

THE JANUARY SALE OF

Hair Goods

OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL VALUES

Formerly 5.00 . . *Now* **3.75**
Formerly 8.00 . . *Now* **6.00**

Switches, transformations, puffs, bangs, curls, pin curls, and bobs.

Third Floor

ANNOUNCING FOR SATURDAY A SPECIAL SHOWING OF

5.95 Wonder Hats

"the best values in trimmed millinery in America"

Whether it is the drooping brim for the shy debutante or the tailleur for Madame, there is a style and a material for each. Among the "last word" styles are the close-fitting shapes giving splendid excuse for a rhinestone pin, and milan hemp crowns that accompany effectively embroidered silk brims.

New is a sport hat of tweed in any color desired—fashioned for the mere purpose of accompanying Milady's new tweed suit—and in the smartest of shapes! *Third Floor*

Revealing a Newer Style for Spring in

Women's Frocks

—of Canton crepe, crepe de chine and poiret twill.

Specially Priced

At **25.00**

Charming Frocks significant in their apt use of beading and hand embroidery deftly placed on sleeve or panel. Another model of satin faced canton crepe—simplicity itself—acquires prestige with fagotting about the blouse and a dainty cascade of panels about the skirt. In navy, black, henna and brown. Sizes 34 to 42.

Fourth Floor

Diamond Set Platinum
Bracelet Watches

sound very costly—and are—except when one purchases them at Saks'. We offer them Saturday.

At Special Low Prices

Platinum Top 18-kt. white gold bracelet watches, set with 4 diamonds and 4 sapphires. Fitted with 17-jewel lever movement. **62.50**

Platinum Top 18-kt. white gold rectangular bracelet watches, with 10 diamonds and 8 sapphires, or 8 diamonds and 8 sapphires. 17-jewel movement. **82.50**

Platinum Top 18-kt. white gold bracelet watches, with 12 diamonds. 17-jewel movement. **89.50**

Platinum bracelet watches, with 17-jewel movement. Rectangular model set with 28 diamonds, or 20 diamonds and 8 sapphires. **120.00**

Street Floor

EXQUISITE

French Perfumes

IN NOVEL CONTAINERS

Regularly 1.00 and 1.50

Saturday at

65c

Those dainty vials of perfume which may be carried safely in one's purse, available for use whenever one desires. The odors are:

Coty's Ambre Antique, La Rose Jacqueminot, Chypre, L'Effleurt, L'Origan.

Piver's Azurea.

Roger and Gallet's Fleur d' Amour.

Houbigant's Quelques Fleurs and *Guerlain's* Jicky.

Street Floor

Fashionette Hair Nets

Special

1.25 *dozen*

The best net made. All shades, including gray and white.

FOR ONE DAY ONLY—

Changeable Satin Robes

FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

Regularly 21.50

Special **15.00**

Handsome dressing robes of quilted changeable satin, beautifully silk lined. Each is *perfect* in its careful needlework, and each is finished with silk cord girdle.

Colors: Copenhagen [two shades] black, rose and turquoise. *Third Floor*

For Saturday We Announce An UNUSUAL SALE OF

Women's
Dress and Shopping Bags

Regularly 5.00 and 7.50

Special **2.95**

Shopping bags of excellent quality leather in pin and crepe seal, spider and alligator calf, each beautifully lined and fitted. Other bags of pin seal are trimmed with 14-kt. gold. Included, too, are moire bags in the pouch shapes, and chiffon velvet or duvetyn bags mounted on metal frames.

Street Floor

One May Indulge in the Luxuriousness of

Silken Underthings

without being extravagant. We offer a splendid assortment Saturday

at **2.95**

Radium Silk Envelope Chemise made of that gleaming, closely woven fabric that needs no adornment, so the model is perfectly tailored.

Crepe de Chine Step-In Drawers, as frilly and feminine as anyone could desire, adorned with medallions and lace that set off the beauty of the silk.

Plaid Radium Silk Vest Chemise and Step-In Drawers that form delightful sets when worn together. Both are tailored, but the rich plaid makes any trimming unnecessary.

Silk Petticoats

At Very Special Prices

At 3.95—Taffeta Silk Petticoats, made of all taffeta, in two styles with ruffle or pleated flounces. Black and assorted colors.

At 4.95—Satin Petticoats, cut with extra fulness, completed with pleated ruffle. The colorings are lovely. *Third Floor*

Boys' Shirts, 1.00

New shirts for the active boy, in a great variety of new patterns. The material is fine quality madras—the kind that wears, and wears, and wears. Sizes 12 to 14 neckbands. *Second Floor*

WE SHALL PLACE ON SALE

—SATURDAY—

1000 Pearl Necklaces

—PERFECT REPRODUCTIONS OF DEEP SEA PEARLS

At **1.95**

Regularly 3.95

These pearls have the iridescence and radiant beauty of real pearls, as if the colors of the deep sea were folded within their shell. And added to which—they are indestructible!

In graduated size, and tinted in rose, creme and white, these 24 inch strings will delight many a feminine heart. *Street Floor*

Nothing is Newer or Smarter than the

Grecian Pump

At **7.00**

A graceful model—moulded to the foot for comfort and fashioned to the mode for style. The leathers are—Patent, gun metal, tan Russian calfskin, bronze kidskin, and white calfskin, all made on a medium toe last with collegiate heels and turned soles. Sizes 2½ to 8.

Emphasizing the Vogue for Homespun in

Women's and Misses' Skirts

—THREE SPECIAL VALUES FOR SATURDAY—

At **5.95**

New Sport Skirts in pleated and tailored models, fashioned in the smart two-tone materials and *perfectly* tailored. Military blue and Kanna striped.

At **7.95**

New Prunella Cloth and Wool Velour Check Skirts, in box or side pleated models, made up in the smartest of patterns in plaids and stripes.

At **9.75**

Distinctive New Homespun Skirts, smartly tailored and delightfully styled. Colors: Orchid, light blue, rose, tan, brown, and grey. *Excellent values!* Sizes 24 to 36 inches. *Fourth Floor*

A Remarkable Offering

Imported Novelty
Necklaces

At **50c**

Beautiful imported necklaces, in all the most fashionable shades may be had in sizes either graduated or alternating small and large beads. Many finished with the ultra-smart bead tassel with knots between each bead. Colors: Red, amber, jade, sapphire and green. *Street Floor*

1872—Golden Anniversary—1922

Bloomingdale's

59th to 60th—Lexington to 3d Ave.

Sale of

Hurt Books

Over 6000 Volumes

Embracing every branch of literature, at a fraction of regular prices.

All slightly hurt from handling, but all readable and serviceable.

Only a single copy of some but a remarkable variety to choose from.

Among books offered in this sale are:

O. Henry, 12 vols., $6. Odd vols., 50c.

Just-So Stories (and many others) Kipling, $1.

The Rescue (and many others), Conrad, $1.

The Little Red Foot, by Chambers; Her Father's Daughter, by Porter; Coquette, by Swinnerton; Sight Unseen, by Rinehart, etc.

The Rackham Mother Goose, $1.50.

Hundreds of other children's books.

Here, There and Everywhere, by Lord Hamilton, $2.50.

A Cycle of Adams Letters, $6.50.

Bloomingdale's—Second Floor.

1003—*Wrought Iron Candlesticks $25 the pair*

NOTHING that we can say here about Ovington's gifts is one-half as cogent a reason as the sincerity of the letter of appreciation which follows infallibly in their train.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"

Fifth Avenue at 39th St.

Ford Motor Company—Detroit, Mich.
Steel Furnished by McClintic-Marshall Co.

We are constructors of more steel mill and factory buildings than any other concern.

McClintic-Marshall Company

General Offices: Pittsburgh, Pa.
New York: 50 Church St.
Chicago Boston San Francisco
Paris Havana

McClintic-Marshall
Steel Bridges & Buildings

SURVEY GRAPHIC
A Monthly of Social Exploration
112 East 19 St., New York City

The Youth Movement

Germany's only hope—the rising of a new generation against the weight of the past.

Peace and Bread—*By Jane Addams.*

$5:5:3—in Terms of Newport News.

ON LEADING NEWSSTANDS

Pin $1 to this coupon for a 4 months trial

Name _____
Address _____

ADVERTISEMENT.

Fine for Lumbago

Musterole drives pain away and brings in its place delicious, soothing comfort. Just rub it in gently.

It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It will not blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster.

Get Musterole today at your drug store. 35c and 65c in jars and tubes; hospital size, $3.00.

BETTER THAN A MUSTARD PLASTER

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

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IF contemplating a stay at Miami or Palm Beach, order The New York Times sent to you for the period of your visit.

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PROPOSAL BY FORD TO GO TO CONGRESS

Offer for the Muscle Shoals Plant, Slightly Modified, Will Be Put in Contract Form.

SHARP DISCUSSION LIKELY

Manufacturer Talks With Weeks and Hoover, Who Fail to Get Some Changes Desired.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—After a long conference this afternoon between Henry Ford, Secretary Weeks and Secretary Hoover, Secretary Weeks announced that Mr. Ford's offer for the Muscle Shoals plant, in the form of a contract, would be transmitted to Congress for action "with my comment." What the nature of his comment would be he would not state, but he did say that he regretted that Mr. Ford had not made more modifications in his original offer.

Mr. Ford originally proposed to pay the Government 6 per cent. on the remaining construction cost of Drums 2 and 3, estimating the amount to be expended at $20,000,000 and $8,000,000, respectively. This estimate, it now appears, was too small, and the estimated cost of completion has been put at $80,000,000 to $50,000,000. Mr. Ford offered today to pay 4 per cent. on the cost, whatever it might be, deducting amounts he would pay yearly for amortization. This, Secretary Weeks said afterward, would not materially change the amount to be paid if the dams should cost $40,000,000.

Mr. Ford's offer as modified provides for a hundred-year lease of the plants at Wilson Dam and Dam 3, to be built by the Government, with 4 per cent. to be paid by Mr. Ford on the cost of the remaining construction. He will also pay $55,000 annually for repairs, maintenance and operation of the dams, besides $5,000,000 for the plans on hand. He agrees to make not more than 8 per cent. net profits on the fertilizer products to be produced, and to be ready to turn the plant over to the Government in the event of war.

The Secretary of War wanted 4½ per cent. instead of 4 per cent. on the construction costs. He also wanted $8,500,000 for the Government nitrate plans, steam plants and quarries already in existence, instead of the $5,000,000, payable in five annual instalments, which Mr. Ford has offered. It is understood, also, that the Government is still dissatisfied with the hundred-year lease which Mr. Ford has asked. Nevertheless, his offer will be put in contract form and signed by him and sent to Congress for action.

Predict Clash Over Proposal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Several members of both House and Senate, when informed tonight that the Ford contract would be submitted to them, made no effort to disguise their fears that both Houses of Congress would be divided on the question when it reached the stage of consideration on the floor. While the contract will be urged for acceptance by many members from the South whose constituencies are known to favor the Ford proposal, it is expected that no small number from other parts of the country will oppose its acceptance.

GROUP OF PROMINENT MEN BUY EVENING POST

Syndicate of Thirty-four Includes Paul M. Warburg, F. D. Roosevelt and Others.

Announcement of the sale of The Evening Post by Thomas W. Lamont to a syndicate of thirty-four persons was made yesterday by that paper. The announcement follows:

"The stock interests of Mr. Thomas W. Lamont in The New York Evening Post, Inc., have been acquired by the following group of citizens:

"Charles C. Burlingham, James Byrne, Norman H. Davis, Henry S. Dennison, Cleveland H. Dodge, Marshall Field, Edwin F. Gay, Maitland F. Griggs, August Heckscher, George H. Howard, Henry James, Sam A. Lewisohn, George O. May, Van S. Merle-Smith, Gerrish H. Milliken, William Church Osborn, Robert P. Perkins, Frank L. Polk, Harold I. Pratt, John T. Pratt, Roland L. Redmond, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Joseph H. Schaffner, Donald Scott, Finley J. Shepard, Joseph E. Sterrett, Harold Phelps Stokes, Mrs. Willard Straight, Samuel Thorne Jr., Martin Vogel, Paul M. Warburg, George W. Wickersham, Clarence M. Woolley, Owen D. Young.

"The present management under Mr. Edwin F. Gay will continue. The change in ownership does not involve a change in the shaping of the news or editorial policies of The Evening Post. It will remain an independent, soundly liberal newspaper. The tradition of its editorial independence long ago established has been finely upheld by Mr. Lamont and will be maintained by the new owners."

Mr. Lamont added the following statement to the announcement:

"In confirming The Evening Post's announcement I may add that my original purchase of the stock three years ago was made largely in response to the hope expressed by many friends of the paper that it should be enabled, as an entirely independent publication, to continue to render a useful service to this community. From the start, however, it has proved impossible for me, owing to increasing pressure of other duties, to take any share in the management of the property, and therefore I welcome the acquisition of my stock by Mr. Gay and his associates, many of them my warm personal friends, who are aware that, in their continuance of The Evening Post traditions, they can count upon my continued and hearty good will."

NEW FORD SALES RECORD.

Total Cars, Trucks and Tractors Sold in 1921 Was 1,093,000.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 13.—A new high record for annual retail sales of Ford cars, trucks and tractors was set in 1921, according to announcement made here today. The total was 1,093,000, which was 104,213 more than the 1920 sales.

During the year the Ford factory and assembly plant produced 1,954,740 cars, tractors and trucks, closing the year with 38,200 unfilled orders.

The outlook for 1922 is very good, the report states. The car and truck sales for December, it is said, exceeded the December, 1920, sales by almost 25 per cent., and the tractor retail sales for the same period show an increase of 100 per cent.

Reports from Washington that the Ford company was to announce a further reduction in the prices of all models could not be verified here.

No Railway Strike Vote.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Railroad shop union officials declared today there would be no strike vote at present over working rules recently promulgated by the United States Railroad Labor Board.

The new rules, which replaced the national agreement made under Federal control, will not be accepted in toto by the six shop crafts, but instead of taking a strike vote an attempt will be made to obtain a rehearing before the board on certain rules which have met with the most objection.

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET — BROADWAY — 33RD STREET — NEW YORK CITY

The Town's Best Sale!

Men's Suits AND Overcoats

$26.75

Suits and Overcoats That Have Been Priced in Regular Stock

$35 $40 $45 and $50

Drastic clearance! Suits and overcoats regrouped—repriced. Some of them reduced in late-season sales. All of them cut to the core for final clearance. And not just savings—but savings on good Gimbel clothes—regular Gimbel stock that measures up to every quality standard—style : fabric : finish. The town's best sale!

The Suits: Sack suits in one, two and three button models. Plenty of navy serges and plain colors. Plenty of mixtures. Sizes for men of every build. Regulars and stouts.

33 to 46

The Overcoats: Ulsters, town ulsters, Chesterfields. Oxford grays, browns, mixtures. The smartness of right cut and good tailoring. The wear of sturdy all wool fabrics.

33 to 44

Society Brand OVERCOATS

That Went in Stock at

$50 $55 and $60

$36

Big, roomy ulsters, town ulsters and Chesterfields—all of them silk lined. All of them Society Brand—with the quality perfection the name insures.

33 to 44

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING STORE—FOURTH FLOOR

HEADQUARTERS FOR SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES

Saks
METROPOLITAN CLOTHES *for* MEN

EXCEPTIONAL *Values*

Are Offered Today In The Important

SALE *of* MEN'S SUITS

Former Prices:

$40, $43, $45, $48, $50, $53 *and* $55

Now 34.00

SAKS-TAILORED suits—every one of them—made in our own workrooms this season. Wide range of colors and patterns, and a variety of cloths that leaves nothing to be desired. *Small Charge for Alterations.*

Fifth Floor

BROADWAY Saks & Company 34th STREET

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d ST.

Continuing

The Sale Of Men's Fine Suits

A large variety of fine woolens tailored by the Kirschbaum shops in smart metropolitan styles.

$29.50 *Formerly priced up to $45*

$39.50 *Formerly priced up to $60*

You can depend upon the quality of the suits. They are all of the finer type for which our Men's Section is known. No "sale lots." Moreover, you can depend upon the genuineness of the reductions from former prices which were exactly as stated above.

Worsteds, Unfinished Worsteds, Serges, Tweeds and Cheviots. Men's and young men's models.

OVERCOATS—Special at $32.50

No Charge for Alterations

MYRA HESS

Famous English Pianist

Makes her American Debut at AEOLIAN HALL, Tuesday Afternoon, January 17th

Myra Hess is of the line of world distinguished woman pianists. She gave her first recital at Aeolian Hall, London, on January 25, 1908. Her career since then has been a series of uninterrupted triumphs in England and on the continent.

Miss Hess records exclusively for

The DUO-ART *Reproducing Piano*

For those who have never heard this "wonder instrument" (so termed by the artists themselves) we can promise a revelation in beautiful music for the home. You are enabled to enjoy, not only the best of all classics, but all that is entertaining, from your favorite song to the latest from the musical comedy and dance world.

The AEOLIAN COMPANY

AEOLIAN HALL · NEW YORK

Hand-Sewn Gloves

English Tan Cape

CROSS LONDON

For Men $3.50 Women $2.85

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Boston—149 Tremont Street
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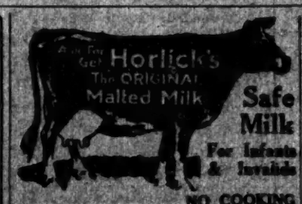


Safe Milk For Infants & Invalids

NO COOKING

The "Food-Drink" for All Ages. Quick Lunch at Home, Office, and Fountains. *Ask for HORLICK'S.*

Avoid Imitations & Substitutes

GOLD SHOD

By NEWTON FUESSLE

"GOLD SHOD" is the most powerful novel dealing with certain phases of American business and social life since Dreiser's two great books, "The Genius" and "The Financier."

$2.00 everywhere.

GOLD SHOD

Kent & Lineright, Publishers, New York

FEDERAL ATTORNEY JOINS DRY LAW STAFF

Daugherty Names Assistant as Aid to Enforcement Agent in New York Office.

NEW AID FOR DRINK VICTIMS

Y. M. C. A. Plans Help for Men Crazed by Use of Bootleg Beverages.

Announcement was made yesterday by Ralph A. Day, Federal Prohibition Director for this State, that Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty, at the Director's request, had assigned Peter J. McCoy, Assistant United States District Attorney, to the prohibition office as counsel. Mr. McCoy has entered upon his new duties.

Director Day emphasized that the assignment of an Assistant District Attorney to his office would bring the two departments into closer co-operation and added that better results in the enforcement of prohibition would be achieved.

Director Day said that he had not given consideration to the appointment of a successor to Colonel Herbeert G. Catrow, who until last week was Assistant Director for this State. No word has come from Washington regarding the recommendations for dismissal of eight or ten clerks and agents.

Internal Revenue Collector John T. Rafferty of Brooklyn yesterday seized 306 barrels of specially denatured alcohol stored in the cellar of Strang's Storage Warehouse, 272 Herkimer Street, owned by the Oriental Products Company, 270 Myrtle Avenue. At its own place of business the company was authorized to store 2,000 gallons of denatured alcohol for the manufacture of perfumes, hair tonics and other barber supplies. The seized alcohol was obtained on a permit issued by the Prohibition Department. This permit was revoked by Collector Rafferty when he found that the Oriental Company was alleged to have violated the law and regulations governing the use and storage of denatured alcohol.

The permit of the Oriental Company was the tenth revoked by Collector Rafferty in three days. Mr. Rafferty said that no further permits would be issued until the personal responsibility of the applicant had been investigated.

Forty-six barrels of wine seized by the police without a search warrant on June 27, last, were ordered returned to the owner, Emanuel Ritsas, of 21 New Chambers Street, by the Appellate Division in an opinion yesterday by Justice Alfred R. Page.

Federal Prohibition Agents McCay and Mulholland yesterday left summonses charging violations of the Volstead act for David Morley and William Hugler, 895 Third Avenue; Barney Tighe and James Lamb of 679 Third Avenue.

Charged with the possession of a false prescription for a half pint of whisky, a man who described himself as Francis Carlin Masson, in business at 700 Sixth Avenue, and living in an uptown hotel, was arrested on Thursday night in the drug store of J. Prouts, Seventy-fourth Street and Amsterdam Avenue. Arraigned before Commissioner Hitchcock, the defendant was released in $1,000 bail.

Hearing in the 518 libel suits brought by the Government for the forfeiture of a large quantity of wines and liquors seized under the Volstead act from Feb. 16, 1920, to Dec. 2, 1921, scheduled yesterday in the United States District Court, was postponed until next Monday at the request of two claimants. The liquors involved were valued at several million dollars.

John F. McCarthy, owner of McCarthy's Inn, Port Chester, N. Y., surrendered yesterday to the Sheriff of Westchester County and was taken to the County Penitentiary in Eastview to finish the sentence of ten days which he began last Summer. He had served three days when he obtained a certificate of reasonable doubt. The case was decided against McCarthy by the Appellate Division.

Three months in jail and a fine of $1,000 was the sentence imposed upon Peter Doba, found guilty by a jury in the Federal Court, Brooklyn, on a charge of assaulting Federal Prohibition Agent Albert Firth. Firth testified that he was in a saloon at 74 North Third Street, Brooklyn, in the performance of his duties when attacked by Doba.

TO AID HOOTCH CRAZED MEN.

Ordinary Treatment for Habitual Drunkards Proves Futile.

A dozen "hootch" drinkers, who were not amenable to discipline or responsive to sympathetic treatment as a result of the quality of the liquor they had been drinking, were selected yesterday from thousands of inebriates taken in by the Bowery Branch, Y. M. C. A., and sent up to Mount Vernon to "take the cure" at the Christian Home for Inebriates, Chester Crest. The transfer of these men marks the beginning of an experiment by the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A. to find an effective method of dealing with drink-crazed men.

The fact was learned last night at the offices of R. F. Woodhull, Superintendent of the Bowery Branch, Y. M. C. A., where it was admitted that the ordinary methods employed by that institution for dealing with habitual drunkards had proved ineffective in the case of men affected by "bad liquor" of the home-made variety.

"Formerly a 'drunk' was a man entirely amenable to discipline. In nearly every case he was a happy man only too willing to have something done for him," said Secretary Woodhull. "But the 'hootch' drinkers almost go crazy after drinking the kind of stuff that is being manufactured surreptitiously for them, and distributed in every little out-of-the-way place. Most of the inebriates call this stuff 'smoke.'

"They are brought into the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A. every day suffering from the effects of these poisonous beverages. Usually they collapse on the streets and are brought here. Some of them are so seriously ill that we are kept continually calling ambulances. Several of them have died.

"There are dozens of shops of all kinds in this neighborhood that are selling the 'hootch' to men who are not all drunkards of the confirmed type, but are young men with the promise of the future. When affected by the home-brews they now are able to buy for 25 cents a drink, these men absolutely lose all control of themselves. You can't reason with them as you formerly could with the happy drunk. They become not only irresponsible, but intractable. It's nothing short of murder to sell this stuff to men, and the pity of it is that they are nearly all young men.

"Conditions existing on the Bowery have been called to the attention of Federal and other officials charged with the enforcement of prohibition by the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A., acting through the Anti-Saloon League. Raids have been made on places near here and liquor found in such quantities that it had to be carted off by the truck load. But the 'hootch' is sold so generally that isolated raids haven't proved sufficient.

"In the past year we have handled 8,000 men, and we conservatively estimate that not less than 50 per cent. of this number were men suffering from the effects of poisonous home-brewed intoxicants.

So the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A. readily agreed to supply twelve subjects yesterday for the cure when Dr. C. S. Avery, Resident Manager of the Christian Home at Chester Crest, called at the Y. M. C. A. to advise Secretary Woodhull that the Mount Vernon institution had a number of beds available. The twelve men were picked out immediately. They represented many types, their ages vaeying from the early twenties to the late thirties.

All were earners of accounted, some in the class of skilled workers, others in the professions and some business men unable to withstand the temptation of home-made intoxicants. They were necessarily of this type because the Christian Home at Chester Crest does not deal with the indigent class. It is a self-supporting institution which provides treatment for men who are able to pay from $20 to $70 a week. Its officers include some of the most prominent men of New York City.

The home at Chester Crest, according to Dr. Avery, has treated 15,000 men since its founding forty-five years ago. Of this number 50 per cent. have been discharged as cured.

"We have about the same results with all classes regardless of what they are accustomed to drink," said Dr. Avery. "The reason is that we cut them off entirely from drink, and they have to make up their minds to do without the stuff. We do not substitute drugs of any description for drinks. What we substitute is Christian psychology."

The twelve inebriates sent to that institution by the Bowery Branch Y. M. C. A. will be put to work mending and manufacturing furniture, painting buildings, tending chicken runs and cops, caring for horses and cows and doing all the chores incidental to life on a farm. The treatment extends over a period that varies from three to four weeks, explained Dr. Avery, who said that the institution was now caring for forty men, whereas it formerly had an average of 125 taking the cure.

HARDING CONCERNED BY DRY LAW VIOLATION

He Also Discusses Unemployment With Cabinet With a View to Giving Federal Help.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—President Harding, it was made known today, is considerably concerned over the question of prohibition enforcement, but, it was said, had not yet determined upon a definite policy to obtain more thorough compliance with the law.

Unfavorable comment was made at the White House concerning municipalities which, it was said, had openly countenanced the flouting the of the prohibition law. It was indicated that the President was giving considerable thought to the situation. He regards law enforcement as the keystone of constitutional government, and it was said that he was observing the situation closely.

The unemployment situation was discussed by President Harding with his Cabinet today, and a decision was reached, it was said, to take steps for alleviating the seasonal difficulties in so far as possible y Government aid. As one measure of relief the President, it was added, had requested the heads of several departments to make a survey of available funds for public works, in the expectation that some help may be given in the midwinter situation.

HOEY FOUND GUILTY IN SECOND DEGREE

Watchman Accused of Murdering Policeman Neville Unmoved as Verdict Is Announced.

William F. Hoey was convicted last night of murder in the second degree for the slaying of Policeman Daniel J. Neville of the West Thirtieth Street Station on Aug. 27. The jury reported its verdict at 11 o'clock to Justice Wasservogel in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, after seven hours' deliberation. Hoey was remanded for sentence on Tuesday.

Hoey heard the verdict without apparent emotion and turned to look at his sister, with whom he was permitted to speak for a few minutes while on his way to the Tombs. The convicted man then thanked his attorney, Joseph S. Rosalsky.

After the jury received the case at 4 o'clock its members returned several times to consult the Court. The jurymen first asked for a diagram of the storage yard where Neville was killed when he entered it at night to search for robbery suspects. The second time the jurymen requested that the testimony of four witnesses be read. Three of these were for the prosecution. This required more than an hour.

Hoey told the clerk of the court he was 23 years old, a laborer, living at 423 West Thirty-eighth Street. He also gave his record, showing eight prior convictions. He concluded with the assertion that he was innocent. His attorney will ask for a new trial unless Hoey should decide otherwise before sentence. The verdict carries a penalty of twenty years to life.

Hoey was a watchman in the yard near Eleventh Avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets, and testified he was friendly with Neville and had talked with him a few minutes before four unidentified gunmen had shot him. Hoey said Neville had told him to hide behind boxes when he and Neville saw four men, with packages, enter the place and go to a shack. Hoey said Neville followed them and was shot after he had ordered "hands up."

According to Hoey's testimony he fled because he feared the police would beat him if he were found there, as he had been arrested a week before. He surrendered to the Rev. Father Cashin, a chaplain at Sing Sing Prison.

A final effort by the defense to corroborate Hoey's statement came at the close of the trial, but it appeared to aid the prosecution more than the defendant. Hoey had testified that when he fled he encountered a boy and asked him to notify a policeman on post.

Bartley Cronin, 12 years old, of 545 West Thirty-ninth Street, who was identified in court the day before by Hoey as the person to whom he had given this message, said he had never seen Hoey before the trial. The witness called yesterday was John McGrath, 14 years old, of 506 Eleventh Avenue, who said he had not heard of the murder until it was discussed by a group of boys.

In his argument to the jury, Hoey's attorney attacked the testimony of T. W. McEnerny, a brother of a policeman who had been shot by gangsters some years ago. He was a chief witness. McEnerny testified he had seen Hoey with an automatic pistol when he fled to the street. Hoey swore he had never owned a pistol or a revolver. McEnerny's testimony was met by the defense by calling a pistol expert, H. Floyd Folsom, an officer of the Folsom Arms Company, who testified that the bullets which killed Neville were not fired from an automatic pistol.

TO ASK HARDING FOR MERCY

Mother is Walking From Sioux City to Gain Son's Release.

DAYTON, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Margaret Anderson, 60 years old, of Sioux City, Iowa, one of whose sons was killed in France, today was traveling afoot to Washington in the hope that President Harding would release the other from Fort Leavenworth prison at her request. Mrs. Anderson, who stopped in Dayton yesterday, said she had left her home two weeks ago.

According to her story, her son Joe was gassed in France, and, although his mind became affected after his discharge, he re-enlisted later and was assigned to Brownsville, Texas. He obtained leave to visit her in Denver, but while on the way suffered a lapse of memory and after wandering about re-enlisted under another name at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Later, as a result of being classed as a deserter at Brownsville, he was sentenced to two years at Fort Leavenworth.

Mrs. Anderson hopes to enlist the aid of the President through Mrs. Harding, whom she formerly knew at Marion. Joe was a former carrier boy for The Marion Star, the President's newspaper, Mrs. Anderson says.

Semi-Annual Clearance of

Men's

Winter Suits and Overcoats

Every Suit and Coat From Our Stocks; And, at Their Newly Lowered Prices, Unsurpassed Clothing Values

Suits and Overcoats that were up to $39.75

Now $27.50

Suits and Overcoats that were up to $49.75

Now $37.50

Sizes, Fabrics, Colors and Styles to Meet the Needs and Tastes of All Men.

Men's Sheep Lined Ulsters

Notably Low-Priced At

$27.50

Great, warm, roomy coats—the kind that just invite you out o' doors these wintry days.

They're made of tan cotton moleskin, lined with selected sheepskin. Double-breasted for style and greater protection; have wombat or raccoon collars.

These coats are 36 inches long, warm enough and short enough for out door play.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

Best & Co.

Fifth Ave., at 35th St.—N. Y.

NOW IN PROGRESS

A Final Clearance of Men's & Young Men's Winter Overcoats

Heretofore up to $45.00 $26.50

Heretofore up to $65.00 $37.50

THIS includes our entire stock of Winter overcoats; regardless of former prices no garment has been withheld. There are ulster and ulsterette models, Chesterfields, and box coats, single and double-breasted. In brown, gray, oxford, tan, black, and heather mixtures.

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co. Broadway at Ninth, New York

John Wanamaker

Telephone 4700 Stuyvesant Store Hours: 9 to 5:30

Now for the "BIG Saturday" in the Great Sale for MEN

$28 for $35 to $45 Suits and Overcoats
$38 for $50 and $55 Suits and Overcoats
$48 for $60 to $75 Suits and Overcoats

Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building

All Wanamaker clothing of a grade made specially to our order and sold every day in the Burlington Arcade Store. Good selection of patterns; full line of sizes; and NO CHARGES FOR ATERATIONS—

ALSO—

IN THE BROADWAY LOWER PRICE STORE

$18.50 for $23.50 & $25 Suits & Overcoats
$23.50 for $27.50 to $35 Suits & Overcoats
$27.50 for $37.50 to $45 Suits & Overcoats

Broadway, Cor. Eighth

418 Velour Hats Down to $7.50

All imported. Were $10 to $12

87 are Lincoln-Bennett, London, velours, that were $12 yesterday. These, in black, green, brown, tan. Cut edge..221 are English-blocked velours, that were $10 yesterday. These, in blue, brown, gray, green, tan. Welt edge..110 are from Czecho-Slovakia. They were $10 yesterday. These, in green, brown, black and tan. Cut edge..Several good shapes. Sizes 6⅞ to 7⅜.

No tax on these hats.

$10.50 to $12.50 Pure Worsted Coat Sweaters—$7.85

Navy blue, heather, maroon, chocolate brown, white, green. Shaker-knit. Shawl collar. Two lower pockets, sewed-in. A few pull-overs, V-neck, with and without pockets. Sizes 36 to 46—not all sizes in every color.

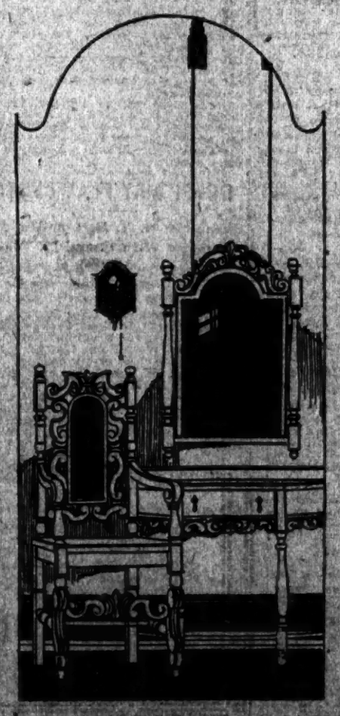
Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building

Bloomingdale'S

1872——Golden Anniversary Year——1922

59TH TO 60TH ST.—LEXINGTON TO THIRD AVE.

You Will Thank Us For Inviting Your Attention to the Striking Values Offered in Our Mid-Winter Furniture Sale—Begins Monday



A SALE which this year assumes a double meaning—our annual mid-winter reductions and, of still greater importance, reductions in celebration of our Golden Anniversary.

THE best that is to be had in modern furniture goes into this sale—bedroom, living and dining room period furniture; the newest developments in upholstered suites; and charming individual pieces—with many beautiful variations of style and finish.

WE can safely say that all prices are down to their lowest possible point. By careful and discriminating buying we are able to offer you in this sale values that outdo our own reputation for low priced, high classed furniture.

See Sunday's American and Times for full details.

TUNNEY CAPTURES LEVINSKY'S TITLE

Gains Decision Over Holder of American Light-Heavyweight Crown at Garden.

VICTOR BY A WIDE MARGIN

Greenwich Village Boxer Has Philadelphia Veteran in Distress in Sixth Round.

West Sider Concedes 35½ Pounds to Minnesotan, but Forces Fight —14,000 in Attendance.

A new American light-heavyweight champion was crowned last night in Madison Square Garden before one of the largest crowds of the season. While a gathering of more than fourteen thousand people looked on Gene Tunney of Greenwich Village, a pugilistic product of the late war, hammered his way to victory over the veteran and venerable Battling Levinsky, survivor of more than three hundred battles in a brilliant career, which extends over a period of twelve years. The victory for Tunney carried with it the American title at 175 pounds, a championship Levinsky has held for the last five or six years. Tunney received the decision when the final bell clanged on the bout.

It was a manifestly just verdict, as was indicated in the approving shout that was sent up by the capacity crowd. In addition to the title, Tunney received the diamond-studded light-heavyweight championship belt offered by Promoter Tex Rickard.

The result was not unexpected. Levinsky, aged in ring activity and in years, assumed too great a task in the effort to overcome the youth and vigorous strength of the aspiring Tunney. It was another of those examples of the ring: youth, victory; age and strength over age and experience.

There was nothing spectacular about the contest, which held an element of tragedy in the passing of a veteran of Levinsky's years and ability. The veteran Philadelphian's remarkable defensive ability was conspicuous by its absence. He was surprisingly ineffective against the rushing Tunney. Through the battle Levinsky fought strictly on the defense, while Tunney plunged in recklessly.

Champion in Retreat.

Levinsky had no time for an offensive. He was forced before the flailing arms of his ambitious rival throughout the contest. The result was that Levinsky was subjected to a withering fire and was in full retreat more than once during the contest. Levinsky failed to carry a single round. He weakened under the body hammering to which he was subjected, and as the battle progressed held continually and tenaciously, so much so, in fact, that the crowd several times openly voiced its displeasure at these tactics.

Several times in the course of the battle Levinsky was stung with the power back of Tunney's clean punches. Notable illustrations were furnished in the second, sixth and seventh rounds. Levinsky recovered in each instance, however, holding until his head cleared and his legs became certain again. In the eighth session Levinsky landed twice with rights to the jaw that Tunney was tearing in, but the blows had no effect.

It was announced officially that the gross receipts were $40,468.

Levinsky entered the ring one and one-half pounds over weight. The contest was signed at 175 pounds, the cruiser weight standard. Tunney, who was three pounds under the prescribed weight, declined to take Levinsky's weight forfeit. Tunney weighed 172 pounds and Levinsky 176½. The failure of Levinsky to get down to the required weight, however, did not interfere with the title aspect of the match, since Tunney was under the standard notch.

Tunney two rounds in the first two rounds. The challenger pressed a spirited offensive from the time the opening bell sent the men on their journey and forced Levinsky steadily before him. The champion assumed a strictly defensive battle program and confined his work to short arm jolts at close quarters. In the last ten seconds of the second round Tunney crashed over a right to the jaw which sent Levinsky flying; in fact, Levinsky never knew how Tunney piled the champion with rights and lefts to the face and body until the bell.

Through the third, fourth and fifth rounds, the action was comparatively slow, Levinsky continuing his defensive program and seldom took the initiative. Tunney pressed his rival about the ring willingly and was on the aggressive, but the Greenwich Village boxer's assault, while steady, was ineffective. Clinches marred the stage of the contest to a considerable extent. Tunney's untiring work gave him a shade in the honors for the three rounds.

Levinsky weathered a trying storm in the sixth session. For a time it appeared that the bout would end there in a knockout for Tunney. Tunney, forcing Levinsky before him continuously, crashed over a left to the jaw which sent Levinsky up against the ropes. When the battler rebounded Tunney sent home a left and right to the jaw and quickly crashed past Levinsky's defense with a left hook to the jaw which staggered the champion. Tunney continued his assault until the bell ended the round. As he went to his corner Levinsky was bleeding from a cut over the left eye, a bruised mouth and a banged-up nose.

In the seventh Levinsky was hard pressed and held repeatedly in the clinches. The body punches of Tunney, no less than the fast pace set by the west sider, showed their effect on Levinsky and he utilized every opportunity to hold. Tunney had Levinsky's face a bloody smear, and in the last minute had the champion again shaky on his legs. A right to the jaw and a following right under the heart made Levinsky wince and dive into a frenzied clinch.

Levinsky Stages Rally.

When the men were parted Tunney hooked a left to the jaw and Levinsky again clinched.

Through the eighth and ninth rounds Levinsky rallied momentarily and for a time fought back in a spirited exchange. The veteran soon tired, however, and again resorted to clinching and holding.

In the tenth and eleventh rounds Tunney forced the fighting steadily and had Levinsky in full retreat. Repeatedly at long range Tunney sank his left to the stomach and crashed over the right to the face in an assault which had the crowd yelling wildly.

Tunney grew in the final two rounds and in the twelfth round. Following his systematic plan of battle, the West-sider forced Levinsky before him and the weary battler clinched with each exchange at long range. Tunney had all the better of the milling and had a clear lead in points at the final bell.

Bartley Madden, west side heavyweight, held Fred Fulton of Minnesota to a draw in the twelve-round semi-final.

Madden conceded every physical advantage to his rival—weight, height and reach—and then gave Fulton one of the hardest battles the Minnesotan ever experienced. That he held Fulton to a draw spoke volumes for the ability of Madden. At the same time the decision detracted from Fulton's pretentions as a heavyweight championship contender.

Madden weighed but 177 pounds against Fulton's 213½ pounds. Despite the tremendous weight difference, Madden was the aggressor throughout the bout and several times had Fulton on the verge of a knockout. It was the determined spirited offensive by Madden which made the contest one of the most exciting heavyweight battles of recent years and brought the west sider an even break in the honors of the bout.

Madden fought in the only manner he could under circumstances. At a disadvantage of 30½ pounds in weight, with proportionate handicaps in height and reach, the west side heavyweight had to carry the fighting; he had to keep the action at close quarters, otherwise, he could not hope to get past Fulton's long, wicked left at long range. The west sider was compelled to work in close and there drive home with both hands to Fulton's stomach. It was an heroic, up hill battle against great odds.

Fulton did not particularly impress the gathering. The tall plasterer from Minnesota was hard-pressed at times, and, at one stage of the bout, in danger of being knocked out by his smaller adversary. The Minnesota boxer was not nearly as impressive as had been expected. He moved slow-footedly about the ring with no indication of speed or agility; his jabbing was inaccurate and poorly directed in the early rounds and until Madden weakened perceptibly under the combination of pace and punishment, the plasterer was open to assault, particularly in the stomach, where he is notoriously weak.

Jack Reno, Trenton lightweight, and Knockout Phil Delmont, hard-hitting east side boxer, opened the card in an eight-round bout. Reno was awarded the decision. In the second eight-round contest, Jimmy Darcy, of Portland, Ore., earned the decision over Fay Keiser, of Cumberland, Md.

NEW EDICT HITS BOXERS.

American Fighters Leave Havana After City Ban on Bouts.

HAVANA, Cuba, Jan. 13.—Issuance recently by Mayor de Villegas of a decree prohibiting prizefights in Havana has scattered the large colony of American boxers who had made this city their headquarters for the last six months. Efforts are being made by owners of several open-air stadiums, built recently to stage the large number of fights in prospect, to induce the Mayor to rescind his order, or, failing that, to obtain enactment by Congress of a law permitting such exhibitions.

The decree was issued following appointment by the Federal Government of a National Boxing Commission of six members with powers of complete supervision of the sport.

FRENCH CUEIST DUE TODAY.

Roudil Will Lead Foreign Invasion for 18.2 Balkline Tourney.

Edouard Roudil, the famous French billiard player, will be the first of the foreign competitors to the international 18.2 amateur balkline championship to arrive in this country. He will land from the Paris of the French Line today. Ary Bos, the young Hollander, who holds the championship of Europe, is not expected to arrive until tomorrow, when the Noordam is to land its passengers. Roudil will go to Philadelphia, to be the guest of the Manufacturers' Club, where the international tournament will be held beginning about Feb. 13. Bos is to be the guest of the Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn.

Probably before the international tournament Bos and Roudil will engage in special matches in Boston, Cleveland, Detroit and as far West as Chicago. The Boston Athletic Association, through its Chairman, Charles Eaton, is arranging to play the French and Holland amateurs against the best of the amateurs in New England. The tour of the foreign billiard stars is being arranged by the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players.

Bos is regarded as one of the best amateurs Europe has ever produced and is the amateur champion.

WHITTLE DEFEATS IRWIN.

Earns Right to Compete for Met. Pocket Billiard Title.

Vernon Whittle last night assured himself of a chance to compete for the metropolitan pocket billiard championship by defeating Martin Irwin, 60 to 32, in the preliminary tournament at Doyle's Academy. Previous to last night's game both Whittle and Irwin had won three matches without having been defeated. Despite his defeat, Irwin still has a chance to compete in the championship tournament, as the winners and runners-up in the different preliminary tourneys qualify for the championship.

Irwin is now tied with Walter Herbert for second place. Irwin has completed his schedule, but Herbert has still to play Whittle, and if he is beaten he will not be eligible for the championship. The game will be played early Monday evening, and at its conclusion the sixteen players who have qualified for the championship will meet and discuss the conditions which will govern the title play. The championship event will begin at Doyle's on Tuesday.

APPLEBY TAKES BLOCK.

Reduces Cutler's Lead in Handicap Billiard Match to 500-287.

Francis S. Appleby won the second block of his handicap 18.2 balkline billiard match with Albert Cutler at Daly's Academy yesterday by a score of 250 to 22. Appleby was in rare form and ran out his string in three trips to the table, scoring 43, 160 and 47 for an average of 83 1-3. Cutler averaged 11 for the two opportunities he had. The total score of the match now stands: Appleby, 500; Cutler, 287. Appleby is playing for 750 and Cutler for 500. The match will be completed today.

Joe Lynch in Ring Victory.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 13.—Joe Lynch, New York bantamweight, won a technical knockout over Patsy Johnson of Trenton, N. J., when the latter quit in the fifth round of their scheduled fifteen-round bout here tonight.

Frush Knocks Out Thomas.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 13.—Danny Frush, Cleveland featherweight, knocked out Joe Thomas of Rochester, N. Y., in the second round of a scheduled ten-round bout here tonight.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Commonwealth Sporting Club—Young Hickey vs. Lou Bogash, Pete Hayes vs. Young Ruddy. Both ten-round bouts.

Ninth Regiment Armory—Young Kid Norfolk vs. Dan Stewart, Jimmy McDonough vs. Terry Martin, John (Kid) Donohue vs. Young (Kid) Holmes. Three ten-round bouts.

Rink S. C., Brooklyn—Dave Rosenberg vs. Young Mike Donovan, twelve rounds; Jack Burke vs. John Lee, ten rounds.

Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Brooklyn—Billy Ryan vs. Joey Post, fifteen rounds; Sailor Hammer vs. Young Litman, ten rounds.

Ridgewood Grove S. C., Brooklyn—Shamus O'Brien vs. Earl France, Sonny Smith vs. Happy Gorman. Both twelve rounds.

COLUMBIA SWAMPS C. C. N. Y. IN TANK

Score of League Meet Is 46 to 7—Lavender Turns Tables in Water Polo, 41 to 19.

INTERCOLLEGIATE LEAGUE STANDING.

Swimming.

Teams.	Meets.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Columbia	1	1	0	1.000
Yale	1	1	0	1.000
Princeton	1	1	0	1.000
Pennsylvania	1	1	0	1.000
C. C. N. Y.	4	0	4	.000

Water Polo.

Teams.	Games.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Princeton	1	1	0	1.000
C. C. N. Y.	4	3	1	.750
Columbia	1	0	1	.000
Pennsylvania	1	0	1	.000
Yale	1	0	1	.000

In its first Intercollegiate League swimming meet of the season the Columbia University team last night swamped the C. C. N. Y. swimmers in their own pool by a score of 46 to 7. Even this one-sided score fails to show how decisively the Blue and White mermen outclassed their opponents. In the six events contested C. C. N. Y. failed to take a single first and get only one second—that of Josepher in the fancy dive.

Not only did the Columbians thus decisively sweep the boards, so far as points were concerned, but they also won their events in even more decisive fashion. The margin of victory in every event was so great that none of the finishes aroused much enthusiasm among the crowd which comfortably filled all the seating space.

More enthusiasm was displayed in the water polo game which followed the swimming. In this C. C. N. Y. revenged itself by trouncing the Morningside aggregation, 41 to 19. This was the third victory in four games for the Lavender water polo ists, who had previously won from Yale and Pennsylvania and lost only to Princeton's championship team.

The C. C. N. Y. team took the lead early, and at half time was leading, 23 to 14. Columbia rallied at the close of the period, but C. C. N. Y. came back with an irresistible rush in the second half and piled up point after point, almost at will. Dondero and Lilling were the stars of the C. C. N. Y. offense, while Captain Cooper played the strongest game for Columbia.

In the swimming events the work of Captain Eberhardt and the diving of Balbach, former Olympic star, for Columbia were the outstanding features.

The summaries:

50-Yard Dash—Won by C. Lange, Columbia; Knebal, Columbia, second; Ashworth, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—0:27.

100-Yard Dash—Won by Eberhardt, Columbia; Rothchild, Columbia, second; Burke, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—1:08.

220-Yard Swim—Won by Dondero, C. C. N. Y.; Lange, Columbia, second; Dundo, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—3:06 3-5.

Fancy Dives—Won by Balbach, Columbia (59.9); Josepher, C. C. N. Y. (51), second; De Frenz, Columbia (50.2), third.

Plunge—Won by Mahar, Columbia (73 feet); Carter, Columbia (71 feet), second; Fink, C. C. N. Y. (66 feet), third.

Relay—Won by Columbia (Knebal, Crystal, O. Lange, Eberhardt); C. C. N. Y. (Ashworth, Block, McTague, Mayer), second.

MISS BLEIBTREY SETS MARK

Breaks Middle Atlantic A. A. U. Swimming Record for 100 Yards.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—Miss Ethelda Bleibtrey, champion woman swimmer of the world, further added to her conquests here tonight when she created a new Middle Atlantic A. A. U. record for 100 yards in the meet held in the Columbia Pool. She won by at least fifty feet in the remarkable time of 67 1-5 seconds.

ST. NICHOLAS BEATEN.

New Yorkers Succumb to Pere Marquette in Hockey Match, 4 to 3.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—The Pere Marquette Knights of Columbus team of Boston, making its debut in the United States Amateur Hockey Association, Eastern Division, tonight defeated the fast St. Nicholas team of New York at the Ice Palace here, by 4 goals to 3. It was St. Nick's first defeat in the league and caused a quadrangular tie for the lead with Boston A. A. and Westminster, also of Boston, figuring.

The line-up:

PERE MARQ'TE (4).		ST. NICHOLAS (3).
Conley	R.W.	Cushman
Synott	C.	Henriques
Enright	L.W.	Bunting
J. Healy	R.D.	E. Hill
Campbell	L.D.	Von Barmuth
Storey	G.	Holmes

SCORED BY PERIODS.

Pere Marquette	0	2	2—4
St. Nicholas	2	0	1—3

Goals—Pere Marquette: Enright (3), Conley; St. Nicholas: Hill, H. Henriques, Cushman.

Substitutions—Pere Marquette: Goodnoh for Synott, Synott for Conley, B. Healey for Synott; St. Nicholas: P. Henriques for H. Henriques, Townsend for Von Barmuth, H. Henriques for Bunting, Bunting for Townsend.

Referee—Lee Brown, New York. Goal Judges—Jim Marwell and Al Cross. Time of game—Three 15-minute periods.

PLAY FIRST LEAGUE GAME.

Columbia and Cornell Quintets Will Clash Here Tonight.

The first real test for the new basketball machine that Joe Doering has constructed at Columbia will come tonight when what looks like a strong Cornell five will journey to Morningside Heights to open the intercollegiate league season there. Doering's team has played several preliminary contests with more or less success, but the issue at stake this evening will make the battle the real curtain-raiser of the Columbia season.

In another contest tonight Yale will invade the stronghold of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia, opening the league season at Weightman Hall. A victory for the Quaker champions is nearly a foregone conclusion.

DORFF MAY PLAY CENTRE.

Change in N. Y. U. Line-Up Likely for Game With F. and M. Tonight.

The New York University basketball five went through another grueling session yesterday afternoon in preparation for its game with the quintet from Franklin and Marshall College tonight. Since the uptown collegians' hard fought game with West Point last Wednesday, when the cadets won, coaches Thorp and Cann have been driving the men hard, and have been trying out several substitutes in various positions. One of the changes tried was that of putting Dorff at the centre post, because of his exceptional jumping ability, instead of Pierce.

ENGINEERS PLAY TONIGHT.

Stevens Five Meets Haverford at Hoboken—Juniors In Brooklyn.

Stevens Institute basketball players have completed their preparations for their game with Haverford, tonight, at Hoboken. The Engineers' outfit should put up a strong game considering the excellent showing they made last Saturday against Swarthmore. Last week the effect of the intensive practice undergone by the Hoboken quintet during the Christmas holidays was plainly evident. The improvement shown by Laverie, the big centre, was very pleasing to Stevens followers, who believe he will become a star player now with a little more experience.

Carpentier May Seek Another Dempsey Bout, Says Descamps

LONDON, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Georges Carpentier, who decisively defeated George Cook of Australia here last night, may ask another fight with Jack Dempsey, world's champion heavyweight, after meeting Ted ("Kid") Lewis, The Evening Standard was informed today by François Descamps, Carpentier's manager.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—Jack Kearns, manager for Jack Dempsey, declared here that Dempsey was ready to defend his title as world's champion heavyweight at any time and against anybody and that such a bout would be discussed whenever sufficient financial guarantees were put up by those who sought a match.

BUCK WEAVER ASKS FOR REINSTATEMENT

Tells Landis Refusal to Expose Plot Was His Only Fault in 1919 Series Scandal.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—An echo of the 1919 world series baseball scandal was heard today when it became known that George (Buck) Weaver, former Chicago White Sox third baseman, had personally appealed to Judge Kenesaw M. Landis for reinstatement in organized baseball and for the first time had told a baseball official his version of the deal through which it was alleged eight White Sox players were bribed by gamblers to throw games to the Cincinnati Reds.

Weaver, it has become known, actually appeared before Judge Landis last week, but since his appeal was personal and not formal, nothing was known of it publicly. In his plea, the third baseman reiterated his innocence and told a story which for many months has been known to only a few friends.

Weaver, it is said, declared that he was approached by a White Sox player near the end of the 1919 season and asked if he would join in a plan to throw games in the world series that Fall. It was explained that several other players had agreed deliberately to lose contests and make the series a "made-to-order" one so far as the gamblers were concerned. Buck was offered $10,000 as his share.

Weaver had just opened a drug store and needed capital, he is understood to have told Judge Landis. Thinking over the proposition, he found himself faced with three possible courses of action:

1. To accept the bribe and help throw the series.

2. To refuse the bribe and tell Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the Sox, of it.

3. To refuse the bribe and say nothing, thus avoiding the odium that attaches to one who "snitches" on a friend.

The third baseman told Judge Landis that, while he needed the $10,000 badly in view of his new business enterprises, it never entered his head to accept it.

"The only doubt in my mind," Weaver is said to have informed the Baseball Commissioner, "was whether I should keep quiet about it or tell Mr. Comiskey. I was not certain just what men, if any, had received propositions or whether they had accepted. I couldn't bring myself to tell them even had I known for certain. I decided to keep quiet and play my best."

Weaver explained that he had hesitated to make known his story, even confidentially, for fear some might think he was trying to "pass the buck" to his teammates.

The third baseman and seven other players were named by Eddie Cicotte, Claude Williams and Joe Jackson in Grand Jury confessions of having been in on the alleged game-throwing deal. They were tried on charges of conspiracy to defraud the public and found not guilty. Whether games were thrown was not brought into the trial, as there was no law covering such a thing.

While Judge Landis refused to discuss the Weaver case, attention was called to a statement at the time of the baseball trial in which the Judge pointed out that a third "scapegoat" was "needed," and that men who associated with gamblers and crooks could expect no leniency at his hands.

HARRIS'S CHANCES SLIGHT.

Reported Player Will Be Kept Under Baseball Ban for Season.

The information was gleaned yesterday from sources high in the councils of organized baseball that there is practically no chance whatever that Joe Harris, whose name figured in the trade that conveyed Stuffy McInnis from the roster of the Boston Red Sox to that of the Cleveland Indians, would be reinstated in the course of the current year. If this statement should prove to be accurate, it will mean a complete tie-up in the unbounded plans of Manager Hugh Duffy of the Red Sox.

The deal, as outlined, took Elmer Smith, outfielder, and George Burns, first baseman, with one other player to be selected, to the Hub in exchange for McInnis. It was understood that Harris, a slugger of unusual power, but who is under suspension for contract jumping, would be the third athlete to make the leap to Boston. In fact, Duffy went so far as to announce that he would put Harris in left field and to call attention to the added strength on the offensive that his presence in the line-up would confer. In case Harris is not reinstated, it is believed that Doc Johnson, first baseman, will be the player chosen to round out the trio.

Several big league players now under suspension for similar offences plan to seek the replacing of their names on the eligible list in the near future, according to report, but the outlook for the granting of their petitions is gloomy, according to rumors in circulation yesterday.

There was a printed report yesterday that Bob Shawkey was to be traded by the Yankees. This will come to pass when goatskin waistcoats become fashionable for torrid July afternoons, according to Colonel Ruppert and Business Manager Barrow. There was also a story that Frank Frisch was to sign a contract yesterday. This was a cute little touch of the bunk, take it from Manager McGraw and Secretary Tierney.

NOT TO CONTROL BASEBALL.

Boxing Solons' Powers Will Not Be Increased, Says Governor.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 13.—The powers of the State Athletic Commission, which now has control over boxing and wrestling, will not be extended to include other sports, Governor Miller said today. There have been reports that the commission was ready to recommend that it be given jurisdiction over professional baseball and football, and when the Governor's attention was called to these reports he said:

"I do not think there will be any extension of the jurisdiction of the commission."

Commissioners William Muldoon and George K. Morris conferred with the Governor yesterday. The commission has requested $75,000 to carry on its work next year.

The reappointment of Frank Dwyer of Geneva, a member of the State Athletic Commission for a term to expire on Jan. 1, 1924, was announced by Governor Miller today.

NOTED GOLF PROS WIN.

Hutchison and Barnes Take Match From Los Angeles Amateurs.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13.—Jock Hutchison and Jim Barnes, respectively British and American open golf champions, defeated Everett H. Seaver, President of the California Golf Association, and Fred Lakeland, 2 up, amateurs, 4 and 3, on the Los Angeles Country Club today.

LONG SHOTS SCORE AT FAIR GROUNDS

Marie Rappold and Search Light III, at 15 to 1, Among New Orleans Winners.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—The racing at the Fair Grounds this afternoon was enlivened by the victories of two long shots. Both were held at odds of 15 to 1, and both had sufficient support to cause a mild outburst of rejoicing from certain sections of the grandstand as their numbers went up on the board. Taken as a whole, however, the day was far from disastrous for the form players, for, excepting the two races in which the upsets occurred and the third event, favorites swept the card.

The first of the outsiders to score was Marie Rappold, which made something of a show of her field in the first race, finishing under wraps four lengths in front of Hermoden. Mooney was up on the winner and, taking her around the others with a rush after going half a mile, he soon had a lead which enabled him to win easily. Archive, restrained during the first three-quarters, held on well in the stretch to take third from Golden Autumn, the favorite. There were an even dozen three-year-old maidens in the test, which was a claiming race at a mile and seventy yards.

After the first race and until the sixth favorites won with startling regularity. The sixth was different. Searchlight III. was held lightly by most of those who presume to know about these things, but hustled into a lead with the springing of the barrier. The son of Sweeper and Gas Jet showed high speed and outgamed Miss Fontaine in the final drive. Again the post odds on the winner were 15 to 1, and again the best the favorite could do was fourth. Encrinite, second choice of the public, finished third. The distance was a mile and a sixteenth and there were eleven starters.

The feature for the day was the Waterloo Purse, the fourth race on the card. It was a mile and seventy yard affair for 4-year-olds and upward. Wapiti, Court View, Valor and Balgneur composed the quartet which met their Waterloo. Irish Kiss, the odds-on favorite, was the Wellington of the occasion, wearing the others down at his leisure and winning well in hand. Wapiti ran a good enough race and was second by ten lengths. Court View came from far back, but could do no better than third. Valor and Balgneur raced each other into submission in the first three-quarters.

Ground Swell, at 8 to 1, won with something in reserve in the third contest. Runquel was second and Redmon third. Smart Guy was the favorite. He was given a smart ride by Lang, but could do no better than sixth among the eleven contenders. The distance was five and a half furlongs.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; maidens; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Marie Rappold, 108 pounds (Mooney), 15 to 1, 6 to 1 and 3 to 1, first; Hermoden, 90 (Lang), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and even, second; Archive, 112 (Garner), 6 to 5, third. Time—1:47 2-5. Golden Autumn, Concentrate, Wade McLemore, Sun Time, Rose of Picasty, Prunella, Consul Crest and Mr. Gratter also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Troitus, 113 pounds (Fool), 6 to 5, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, first; Granny Lee, 108 (Wilson), 3 to 2 and 1 to 2, second; Clinchfield, 105 (Coltiletti), 4 to 1, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Murphy, Ina Kay, Madras Gingham, It, Squire Charlie, Theresea, War Relief, Stola and Sun Myth also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; five and one-half furlongs. Ground Swell, 108 pounds (Weiner), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, first; Runquel, 116 (Ponce), 15 to 1 and 3 to 1, second; Redmon, 109½ (Pool), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:08 1-5. Blaine Rocket, 260, Cullen (2), Gaines, Wittmer. Goals from foul—Loeb 9, Cullen 6.

Substitution—Dartmouth: Shaneman for Goldsteen.

Referee—Kelley. Umpire—McCarthy.

FORDHAM WINS ON COURT.

Brooklyn College Club Five Easy for Maroon—Score 31 to 17.

The basketball team from Fordham University last night defeated the Brooklyn College Club five at Loyola Hall in Brooklyn, 31 to 17. The Manhattanites clearly outclassed their opponents from the beginning, and although their rivals fought bac kgamely the outcome of the game was never in doubt after the first few minutes of play.

At half time Fordham was leading, 17 to 5. The close guarding of the Maroon quintet and the excellent floor game and shooting of Fallon and Germaine for the winners were the features of an otherwise ordinary contest.

The line-up:

FORDHAM (31).		B'KLYN C. C. (17).
Fallon	L.F.	Harrison
Danico	R.F.	O'Rourke
McMahon	C.	McKenna
Kelly	I.G.	Hawkins
Healy	R.G.	Stecker

Goals from field—Fallon (6), Danico (3), Healy (2), Germaine, Harrison (3), O'Rourke, Hawkins (2). Goals from foul—McMahon (9), Germaine, Harrison (7).

Substitutions—Fordham: Crowley for Kelly, Germaine for McMahon, Murphy for Danico, McNamee for Healy. Brooklyn College Club: McLaughlin for McKenna, McKenna for Hawkins, Gilroy for Stecker, Hawkins for McGill, Columbia. Time of halves—20 minutes.

WESLEYAN DOWNS BROWN.

Connecticut College Five Gains Easy Victory, 39 to 22.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Jan. 13.—Wesleyan had no difficulty in winning from Brown at basketball tonight, 39 to 22. Robison's long shots and Conway's guarding were features of the game. Early in the second period Captain Miller, of Brown, was hurt in the leg and retired from the game. Williams played a strong game for the visitors. The line-up:

WESLEYAN (39).		BROWN (22).
Robertson	L.F.	Mitchell
Robison	R.F.	Wagenknecht
Moore	C.	Williams
Conway	L.G.	Miller
King	R.G.	Pittinger

Goals from Field—Robertson (4), Robison (9), Moore (3), Conway (2), Williams (2), Wagenknecht (2), Mitchell, Mallory, Wolfe. Goals from fouls—Robertson (11), Wagenknecht (6), Mitchell (2).

Substitutions—Wesleyan: Davenport for King, Brown: Mallory for Wagenknecht, Wolfe for Miller.

Referee—Waters, Bristol Y. M. C. A. Time of halves—20 minutes.

HAVANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $700; three furlongs. Lorena Marcella 120 pounds (Lilley), 8 to 5, 1 to 3 and out, first; Tender Seth 118 (O'Brien), 4 to 1 and out, second; Miss Beulah 115 (Pickens), out, third. Time—0:36 2-5. Seths Lemon, Frank S. and Position also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; five and one-half furlongs. Fiotile 116 pounds (Penman), 2 to 1, 2 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; Last Girl 103 (Burns), even and 1 to 2, second; Acosta 105 (Schieffel), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:09 1-5. Col. Tex, Ethel Vale, Bitter Biting, Tattling, Charlotte Smith, May Hartman, San Stefano and Rigdon also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and one-half furlongs. Gongalese 113 pounds (Conway), 6 to 5, 1 and 2 to 5, first; Casey, 111 (Shipley), 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; King Worth 107 (Mailen), 6 to 1, third. Time—1:09 2-5. Marcella Boy, Tom Tulane, Casey, Lady Freeman, Dixie First, Pickle Fancy and Say When also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Sol Ourrico, 104 pounds (Fields), 7 to 2, 6 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; Gratian 97 (Penman), 3 to 1 and even, second; War Bird 107 (Burns), 6 to 5, third. Time—1:15. Blazeaway, Good Hope, Pits-Boodle and Raddles also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Ollie Palmer 106 pounds (Schieffel), 6 to 5, 1 to 3 and 1 to 4, first; Silex II. 110 (Ward), even and 1 to 2, second; Toyalong 105 (Burns), 8 to 1, third. Time—1:42 1-5. Bibbler, Pilsen, Farol, High Olympic, Frosalus, Guardsman and Caraway also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Judge Brenner 106 pounds (Penman), 7 to 2, 3 to 5 and 3 to 5, first; Billy Boots 110 (Pavic), 8 to 1 and 3 to 5, second; Jacobean 103 (Mailen), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:40 4-5. Carranza, Waterford, Sunsara, Levis and Triumphant also ran.

HARNESS RULES UNCHANGED

Joint Committee Adjourns at Columbus Without Taking Action.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 13.—After a two-hour session today the joint rules committee of the American and National Trotting Associations reported disagreement and adjourned. Unless another meeting is called later, there will be no revision of the racing rules for this season, it was said.

The two associations disagreed over the presence of President E. J. Curtain and Secretary Magnus Flaws of the Horsemen's Association, who wanted to sit in on the rules meeting and its deliberations. The American Association was agreeable to the Horsemen's Association participating, but the delegates of the National body, made up mostly of Easterners, objected. The American delegates then withdrew with those of the Horsemen's Association.

Since rule revisions must be made jointly, the recommendations to better the sport made by Grand Circuit stewards last week in Cleveland were not acted upon.

MINNESOTA AFTER BEZDEK.

Penn State Coach Confers With University Head on Offer.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 13.—A group of alumni of the University of Minnesota today was considering what steps can be undertaken to obtain the services of Hugo Bezdek, athletic director at Penn State, as head football coach at Minnesota, to succeed Dr. Henry L. Williams, who has been Gopher coach for twenty-two years. Both Bezdek and Fred Luehring, athletic director at the University of Nebraska, late yesterday concluded conference with Lotus L. Coffman, President of the university, regarding the position of athletic director at Minnesota. They left for their homes without a decision being reached, it is said.

Colleges' Association Urges A Stringent One-Year Rule

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Full enforcement of the one-year rule barring freshmen from athletic teams was urged for all colleges and universities in a resolution unanimously adopted tonight by the Association of American Colleges.

The resolution was presented by Charles R. Richmond, President of Union College, who declared that unanimous adoption of the one-year rule by American colleges would eliminate what he termed the present tendency of schools to "buy" prep school athletic stars.

"When the prep school stars realize that they cannot play on the college team during their first year at college, they will pay more attention to scholarship in selecting the college they wish to attend, and they will pay more attention to their studies after they get there," said Dr. Richmond.

DARTMOUTH LOSES TO PRINCETON FIVE

Tigers Win an Intercollegiate Basketball League Game by Score of 27 to 26.

INTERCOLLEGIATE LEAGUE STANDING.

Teams.	Games.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Princeton	1	1	0	1.000
Dartmouth	2	1	1	.500
Columbia	1	0	1	.000
Yale	0	0	0	.000
Cornell	0	0	0	.000
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	.000

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Jan. 13.—Dartmouth's sensational last minute rally fell short by a single point here tonight, Coach Hill Zahn's Princeton five defeating his brother George's Green quintet, 27 to 26, in the second game of the Eastern Intercollegiate Basketball League. The Green entered the last ditch seven points behind, and managed to creep within a single notch of the Tigers before the final whistle blew.

Excessive fouling, both personal and technical, counted heavily against the Green, and the Orange and Black scored nine points on free tries, whereas Cullen, for Dartmouth, had but six chances, all of which he made.

Princeton took the lead early in the opening period and held it throughout, except for a brief time in the second half when brilliant work by Millar and Cullen put the Green one point ahead. The line-up:

PRINCETON (27).		DARTMOUTH (26).
Kiesau	R.	Cullen
Jeffries	L.F.	Malcolm
Gaines	C.	Goldstein
Loeb	R.G.	Millar
Wittmer	L.G.	Heep

Goals from field—Jeffries (3), Malcolm (3), Millar (3), Kiesau (2), Goldstein (2), Cullen (2), Gaines, Wittmer. Goals from foul—Loeb 9, Cullen 6.

Substitution—Dartmouth: Shaneman for Goldsteen.

Referee—Kelley. Umpire—McCarthy.

FORDHAM WINS ON COURT.

Brooklyn College Club Five Easy for Maroon—Score 31 to 17.

The basketball team from Fordham University last night defeated the Brooklyn College Club five at Loyola Hall in Brooklyn, 31 to 17. The Manhattanites clearly outclassed their opponents from the beginning, and although their rivals fought bac kgamely the outcome of the game was never in doubt after the first few minutes of play.

At half time Fordham was leading, 17 to 5. The close guarding of the Maroon quintet and the excellent floor game and shooting of Fallon and Germaine for the winners were the features of an otherwise ordinary contest.

The line-up:

FORDHAM (31).		B'KLYN C. C. (17).
Fallon	L.F.	Harrison
Danico	R.F.	O'Rourke
McMahon	C.	McKenna
Kelly	I.G.	Hawkins
Healy	R.G.	Stecker

Goals from field—Fallon (6), Danico (3), Healy (2), Germaine, Harrison (3), O'Rourke, Hawkins (2). Goals from foul—McMahon (9), Germaine, Harrison (7).

Substitutions—Fordham: Crowley for Kelly, Germaine for McMahon, Murphy for Danico, McNamee for Healy. Brooklyn College Club: McLaughlin for McKenna, McKenna for Hawkins, Gilroy for Stecker, Hawkins for McGill, Columbia. Time of halves—20 minutes.

WESLEYAN DOWNS BROWN.

Connecticut College Five Gains Easy Victory, 39 to 22.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Jan.

YALE CLUB PLAYERS REACH SQUASH FINAL

Coward and Cordier Survive Next to Last Round of National Handicap Tourney.

WIN IN STRAIGHT GAMES

Baker Bows to Cordier, 15-10, 15-9, 16-15, While Coward Overwhelms Morrison, 15-4, 15-11, 15-10.

The two leading squash tennis players of the Yale Club, Thomas R. Coward, the national Class B champion of 1921, and Auguste J. Cordier, former national champion, will contest the final round of the national handicap tournament at the Yale Club this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The semi-final matches, decided by the best three in five games, were both won in straight games yesterday by the Yale men. In both cases the losers started with an advantage of 10 aces. Coward, handicapped at minus 10, defeated P. M. Morrison of the Harvard Club, starting at scratch, by scores of 15—4, 15—11, 15—10. Cordier, from the minus 9 mark, won from his clubmate, David S. Baker, who had a handicap of plus 2, by 15—10, 15—9, 16—15.

After the withdrawal in the opening round of F. Van S. Hyde and Jay Gould, Coward and Cordier had been the natural favorites to come through to the final, although both were set heavy tasks in practically every round to overcome heavy handicaps against good players.

Coward, whose playing, vastly improved even over his excellent work of a year ago, has been the sensation of the present season, was in top form yesterday. Against his terrific hitting, a recently developed ability to mix his shots and change pace with maximum effectiveness and his unsurpassable thoroughness in covering court Morrison had small chance. The Harvard southpaw is an exceedingly active player himself in getting about the court. But he could not cope with the Yale man's speed, and he was outmaneuvered and outgeneraled constantly. The many set-ups which Morrison offered Coward through the three games were more the result of the Yale man's punishing speed than of any deficiency of court-craft on the part of his opponent. Coward fairly slaughtered the ball whenever these set-ups put in an appearance.

Fast Start by Coward.

The Yale man canceled his handicap and started even with Morrison at love-all after seven hands had been played in the opening game. Morrison then won his first ace of the match, only to have Coward pass him promptly and, in three hands, built up a lead of 7—1. From that point on, Coward progressed as he pleased to a victory at 15—4. He was scoring a fraction more than 6 points to Morrison's 1 all through this game.

The second game was no such simple matter as the opener, despite the fact that there was never real doubt of the outcome. But Morrison steadied his play notably and made the rallies longer and more interesting. Coward came within 2 points of opening the score in four hands, but Morrison took control at this stage and drew up to an advantage of 12 points with the count at minus 4-plus 8. He won but three more aces in the game, Coward mixing in every sort of shot but relying principally upon speed to score 19 aces while Morrison was making his 3.

In the third game Coward canceled his handicap in no time at all, but he repeated when that was accomplished and Morrison went into the lead. The Harvard man did some excellent around-the-court placing to make the count 9—5 in his favor. Then Coward put on full speed again, equalized at 10-all and did not allow Morrison another point in the match.

Cordier needed all the power and finish of his game to overcome Baker's two-point handicap and win the second semi-final in straight games, but he turned the trick in masterful fashion. Baker occasionally, and especially in the third game, which ran into extra points, uncovered streaks of highly skilled placing. But far more often Cordier's superior generalship had his clubmate at a loss. Cordier faded the ball away in the rear corners in baffling fashion, and had Baker hitting wildly at other times by changing pace cleverly. In the opener, Cordier, training at minus 5—plus 4, made a placement and service aces in a row, to pull up to love-all. He caught Baker at 7-all, and, after the count had remained even for half a dozen hands, ran the game out at 15—10. In the second session Cordier made an even more remarkable pull-up. After the count had reached 6—6, he evened it up at 8—all in two hands, and scored the remaining 6 points in his succeeding turn at the service. Thus he accounted for 14 aces while his opponent made none at all, a distinct achievement against a player of Baker's ability.

Baker Takes a Lead.

Baker made a real fight of it in the third and last game. He led at one time by a margin of eleven points, with the score at plus 5—minus 6 in his favor. He continued to hold Cordier at bay, and, after the latter had drawn up to a count of 5—5 in Baker's favor, the latter added six points for a lead of 12—5. Then Cordier got busy in earnest and, making practically no errors at all, set the game at 13-all. Baker, for the last time in the match, took the lead at 15—13, but Cordier followed with a rally that carried him through five points to victory. The match point was won on a beautiful fadeaway shot in the left rear corner with Baker caught flat-footed far out of range in the right centre of the court.

In this afternoon's final round match, Coward's chances are generally favored. He has defeated Cordier on several occasions this season, and plays No. 1 on the Yale Club team to Cordier's No. 2. Coward's speed has been too much even for so finished a racquet-wielder as Cordier to handle. The handicap gives Cordier only a two-point advantage and this, especially with both starting so far behind scratch, is not expected to figure prominently in the outcome.

The summaries:

National Handicap Tournament, Semi-Final Round—Thomas R. Coward, Yale Club (minus 10), defeated P. M. Morrison, Harvard Club (scratch), 15—4, 15—11, 15—10; Auguste J. Cordier, Yale Club (minus 4), defeated David S. Baker, Yale Club (plus 2), 15—10, 15—9, 16—15.

NINE GAMES FOR MAROON.

Fordham Restores Rutgers and Holy Cross to Grid Schedule.

The Fordham University football schedule for the coming season was officially announced yesterday afternoon by Frank Gargan, graduate manager and gridiron coach. It consists of nine games, four of which will be played at Fordham Field, one at the Polo Grounds, and four away from this city. Fordham will open with Canisius College, Sept. 30, and close the season with Muhlenburg, Nov. 25.

There are many strong teams on the schedule, among them being Georgetown, Rutgers, Holy Cross, Boston College and Springfield. The games with Holy Cross and Rutgers will mark the resumption of athletic relations between these two colleges and Fordham. Relations between the Maroon and Rutgers terminated before the war. Holy Cross and Fordham did not meet last year, a two-year agreement has been made which will see two colleges and both elevens will come to New York in 1922 to play the Maroon.

The schedule:

Sept. 30, Canisius College at Fordham.
Oct. 7, Rutgers at New Brunswick; 13, Boston College at Boston; 21, Georgetown at Fordham; 28, Trinity at Fordham; Nov. 4, Springfield at Fordham; 11, Colby at Fordham; 18, Holy Cross at Worcester; 25, Muhlenberg at Allentown.

Yale-Harvard Race in Evening Is Likely Because of Tide

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 13.—Announcement of the date for the Yale-Harvard regatta on the Thames River at New London as June 23 directs attention to the condition of the tides there on that date. As it will be high tide in the early evening, the big event of the day—the varsity eight-oared race—will come probably after 6 P. M. From the viewpoint of the spectator an early evening race is usually satisfactory because the opportunity is greater to reach New London with the minimum sacrifice of time. Since 1912, races for the varsity eights have been mostly up stream. Before that year an up-stream race was uncommon for a long period. Rowing authorities have generally found that arrangements for an up-stream evening race were much more satisfactory, as they had little worry about postponements on account of wind and water.

PURVES AGAIN WINS ADVERTISING TITLE

Woodland Club Golfer Defeats Meigs in League Final at Pinehurst, 4 and 3.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 13.—R. Murray Purves of the Woodland Golf Club, winner of the qualifying medal in the tournament of the Winter Golf League of Advertising Interests and champion of the League, defended his title at Pinehurst today against the attack of M. C. Meigs of the Bob o' Link Club, Chicago, and won by 4 up and 3 to play.

Purves started out by winning the first three holes in a row, in a total equal to a stroke over par. Meigs, however, steadied down after that and not only held Purves for the next four holes, but reduced his disadvantage to 2 down at the turn by taking the eighth in 3. He halved the first three holes of the Inward journey in par figures by sinking long putts on each of the greens, and winning 4 for Purves on the difficult thirteenth and a birdie 4 at the fourteenth put the medalist 4 up and dormie and the match ended at the next hole, where the best that Meigs could do was to sink another one of those long putts for a half. The Chicago golfer's belated putting streak and Purves's exceptionally fine work from the tees were the features of the contest.

The cards:

Out—									
Purves	5	5	4	4	5	5	4	3	—39
Meigs	6	6	5	4	5	5	5	3	—41
In—									
Purves	4	4	5	4	4				
Meigs	4	4	5	5	4				

Dr. L. Hodges of Baltusrol won the prize in the second eight of the first division by defeating H. V. H. Proskey of North Hempstead, 1 up.

Ralph Trier of Fox Hills defeated Roy Durstine of Scarsdale, by 2 and 2 in the final of the third eight.

Two additional golf events were staged. One was a handicap medal round, won by H. G. Cordley of Glen Ridge with a card of 90, 20—70. Other prize winners in this event were F. E. Nixon of Sleepy Hollow, W. H. Hamilton of New Haven and Lorenzo Daniels of Westchester.

The concluding round of the day was played on Thistle Dhu, the miniature golf course attached to the Pinehurst residence of James Barber of Englewood, N. J., and was won by D. M. Stewart of Dunwoodie, who went over the difficult nine-hole course in thirty-nine strokes. The other prize winners were Ernest R. Manson of Framingham, Mass., and Mrs. Lorenzo Daniels of Westchester and Miss C. P. Speakman of Siwanoy.

The league wound up the day with its annual business meeting, banquet and ball.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Roy S. Durstine of Scaredale; Vice President, C. E. Speakman of Siwanoy; Secretary, F. L. Wursburg of Sleepy Hollow; Treasurer, H. F. Harrison of Arcola.

The scores:

Final Round, Championship Division, First Eight—R. M. Purves, Woodland, defeated M. C. Meigs, Bob o' Link, 4 and 3.
Second Eight—D. L. Hedges (13), Baltusrol, defeated H. V. H. Proskey (15), North Hempstead, 1 up.
Third Eight—Ralph Trier (18), Fox Hills, defeated R. S. Durstine (8), Scaredale, 3 and 2.
Fourth Eight—F. L. Wursburg (10), Sleepy Hollow, defeated Lorenzo Daniels (14), Westchester, 4 and 3.

WHIM ICE YACHT WINNER.

Takes Weaver Prize in Shrewsbury Race—Tempest Fouls Stake.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Jan. 13.—While leading six other ice yachts in the third lap of today's twelve-mile race on the Shrewsbury River for the Commodore James B. Weaver's prize, the Tempest, owned by Robert Linton and sailed by Andrew White, fouled one of the channel stakes. The side stay at the stern carried away, striking White. Three teeth were knocked out and a long gash cut in the upper lip. Dr. Young took several stitches in the lip. Del Fisher, one of the owners of the TNT, skated down the river and sailed The Tempest back to the clubhouse.

The Tempest is prominently mentioned as one of the yachts that may be selected to sail against the Long Branch Club for the championship pennants.

The race, which was sailed in a brisk southeast wind, was won by Henry Angelente's Whim, which passed George W. Bray's Daisy in the last lap to beat her out by fifteen seconds.

Reuben White's Get There passed Del and Fred Fisher's TNT in the home stretch, and captured third prize, finishing thirty-five seconds ahead of TNT. The Whim covered the twelve miles in 53 minutes 55 seconds.

The summary:

RACE FOR COMMODORE WEAVER PRIZES.
Start, 3:25:30. Distance, 12 Miles.

Yacht.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
	P. M. S.	M. S.
Whim	3:59:25	33:56
Daisy	3:59:40	34:10
Get There	4:00:15	34:45
TNT	4:06:00	35:30
Brownie	4:08:15	37:45
Say When	Withdrew	
Tempest	Withdrew	

W. & J. ELEVEN BACK HOME.

Rousing Welcome for Team Which Held California to Tie.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Jan. 13.—Washington and Jefferson College today welcomed back the football team on its return from Pasadena, where, on Jan. 2, it held the University of California to a scoreless tie and outplayed the Golden Bears. The reception to the gridiron warriors was the most pretentious ever accorded a team in the history of local football.

The Presidents, who left Chicago last night, had expected to get home before noon today, but their train into Pittsburgh was three hours late and they did not reach here until about 3 o'clock. Awaiting them at the station was the entire undergraduate body of the college, the pupils of the Washington schools, which had been dismissed for the occasion, and several thousands of townsfolk. The members of the football party were loaded into automobiles and, headed by a brass band and followed by thousands of cheering enthusiasts, a parade from the railroad to the Court House Square, in the centre of the business district, was staged. All traffic on Main Street was blocked and street cars could not run for an hour. On the Court House portico the team was formally welcomed home and congratulated by Burgess Boyd Crumrine.

THE PLAY

By ALEXANDER WOOLLCOTT

A Reformed French Farce.

THE BLUE KITTEN, a musical comedy in three acts, founded on "Le Chasseur de Chez Maxim," by Yves Mirande and Gustave Quinson; book by Otto Harbach and William Cary Duncan; music by Rudolf Friml. At the Selwyn Theatre.

Louis	Bill Hawkins
Gielain	Victor Morley
Theodore Vanderpop	Joseph Cawthorn
Durand	George Le Soir
Octave	Robert Woolsey
Fifi	Betty Barlow
Cri Cri	Marjen Sunshine
Marcelle	Carola Parson
Fotoche	Lillian Lorraine
Armand Duvelin	Douglas Stevenson
Mme. Lucile Vanderpop	Jean Newcombe
Madelaine Vanderpop	Lorraine Manville
Popinet	Dallas Welford.

Full to the brim of tunes and bounce and spangles, the musical comedy called "The Blue Kitten" arrived last evening at the Selwyn Theatre, from which its advance runners had obligingly made room by evicting "The Circle." It is an exceptionally skittish Palais-Royal farce from which all the original sin has been washed away and that element's place taken by jaunty and fetching Friml Melodies, to which many personable chorus girls now dance on and off in a jaunty and fetching manner.

In Paris the piece is known as "Le Chasseur de Chez Maxim." There it tries to be just as shocking as possible and succeeds notably in that characteristic endeavor. It is rumored that the owners of the American rights long tried in vain to find an American adaptor for it. They even say that when it was submitted to Avery Hopwood he fainted away, and on being revived, explained, with carmine cheeks, that he would not care to translate so scabrous a script. Finally, however, Otto Harbach and William Cary Duncan fell upon it and so beat and scrubbed the offender that now "The Blue Kitten" is pretty nearly as pure as "Ma'm'selle Dinsmore."

The Chasseur of a smart Parisian restaurant is a personage without close parallel in this city. He is a bouncer of drunks, a confidant of lovers, a lender of money, a summoner of taxis, a placer of bets, an explainer of absentees, a discreet whisperer of messages, a shelterer of truants. He flourishes like the green bay tree and prospers like a bootlegger. In the translation they have to call him the porter. You would grasp the notion of the French authors better if you were to recall how many times you have asked yourself what make of car and what number of valets sustain the private life of the hat-check boy at your own restaurant.

So the new musical piece deals with the perplexities of the *chasseur* of the Blue Kitten Restaurant when his elegant wife buys a flower shop in addition to business and when he himself discovers that one of the most inveterate rounders of the Blue Kitten has become engaged to his own daughter. The part is played by Joseph Cawthorne, but, lest you foolishly rush to the assumption that he has gone in for a French manner, it should, perhaps, be explained that he retains his old Louis Mann dialect and talks about people being arrested for "petty lossenges" and everything. Others more or less heavily involved are Lillian Lorraine, who is in fine fettle; Douglas Stevenson, as agreeable as ever; Dallas Welford, who is much as usual, and a dainty ingénue named Lorraine Manville, who sings tolerably well and dances like a leaf in the wind.

'SALOME' DISCARDED BY CHICAGO OPERA

Mary Garden, Facing Storm of Protest, Cancels Future Performances of Wilde's Work.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—"Salome," banished from the Chicago opera stage eleven years ago, once again has been thrown into the discard after a futile attempt to convince Chicagoans that the changing spirit of the times will make the operatic version of Oscar Wilde's famous work more popular.

Scores of persons, headed by Mrs. Edith Rockefeller McCormick, have launched such a storm of protest against the opera that Mary Garden director of the Chicago Opera Company, tonight yielded to their wishes and canceled all future performances of "Salome" for this season, although she frequently has asserted that it is her favorite opera.

The opera was first produced here eleven years ago, but after three performances the protests became so voluminous that it was abandoned. This year Miss Garden revived it, saying that "times had changed and that the more liberal spirit of today would justify the performance."

Two performances of it have been given and at each of these the galleries and public sale seats were full. A third performance was scheduled for Monday. Tonight the cancellation announcement was made.

The critics termed the opera "unclean," "obscene," "immoral," "vulgar," and "an exhibition of a girl demented by passion."

"Chicago doesn't like it, so we won't give it," said Miss Garden. "New York? Oh, we may give it there."

FRIEDA HEMPEL WELCOMED.

Prima Donna Sings Classic Airs in Carnegie Hall.

Frieda Hempel was welcomed by a brilliant audience on her return to Carnegie Hall last evening in a recital of classic airs for soprano, in which the former Metropolitan prima donna included several of the more appropriate aort from her operatic career, as well as many popular encores. She added Cherubino's song, "Voi Che Sapete," from Mozart's "Figaro," to her first group of Mozart and Veracini, while after four of Schubert's ending in the "Ave Maria," she gave Schumann's "Nussbaum," announced by C. V. Bos who assisted at the piano.

After Bellini's "Ah, Non Giunge," from "Sonnambula," the singer played her own accompaniment to Jenny Lind's "Echo Song." Grieg's "I Love Thee" and Strauss's "Serenade" were demanded among the later lyrics, as was Farley's "Night Wind," itself an encores, twice over. There were many recalls following Taubert's "Bird Song," with Louis Fritze playing the obligato for flute.

Mme. Hempel was heard to advantage in the concert hall, singing with great freedom of voice and with her familiar command of style, both of the older florid pieces and lighter modern selections. At a pause midway in the program, she received a host of bouquets rivalling in brilliance her gown of many-colored brocade.

Bori to Sing the Snow Maiden.

Lucrezia Bori is to sing the Snow Maiden in Rimsky-Korsakoffs "Snegeurotchka," after a Russian legend of Springtime, when that operatic fantasy is produced for the first time in America, at the Metropolitan a week from Monday night.

Harrold, Laurenti, Delasanois, Paiva and Rothier have leading rôles, while others are Howard, d'Arle, Anthony, Eade, Faltriniert, d'Angelo, Meader, Reschiglian and Audisio. Bodnasky and Setti have rehearsed the music and the five scenes are by Boris Anisfeld.

"Ernani," an early revival of the season, was sung for the second time last evening before a large audience. Pons, Gallo, Martinelli, Danise and Mardones sang and Papi conducted.

MUSIC NOTES.

Debussy's "Pelleas and Melisande," with Mary Garden, Maguenat, Dufranne and Gerpaul, is announced here for Thursday, Jan. 26, in the Chicago Opera Company's opening week at the Manhattan.

The St. Olaf Lutheran Choir, appearing tomorrow in Brooklyn and Tuesday at the Metropolitan, sang recently in Philadelphia to launch a local movement for a similar chorus there.

Elisabeth Spencer, well known as a concert soprano, sang last evening in the radio concerts sent out nightly for some weeks past by the Westinghouse wireless from Newark, N. J.

GUARDSMEN IN MEXIA, LAWLESS ARE LEAVING

Troopers Are Told to Shoot if Any Prisoners Try to Escape.

MEXIA, Texas, Jan. 13.—The lid was clamped down tight on this oil boom town tonight, when the fourteen State Rangers, who were sent here Saturday to enforce the law, were reinforced by about forty State cavalrymen.

The guardsmen were told by Brig. Gen. Jacob F. Wolters, commanding officer, that they were to guard prisoners at the detention camp, and if it was necessary to prevent escapes they should shoot. A miss would mean court-martial.

All reports at military headquarters tonight said that gambling and the illegal sale of liquor had ceased in the military area now under martial law.

No court-martial will be established for the present, General Wolters stated, it being the intention to depend upon Grand Jury action in handling the cases.

One man was shot and injured last night, and General Wolters said he had turned the case over to the civil authorities.

There has already been an exodus of undesirables from the district and the National Guard officers notified the police department of several Texas cities to prepare for the arrival of suspicious charaters.

CHARGES £3,500,000 FRAUD.

Welsh Solicitor Obtains Warrant for Alleged Swindler's Arrest.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Frauds amounting to £3,500,000 were alleged by a Cardiff Solicitor who applied for and obtained at Barry Police Court tonight a warrant against a certain man whose name was not made public.

This man was declared to have obtained money subscriptions to a scheme which promised to subscribers dividends or interest varying from £18 to £5 per week. A million pounds, it was stated, had been obtained from persons resident in Glamorganshire.

It is said that a number of influential racing personalities, among them officials of The Jockey Club, will be called as witnesses.

KILLS HIMSELF IN HOTEL.

Illness and Wife's Breakdown Are Blamed for Candy Man's Suicide.

Leo Hirschfield, President of the Mills Candy Corporation, 449 West Forty-second Street, shot himself through the head in his room in the Hotel Monterey yesterday noon and died a few hours later in the Knickerbocker Hospital. His act was laid to a long illness and grief over his wife's mental breakdown.

Mr. Hirschfield was at his office in the morning, but left early saying that he would not be back that day. He had been suffering considerable pain from stomach trouble and was depressed by separation from his wife, who has been in a sanitarium. He went to his hotel, where he had been stopping for some weeks, and from his room sent down word to the clerk asking for a headache remedy, but directed that it should not be sent up for an hour.

When the boy finally went to the room he found Mr. Hirschfield sitting in a big arm chair near the bed with a heavy calibre revolver in his lap. After the bullet had passed through his head from the front, it smashed the bedpost and buried itself in the wall.

He left a short note saying that he was "sorry, but could not help it." Friends said his business affairs were in good shape and that he was wealthy. Mrs. Arthur Ludwig, a daughter, lives at 160 West Eighty-seventh Street.

Bertha Erza Sings Dramatic Airs.

Berthe Erza, dramatic soprano, assisted by Walter Golde at the piano, appeared at Aeolian Hall last evening in a program of dramatic airs, chief of which were the "Divinités du Styx" from Gluck's "Alcestis"; another from his "Iphigenia," and the air of Lia from Debussy's "L'Enfant Prodigue." Miss Erza challenged comparisons not easy for a newcomer to meet in such music. She was more at home in some striking declamatory pieces of the present day by Rachmaninoff, Salvator Daniel and Cecil Burleigh.

Mental Test of Doctor's Slayer.

Mrs. Lillian L. Raisen, who shot and killed Dr. Abraham Glickstein, was taken from Raymond Street Jail to the office of District Attorney John E. Ruston of Brooklyn yesterday and examined by Drs. J. Ramsay Hunt and Thomas W. Salmon, who were appointed by the prosecutor to inquire into the mental condition of the prisoner. Mr. Ruston stated that the alienists would hold several sessions before they report to Mr. Ruston.

ALICE BRADY DIVORCED.

Granted Interlocutory Decree From James Crane, Actor.

Nathan Vidaver, counsel for Alice Brady, last night confirmed the report that Miss Brady, a daughter of William A. Brady, had been granted an interlocutory decree of divorce from James Crane, actor. He said that Justice Mullan of the Supreme Court granted the decree on the recommendation of Samuel Falk, referee, who heard testimony in secret on the actress's charge that Crane was unduly friendly with other women in this city and Paris.

The divorce proceeding was instituted following a raid, led by Miss Brady, on an apartment in this city. The decree was operative for a period of three months, after which Miss Brady could apply for a final decree, Mr. Vidaver said. The couple were married two years ago.

Mary Davis, Mezzo-Soprano, Sings.

Mary Davis, mezzo-soprano, gave a matinee yesterday at the Princess, accompanied by C. V. Bos, in a wide range of songs, from the old Italian of Bononcini's "Lasciatemi Morire" to Hageman's "May Night" and Mrs. Salter's "Cry of Rachel." Among new composers she gave Warford's "Three Ghosts" from manuscript, with others of Sibella, Wegener-Koopman, Forsyth and Kramer.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Leo Ditrichstein will not close in "Face Value" at the Forty-ninth Street Theatre next week, as reported, but will continue for the balance of the month.

Both "Mary" and "The O'Brien Girl" are to be produced soon in Australia. Gene Richards will sail from Vancouver Feb. 10 to stage the two productions for the J. C. Williamson Company.

"Bluebeard's Eighth Wife" will end its engagement at the Ritz in two weeks.

Doris Keane will open in "The Czarina" in Baltimore next Monday.

The Afternoon Theatre Company will present "Arjevaine and Selysette" at the Maxine Elliott next Friday afternoon.

Will Deming has been engaged for "The Little French Doll."

"The Flower of the North," a photoplay based on James Oliver Curwood's novel, of the same name, directed by David Smith, with Henry B. Walthall and Pauline Starke in the leading roles, will be the feature of the program at B. S. Moss's Cameo Theatre, beginning today.

There will be an extra matinee of "The Intimate Strangers" at Henry Miller's Theatre next Friday.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

Shubert Vaudeville. Always a Three Dollar Show for $1. WINTER GARDEN 44th St. Thea. 10 STAR ACTS. Twice Daily, 2:15 and 8:15.

SELWYN THEATRE WEST 42D ST. NIGHTS 8:20. FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:20. ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN presents JOSEPH LILLIAN Cawthorne & Lorraine in THE BLUE KITTEN. THE POUSSE CAFE OF MUSICAL SHOWS.

FULTON Thea., W. 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. THE SELWYNS PRESENT JOHN DREW, MRS. LESLIE CARTER, ESTELLE WINWOOD, JOHN HALLIDAY, ERNEST LAWFORD, ROBERT RENDEL in THE CIRCLE

COMEDY 41st St., fr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Pop. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20. "EVER AND ALWAYS A GORGEOUS SPECTACLE."—Alexander Woollcott, Tribune. MME. PETROVA IN PERSON in THE WHITE PEACOCK. By MME. PETROVA.

GARRICK, 65 W. 35th. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20. HE WHO GETS SLAPPED. "More picturesque than Lillian."—Eve. World

BELMONT Thea., West 48th. Bryant 48. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. The Critics' and "S. S. Tenacity"

BIJOU Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. THE DOVER ROAD By A. A. MILNE with CHAS. CHERRY. Dir'n of Guthrie McClintic. LAST 2 TIMES.

NATIONAL THE MADRAS HOUSE. The Neighborhood Playhouse Co. Thea., W. 41st St. Bry. 1564. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Today, 2:30

PRINCESS W. 39th St. Evenings 8:45. Mats. Today & Wednesday. NORMAN TREVOR in "THE MARRIED WOMAN"

Yiddish Art THEA., 27th St. & Madison Av. MAURICE SCHWARTZ in "RAGS" Every Fri. Eve., Sat. & Sun. Mat. & Eve. 2:30-8:30

Jolson's 59th St. Th., Av. & 8th. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20. AL JOLSON "BOMBO"

49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Clr. 3622. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN "FACE VALUE."

ASTOR Thea., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. WM. FAVERSHAM in THE SQUAW MAN

Ambassador 49th, nr. B'way. Circle 8792. Evs. 8:30. Greatest Musical Hit of Ages! BLOSSOM TIME. Mats. Today & Wed.

CASINO Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. A CARLTON PRODUCTION. JULIA SANDERSON in a Musical Comedy Satire. TANGERINE. BEST SEATS $3.00

39TH ST. Thea., Near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. A Carlton Production. H. B. WARNER in "DANGER!" TIMELY SEX PROBLEM. Best Seats $3.00.

MOROSCO WEST 45TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. 600TH TIME MONDAY NIGHT. THE BAT. Keeps Standees on Toes of Their Toes. SEATS NOW SELLING 8 WEEKS AHEAD.

LYRIC 42nd, W. of Broadway. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Today & Wednesday. UP in the CLOUDS. "Up in the Clouds' starts on high and hits up a lively pace until the final curtain."—Journal.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. CLARE KUMMER'S New Play, with Sidney Blackmer and Frances Hodgson Burnett. "MOUNTAIN MAN" "Seeing Sidney Blackmer in 'The Mountain Man' has revived my faith in the Theatre."—Frances Hodgson Burnett.

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. The NEWLY-WEDS FARCE JUST MARRIED With VIVIAN MARTIN—LYNNE OVERMAN.

BOOTH West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. 41ST & 42ND TIMES TODAY. GEORGE ARLISS in THE GREEN GODDESS. A PLAY OF ADVENTURE.

Arthur Hopkins Presents X Pauline Lord in "Anna Christie" Vanderbilt Thea., 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. X Lionel Barrymore in "The Claw," With Irene Fenwick. Broadhurst Thea., W. 44th. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30. LAST TWO WEEKS

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES, 50c. ADVANCE. BRANCH OFFICE, TIMES BUILDING, Subway Level. BRYANT 4000. ORIGINAL TYSON & CO., EST. 1899. MAIN OFFICE 1473 BROADWAY

MOTION PICTURES.

APOLLO THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Twice Daily, 2:10-8:10. INCLUDING SUNDAY. POPULAR MATINEES 50c—$1.00. NIGHTS 50c to $2.00. GOOD ORCH. SEATS $1.00. "SURELY A GREAT MOTION PICTURE."—Eve. Post. DAVID WARK GRIFFITH'S Story of an Immortal Bubble. ORPHANS OF THE STORM. This picture with its special music and presentation cannot be shown at any other theatre in New York.

PARAMOUNT PICTURES. RIVOLI B'way at 49th St. AGNES AYRES, "The Lane That Had No Turning." Farrar in "CARMEN." RIVOLI CONCERT ORCH. RIALTO TIMES SQUARE MARION DAVIES in "THE BRIDE'S PLAY." Buster Keaton Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA. CRITERION TIMES SQ. TWICE DAILY. 2:30 and 8:30. ALL SEATS RESERVED. Cecil B. De Mille's "FOOL'S PARADISE" Presented by Jesse L. Lasky.

CAMEO 42nd ST., EAST of B'WAY. Continuous 9 A. M. to Midnight. BEGINNING TODAY. James Oliver Curwood's Greatest Novel of Adventure WITH 1000 THRILLS. FLOWER OF THE NORTH. A Vitagraph Super Feature.

CENTRAL THEA., B'way & 47th St. TWICE DAILY, 2:15—8:15. Mats. 50c-$1.50. Eve. 50c-$2. The First Real Million Dollar Picture. "FOOLISH WIVES" By and with Von STROHEIM. Presented by CARL LAEMMLE.

STATE Loew's B'way & 45th St. Cont. 11 A.M. to 12 P.M. Aft. 50c.—Nights 75c. "MOLLY-O" with MABEL NORMAND. Roberts & Boyne. Dance Follies. "The Funny Girl."—Sun.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. & 59 St. THOMAS JEFFERSON in "RIP VAN WINKLE" Larry Semon. "The Bell Hop" Com. Tomorrow. HARRY CAREY in "The Fear."

CAPITOL B'way at 51 St. GOLDWYN'S SENSATION "THEODORA"

STRAND B'way & 47th St. Norma Talmadge in "Love's Redemption." Direct Symphony Orch.

The Neighborhood Playhouse 466 Grand St. Tel. Orchard 1171. MATINEE TODAY. "THE MIDWEEK INTERLUDES" Including First Showing of Thomas Wilfred's Invention THE CLAVILUX OR COLOR ORGAN and 3 Unusual One Act Plays. TONIGHT & TOM'W NIGHT. Spanish Ballet by Morales. "THE ROYAL FANDANGO" ORCHESTRA $1.50—BALCONY 75c

BROOKLYN MANUFACTURERS' INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION. 23rd Reg't Armory, Bedford & Atlantic Aves. GRAND OPENING 7 O'CLOCK EAT. EVE. JAN. 14-21. Daily except Sun., 1-11 P.M. ADMISSION 50c

ACTORS' FUND ANNUAL BENEFIT. CENTURY THEATRE NEXT FRIDAY Jan. 20, at 1:45. Seats Now on Sale at Box Office. Prices 50c to $3.00. An Afternoon of Happiness with the Great Stars of the Theatre in a Bill of Special Novelties.

SELWYN THEATRE, TOMORROW, 8:30. LEE KEEDICK Presents SIR PHILIP GIBBS. In a Timely Lecture. "The Chance of World Peace." Tickets at Box Office. Popular Prices.

AUTO Grand Central PALACE SHOW LAST DAY! Adm. 75c., inc. war tax. 10 A.M. to 10:30 P.M.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JAN. 14, 1922.

CONTINUITY OF FRENCH POLICY.

Already the supporters of the new French Government are deprecating the inferences drawn from the ousting of BRIAND by POINCARÉ. Americans, especially, are asked not to believe that the change of Cabinet means that France has military dreams or imperialistic visions. As for the defensive treaty with England, its prompt publication in Paris shows good-will for it. Strong intimations are given that the new Premier will be ready to resume conversations with LLOYD GEORGE where the old one left off. In short, the distinct effort is made in Paris to convince the outside world that the more the French Government is changed the more it remains the same thing.

This obviously implies a severe reflection upon the motives of the men who organized the conspiracy to overthrow BRIAND while he was absent on an authorized and important foreign negotiation. To gratify personal animosities and to feed selfish political ambitions, they did not hesitate to weaken French prestige and endanger French influence. But it is of no avail to dwell upon this longer. The main thing to fasten upon is that there is a reasonable hope of continuity in French foreign policy. Americans are not ignorant of political parties which gain power by vehemently denouncing those in office, and then in their turn do the things which they condemned in others. It would be interesting to hear President HARDING, in one of his philosophical moods, discourse on this subject. As for France, it is so essential that she work in harmony with England and the United States that the rest of the world will not search too nicely the conscience of the Poincaré Ministry if it holds to the wise course pursued for a year past by ARISTIDE BRIAND.

THEY STAND BY NEWBERRY.

Senator BORAH wanders from the point. No brand of shame was put upon Mr. NEWBERRY by giving him his seat in the Senate. Shame is a subjective emotion. It must be felt. It cannot be communicated, like the measles. NEWBERRY, simple soul, didn't know any money was being spent for him in Michigan. What has he to be ashamed of? As for the Republicans who stolidly voted to give him his seat, as they were bound to do, not one of them felt the least shame. Can you imagine HENRY CABOT LODGE being ashamed of anything in politics which he thinks it necessary or expedient to do? There they were, the old group of irreconcilables, LODGE, BRANDEGEE, MCCORMICK, WADSWORTH, the chief enemies of the Treaty of Versailles, consummating the transaction by which they compassed its defeat. They seated NEWBERRY originally because without him they could not have organized the Senate, could not have filled up the Foreign Relations Committee against the Treaty; without his aid and vote Mr. LODGE would not have been Chairman of that committee; he could not have had the opportunity to prepare that report on the Treaty which insulted friendly nations.

Like loyal pals those Republican Senators had to stand by their accomplice. Even Mr. GEORGE WHARTON PEPPER, newly brought into that chamber, cast his vote for NEWBERRY. The memory of that vote will be a rich heritage for his kin. His first act as a Senator of the United States was to express his approval of a transaction, involving an indictment and conviction to be sure, but grotesquely sanctified as the means by which we were delivered from partisanship is that great criminal project of all the centuries, the Covenant of the League of Nations.

It was foreordained that the Republicans should stand by NEWBERRY. He helped them drag the country from its high and honorable place of moral leadership. He was a necessary part of the plot that in its success has kept the nations in a turmoil, in prolonged disturbance and uncertainty; that has postponed indefinitely the day of economic healing. They could not desert him. They incur now only the reproaches of that part of the community who are sensitive about the purchase of a United States Senatorship for $200,000. Had they turned their backs upon their accomplice they would have been condemned by all the distinguished immoralists in the country, and, in transactions of this nature, regard must be had for the opinions of that class.

WHIPPING THE DEVIL AROUND THE STUMP.

In gooseflesh at the wrath they have stirred, the Republicans in Congress are pondering plans to give away certain or uncertain billions of the taxpayers' money to the bonus-hunters. Perpetual motion is nothing to the Republican Grand Secret. That is the spending of money without cost to anybody and with satisfaction to all. Mr. HASTINGS was supposed to be against the plan of paying a bonus from the interest on the allied debts to the United States, but, according to a Washington dispatch to THE TIMES, Republican Senators have agreed to add to the Foreign Debt Refunding bill an amendment to use the interest on the $11,000,000,000 or so to pay the bonus.

Doubtless the amendment will contain the words "if and when paid." Most of the bonus-hunters want cash. The Republican sages are going to offer them what can only be an imperfect, insufficient and doubtful means of payment. Whatever interest is received on the foreign debt and diverted to the payment of the bonus is taken out of the pockets of the taxpayers just as clearly as if Congress had the courage and could provide the means for a lump appropriation. To the bonus-hunters, the plan may look like a "gold brick." To the rest of us it is a palpable humbug, a silly attempt to persuade the voters that there is any way whatever of giving the proposed enormous gratuity without its being paid for by taxation.

An Associated Press dispatch reports that Mr. LODGE has a plan worthy of his majestic mind. The Allies are to issue bonds or other securities in place of their notes, and these bonds are to be sold to the American public in sufficient quantities to pay the cash bonus. One virtue of this plan is that it may quicken action on the Bonus bill; a grateful people will have time thoroughly to appreciate its blessings before the Fall elections. Here again is the Grand Secret in another form. "It also would not entail, its sponsor "said, any additional tax burden on "the public." Are you there, old Truepenny? First, the public must buy the bonds. If it does, how grateful the Treasury will be for the increased difficulty of the extensive early funding operations that lie before it! The allied bonds will compete with Liberty bonds or refunded Liberty bonds. What would be the effect on interest rates, prices, cost of living, of this new inflation?

Take away every other objection to the scheme and the fact remains that the United States has lost whatever interest could be collected on the foreign debt, and that some time or other these bonds have to be paid. There can be no bonus that the taxpayer doesn't pay for in one form or another. Will the wiseacres at Washington ever give up their favorite recreation of whipping the devil around the stump?

AMERICAN CREDIT FOR GERMANY.

The announcement that the Federal Reserve is about to make arrangements for exchange of business with the Reichsbank is worthy of a better reception than many proposals of novel banking schemes. None of the innovations would have anything to give away. Banking capital is trivial in comparison to the business done. Banks do not make business nor create credit by fiat. Banks merely facilitate the business brought to them.

It is difficult to imagine a volume of business between the United States and Germany which cannot be financed by the banks now entering relations resembling those between the Bank of England and the Federal Reserve Bank, or between other combinations of banks in countries trading together. Multiplicity of banks rather divides profits than creates resources. The establishment of novel banking schemes begins with lack of confidence, increase of competition, and antagonism instead of co-operation.

It is a nice question whether it is better to start branch banks in other countries or to work with established institutions in the country where it is desired to promote trade. But working arrangements between established banks are sure of the prestige and settling facilities of the institutions trading together. It would injure this country not to have trade connections with Germany, or if there were a banking crisis there. The Federal Reserve may be trusted to do all the good business brought to it and to protect itself and this country against bad business. The war produced several examples of banking in one country on gold in another country. If the anticipations of a German loan were realized with the Reichsbank's gold deposited as security in this country and with the Federal Reserve's certification of the details, there would be the beginnings of a confidence not otherwise immediately possible.

The incident is interesting for its suggestion regarding other cases. It was reported yesterday that last year we had an excess of imports over exports of gold $607,587,405. Also, our gold reserve against Federal Reserve notes, above lawful reserve for deposits and notes together, is 105 per cent., and for the New York Federal Reserve 146 per cent. Such superfluity of gold is undesirable in many ways. The excess would do us more good if left abroad as the basis of credit for those who would buy our goods and promote an increase of imports here of goods instead of gold. There would be a profit on both the exports and imports, for both would show an increase of purchasing power through stimulation of trade. It is a disservice to heap up idle reserves, tantalizing both lenders and borrowers here, and tempting to the making of poor loans.

A "SETTLED" TARIFF.

One of the commonest Republican arguments for tariff legislation is that the country is entitled to know where it stands. Business men ought to be relieved from their present uncertainties. There is no use now in disputing about the general theory of protection; everybody knows that there is going to be a protective tariff of some kind, and the sensible thing to do is to hurry its enactment so that merchants and traders will know exactly what to count upon. Even a tariff rate hard to defend by itself will at least be fixed and sure, and so be better for business than continued doubt.

As a means to this tariff stability, the amendment to the bill just offered by Senator SMOOT seems to lack something. It would give the President power to increase or decrease by proclamation any given tariff rate by 50 per cent. Also, he would be empowered to proclaim American valuation for a particular class of imported goods. In no other way, contends Senator SMOOT, could the tariff be made to "meet the conditions arising in American markets." We used to hear a great deal about an "elastic" currency. This plan would certainly give us an elastic tariff. It would be pulled here and snapped back there with easy grace. Now the importer would see the rate he has to pay, and now he wouldn't. As a game to amuse children this might do. But as a scheme to "settle" the tariff ones for all, and to give to business men certitude in their transactions, it leaves much to be desired.

This elusive and slippery amendment is to be a part of the general Tariff bill. When is that to be enacted so as to remove all uncertainties and place the business of the country upon firm ground? According to the plans of the Republican leaders in Congress, as formed by them with their legs under Senator MCCORMICK'S mahogany, the bill can be "disposed of soon." However, they admit that the dinnerless Democrats will insist upon debating it fully. Indeed, the fear is expressed that the Democrats will be heartless enough to want to make a campaign issue of the tariff. In that case, the Republican sages acknowledge, it may not be possible to pass the general Tariff bill until after the election next November.

This, then, is the Republican program for speed in making the tariff stable. Starting in April, 1921, to bring about a swift and lasting settlement, the faint hope is now held out that something may be done by November, 1922. Call you this efficiency? It begins to look as if, in regard to their whole policy in Congress, the Republicans ought to bring in an urgent deficiency bill.

MR. HOOVER INTERVENES.

Secretary HOOVER promises "a commission to investigate thoroughly conditions in the cloak, suit and skirt industry." It is a step warranted by the public interests at stake. Its tardiness is explainable on the ground of Mr. HOOVER'S responsibilities in Washington, as also on the ground of the natural reluctance of Federal officials to interfere in a matter largely local. Yet a question arises as to what would have happened if it had been certain from the outset that an industrial commission or court would intervene.

In all probability there would have been no strike. Under a court such as is presently to be proposed at Albany, a strike would have been impossible except in flagrant contempt of the law. Normal production would have continued in the garment trade with normal wages. The 50,000 workers who have been idle eight weeks would have added materially to the available supply of clothing. There has been talk of exacting from the manufacturers a sum equivalent to the wages lost, some two million dollars. Under the decision in the Danbury Hatters case, the union members were compelled to contribute to a fund for damages to the extent of their ability, many of them wiping out their bank accounts and selling their homes. There is no clear parallel between the two cases; but, even supposing that the garment manufacturers are compelled to pay, the sum would still be an economic loss the weight of which would eventually be felt by the public.

The immediate cause of the strike was the fact that the manufacturers broke a formal agreement. That they were doing so deliberately was evident at the time, and Justice WAGNER'S injunction places the fact beyond question. In all probability the very existence of an industrial commission or court would have made the strike impossible, safeguarding both the industry and the public from serious financial loss. And the means of this achievement would have been precisely that which labor eventually sought from Justice WAGNER and which Secretary HOOVER is to invoke—namely, the law.

The ultimate cause of the strike was a question of wages and efficiency. The manufacturers claimed, and with apparent reason, that both for the general good and for the preservation of their industry the price of clothing should be deflated. As a result of their rash contract breaking, this issue has been submerged. It presents many difficulties. The industry is highly seasonal, and it easily lends itself to abuses that verge upon "sweating." Such matters the established courts are powerless to regulate. When the present contract expires next June, hours and piecework will again become the subjects of contention. They will, that is, unless Mr. HOOVER'S commission effectually takes them in hand.

WOMEN'S COLLEGES IN THE ORIENT.

"Ninety per cent. of the women of "the East are born, live, bear children and die in terrible suffering "with no medical aid." This is the basic fact of the movement that is under way in America for aid in maintaining medical colleges for women in China, Japan and India. Inhumane conditions cannot be met by sending men doctors to these lands, even if there were men to send, for to the Moslem, Hindu and high-born Chinese women only a woman doctor can minister. Five million dollars is the sum needed for land, buildings and equipment for the seven colleges and medical schools through which the training of hundreds of doctors and thousands of public health workers can be made possible. And the gratifying fact is that ten great denominations are uniting in this undertaking. When we know that we have 8,000 or more trained physicians in New York City alone, and that four hundred million women in Asia are practically without medical aid, no words can add to the force of the appeal to make possible the equipment of institutions to train young women in medicine and hygiene, that they may help their kind.

BEAUTY AT DARTMOUTH.

The Dartmouth Outing Club, composed of undergraduate fresh air enthusiasts, is greatly daring when it attempts to set the cold weather fashions for its guests of the gentler sex. The Winter carnival at Hanover, devoted to tobogganing, skating and hill climbing, begins this year on Feb. 9. In the invitations sent out the young women, who will be more welcome than the flowers in May, are urged to attend in woolen stockings, mittens, arctics and tam-o'-shanters. It must have been a sour and prosaic senior, utterly indifferent to consequences, who thus addressed the girls:

We saw you at the last carnival stand in the snow in pumps, silk stockings and a fur coat. We were sorry, and you did not look as happy as you tried to. So remember that there will be snow, that you will have to stand in it, and that it will be cold. We wish you to look pretty and warm, not expensive and cold.

Hanover, during the second week in February, is usually snowed in, with a temperature to make envious Northfield, Vt., the Medicine Hat of the East. The Connecticut rings under the speeding of steel-shod skaters. Old Ascutney in his ice cap, flanked by bleak forests, looks inhospitable, inaccessible. Indeed, his summit seems to belong to a glacial period that will never yield to the balmy approach of Spring. In the far distance the peak of Washington, a bright cloud on the horizon, challenges the alpinists of the outing club to try the ascent once more on snowshoes. To such a masked and silent country come the young women from haunts of fashion. This year they are bidden to be less chic and more comfortable. Was there ever such an affront to female beauty, which likes to look its best, blow high or blow low, freeze or swelter? Imagine pumps with heavy-ribbed stockings of wool! The fur coat over all, of course, for it is warm as well as costly.

It may be that a jester has spoken for the Dartmouth Outing Club. The girls, of course, will dress as they like, but the Fifth Avenue Winter styles are hardly the vogue at the Hanover carnival. Even New York has accepted these felt half-boots, loose at the top and flopping, probably too ugly to last. For New England Winter camps Professor SARGENT of Harvard is the arbiter of fashion. His pupils do not go in for grace, but for warmth and wear. And the young women who accept invitations to the Dartmouth carnival are expected to take part in all the Spartan sports of the undergraduates as well as to fox trot and jazz.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Four Lawyers Unite to Save Him.

Though still "under the Judge," the case of LUTHER BOYD differs from the case of most men accused of murder in that there is no doubt that he did the killing with which he is charged—that he does not deny it and that nobody denies it on his behalf. The case therefore is open to discussion in a way and to a degree that it would not be in ordinary circumstances.

For him the plea of "not guilty" will be purely technical. It must be interpreted in the lawyer's sense of the phrase, not as an assertion of innocence as that word commonly is understood, but as meaning the presumption of innocence which lasts until conviction has been reached in open court after a fair trial—that is, until the accused has been permitted to utilize all the pretections and privileges accorded by the law to men in his position. That is all right, of course, and it is particularly desirable that BOYD should have all the protection and privileges that anybody does, in order that there may be no excuse for claiming that he is a victim of police vengeance and race prejudice.

Evidently, the man is not going to be persecuted instead of prosecuted. Already he has around him a group of counsel almost large enough for the defense of a trust magnate of about the second class. Already the fight has begun for delay—for time in order that the public, with its short memory, may cease to be excited and clamorous because of the shooting of the two detectives. Already it is disclosed that the only possible barrier between him and the electric chair—the allegation of insanity—will be erected. That assures a long battle between experts, one group of them declaring him sane enough to be responsible and the other, with equal honesty and no less authority, insisting that he is mad, or at least that he was mad when his "temper flared up."

Guilt Is Now Protected.

Proceedings in the Boyd case evidently are going to take about the same course as in that of HOLT, who also is charged with having shot a policeman. So much time has passed since HOLT'S crime was committed that the details have been forgotten and the trial attracts no attention from the public, though the killing of NEVILLE caused something of a sensation and much indignation when it occurred. So HOLT has gained, as BOYD will, from the slowness with which justice marches in this as in most of our States.

That is not a complaint that with us justice never arrives. All these delays have their use in that they make practically impossible the conviction of an innocent man, and nobody wants innocent men to be convicted. On the other hand, the innumerable precautions against mistakes of that sort were devised in times when innocence was often endangered by power, and their survival at present, when that danger is practically non-existent, serves to make almost as nearly impossible—at any rate, to make extremely difficult—the conviction of the guilty, and not a few of them escape punishment altogether because of that survival.

Incidentally, these cases throw some light on the wisdom of those who demand, as a cure for crime, the enactment of laws imposing heavier penalties for any offense that happens to be frequent. Murder already is penalized as heavily as it can be, and yet the murders continue, and seemingly they increase in number and atrocity. Justice should be swift and sure, not savage, and juries are far less likely to convict when conviction means a sentence they think barbarous than when the punishment is milder.

Such Folk Do Need Explaining.

According to frequent assertion and common belief, it takes all sorts of people to make a world. The necessity is not obvious or very easily demonstrable, but perhaps it does exist, and, if so, one is not left without an explanation—than which hardly anything is more painful—for the existence of such people as those over in Paterson of whom was told yesterday a tale about their treatment of a dog.

Perhaps the tale was not fully or correctly told, and there may have been mitigating, even exculpating, circumstances, but as it stood it—well, it gave utility to the old saying as to the need of all sorts.

The dog, judging from his picture in The World, is an amiable and estimable collie, deserving a better name than Jack. The only charge against him is that he is growing old. For that semblance or mockery of a reason he was given to a woman living twenty miles away. After two years he came back and was found lying on the steps of the house he still regarded as home. Naturally, he was not any younger than when he went away, but he was glad to see his former friends, as in his dim dog's mind he thought them, and confidently expected to be taken in and made much of because of his proved fidelity. Instead, he was sent away to the dog pound, where there is a lethal chamber.

There are people—a different kind of people—in Paterson to whom it seems hard that Jack should be in the pound, and they are trying to save him from the lethal chamber into which he soon will go if they cannot find another home for him—a home where dogs good enough to give away are not scorned because they are not as playful as they were when puppies.

If the story of Jack is true, it needs no comment, no exclamations. If it is not true, it should not have been told at a time when, without it, the world is a place sufficiently saddening.

Preferences Are Not Decisive.

Governor MILLER is not eager for re-election. He says that a judicial position, rather than an executive one, pleases him, and he wishes himself back on the bench. The preference is understandable enough in a man with a mind that is naturally more judicial than executive, but the Governor has the ability required for the successful performance of both kinds of duties, and he should be philosopher enough not to mind the unsuccessful lack of such amenities and reverences as he knew when a Judge.

He hears harsh things said about him now by politicians who are not want to choose their words with care, nor he must know that the bad names heaped upon him by his opponents are not meant in deadly earnest. They are merely a part of the game as it is played. As for listening to pleas in behalf of condemned and guilty murderers, that is unpleasant, of course, but somebody must do it, and, after all, it doesn't take up much of a Governor's time.

Good Governors are harder to find than good Judges, and to be a good Governor creates an obligation to remain one if the voters permit it. Sometimes they will, at least they should have a chance to do so.

ELIMINATE THE REVOLVER.

Disarm Schoolboys and Others for Society's Protection.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

How long is this so-called crime wave to be tolerated? When will its ever-increasing volume be checked? The answer, of course, is impossible to be approximated just so long as the present methods of dealing with the situation are adhered to. You have noticed that in all the hold-ups and murders connected with them the revolver has been ever-present. That deadly weapon is very easily procured. Hardware stores, pawnbroker shops, mail order houses sell them. The comparative ease with which the unlawful element can obtain firearms is, to my mind, the chief cause for the continued taking of life.

Eliminate the revolver! Therein lies the most practicable method of curbing the crime wave, this cancer of society. Let there be an immediate nation-wide confiscation of all stocks of firearms; let those business concerns that incur a loss thereby be compensated; let the manufacture of such articles be strictly regulated and supervised by governmental means, permitting only the various police departments to distribute the deadly weapons to those lawfully entitled to them.

The United States has taken steps to limit national armaments for international purposes. True charity beginning at home, why not insure the safety of the lives and property of its individual citizens? I. W. NADLER.

Ithaca, N. Y., Jan. 9, 1922.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read your editorial, "The Murderous Weapon," with keen interest.

I am not at all surprised at the growing tendency of the American youth and young men to be possessed of firearms. If an order were issued by the Department of Education or the Board of Education to frisk the American scholars and schoolboys of the various schools in the City of New York, a great collection of weapons, toy pistols and real pistols would be found on their persons.

It seems that the tendency of the time is for each boy attending public school to be possessed of some sort of a weapon, and it all depends upon the character of the neighborhood in which the boy lives of what sort of a weapon he is possessed; and as he grows up into young manhood he takes it upon himself to have the real murderous weapon, and I dare say that the parents of such children are responsible for the great number of petty crimes that are committed, owing to the fact that the parents themselves purchase these weapons and give them to the children, and wink at a child having a toy pistol or other dangerous weapon.

If the public authorities who are charged with the enforcement of the law would like to rid the city of the tendency on the part of the youth to become a desperado, they should make a begining in the public schools. This morning, as I was going up Broadway, near Ninety-fifth Street, two boys had toy pistols. They met a third boy, and pulled their toy pistols on him, and he flashed a revolver.

I think that the editorial of your paper should be published broadcast, and I think that the law should be made more stringent or else repealed in its entirety so as to permit an honest citizen to protect himself against desperadoes without being guilty of any violation of law. JACOB I. WIENER.

New York, Jan. 10, 1922.

The Late Thaddeus Stevens.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent editorial on the devotion to his public duties shown by the late Senator Penrose, when mortally ill, you mention John C. Calhoun of South Carolina as the only other member of Congress with similar conception of his duty when hopelessly ill. I write for the purpose of calling the attention of your readers to the same spirit shown by the late Thaddeus Stevens of Pennsylvania.

A few days before the death of Mr. Stevens the Republican members of the Committee on Elections of the House were told of a threatened filibuster which might result when the committee should bring in its report on a certain contested election case. Precautions were taken to head off the threatened revolt by bringing to the House all members who would by their votes sustain the committee. Mr. Stevens, although dangerously ill, was carried to the Capitol in a reclining chair.

When he was brought on to the floor of the House the clerk was calling the roll on a motion to sustain the report of the Committee on Elections. Before the confusion made by bringing in the Congressman and his chair had subsided the name of Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia, which immediately preceded his, was called. The Congressman was somewhat confused, and, turning to his colleague, William S. Kelly of Pennsylvania, he inquired: "Bill, I know that this is a contested election case, but which is out—Democrat?" BENJAMIN F. MCGREW.

Passaic, N. J., Jan. 6, 1922.

Runaway Trolleys.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Barroll's letter which you printed is a very valuable one, on the subject of stopping a runaway trolley car by converting the motor into a generator.

One point I wish Mr. Barroll had made clearer, that is, after the circuit breaker (is this the same as the fuse switch?) has been tripped, in order to operate the reverse handle is it not necessary again to replace the circuit breaker so that the current will have a circuit? JAMES F. FERRELL.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 11, 1922.

THE NEW ERA.

The human sea was calm; life jogged along
On every continent with careless step;
The peoples toiled and built the house of wealth.
Like Babel, to the skies; but nations groaned
Beneath the load of armament, and paid,
With angry murmurs, treasures manifold
For wars born in the past, and wars to come.
Full sudden fell the bolts the incensed gods
Who saw their altars desolate and bare
Rose in high wrath, and called the Destinies
To wreak their vengeance. Wildly raged the storm;
The world that plodded wearily through space
Shuddered, and supped with War; old dynasties
Were toppled headlong in a red abyss;
One only shot that sank a vessel cost
The guiltiest all—crown, sceptre, millions, fame.
Lands home and overseas, hope—everything!
The moral issue won, and they who braved
The conscience of the world abide in pain.
And weep, and wail, and, snarling, gnash their teeth.
To better things moves on the world, its heart
As shelter rides in bay of Peace; it sees
Beside it stretch a landing place and road
Imperiled with light, and feels that it no more
Must live forsaken by divinities.
ALFRED A. FURMAN.

WIDENER BUYS BACCHANAL.

Acquires 15th Century Painting at a Price Well Into Six Figures.

Another famous painting of the Venetian school of the fifteenth century has been acquired by Joseph E. Widener of Philadelphia, who has spent millions on his gallery in the last few years. His new acquisition is called the "Bacchanal," and was begun under the direction of Bellini, and probably finished by his famous pupil Titian. The price runs into the hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Mr. Widener confirmed the report of his purchase yesterday when THE TIMES asked him about it by telephone, and said that the famous painting already had been placed in his gallery in his home in Philadelphia. He said that he did not wish to mention the price paid for the picture, but pointed out that it was one of the noted canvases from the brush of the famous masters and of great value because of that.

The painting was brought to this country more than two years ago and was exhibited in 1920 at the semi-centennial exhibition of the Metropolitan Museum of Art. In the Museum Gallery there it attracted the attention of thousands of visitors. It was then in the possession of Carl W. Hamilton of 270 Park Avenue.

Bellini received an order for the painting in the fifteenth century from the Duke of Ferrara. The famous painter then had under his tutelage several students who became noted, and credit for assistance on the "Bacchanal" is given to two of them. Some investigators have given to Basaiti part of the honor for executing the original idea of Bellini for the "Bacchanal."

Titian finished the painting after the death of Bellini, according to those who have studied the history of the canvas, so that this single picture bears the impress of the brush of two of the greatest masters of their era. Experts say that it bears the marks of the personality of both.

From Italy the painting passed to the possession of the Dukes of Northumberland, and for many years was in their castle at Alnwick. It finally passed out of the possession of the Percy family and was brought to this country by a dealer, who placed it in the keeping of Mr. Hamilton.

For several months art dealers in this city have heard rumors that the picture was to be taken by Mr. Widener, and they looked upon the consummation of this deal as the beginning of one of the important sales since the flow of great masters started again to this country after the end of the war.

Mr. Widener himself said that he regarded the picture as one of the most important in his collection, and as sharing first importance among his purchases of the last year with only two other canvases—the two Yousseupoff Rembrandts. It was reported that he paid about $750,000 for the Rembrandts.

"I don't want the price to overshadow the great artistic importance of this painting," said Mr. Widener. "It is of great artistic value and merit, and I hope that I will be able to show it to many persons."

The painting is one of the large canvases of Bellini. It represents a wooded land scene, with many figures on its bright canvas. A cliff towers above a wealth of foliage. The reclining figure of a woman, surrounded by a group of maidens, occupies the right of the canvas, and the figures of men also are in its broad stretches.

ART NOTES.

The Late John Mack's Collection of Furniture on View.

Furniture at the American Art Galleries this week means art. The collection of the late John Mack of Albany is on view, and the character of the early American and English pieces brought together in a varied yet homogeneous group is fine enough to justify the enthusiasm they unquestionably will arouse.

There are many pleasant objects, clocks, statuary, early Staffordshire and Worcester, Sheffield plate and Georgian silver, with two silver wine ewers of American make and superlative quality; but the importance of the collection lies chiefly in the furniture and rugs. The furniture expodially is of the type for which one now searches in vain where once it appeared, if not in profusion, at least in comfortable quantity. Chairs, tables and mirrors divide the honors.

A Chippendale armchair of the early period has a note in the catalogue to the effect that Chippendale probably made it himself, but whether he did make this or any other existing chair, he certainly would not have been ashamed to have so beautiful a piece of workmanship credited to him. A three-back settee of the Gothic Chippendale period is another fine piece, and there are sideboards and bureaus that show admirable discretion in the use of serpentine curves. An American eighteenth century sideboard is notable for the splendor of the markings in the mahogany. The wood is remarkably fine in most of the examples, especially in the beds where the broad headboard spaces reveal the grain effectively.

In the section of rugs the most interesting and unusual specimens are the Spanish weavings of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, gay in color, intricate in pattern and mellow in tone.

WHISTLER SALE NETS $4,958

Letter Declining to Exhibit at World's Fair Sells for $275.

Items relating to or by James A. McN. Whistler, owned by the late William Heinemann of London and Miss Susan Mims of Boston, Mass., brought $4,958.50 at the American Art Galleries yesterday. W. W. Seaman, agent, gave $800 for "The Etched Work of Whistler," by Edward G. Kennedy, one of 402 copies printed at the De Vinne Press. He also paid $100 for an autographed letter by Whistler, dated Paris, May 2, 1893, referring to Oscar Wilde.

A letter by Whistler, Paris, 1892, declining to exhibit at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, went to James F. Drake for $275.

VIENNA FEARS ART SALES.

Names Metropolitan Museum in Appeal—No Overtures, Says De Forest.

VIENNA, Jan. 13.—The Wiener Mittag calls upon art lovers to protect Vienna's famous collections. It declares that the Metropolitan Museum of Art at New York has made overtures for the purchase of the ancient sculptures in the Cathedral of St. Stephen; also for the celebrated collection of medieval sculptures, pictures and other art objects at the Abbey of St. Florian.

Robert W. De Forest, President of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, said yesterday there was no truth in reports that the museum had made overtures for the art collections at the Cathedral of St. Stephen and the Abbey of St. Florian.

TO EQUALIZE SHIP RATES.

Marine Interests Endeavor to Bring Order Out of Chaos on the Pacific.

An international committee made up of American, British and Japanese shipping interests on the Pacific was created yesterday to bring about a fair and uniform shipping rate for the Pacific. This action was taken at one of several conferences of shipping interests held here, with the object of upbuilding trade. Those present at the meeting were W. J. Love, Vice President, and W. E. Keene, manager of the Traffic Department of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and Pacific shipping men at the offices of the United States Shipping Board, 45 Broadway.

Competition of lines to the Orient has created a perplexing rate problem for American business. It was said, and the new committee will endeavor to bring order out of chaos.

Representatives of all lines interested in the northward movement of Brazilian coffee met Mr. Love and Mr. Keene in the morning to bring about the stabilization of ocean freight rates for Brazilian coffee.

CITY'S FREE ART SHOW OPEN TONIGHT

American Artists Exhibit 170 Paintings in Municipal Gallery in Irving Place.

SCENES MAINLY AMERICAN

Alphaeus P. Cole's "Red Cross Work Room" and W. Turney's "The Quarry" Among Gems.

New York's only art exhibition which is free to the people and open to them evenings as well as by day, that under the Association for Culture, begins its ninth annual exhibition in the Municipal Art Gallery, Washington Irving Building, 40 Irving Place, this evening, and the public is invited to be present from 8 to 10:30.

There is a fine American atmosphere about the exhibition. It is the work of American artists, with the brilliancy of light and color with which many people now believe the American artist leads the modern art world. It is composed largely of American subjects and comes directly from the studios of the artists to be seen by the American people. There are some 170 numbers, and of these only two paintings are loaned by an owner, and a group of foreign etchings by different artists, shown in a case by itself, has a little history of its own.

Pictures are of all sizes, not many of them large, but of the kind that are pleasing in the American homes of today, which have most of them no large spaces. The artists are most of them the younger men and well known from their exhibitions in other places.

One of the largest of the paintings is Alphaeus P. Cole's "Red Cross Work Room," whose name tells its story, a large cross shining softly red in the background and white robed, white capped women, with earnest faces, at work. Mr. Cole has among other pictures a portrait of his wife. A picture full of color and sunlight is Winthrop Turney's "The Quarry," with its ground of solid rock in many colors, ranging from rich orange to delicate purple. The empty quarry in front is filled with light and at one side a couple of saruba, a little distance apart, have found the only real soil in the barren waste and are growing healthily green.

"Bohemian Landscape," one of the loaned paintings, is a picture of wide spaces, with a shallow-sided, deep-roofed house in the foreground. "The Gulls at Desolate Island, Me.," is one of a widely differing lot of pictures shown by William Starkweather, who has a case of small paintings of unusual merit. An amusing small picture by him is "An Artist Painting Washington Square," its chief feature the picturesque backs of the assisting children.

"The Café Terrace," by Robert Henri, is one of the few foreign scenes, but set in Arizona in a soft haze of red tones by William Leigh; "The Necklace" of Arthur B. Friedlander, a pretty young woman handling a pearl necklace, is a strong contrast to the more solidly painted picture by Cole, fruit and a pretty girl, "Red Apples." "Black Boats" is one of a number of interesting pictures by Morris Hall Pancoast. A seated picture of a young woman with a garden background by Frank H. Desch, and a fine "Still Life," both by L. Huber.

"Sand Barges" and "The Barge Dock" are a couple of worth-while water scenes by Leander Leitner, who has exhibits on both floors of the exhibition. Agnes Richmond shows a number of portraits with landscape backgrounds, and "Maine Woods," is a pleasing woodland scene by M. J. Goldsmith, who makes painting an avocation quite aside from his regular professional work. A delightful small painting shown in a case by itself, the second prize "Maternal Joy," a mother and child, by Eugene Higgins. A delightful little nude in the same case, and which may be either a sketch or an etching, is by Xavier J. Barile. A composition which is unusual is "Out Into the Beyond," by James Weiland. It shows in the foreground a simple room, a wooden table of simplest line and one chair. A broad open door lets in a flood of sunlight upon the floor. The blue of the ocean is just without, and one can almost feel the freshness of the air.

Mme. Clara Ruge of the Department of Art of the Association for Culture is in charge of the exhibition, which will continue through Feb. 26, and is open daily from 10 to 5 P. M., evenings from 7 to 10 and Sundays 2 to 5 and 7 to 10.

OHIO TO USE OHIO COAL.

Governor Asks People to Burn Their State's Product to Aid Miners.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 13.—Governor Davis in a proclamation today urged Ohio people to burn Ohio mined coal in an effort to alleviate suffering and privation among miners, many of whom, with their families, are reported to be on the brink of starvation, through enforced idleness.

The Governor requests Mayors and heads of other political subdivisions to inaugurate a policy of using Ohio coal only for all fuel needs of public agencies under their direction and to recommend to the public a similar course in order that work may be provided for the idle miners of the State. Chamber of Commerce organizations and similar bodies are also requested to use their influence to impress upon the minds of the public the urgency of the request.

"There are 375,000 people in Ohio who are directly dependent upon coal mining as a livelihood," the proclamation says. "In some districts coal miners have not had a day's work for over six months, in that time, the longest period of employment any miner has enjoyed has hardly exceeded thirty days."

Ohio consumes annually an average of 65,000,000 tons of coal. Yet during 1921 the people of Ohio bought only 31,000,000 tons of this home produced coal—going outside the State for more than half of their requirements.

SEASIDE HOME PRAISED.

Lieut. Gov. Wood Compliments Miss

OLD GUARD DANCES FOR THE 96TH TIME

Delegates to Arms Conference Among Several Thousand at the Commodore.

MAJ. SNYDER LEADS MARCH

Trophies Won at Rifle Range by Connecticut Governor's Foot Guards and Old Guard Presented.

The ninety-sixth annual reception and ball of the Old Guard was held last night in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Commodore. There were several thousand in attendance and the guests of honor included some of the delegates to the Arms Conference in Washington, D. C., and members of the different embassy staffs, also foreign military officers.

The ballroom was elaborately decorated, and an unusual feature at this year's ball was that the list of box holders was made up largely of military organizations. Among the local organizations which occupied boxes were the Ninth Coast Artillery, the Seventy-First Infantry and the Fourteenth and Twenty-Third of Brooklyn, which had their boxes decorated with their regimental emblems. The boxes set aside for the foreign dignitaries were designated by their national colors.

The general dancing started about 10 o'clock, and at midnight the military march was held, led by Major Edward Havemeyer Snyder, the Commandant. In this march, as in former years, delegations representing the famous veteran organizations from different parts of the country wore their multi-colored dress uniforms.

Following the grand march the Governor's Foot Guards of Connecticut received from Major Snyder the Old Guard veteran trophy, which was won last Summer by the Foot Guards at the Sea Girt, N. J., rifle range. At the same time Major John L. Gilson, commander of the Foot Guards, presented to the Old Guard the trophy this organization won. These trophies are shot for each year by organizations all over the United States and remain the property of the winner for one year.

The ball this year was in charge of a committee headed by Major Snyder, Captain William A. Damer, Captain John Bene, Major Charles A. DuBois, Sergeant Major MacNichols, Lieutenant Werden and Captain William Grant Cook.

DEBUTANTES' DANCES BRING OUT THE YOUNG

Parties for Miss Kate B. Darlington, Bishop's Daughter, and Miss Margaret Power.

There were several dances last evening for debutantes and as many more for the older girls.

Mrs. Charles F. King gave a small and informal dance last evening at her residence, 7 East Fifty-first Street, for Miss Kate Brampton Darlington, the younger daughter of Bishop James Henry Darlington and Mrs. Darlington of Harrisburg, Pa. The guests, perhaps 150 in all, were the debutante friends of Miss Darlington and there were no married people aside from the immediate relatives of the hostess and the debutante. There was a buffet supper at midnight.

Mrs. Peter Larson entertained at her residence, 1,041 Fifth Avenue, with a dance for her niece, Miss Margaret Power. Many of the season's buds were asked and a number of the young married set. The guests included the Misses Constance Banks, Martha Ottley, Helen L. Rice, Frances McCoon, Nina Chatillon, Cecelia Banks, Marguerite Jurgensen, Margaret Hennessy, who gave a dinner before the dance, Diana Dalzell, Kathryn Slayback, Beatrice Bayne, Jean Douglas, Marie Lamarche, Dorothy Rose, Margaret Gilbert, Julia Fincke, Elisabeth Cawthra, Katherine Leslie, Betty Jackson, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Margery Andrews, Dorothy Brown, Virginia Fox, Elinor Cochran Stewart, Virginia Ryan, Agnes Salembier, Margaret Schniewind, Eleanor Francke, May S. Yeomans, Helen Kessler, Marguerite Doubleday, Marie Louise Delafield, Mary Hughes, Mary Osgood Field, Marie Norton, Catherine Okie, Edith Smedberg, Helen Bull, Beatrice Bayne, Mr. and Mrs. Van Henry Cartmell Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Dorland Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. David Tuttle, Mrs. Burton, Mr. and Mrs. John McCormack, Major J. Ronald McCrindle, R. A. F. and Mrs. McCrindle.

A dance for the older girls and young married people was the first for this season of the seniors, which was held at the Plaza. Mrs. J. Horton Ijams was in charge of the dances and among the subscribers who were present were Mr. and Mrs. Leigh Hill French, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. Elliot Cobb, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon H. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Crittenden Adams, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. B. Darlington, Mr. and Mrs. Lauren Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Browning, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Dickinson and Mr. and Mrs. John M. Ballentine.

MISS ALICE DEAN ENGAGED.

To Wed Robert R. Livingston of Clermont Next Month.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip S. Dean of 780 Park Avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alice Delafield Dean, to Robert R. Livingston, the son of Mrs. Robert R. Livingston, of Northwood, Clermont, Columbia County, N. Y., and 11 Washington Square, this city.

Miss Dean is related to the Delafields and the late Bishop Henry C. Potter family. She was graduated from Miss Masters' School and attended Smith and Barnard.

Mr. Livingston, who is a brother of Mrs. Howard S. Davis and a nephew of T. Suffern Tailer, Edward de Peyster Livingston and Goodhue Livingston, and a grandson of the late Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Tailer, is a great, great grandson of Chancellor Robert R. Livingston of Clermont. He is a Princeton graduate, Class of 1910, and later was graduated from the Columbia Law School. He served eighteen months overseas as a lieutenant with the A. E. F. and the Army of Occupation.

The wedding will take place late in February.

MRS. FROTHINGHAM TO WED.

New York Divorcee, 48, and W. T. Andrews of Boston, 65, Get License.

William Turrell Andrews of 3 Park Street, Boston, and Mrs. Gwendolyn Davison Frothingham of this city, obtained a marriage license yesterday at the Municipal Building. In making application for the license Mrs. Frothingham gave her age as 48 and her residence as Rock Point, Mass. She stated that she received a divorce from Dr. Richard Frothingham, formerly of 344 West Seventy-second Street, on Christmas Day, in Salem, Mass., on charges of desertion. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davison.

Mr. Andrews gave his age as 65 and his occupation as trustee.

The marriage is to take place in this city in February.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Percy Hamilton Stewart of 908 Park Avenue, who has been abroad for the last three months, is arriving today on the Paris.

Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin Jr. has come from Middleburg, Va., and is at the Chatham.

Mrs. George A. Pope of San Francisco, who is passing the Winter at the Plaza, gave a luncheon yesterday at the hotel for Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt.

Frank B. Wiborg and Miss Mary Hoyt Wiborg of 33 Fifth Avenue are in Washington, D. C., for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Lamont of 49 East Sixty-fifth Street are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Davison at Locust Valley, L. I., for the week-end.

Mrs. Henry M. Robertson and Miss Lily F. Robertson have taken an apartment at the Thorndyke for the remainder of the Winter.

Mrs. William Ives Washburn Jr. opened her home at 18 Lexington Avenue yesterday afternoon for an illustrated lecture on modern French music by Miss Jeanne de Mare.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Rutherford have arrived from their country place near Warwick, N. Y., and are at the Vanderbilt prior to leaving for the South.

Mrs. Henry P. Russell of 45 East Sixty-third Street entertained at luncheon yesterday at Pierre's. Among the guests were the Misses Muriel Vanderbilt, Millicent Rogers and Katharine Amory.

Mr. and Mrs. James P. Vogel of Tuxedo Park are at the Lorraine for a visit.

Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting of 24 East Seventy-second Street is giving a small dance this evening for her granddaughter, Miss Iris Cutting.

Dr. and Mrs. Virgil P. Gibney will give a reception this afternoon at their home, 16 Park Avenue, to introduce their daughter, Miss Susan A. Gibney.

Miss Frances May Williamson and Colonel Lloyd Collis will be married this afternoon in St. Paul's Chapel, Columbia University.

Mrs. Adolf Pavenstedt gave a luncheon yesterday at the St. Regis. Among her guests were Mrs. Minturn Pinchot, Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Charles R. Beekman and A. M. Bagby.

Mrs. Jules S. Bache will entertain at dinner on Monday evening, taking her guests afterward to the opening of the supper dances at the Colony Restaurant, Madison Avenue and Sixty-first Street. Mr. and Mrs. Lydig Hoyt and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Frelinghuysen will also entertain there that evening.

Colonel John W. Joyes, U. S. A., has come from Washington, D. C., and is at the Astor.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Whiton entertained Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon and Mrs. Herman Frasch, Mrs. Whiton's mother, at dinner at Sherry's last evening.

Mrs. J. Francis A. Clark will give a dinner for Priscilla, Countess of Annesley, on Tuesday next at her residence, 1,014 Fifth Avenue.

RICHARD CROKER ILL, DAUGHTER AT SIDE

Gallstones, Wife Cables Friends Here, but Adds No Operation Is Anticipated.

SOME IMPROVEMENT SHOWN

Message Causes Renewed Apprehension—Illness Ascribed to Irish Situation.

Friends of Richard Croker, former Tammany Chieftain, were much concerned yesterday over a cablegram received by John M. Riehle, former President of the National Democratic Club, from Mrs. Beulah Benton Edmondson Croker, telling of the illness of her husband. The cablegram was dated Dublin, Jan. 13, 1922, and read:

"Mr. Croker suffering from gallstones. Dr. Lennon, family physician, and Surgeon Sir Thomas Myles in attendance. Daughter Florence also with her father. Some improvement. No operation anticipated."

Mr. Riehle said he had not made any inquiry concerning Mr. Croker's condition, and was at a loss to explain the cablegram except on the theory that Mrs. Croker wished to have her husband's friends here notified that he was again ill.

Mr. Croker is 81 years old, and some of his friends here said they had understood the decision not to have an operation, mentioned in Mrs. Croker's cablegram, was caused by his age.

Mr. Croker first was reported ill early in December. The alarm among his old associates here was somewhat allayed when further reports made it clear that the ex-chieftain was suffering not with any necessarily serious malady but with gallstones. There soon followed news that he was much improved, and just before Christmas he was able to sit up and to send a message to this country.

The cablegram received yesterday caused renewed apprehension, because those familiar with the nature of attacks due to gallstones feared that continued suffering would tell heavily on a man of Mr. Croker's age. At the same time they regarded it as improbable that the attending surgeons would dare risk an anesthetic to render him surgical aid.

Satisfaction was expressed that peace in Ireland had dawned while Mr. Croker was still able to appreciate what had happened. Curiously, Mr. Croker's illness was attributed indirectly to the disturbed condition of Ireland when he arrived there, having sailed from this country late in October.

Martial law in force when he reached the other side resulted in a ban on landing passengers at Queenstown. Mr. Croker and his wife therefore had to go to Liverpool and from there to Holyhead. It was reported that, having arrived late at night, they were compelled to wait some time on a drafty pier while their luggage was examined. This exposure, it was said, was the immediate cause of the aged man's illness.

One of Mr. Croker's last acts before leaving New York last Fall was to express forgiveness for his children, whom previously he had denounced as ingrates because they tried to have him adjudged incompetent. The fight with his children involved the handling of some $2,000,000 of property. Croker fought so vigorously that the Court adjudged him fully competent.

Mrs. Ethel Snyder Weds M. C. Beebe

Mrs. Ethel Fairmont Snyder and Murray Charles Beebe were married yesterday afternoon at the Community Church, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, the Rev. John Haynes Holmes officiating.

The bride is the author of "Kindly Verses for Children" and other children's stories, and has also been recently identified with conservation work of animals on the ranges.

Mr. Beebe was formerly a professor at the University of Wisconsin, being at the head of the Department of Electrical Engineering. He is at present with the Wadsworth Watch Case Company of Cincinnati, in which city he and his bride will reside.

Brooks—Goodwin.

Miss Alice Frances Goodwin, daughter of Mrs. Richard de Ameaga, of this city was married to Malcolm Gallup Brooks yesterday at noon, at her home, 107 Riverside Drive.

The bride was formerly of the Chicago Daily News. Mr. Brooks is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Hilton G. Brooks of Chester, Conn., and is a graduate of Yale. He served in the aviation service in France during the war.

Harvard Announces Appointments.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 13.—The appointment of Arthur L. Endicott of Brookline as Bursar of Harvard University was announced today. He will succeed Charles F. Mason, who retired Dec. 1. Announcement was made also that John L. Taylor, Assistant Controller, had been promoted to the new position of Auditor, and that Colonel George E. Bushnell, who is to be in charge of the new military unit in the Harvard Medical School, has been appointed Professor of Military Science and Tactics.

Dodd-Cole Engagement.

Mrs. Eugene R. Burnett of 15 East Fifty-fourth Street and East Hampton, L. I., announces the engagement of her daughter by a former marriage, Mrs. Helen Dodd, to John Nelson Cole, son of the late Rev. John N. Cole, of 120 East Thirtieth Street, formerly of Raleigh, N. C.

STILLMAN'S AGENTS CHECK WIFE'S TRIP

Tabulate Story of Every Witness She Saw on 1,000-Mile Journey Into Wilds.

C. J. SULLIVAN IN MONTREAL

Appellate Division of the Supreme Court Postpones Hearing on Banker's Appeal.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Jan. 13.—With the discovery today that agents for James A. Stillman have been making this city their headquarters for the last week, it was disclosed that a careful check-up has been maintained on the north woods trip of Mrs. Anne Urquhart Stillman. All of the witnesses she interviewed on the expedition of about 1,000 miles in the Province of Quebec and their stories have been tabulated in the files of the attorneys for the banker.

Newspaper men walking along St. Catherine Street this morning unexpectedly ran into a former New York reporter now employed by Nicoll, Anable, Fuller & Sullivan, lawyers of record for Mr. Stillman. He readily admitted he was here on Stillman business, but said his only mission had been to turn over some papers to Napoleon K. Laflamme, a lawyer of Quebec, who has been retained to look after the banker's interests at the hearings.

From another source, however, it was ascertained that Cornelius J. Sullivan had registered at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel here last night, but had checked out soon after. The unverified statement of the former reporter was that Mr. Sullivan had returned to New York City.

Just when the postponed Canadian hearings are to take place is unknown. They will be held in Montreal, but counsel on either side can predict when. According to information here, John F. Brennan, chief of counsel for Mrs. Stillman, will be ill several days, perhaps a week, before appearing before Supreme Court Justice Joseph Morschauser at Poughkeepsie to apply a new commission. The order of Justice Morschauser appointing Eugene H. Godin, K. C., Montreal attorney, to take the Stillman Canadian evidence expires tomorrow. If lawyers for neither side appear, his commission is ended automatically, as the order appointment specified that he should act only until Jan. 14.

Those in touch with the defense said that before Mr. Brennan made any further move toward a commission he would go over the evidence brought back to his office by his assistant, Philip J. O'Brien, who accompanied Mrs. Stillman on her trip. Another reason advanced for probable delay was the illness of John E. Mack of Poughkeepsie, guardian ad litem for Guy Stillman. Mr. Mack was reported to be ill of tonsilitis.

Argument on James A. Stillman's appeal from Justice Morschauser's order allowing Mrs. Anne Urquhart Stillman $7,500 additional counsel fees was adjourned yesterday in the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn until next Friday morning. A crowded calendar made the postponement necessary.

The Stillman case was at the end of the calendar. Just before the time for adjournment Presiding Justice John Blackmar asked opposing counsel how long they needed for their arguments. Almet F. Jenks, for the appellant, said he required half an hour, while John S. Brennan, for Mrs. Stillman, asked for twenty minutes. Both sides agreed to the adjournment of a week.

Mr. Brennan said he would go ahead in a couple of days with his plan to apply for a new commission to take testimony in Montreal. This action was not predicted on the proceedings of yesterday, he said.

Later Mr. Brennan told of having had a conversation with Philip J. O'Brien, who has returned from his Canada trip with Mrs. Stillman. Mr. Brennan said "things look very good." In addition to the thirty-three original witnesses in Canada, seven new ones had been found by Mrs. Stillman and Mr. O'Brien.

HURT, CRAWLS ALL NIGHT IN L. I. TUBE

Brakeman Who Fell From Train Found Unconscious After Fourteen Hours.

After spending hours trying to crawl on his hands and knees to Manhattan through the East River tunnel of the Long Island Railroad with a handicap of three broken ribs, a broken arm and internal injuries, Clifford A. Bliss, a brakeman, was found by a track walker at 9 o'clock yesterday morning in the tunnel about 400 feet west of First Avenue. The track walker hailed a westbound train and Bliss was taken from the Pennsylvania Station to New York Hospital, where his condition last night was said to be serious.

Bliss lives at 84 Georgia Avenue, Brooklyn, and worked in the Sunnyside yards of the Long Island Railroad. He quit work Thursday evening in time to catch the 5:35 "deadhead" train for New York. In a manner he could not explain he fell through a door and besides the tracks soon after the train, running at full speed, entered the tunnel.

How long he lay unconscious he was unable to tell. When he realized what had happened, he started to crawl toward New York, keeping to the narrow space between the third rail and the north wall of the tunnel.

Bliss was unable to signal any of the trains that passed him on his slow and painful journey toward Manhattan. He was lightly clad, and as the night wore on suffered keenly from the cold. Several times during the night he fainted. It took all his will to keep his senses well enough not to fall over on the deadly third rail.

Toward morning he discovered an aperture in the side of the tunnel, into which he crawled. The track walker found him lying there unconscious.

OFFICIALS FIND LESS TAINT IN CITY WATER

Chemical Warfare Against the "Oil Bug's" Flavors Halted for Laboratory Tests.

ONLY ONE COMPLAINT MADE

Copper Sulphate Experiments at Ashokan Reservoir May Be Resumed Tomorrow.

The results of the chemical warfare at Ashokan reservoir against the "oil bug," or Synura, now tainting the city water supply with various disagreeable flavors, were studied yesterday at Hillview reservoir by officials of the Department of Water Supply. This is nearly a hundred miles south of the point of attack. Those who sampled the water agreed that the taste imparted by the Synura was less pronounced than before the experiments.

Nevertheless, the use of chemicals to kill the Synura at Ashokan was discontinued for the time being, and will not be renewed until the opinion of those who noticed improvement in the water at Hillview has been confirmed by laboratory tests, which will be made today.

The observations at Hillview reservoir were conducted throughout the day by Dr. C. F. Hale, Director of Laboratories for the department, and W. W. Brush, Chief Engineer. Their point of observation was just north of Van Cortlandt Park and the northern city line.

The water affected by the introduction of copper sulphate below the Ashokan reservoir began to pour into Hillview reservoir at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. The sulphate had been used the night before. Mr. Brush said last night:

"The situation is this: The flavor imparted by the Synura is very slight, or rather, mild in the water affected by the tests at Ashokan reservoir. There is less taste in the water throughout the city. I noticed the taste was much fainter when I sampled the water at my house in Clinton Street, Brooklyn, this morning."

Mr. Brush said the experiments with the copper sulphate had been suspended after sixteen hours, as a precaution against sending into the city too large a quantity of water before the results of the experiments were better known.

Persons curious to see the things that are giving the variety of flavors to city water, may go to the American Museum of Natural History and look at the enlarged model of a colony of the "bugs" which are responsible. A Tuft-like growth, colony of the tiny organisms, which are known as Synura is on view. It numbers about fifty individuals.

JAZZ NOT TO DOMINATE MEN'S GARB THIS YEAR

Intended Only for the Frivolous, Retailers and Designers Say—Sport Garment Favored.

While there was no official endorsement of jazz clothes for men at the first open meeting of the National Association of Retail Clothiers and the International Association of Clothing Designers at the Hotel McAlpin yesterday, they were much in evidence and occupied a prominent place among the exhibits in the ballroom. Many members of the organizations asserted, however, that these models would not be popular with the conservative man. They were designed, it was explained, for the more frivolous and young men who favor the high waist line, the long coat and fancy lapel and pocket effects.

No longer is there to be a floundering about for ideas in men's fashions. The retail clothiers have evolved the idea of sending questionnaires to their salesmen throughout the country on the demands among their customers, and the responses are taken up by a Styles Committee. This year's styles are the result of this new plan. According to a statement issued by this committe yesterday male attire for the Spring and Summer of 1922 will contain sport and novelty effects.

"The sport garment has become the recognized necessity," according to the statement, "for golf and motoring, owing to the present era being distinctly toward outdoor life necessitating clothes in conformity with such trend. The tendency of colorings will be light gray and tan in club checks, herringbones and tweeds, which lend themselves particularly to this type of garment. Trousers for young men will be along straighter lines, with larger knees and wider bottoms.

MRS. HARDING NOT TO COME

Mrs. Coolidge Will Represent Her at Big Party Here Today.

The Woman's National Republican Club received a telephone call from the White House yesterday, conveying the regrets of Mrs. Warren G. Harding, wife of the President, at her inability to attend the club's anniversary party at the Hotel Biltmore at noon today. Mrs. Harding said she had asked Mrs. Calvin Coolidge to represent her at the luncheon. The wife of the Vice President arrived here last night.

Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore, President of the club, will preside at the luncheon, which will be attended by more than 1,000 women. Among the guests and speakers will be John T. Adams, Chairman of the Republican National Committee; Mrs. Leonard G. Wood, Vice Chairman; Mrs. Elinor Franklin Egan, member of the Advisory Committee; Mrs. Medill McCormick of Chicago; Miss Alice D. Robertson, Representative in Congress from Oklahoma; Mrs. Nathan L. Miller, Mrs. John T. Adams, Mrs. Jeremiah Wood, George A. Glynn, Republican State Chairman; Charles D. Hilles and James R. Sheffield.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some of the passengers booked to sail today for Liverpool via Queenstown, on the Baltic, are the Rev. Francis Barnett, Mrs. Dana D. Barnum, A. E. Bell, Sir Arthur Shirley Benn, Lady Benn, Elmer A. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Fred C. Bush, J. A. Cameron, W. H. Carr, Admiral Chatfield, the Rev. John F. Cherry, A. L. G. Dotz, Mr. and Mrs John W. Gamble, Major and Mrs. J. S. O. Marriott, Major C. J. G. and Mrs. Marriott, Mrs. W. Kew Wellington Koo, R. C. Hamiltons, the Rev. Thomas Hazard, R. H. Perrine, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Reid, J. G. Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Tinsley, Count Wachmeister, Arthur Vincent, Charles H. Woodbury, Colonel W. E. Wood, Colonel W. H. Owen, Mr. and Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. John Lyman and Henry Holden.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday from Liverpool and Queenstown on the Megantic were Ernest Bartlett, John Bailey, D. F. Christian, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Broder, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Faulkner, Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Harris, John Hedley, Mrs. C. E. Noble, Owen Percy, W. F. Roberts, Brig. Gen. W. F. Sweney, C. M. G., D. S. O., A. R. Watson, Ernest E. Weston and Mr. and Mrs. T. van der Weide.

Orduna (Hamburg, Southampton, Cherbourg)—W. G. Austin, E. M. Fowler, C. Forbes, Miss A. C. Claude, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Greenland, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jones, R. Rose, Mrs. M. Russell, J. Walker and Mr. and Mrs. Treblicock and Miss Gladys Treblicock.

$75,000 TO FIGHT NEW SCARLET FEVER PERIL

Disease Nearly Tripled in 1921, Says Copeland, Reporting 610 More Cases.

The Board of Estimate yesterday granted Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, an appropriation of $75,000 to employ additional physicians, nurses and inspectors in connection with an unusual number of scarlet fever cases in the city and to take precautions against the possible recurrence of an epidemic of infantile paralysis, which usually runs in cycles of five or six years.

"We sent inspectors into Queens, where they unexpectedly discovered thirty cases," said Dr. Copeland. "In 1920 there were 6,855 cases of scarlet fever here, and 13,880 in 1921. Today 610 cases were reported as compared with 780 cases the same day last year. On Thursday 540 cases were reported, as compared with 602 a year ago."

Dr. Copeland said part of the appropriation would be spent for laboratory study of scarlet fever and infantile paralysis in an attempt to seek the origin of these diseases. He said he expected an increase in the number of infantile paralysis cases next Summer.

Dr. Copeland said two cases of typhus fever had been reported here. Commenting upon a reported increase of influenza in Great Britain, he said no increase had been noted here, although pneumonia cases attributable to weather conditions had increased.

EX-SENATOR MILLARD DEAD.

Nebraska Representative From 1901 to 1907 Was Omaha Banker.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 13.—Former United States Senator Joseph H. Millard of Nebraska died, following an attack of heart disease, in the offices of the Nebraska Power and Light Company here late today.

Mr. Millard was born in Hamilton, Canada, in April, 1836, of American parents. Since 1856 a resident of Omaha, he rose from a store clerkship, and various minor bank positions, to the Presidency of the Omaha National Bank, holding the office from 1887 to 1920. He was associated with the Union Pacific for thirteen years, six as a Government director, seven as a director. He was a Republican member of the Senate from 1901 to 1907. His first savings of $100 he invested in two city lots at Seventeenth and Farnam Streets, in Omaha, and thirty years later sold them to the New York Life Insurance Company for $200,000.

Charles B. Richter Exonerated.

An indictment against Charles B. Richter, a former Lieutenant in the navy, was dismissed yesterday by Judge Talley in General Sessions, and the defendant was discharged. Richter, who is a salesman, of 608 West 179th Street, was arrested on a charge of suspicion of robbery, following an investigation of a hold-up of members in the Neptune Association, who were robbed of $250 while playing cards on the fourteenth floor of the Park Row Building at 13 Park Row. The jury failed to agree at the recent trial of Richter.

Obituary Notes.

DAVID MORGAN HOLMES, for half a century Warden and Vestryman of All Angels' Church, died Thursday at his home, 106 West Seventy-eighth Street. He was a Republican Alderman for two years. He was 78 years old.

EDWARD H. BURRIS, retired farmer and oldest white resident of Sussex County, Del., died Thursday, aged 96.

ANDERSON HARVEY TYSON, a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, died Thursday at Glen Ridge, N. J. He was 63 years old.

Mrs. LYDIA WINTER, whose living descendants aggregate seventy-nine and include four generations, died yesterday at her home in Flushing, aged 90.

Mrs. HENRIETTA ADDISON WHEATLEY, wife of Major Walter K. Wheatley, died Thursday at 324 West 103d Street. In the World War she served in the Statistical Department of the Marine Corps in Washington.

FLAVIUS O. BEAL, nine times Mayor of Bangor, Me., and founder of the Eastern Maine Music Festival, died yesterday in Bangor, aged 80.

WILLIAM G. BOYCE, veteran doorman of the Longacre Theatre, and widely known among theatrical people, died yesterday, in his 80th year.

Born.

DEUTSCH—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick J. Deutsch, 1,063 Crotona Av., announce arrival on Thursday, Jan. 12, a daughter, Babette.

MEYER—Mr. and Mrs. Irving Meyer (nee Mildred Driesen) of 644 Riverside Drive wish to announce the birth of a son, on Friday evening, Jan. 13.

ROBINSON—Jan. 11, to Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Robinson (nee Mabel Scheuer), a daughter; Long Island College Hospital.

Confirmation.

RAPOPORT—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rapoport announce the bar mitzvah of their son Jasper (Jack Jr.) on Saturday, Jan. 14, at 10 A. M., Mount Neboh Temple, 150th St., near Broadway. At home, 625 West 156th, Sunday, Jan. 15, 3 to 6 P. M. No cards.

Engaged.

COLE—DODD—Mrs. Eugene R. Burnett of 15 East 54th St. and East Hampton, L. I., announces the engagement of her daughter, Mrs. Helen Dodd, by her former marriage, to Mr. John Nelson Cole, son of the late Rev. John N. Cole of 120 East 30th St., N. Y. City, formerly of Raleigh, N. C.

Married.

SCHATTMAN—KAYE—Mrs. Eva Kaye of 216 West Eighty-first St. announces the marriage of her daughter, Dosele, to Mr. Harry Schattman on Thursday, Jan. 12, 1922, at the Hotel Ambassador.

Died.

ALBERGA—Zillah Emma, wife of the late Napoleon Alberga, on Friday, Jan. 13. Services Sunday, Jan. 15, 11 A. M., at her late residence, 2,628 Farragut Road, Brooklyn. California, London (England) and Jamaica (British West Indies) papers please copy.

ARON—Suddenly, at Mt. Sinai Hospital, on Jan. 13, Laura Kahn, beloved wife of Morris L. Aron. Remains at Universal Chapel, 507 Lexington Av., until 2 P. M. Saturday. Interment at Springfield, Ohio. Cincinnati papers please copy.

BALLIN—Adelaide, widow of Jacob Ballin and mother of Martha Mayers, Dorette Nusbaum, Irving and Florence Cramer, the late Hattie Nusbaum and Georgina Braun, on Jan. 13. Funeral from 164 East 72d St., private.

BASS—On Thursday, Jan. 12, 1922, at her residence, 47 Park Av., Addie Smith Bass, widow of Colonel Edgar Wales Bass, U. S. A. Funeral service at the Church of the Incarnation, 35th St. and Madison Av., on Saturday, Jan. 14, at 9:30 A. M. Interment West Point, N. Y.

BAYNE—Paul, Rye, N. Y., Jan. 11, 1922, beloved husband of Edna Tappan Brooks Bayne, eldest son of S. G. Bayne. Funeral service private, at 11 o'clock, Jan. 14, at his late residence. Please omit flowers.

BLOCH—Thursday, Jan. 19, 1922, suddenly, Fanny, wife of Daniel Bloch. Funeral from Pick's undertaking establishment, 227 Lenox Av., Sunday, Jan. 15, at 10 A. M.

BLUM—Bernard, beloved husband of Babi (nee Strauss). Funeral from Harlem Funeral Chapel, 226 Lenox Av. (125th St.), Sunday, Jan. 15, at 10:30 A. M.

BOYCE—William, father of William Jr., Robert D., Herbert S. and Mrs. Hallett Chapman, in his 80th year. Services at his late residence, 260 West 77th St., Saturday evening, Jan. 14, 8 o'clock.

BREEN—Thomas H., on Jan. 11, 1922, beloved brother of Kathleen Breen, 206 West 73d St. Funeral services at chapel of H. A. Comfort, 14 East 59th St., Saturday, Jan. 14, 10 A. M.

BREITHUT—Otto F., on Jan. 11. Funeral service at William A. Fox's chapel, 1,906 Bathgate Av., on Sunday, 2 P. M. Interment Cedar Grove.

BURNETT—At Paterson, N. J., on Thursday, Jan. 12, 1922, David, beloved husband of Angeline Spickers Burnett, in his 59th year. Funeral services on Sunday, Jan. 15, at the Church of the Redeemer, Broadway and Graham Av., Paterson, at 3:30 P. M.

CAPLEAS—Mary, widow of John Capleas and mother of John H. and William C. Capleas, deceased. Funeral Monday, Jan. 16, 1922, at 9:30 A. M., from the residence of her son John H. Capleas, 138 West 86th St., thence to the Holy Name Church, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Please omit flowers.

COLE—On Jan. 11, Julia Anne Cole, daughter of the late Ephraim J. Totten of Cottenville, S. I., in the 91st year of her age. Funeral services will be held in the Boardman Chapel, 18 Clinton St., Brooklyn, on Saturday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

COOMBS—On Thursday, Jan. 12, 1922, William Jerome Coombs, aged 68 years. Funeral services will be held at his home, 63 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Jan. 14, at 2:30 P. M. Please omit flowers.

COLEMAN—At Briarcliff Manor, N. Y., Jan. 13, 1922, William E., beloved husband of Katherine E. Coleman. Funeral service on Sunday, Jan. 15, at 3 P. M., at the Briarcliff Congregational Church. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery.

CORCORAN—Suddenly, of acute indigestion, Jan. 4, at Umatilla, Fla., John Carroll Corcoran. Funeral from chapel, 609 Amsterdam Av., on Sunday, Jan. 15, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of the Ascension, 10th St. and Broadway, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at 10 A. M. Automobile cortege.

CUMMING—Jan. 13, 1922, in her 73d year, Susan, daughter of the late John P. and Isabel Cumming. Funeral services at her late residence, 305 Moore St., Hackensack, N. J., Monday, Jan. 16, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

DONALD—John A., suddenly at Rye, N. Y., Jan. 11, 1922, beloved husband of Lillie Donald (nee Dunshee) and father of Douglas and Dudley Donald. Funeral services Sunday, Jan. 15, at 3 P. M., at St. John's Church, Rose Bank, Staten Island. Washington and Montreal papers please copy.

DRUDING—On Jan. 12, 1922, George F. Druding, at Rutherford, N. J. Funeral Jan. 15, private.

DU BOIS—Jean Jules Philippe, Thursday, at Perth Amboy, N. J., in his 53d year. Funeral at 8 o'clock, Saturday evening, from his late home, 105 High St. Interment private at Linden, N. J.

FESSLER—On Friday, Jan. 13, Augusta Fessler, widow of the late Louis Fessler and beloved mother of Julia Kleinschmidt, Albert Fessler, Otto Fessler, Amelia Grey, Emma Fessler and Rudolph Fessler, in her 79th year. Relatives and friends, also members of the Heinebund Damen Verein, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 168 West 96th St., on Sunday, Jan. 15, at 7 P. M. Funeral private.

FRIEND—Hulda, beloved wife of Charles and mother of Victor, Joseph and Rosalie, on Jan. 12, at 1:25 A. M., in her 49th year. Funeral services at Campbell Chapel, 66th St. and Broadway, Sunday, Jan. 15, at 11 A. M. Interment at Union Fields Cemetery.

GRANBERRY—On Jan. 11, 1922, Jeanie Louise Granberry, daughter of the late Henry J. and Emily Horn and widow of the late Theodore J. Granberry, beloved mother of George Percy Granberry. Funeral services at her late residence, 340 West 123d St., on Saturday, Jan. 14, at 11 A. M.

GRUNDY—At the home of her daughter, Mrs. George C. Morrow, 130 St. Paul's Place, Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 8, 1922, Florence A. Grundy of Huntington, L. I., wife of George D. Grundy. Funeral services at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., on Sunday, Jan. 15, at 3:30 P. M.

GUIDICE—On Jan. 13, 1922, Felix Guidice, husband of the late Elisabeth Guidice (nee Bardes). Funeral service at his late residence, 21 Harbor View, Fort Wadsworth, S. I., at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Interment 10 o'clock Monday.

GUILLAUDEU—At Short Hills, N. J. Jan. 12, 1922, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Robert O. Jacques, Helen Dudley, wife of the late William Liggett Guillaudeu. Funeral private.

GULDEN—Harriet Gulden Hall. (See notice of funeral under Hall.)

HAAGMAN—Jan. 13, Rosetta, devoted mother of Elizabeth and Al. Funeral from late residence, 938 Intervale Av., Bronx, on Sunday, Jan. 15, 10 A. M.

HAIRE—Mrs. Maria G. Haire, widow of the late Andrew J. Haire and mother of Alphonsus J., Andrew J. Jr., and Mrs. Joseph A. Burns, suddenly on Jan. 11. Funeral services at her late residence, 468 54th St., Brooklyn, thence to Church of the Holy Name, on 9th Av. and 18th St., Brooklyn, Saturday at 10 A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

HALL—Suddenly, Jan. 11, Harriet Gulden, beloved wife of Frank Hall and daughter of the late Charles and Margaret Gulden. Funeral mass at St. Peter's Church, on Tuesday, Jan. 17, at 10 o'clock.

HELD—Suddenly on Jan. 12, 1922, Harry Held, beloved husband of Ida R. and father of Mrs. M. Plonsky and Marjorie L. Funeral services at his late residence, 235 West 103d St., on Sunday, Jan. 15, at 9:30 A. M. Interment private.

HIRSCHFELD—Leo, suddenly, in his 56th year, husband of Henrietta, father of Clara Ludwig. Funeral private.

HOAGLAND—Corp. Herbert A., on Tuesday, Jan. 10, 1922, at 3 P. M., at St. Joseph's Hospital, Paterson, N. J., beloved son of Charles and Edna Hoagland, in his 27th year. Funeral services Sunday, Jan. 15, 1922, at 2 P. M., at the residence of J. H. Dawson, 345 Main Street, Boonton, N. J.

HOLMES—David M., husband of Kate L. Holmes, on Thursday morning, Jan. 12, at his residence, 108 West 78th St., in the 77th year of his age. Funeral service at All Angels Church, West End Av. and 81st St., on Sunday, Jan. 15, 1922, at 2:30 P. M.

HUBBELL—William M., beloved husband of Emily Wilson, 30 Hubbell St., Westchester, N. Y., and son of the late Joseph and Olivia Hubbell of Norwalk, Conn., suddenly, Thursday, 12th. Funeral probably Saturday, 14th; late residence, telephone

Lost and Found

LOST—IN THE MAIL—On registered package, addressed to William H. Taylor, 4 Hudson St., Yonkers, N. Y., mailed Aug. 4, 1921, and being the property of Lee, Higginson & Co., 43 Exchange Place, New York City, check dated Aug. 4, 1921, payable to bearer, for $1,000 each, bonds of the Atlantic Refining Co. due 1931, with all coupons attached; the numbers of these bonds are 6170 to 6175, inclusive. Reference any information thereof, the whereabouts of the above bonds to X 2340 Times Annex.

LOST—Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co. preferred stock; certificate No. E-29,-227, for 10 shares in name Henry W. Kirkover. Notice is given to stop transfer and dividends check No. 1 issued. Kidder, Peabody & Co., 10 Broad St., New York.

LOST—Jan. 7, on 5th Av. bus, between 59th St. Av. and 86th St. and 125th St. and Broadway, between 8 and 7 P. M., pigskin bag, marked on outside with initials E. J. S.; of suitable reward; no questions asked. V 924 Times Downtown.

LOST—On Monday, Jan. 9, on Long Island R. R. train, Rockaway division, gold mesh bag, containing purse, billfold, card case and sum of money. Liberal reward is returned to H. G. Wood, Central Union Trust Co., 9th Av. and 59th St.

LOST—Lady's brown velvet handbag; 5th Av. bus, between Plaza Station and 8th St., Brooklyn, or interborough subway, Flatbush Av. train, containing ring and money reward. L. Trefzer, 516 6th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—In brown-white taxi, Lowe's The-atre, Times Square, Annex, Hotel 1:30 P. M., Thursday, black leather bag, containing lady's apparel reward. Room 900, 1,364 Broadway. 8710 Bryant.

LOST—Card case containing $30; with own-er's name. Lost by soldier on Bergen-Av. (Brooklyn) car Dec. 28. Reward. Address X 2379 Times Annex.

LOST—Steel-beaded bag in taxi, between 72d St.-5th Av. and 110th St.-Lenox Av., containing keys and two theatre tickets; reward. Call Longacre 6200.

LOST—Thursday night, black bag in taxi, Winter Garden to The Adler Apartments; essential reward. Arthur Pearson, 229 West 43d.

LOST—In front of 140 East 10th St., blue leather handbag. Keep money; return bag and other contents. Hotel Gotham.

LOST—Wallet containing money and cards; return to Allen Hamling, Room 407, 45 Leonard St., city) liberal reward.

LOST—Wednesday, black bag, taxi, Winter Garden, Adlon apartment; substantial reward. Arthur Pearson, 229 West 43d.

LOST—Friday, in or near tubes, gold fountain pen, initials F. D. H. Communicate with Cheffin, Bedford 1000.

LOST—Bankbook No. 208,447 of the New York Savings Bank. Payments stopped. Finder please return to bank.

LOST—Tan leather brief case, in taxicab leaving Yale Club, 7:25, Friday night; reward. Write X 2297 Times Annex.

LOST—Lady's small velvet handbag; money, keys, &c.; Manhattan Av., between 106th and 110th. B 221 Times.

LOST—Pigskin wallet containing $37. Return to H. C. Lyon, 111 West 86th St., 20th floor. Reward.

LOST—Black briar pipe, Drake's restaurant, Thursday evening, Wharton, 130 West 44th St.

LOST—Eyeglasses, Vanderbilt Theatre Thursday night; reward. Stevenson, Morningside 6304.

Jewelry.

LOST—$100 reward for return of lady's oval platinum watch, diamonds and sapphires set in fours, surrounding face of watch; lost somewhere between 39th St. and 5th Av. and 101st St. and Broadway, between hours of 11 A. M. and 1:30 P. M. Thursday, Jan. 12; probably lost in Broadway train or west side subway; initials on back, "E. A. H." Phone Longacre 8342.

LOST—Saturday, about 1:30 P. M., near jewelry counter or Saks's 34th St. entrance, barrel-shaped green gold wrist watch; gold face, Swiss make, deeply engraved case, all sides; black ribbed; Kreisler make; liberal reward. G. E. Eley, Box 187, Ridgefield, N. J.

LOST—Thursday, diamond and platinum wrist watch on flexible platinum bracelet; 5th Av. bus at 55th to 34th, across 42d, Lexington Av. subway, 125th St. Reward. Max Joseph & Co., 92 William St.

LOST—Pearl necklace, Jan. 1, in vicinity of Great Northern Hotel or Blossom Heath Inn, L. I. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to cashier, Great Northern Hotel, 57th St., near 6th Av.

LOST—Superior platinum and diamond carrier watch, black ribbon, diamond buckle slide; watch marked Y. C.; reward and no questions. Manager, Hotel Wentworth, 59 West 46th.

LOST—Reward for return of platinum circle of emeralds and diamonds; lost Jan. 13, on Madison Av., between 54th-55th St.s. Telephone Whitehall 2160, between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

LOST—Moon agate pin set in broad band enameled gold, 52d, Columbus, west to Broadway, 7:45; reward. Phone before 12 Schuyler 5027.

LOST—Flexible diamond bracelet, Flatbush-Brighton Beach train or Hudson Tubes. Big reward. M. F. Zigler, Room 2919, 120 Broadway. Rector 1070.

LOST—Diamond platinum lavalliere, Sunday night at Broadway Central Hotel. Liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to Irving Finkelstein, 112 Fulton St. John 5051.

LOST—Platinum and diamond lavalliere, Thursday night, between Staten Island and 92d St. subway station. Return Mrs. Fred E. Baer, Hotel Hamilton. Reward.

LOST—Pearl crescent breast pin, in theatre district or at Palace Automobile Show, on Monday. Suitable reward if returned to L. A. Birch, 41 West 18th.

LOST—Long, Italian gold earring; January 12, late afternoon, 40th and 41st sts., 5th Av. Suitable reward if returned to 32 West 41st St.

LOST—Diamond inserted in double eagle from Scottish rite ring; reward. Eisenberg, 1,374 Broadway, 11th floor. Plaza 1446.

LOST—Gold watch, Howard movement, chain, monogram knife, Sunday evening; reward. Watkins 8405, Laule, 258 West 23d.

LOST—Jan. 13, Hudson Terminal Bldg., gold mesh bag, containing gold ring and handkerchief. Call Gerhardt 3529. Reward.

LOST—Gold lorgnette, between 41st and 40th sts., Jan. 12, about noon. Suitable reward is returned to 32 West 41st St.

LOST—Wednesday, Hotel Plaza, diamond circled wrist watch; liberal reward. Udall Ballou, 974 5th Av.

LOST—Jan. 13, Broadway car, gilded leaf brooch; reward. Telephone Fordham 9049.

LOST—Thursday, three dress studs. Reward. Amsein, Madison Square 2072.

$500 REWARD, no questions asked; bracelet lost Wednesday evening, Dec. 28, at the Casino Theatre or vicinity, ladies' platinum flexible bracelet, containing 7 emeralds and 22 diamonds. Return to Kirkpatrick, jeweler, 634 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

for return of diamond-shaped brooch, containing about 21 diamonds and 16 sapphires, lost Jan. 6 between 57th and 58th Sts. or in bus. J. H. & H. Weinberg, 609 5th Av.

$500 REWARD.

Lady's diamond cresent and platinum setting, in Plaza Hotel on New Year's Eve; large reward; no questions. Return Cashier, Hotel Plaza.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Jan. 9, lynx fur Martin furpiece between Plaza Theatre and Biltmore Hotel; reward; return cashier Biltmore.

LOST—Victoria Theatre, Jan. 12, skunk scarf; reward. Peters, 379 West 127th St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Airedale dog, vicinity 78th St., between Riverside Drive and Central Park West; answers to name Sterling Blaisdell; answers to name Rock; liberal reward for any information. Telephone Schuyler 9065.

LOST—Brown Pekingese dog, on Madison Ave., between 4th and 34th Sts., answers to name Kong Foo; liberal reward. Miss E. Stahl, 200 Park Av. Plaza 6281.

LOST—Dog, Boston bull (toy), between 11th and 12th Sts. and 5th Av. west, about 10 A. M. Jan. 13. Telephone Chelsea 7077, 14 West 11th St. Reward.

LOST—Conservatory dog, Loew's 83d St. Theatre, Jan. 12, 2:30 performance. Phone Miss Marshall, Columbus 10231. Reward.

LOST—Panama parrot; liberal reward; return to Supt. Ford, 100 West 80th.

Found.

FOUND—Silver-mounted eye-glasses on Madison Av., near 80th St. Apply signs elevator operator, 907 Madison Av.

FOUND—Gentleman's diamond ring; owner call Custodian 9, S. 19 Manhattan, 139 St. Nicholas Av.

FOUND—Ring, Masonic. Thursday, 8th Av.-34th St. Truman, 836 8th Av.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

I, JOHN KARABATSAS, HAVE BOUGHT out the John Dourounas Co. Any one having claims against the latter must forward same within 30 days, beginning Jan. 9, '22, to 74 Market St., New York, N. Y.
JOHN KARABATSAS.

I, MEYER DORF, FORMERLY OF METZ-France, jointly of Klein-Marcus, now joins the staff of Marcus, Klopper & Co., manufacturers of coats, suits and sporting apparel, 24 West 57th.

BURIED—Let me hear from you. Max Dorman, brother-in-law.

FRENCH SAY COUSIN SAW AMERICA FIRST

Press Revives Claim That Dieppe Navigator Discovered It in 1488.

LANDING NEAR THE AMAZON

Recrossing Atlantic, He Is Said to Have Rounded Cape of Good Hope Before da Gama.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The French press has entered one more contestant for the honor of having discovered America. This time it is a Frenchman, one Captain Jean Cousin of Dieppe, who historians of this country say reached the continent of South America near the mouth of the Amazon four years before Columbus set out on his eventful voyage.

Cousin's discovery, according to his champions, grew out of commercial enterprises founded jointly by merchants of Rouen and Dieppe. The trade of these cities with their American posts founded in 1365 was halted by the war with England. When an attempt was made to resume the trade it was found that the Dutch, English and Portuguese had obtained control of the African coast as far south as the equator. And that it was necessary to arm all ships. Thirty Norman merchants, wishing to avoid this expense, fitted out a fleet under Cousin and commissioned him to seek new trading lands to the west of Africa.

Leaving Dieppe in 1488, according to the tradition, Cousin sailed southward to the equator and then turned westward, reaching the American continent two months later.

Returning to Africa, Cousin is declared to have sailed south and rounded the Cape of Good Hope nine years before Vasco da Gama.

Cousin's champions, who have existed in every century since his alleged discovery, have all declared that the captain was accompanied on his voyage by a Spaniard named Vicente Pinson, a mutinous fellow whom Cousin on his return to Dieppe had expelled from France. It is pointed out that three Pinson brothers accompanied Columbus on his voyage four years later. One of them, Vicente Yanez Pinson, was navigator for Columbus. While admitting the possibility of a coincidence in the matter of names, French historians place great stress on this fact.

Dieppe has never ceased to press the claims of Cousin, but unfortunately the city records pertaining to the voyage were destroyed when the English bombarded the town in 1694.

CITY EXPERTS DISPUTE MILLER'S TUBE FIGURES

Staten Island Tunnel Would Cost Only $84,000,000, Says Engineer Who Made Estimate.

The estimate of $225,000,000 as the cost of the proposed Staten Island tunnel, mentioned by Governor Miller in his recent message to the Legislature, was said to have been the result of misinformation, in letters sent to the Governor yesterday by Arthur S. Tuttle, chief engineer of the Board of Estimate, and W. J. Wilgus, consulting engineer. Mr. Tuttle said that the estimate of the Board of Estimate engineers was only $84,000,000, and Mr. Wilgus also said that the Governor's estimate was incorrect.

Mr. Wilgus added that the Governor was incorrect in saying that the Staten Island tunnel project had been brought forward merely to frustrate the work of the Port Authority. As consulting engineer in this matter, selected for what were believed to be my professional qualifications and in no manner from political or other partisan motives, he said, "I can testify that your strictures, as thus reported, are undeserved. The city, through its engineering staff, has in good faith actively prepared for the construction of the tunnel. It has in equally good faith made earnest efforts to find sources of revenue that would make the project self-supporting as provided in the act and required by public interest and has taken vigorous steps to have defects in the law remedied."

MILLER ANSWERS HULBERT.

Quotes Commission's Report on Port Authority in Upholding Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 13.—Governor Miller tonight replied to the protest of Murray Hulbert, President of the New York City Board of Aldermen, against a recent assertion of the Governor's that Hulbert had, as a member of the Bi-State Commission, favored the compact between New York and New Jersey creating a port authority.

Hulbert recently wrote to the Governor denying that he had signed the report of the Bi-State Commission which recommended the compact and that the declaration that he had signed it was "untrue and unfair."

The Governor's letter to President Hulbert follows:

"I acknowledge your favor of the 10th inst. in which you say that the statement in my message on port development to the effect that you 'had been a member of the Bi-State Commission and had signed the report recommending a compact between the two States' is not true and is unfair to you, and that you signed the report only in so far as it recommended a comprehensive plan but reserved objections to the compact or treaty and the creation of a port district in accordance therewith.

"I did make the statement in the message to which you refer. My authority for making that statement was part 1 of the report of the Bi-State Commission, dated Dec. 16, 1921, being a summary of joint report with comprehensive plan and recommendations, signed by each one of the members of the Bi-State Commission, including yourself. I quote from page 35 of that summary as follows:

"In other words, the port did not function in time of war, nor could it do so efficiently until an adequate port authority was established. The commission again emphasizes the necessity for such authority and for the adoption of the compact between the States of New York and New Jersey, which will make possible its creation. Such an instrumentality will meet the commercial needs in times of peace and will assist the Federal authorities in giving proper protection in times of war."

"That is only one of many statements in the summary signed by you showing that the establishment of a port district and the creation of a Port Authority with adequate power were considered essential by the Bi-State Commission in its progress report of April, 1919, before you were a member of it, recommended the establishment of a port district and the creation of a Port Authority, and in several subsequent report that recommendation was repeated. I quote from page 4 of the summary of Dec. 16, 1921, signed by you, as follows:

"An administrative change equally far-reaching was recommended by the commission in its progress report of April 8, 1919, which urged the creation by agreement between the two States of a Port Authority with jurisdiction over the entire port district, so constituted as to enable it to carry out a continuing policy. Additional reasons for such a Port Authority are brought out elsewhere in this report. The commission mentions one at this point, a potent one. Such an authority is necessary to make successful the commission's plan, or indeed any other plan, for giving every inhabitant of the port fresher food at a lower price, through food receiving stations with a public inspection service at the railroad yards and the opportunity for direct delivery from those yards. But it will be obvious from further reading of the report that no comprehensive plan can be worked out unless the port district is treated as a whole.

"I am sure you will agree with me, upon reflection, that the foregoing quotations alone are quite sufficient to justify the statement in my message of which you complain."

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	I Want My Mammy (Wenner-Breau) Baritone	Ernest Hare
2170 85c	I'm Just Too Mean To Cry (Parish-Young-Squires) Tenor	Al Bernard with Carl Fenton's Orchestra
	Brother Low Down (Bernard-Briers) Tenor	Al Bernard with Carl Fenton's Orchestra
2168 85c	Mandy 'n' Me (Kalmar-Conrad-Motzan) Tenor	Billy Jones and Male Trio
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	What'll You Do—Fox Trot (Isham Jones)	Isham Jones' Orchestra
2169 85c	Snowflake—Fox Trot (Morgan)—From "Greenwich Village Follies"	Gene Rodemich's Orchestra
	April Showers—Fox Trot (Silvers)—From "Bombo"	Gene Rodemich's Orchestra
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	Blue Danube Blues—Fox Trot (Jerome-Kern)—Introducing "Toddle" from "Good Morning, Dearie"	Carl Fenton's Orchestra
2177 85c	Leave Me With a Smile—Fox Trot (Burtnett)	Carl Fenton's Orchestra
	Weep No More, My Mammy—Fox Trot (Pollack)	Carl Fenton's Orchestra

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10043 1.00	Recondita Armonia (Strange Harmony)—From Tosca, Act I (Puccini) Tenor, in Italian	Tino Pattiera
50019 1.50	Liebestraum (A Dream of Love) (Liszt) Pianoforte Solo	Leopold Godowsky
10047 1.00	Last Rose of Summer, introduced in Flotow's "Martha" (Thomas Moore) Soprano	Virginia Rea
12030 1.25	Sing! Sing! Birds on the Wing (Cooke-Nutting) Tenor	Theo. Karle
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Disarmament Blocked by France

AT the Paris Peace Conference there was continuous opposition to "the American idea."

How Clemenceau, backed by Italy, fought Wilson's plans is shown by the secret minutes brought home from Paris in the famous Steel Box.

Ray Stannard Baker tells about the controversy in the

Third Instalment of
America and the World Peace

The New York Times
Tomorrow (Sunday)

IRISH TO COMPLETE RATIFICATION TODAY

Southern Parliament Meets to Act on Treaty and to Provide New Government.

GRIFFITH CABINET CONFERS

Discusses Means to Avert Railroad Strike—Roads in Ulster to Arbitrate.

BLACK AND TANS DEPARTING

Republican Army Guards Route as They Quit Dublin—Troops Leave Next Week.

DUBLIN, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Interest in the political situation tonight centres in the meeting which will be held tomorrow by the Southern Parliament for the ratification of the Peace Treaty with Great Britain. Invitations to the session were issued today, signed by Arthur Griffith. They were directed to all Deputies elected for the twenty-six Southern counties, including Eamon de Valera and his adherents. It is not expected, however, that Mr. de Valera or any of his followers will attend.

The meeting will be held in the oak room of Mansion House, and unless some members opposed to the treaty decide at the last minute to attend, it promises to be a somewhat perfunctory ceremony. A Chairman will be elected, the treaty formally ratified and a provisional government established. Mr. Griffith and the members of the new Cabinet, according to present plans, will comprise the provisional government.

With the establishment of the government the decks will be clear for the complicated and laborious task of transferring authority from the British to the Irish Government. All the members of the Cabinet conferred at Mansion House today, discussing not only their future duties and the responsibilities of the provisional government but the immediate necessity for dealing with the threatened strike of the railwaymen.

Representatives of the Ministry of Labor were called in by the Cabinet and the situation fully canvassed, with a view to averting a general stoppage of the country's main transportation facilities. No official statement was issued, but it is reported that the hope is entertained that accommodation can be provided by which extreme action on the part of the railwaymen will be avoided, for the present at least. The Dublin newspapers are unanimous in saying it would be a bad omen for the new Government if on the very day of its coming into being such a blow were dealt at the vitals of the nation's prosperity and peace.

Two of the railways affected by the impending strike operate entirely in Ulster, and a deputation from the Ulster unions went to Belfast today to confer with the Minister of Labor of the Northern Parliament.

Auxiliaries Are Withdrawing.

Preparations for the evacuation of Dublin Castle and the withdrawal of the military forces are said to be complete. The first contingent of the auxiliary forces were withdrawn tonight in quiet and orderly fashion, and numerous contingents of other cadets and of the military have received orders to depart within the next twenty-four hours. Movements of troops on a large scale will take place next week.

Contrary to the arrangements announced Thursday, the auxiliaries marched from the barracks to the station this evening without band or flag. Except for the singing of songs by the cadets and infrequent exchanges of comment with the few people who lined the sidewalks, nothing unusual signalized their departure. Members of the Irish Republican Army in strong force lined the route of march to prevent any possible untoward demonstration.

Dublin Castle today was the scene of bustling activity. The gates still were in charge of the military, but civilians seeking admittance met with no hindrance. Within the castle precincts few evidences of the military remained. The corridors of the various departments, military and civil, were filled with trunks and packages of all descriptions, awaiting removal to the railway station.

It is understood that about the same number of auxiliaries will leave Ireland each evening during the next week as departed tonight. Nearly one thousand members of the Royal Irish Constabulary, recruited from outside Ireland, will return to England each evening for about a fortnight. This means that 1,000 auxiliaries and the Black and Tans will leave Dublin without delay.

The release of Irish political prisoners from Irish jails continued today. Those liberated from English and Scottish prisons are expected to arrive in Kingstown tomorrow.

Prisoners in Ulster Sent South.

BELFAST, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Owing to the disturbed condition of the city, Sinn Fein prisoners in Belfast who are to be transferred to Southern Ireland for liberation under the amnesty proclamation will not be entrained until midnight tonight. At this time, with the curfew in operation, the streets are expected to be deserted, and thus it is hoped that trouble will be avoided.

It is learned that 140 prisoners are being transferred from Belfast. It is understood here that they are being taken to Mountjoy Prison, in Dublin, where they will be liberated.

The Crown authorities have decided to drop proceedings against the twelve Sinn Fein prisoners whose release from Londonderry Jail was frustrated last December when a group of men tried to effect their release down a rope ladder. Two constables were suffocated to death by poisonous fumes during the incident.

The British Government, it also decided, cannot interfere in the case of the three men sentenced to death yesterday in connection with the attempted release of the Sinn Feiners. It was held that clemency for the three can only be exercised on the advice of the Ulster Home Secretary.

The strike of railway men called for Saturday midnight has been postponed as the result of a prolonged conference today between railway executives and the Minister of Labor in the Northern Cabinet, so far as it would affect the Midland Railway and the Belfast & County Down Railway.

The managers of the railways agreed to postpone putting in operation changes in wages and hours of work of the men for another week, and to meet representatives of the National Union of Railwaymen early next week. The meeting will be held in the chairmanship of the Minister of Labor.

Prisoners in London Are Freed.

LONDON, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—The Irish political prisoners in the London gaols, Brixton, Pentonville and Wormwood Scrubbs, were released this morning, under the amnesty proclamation issued by King George yesterday. Instructions were sent to the provincial jails for similar releases.

The prisoners released here included thirty-five from Pentonville, six from Brixton, twenty-two from Wormwood Scrubbs and also thirty-five from Wandsworth Prison.

A number of Irish prisoners were also released today from the Winchester, Bedford and Canterbury prisons.

The London committee of the Irish Self-Determination League tonight passed a resolution protesting against the delay in liberating Irish prisoners in England, calling it "an act of English vindictiveness and a breach of faith with the Irish Government."

HEARS BREEN IS DEPORTED.

Morning Post Says He Has Been "Shipped" to the United States.

LONDON, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—The Dublin correspondent of The Morning Post telegraphs the following to his paper:

"The shipment to the United States of Daniel Breen, who appears to have been hanging around the Dail Eireann with a band of thugs, threatening to enter and shoot up the entire assembly if it ratified the treaty, suggests that Michael Collins and Richard Mulcahy are alive to the necessities of the case."

There has been no previous intimation that Daniel Breen was to be deported from Ireland. A London dispatch in October, 1920, identified Breen as commandant of the Third Tipperary Brigade of the Irish Republican Army. The British authorities in Ireland were said to have offered a reward of £1,000 for his capture in connection with the murder of a Major Smyth, and he was also accused of killing two constables.

MAY EVICT BELFAST GUNMEN.

General Cameron Threatens to Close Houses Used for Shootings.

BELFAST, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—As a consequence to frequent shootings from buildings in Belfast, Brig. Gen. Cameron issued a warning today that he possessed powers and might exercise them to evict tenants from such places and either close or destroy the buildings. He warned that individuals owning or occupying such premises might be prosecuted for abetting the commission of crime.

As a result of the death of a man and his wife during Wednesday's disorders, all tenants were warned to remain indoors when firing prevails.

There was further shooting in the streets of Belfast last night. One man was wounded.

SAYS CHILDERS SEEKS FUNDS.

London Hears He Asks American Aid for Election Fight.

LONDON, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—The Daily Mail's Dublin correspondent says that Erskine Childers's party has sent urgent cablegrams to the United States appealing for funds to enable them to begin the election campaign in opposition to the new Free State Government.

MAY ALTER THE UNION JACK.

Irish Free State May Also Lead to Change in Royal Coat of Arms.

London, Dec. 28 (by mail).—The question has been raised whether the designs of the Union Jack and Royal Coat of Arms of Great Britain will have to be altered when Ireland becomes a Free State within the empire. The Union Jack has the cross of St. Patrick superimposed upon the crosses of St. George and St. Andrew, and the Royal Coat of Arms has the Irish harp in one of its corners.

At the College of Arms it was stated that certain modifications were under consideration and that if any action were taken it would be done by the King in Council. No parliamentary action will be necessary.

Heraldry experts say that alterations in arms are very expensive. Some years ago there was a demand from Irish quarters that the blue ground of the golden harp on the royal standard should be changed to green. It was then estimated that the alteration would cost at least £2,000,000. To remove all reference to Ireland from the present Union Jack and Royal Arms would be vastly more expensive.

STANDARD OIL CO. DEFEATS LANDLORD

Appellate Division Decides That Broadway Rent Is Not Payable in Advance.

Elmer E. Smathers, horseman and real estate operator, yesterday lost his suit against the Standard Oil Company over the lease by the latter of the property at 12 Broadway, adjacent to the Standard Oil Building, in which the Court was asked to decide whether the lease for ninety-nine years provided that the quarterly rent of $62,500 was to be paid at the beginning or at the end of each quarter.

Mr. Smathers alleged that the words "in advance" were in the original agreement, but that the Standard Oil Company struck it out without his knowledge, and he signed the lease which did not contain those words. He insisted that the Court reform the lease because payment at the end of the quarter instead of in advance meant a loss of $2,750 a year in interest, or $271,250 in the ninety-nine years at 6 per cent. With the interest compounded semi-annually the loss would be $1,850,350.

Mr. Smathers won the case in the lower court. In reversing the judgment by a vote of three to two, with Presiding Justice Clarke and Justice Merrell dissenting, the Appellate Division in an opinion by Justice Greenbaum said:

"It is in construing the lease before us it is important to recognize the rule that the presumption is that rent is not payable until after it has been earned, and that, in the absence of an express agreement to the contrary, rent is payable at the end of the term and not in advance.

"It has been held that a provision in a lease fixing stated periods of time for which rental were to be paid during the term of the lease, does not, in the absence of other provisions that the rent was payable in advance for each stated period, imply that the rent is payable in advance, but that on the contrary that it is payable at the end of each period.

"It is also to be borne in mind that the financial status of the defendant to pay the rent reserved was conceedely of the highest order, and that there were provisions for security in the first draft of lease submitted in behalf of the landlord, to which the defendant refused to accede because of its well-recognized financial stability, and which therefore were omitted in the final lease. It is our opinion that the language of the lease is consistent with the idea that the rent was to be paid after it had been earned and not in advance."

SEVERAL IMPERILED IN FIFTH AV. FIRE

W. L. Pepperman of Interborough Flees Over Roofs When Flames Sweep Up Stairway.

FIREMEN RESCUE G. W. MINOT

Baby Overcome by Smoke but Is Revived—Hotel Plaza Guests Aroused at 3 A. M.

Fire, which started on the ground floor of the apartment building at 34 West Fifty-eighth Street just before 3 o'clock this morning, swept through the five floors with such rapidity that a number of occupants had narrow and thrilling escapes. Rescues by firemen and policemen, who shepherded some of those endangered down the flame-licked stairways and carried others down ladders and fire escapes, saved all those inside, though one, W. L. Pepperman, Vice President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, got out by a very narrow margin.

Mr. Pepperman was asleep on the fifth floor when he awoke with a stifling feeling. Rousing himself with an effort, he discovered his rooms were filled with smoke. A dash to the hallway showed flames flickering on the floors below and rapidly climbing.

Rushing back into the apartment, Mr. Pepperman aroused P. Shima, his Japanese valet, the only other occupant. By the time Shima was awake the flames had come so dangerously near that Mr. Pepperman was unable to get back into his own room. The valet, fearing exposure would be too much for his employer who still was in pajamas, threw him his own clothes. Mr. Pepperman quickly donned coat, trousers and shoes while the valet robed himself in other garments.

Then the two made their way to the roof, only to find it piled high with snow and ice. Stumbling, slipping and falling, they struggled across three roofs before they could find a hatchway through which to descend into another apartment house.

Mr. Pepperman, his eyes reddened and his lungs irritated by the thick smoke through which he had made his way, emerged in the street and told what a narrow escape he had had.

Another who was cut off was L. P. Valligny who runs a hairdressing establishment on the second floor and lives on the third. When flames and shouts of warning awakened him he dashed into the room in which his three-year-old child was asleep in its crib. He and Mrs. Valligny bent over the crib to find the little one unconscious from the smoke.

They snatched the little one and ran into the hall. They darted to a stairway; a wall of flame cut them off. Then they ran to the elevator; the fire was licking up through the shaft and the car could not be operated. Then Firemen Bowen and Cousins of Engine Company 8 swung themselves through a window, seized the three and hurried them to a rear fire escape. They were carried down unhurt. The child soon revived.

G. W. Minot, a member of the Knickerbocker Club, was alone in another apartment. He struggled through the smoke to a front window, but was cut off. Mr. Minot stood in the window while those who were gathering in the street shouted encouragement to him. His uneasiness was allayed as he heard the first engine syren in the distance. It was only seconds later when the firemen were thrusting up a ladder, and before the flames had reached him he was scrambling down to safety.

The fire roused tenants of the Hotel Plaza, the back of which is on Fifty-eighth Street. Many guests hurriedly dressed and went to the street. Others gathered their valuables and watched the fire from their windows, prepared to flee if necessary. Guests of the Netherland and the Savoy, across from the Plaza and from many private homes and big apartment houses in the neighborhood, joined the crowd that kept policemen busy despite the early hour.

Firemen who responded to the single alarm, once they were sure every one had escaped, turned their attention to the blaze and soon had it out.

FOUR MEN TRAPPED IN SCRANTON MINE

Three Others Are Injured When 20 Acres of Rock and Earth Drop in Devil's Eyebrow.

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, Jan. 13.—Four men were entombed, three were injured and scores had narrow escapes from death today when a big cave-in dropped twenty acres of rocks and earth in the Devil's Eyebrow section of the National Mine of the Glen Alden Coal Company.

Buildings in five city blocks were shaken as though by an earthquake and scores of families rushed from their homes into the snow-covered streets terror-stricken and shrieking. The earth in the affected district trembled for more than five minutes, and it was at first feared that many homes and business places would be swallowed in a great mine hole.

Hundreds of mine employes came swarming out of the openings of the National Mine and through cave holes on the surface. The men ran and talked excitedly about a cave-in of gigantic proportions in that part of the mine known as the Devil's Eyebrow.

The fear that the first inkling mine officials had that the situation underground was serious. W. W. Ingle, President of the company, was notified by telephone, and came to the mine, and tonight is directing a gang of 100 men engaged in digging through tons of debris in an effort to reach the entombed men. While officials of the company held to the belief that the four men are still alive, experienced miners men state that there is little chance of this.

The four men to be caught in the mine are Edgar Hughes, section foreman; Albert Reese, an electrician and well-known athlete; Michael Kelly and John Barrett, miners. Three men were taken out of the mine injured and sent to hospitals. They were Anthony Fellotti, James Dougherty and John Kearney. The latter managed to escape by running 2,000 feet to an opening. The men are not seriously hurt.

Patrick Walsh, a foreigner were thought missing for a time, but were later found in their homes. Walsh said that he and his laborer had been struck by pieces of falling rock and took end to escape

AUTO SHOW CROWDS GROWING LARGER

Dealers Enthusiastic Over Success of the Exhibition, Indicating Good Selling Prospects.

HUPMOBILE CUTS PRICES

Reduction of $215 on the Sedan and $265 on the Coupe—Features of Other Cars.

An unusual feature of the automobile show this year in the Grand Central Palace is that as it draws to the close the attendance has materially increased. On Thursday night the crowd at the Lexington Avenue entrance was so great that on three occasions the management ordered the doors closed for several minutes. The throng on the main floor yesterday afternoon was so large that it was almost impossible to get near the more popular models to inspect their new features. The show will close tonight, and from the exhibitors' standpoint, the 1922 national exhibition has been one of the most successful as indicative of a splendid Spring selling season that has ever been held.

Price reductions were announced on the Hupmobile closed models. "A cut of $315 has been made on the sedan, bringing the price to $1,935, and the coupe has been reduced by $265, the new price being $1,835.

One of the new cars shown this year for the first time, and which has attracted considerable interest from its frictional drive system, is the Kelsey. Starting production a few weeks ago at Newark, several cars have been delivered, and are in this part of the country. The standard gear transmission has been entirely eliminated, and a friction disk and friction wheel provides all necessary speed variations.

With the announcement during the week that the Standard eight-cylinder model had been reduced from $3,400 to $2,500, came the news that the Standard Motor Car Company has been organized, with Don C. McCord as its head. The new company is a subsidiary of the Standard Steel Car Corporation of Pittsburgh, where the car is made.

The new Maxwell coupe and sedan have windshields hinged at the top and bottom, allowing almost any combination for ventilation and preventing leakage when closed during heavy rains.

Touring car and a snappy roadster are also exhibited.

Heading the Auburn exhibit is a new four-passenger sport car. A feature is the arrangement of the windshield wings built integral with the windshield. The equipment includes dirtsel wheels, five cord tires, nickel plated radiator barrel and front and rear bumpers.

The generator in the new Willys-Knight models begins charging when the car attains a speed of seven and a half miles an hour. The generator is a compact unit. A special ignition coil giving a hot spot on starting and at low speed is also provided.

The five standard Cadillac models exhibited are supplemented by twenty examples of standard and custom designs displayed at the Cadillac Broadway show rooms.

The feature of the Reo exhibit has been the new seven-passenger touring model, with its roomy body, metal framed curtains and folding auxiliary seats.

The new Saxon models are displayed in a smart touring car finished in maroon and a roomy sedan with a deep green body. Mechanical changes for the 1922 models have added to the easy riding qualities of the car.

LEAVES $3,000,000 ESTATE TO CHARITY

Mrs. Calista S. Mayhew, 98, Aids Negro Schools and Remembers 30 Messengers of Love.

Many institutions and friends were remembered in the will of Mrs. Calista S. Mayhew, widow of former Village President Francis Le Baron Mayhew of South Orange. Mrs. Mayhew died on Dec. 19 at the age of ninety-eight and her will was probated yesterday before Surrogate Isberwood in Newark.

The estimated value of the estate is $3,000,000. To thirty friends, whom she appointed as messengers of love in works of charity, Mrs. Mayhew left $100 each. Other bequests include $2,000 to the Memorial Hospital, Orange; $5,000 to Village President Hunt, South Orange, to be used on lectures to preserve bird life in the South Orange schools; $500 to the good Will Home Association, East Fairfield, Me.; to Alfred S. Kinsey, former school trustee of the village, $1,000, of which $1,000 is to be used to carry on negro settlement work in South Orange.

The residue of the estate is to be divided as follows: Two-sevenths to Snow Hill Normal School, Snow Hill, Ala., in addition to $5,000; two-sevenths to the Good Will Home, East Fairfield; one-seventh to Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, Hampton, Va.; one-seventh to Tuskegee Institute and Training School for Nurses, Tuskegee, Ala., in addition to $5,000; one-seventh to Atlanta University, Atlanta, Ga., in addition to $5,000; Bowdoin College is to receive $4,000 for the establishment of a Francis Le Baron scholarship, and the Congregational Church, Mattapoisett, Mass., will receive $3,000 in memory of Mrs. Mayhew's mother, Lizzie Mary Low; The New York Tribune Fresh Air Fund, $1,000, and the Children's Aid Society of New York, $3,000.

The executors are George B. Nash, Rutherford, to whom she left $2,000 and personal effects, and Albert Kronmuller of Brooklyn, who receives $1,000.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—In the Federal Supreme Court today F. S. Klein and C. A. Allenkrutz of New York City were admitted to practice. These proceedings were had: No.—L. R. E. Keeler, appt., v. W. H. Owens, as Dist. Atty., &c., et al.—Dismissed with costs on motion of counsel for appt. No.—People of Laguna, appt., v. J. Candelaria et al.—Argument continued.

No.—G. M. Reed, admr., &c., petr., v. Director Gen. of Rrs., &c.—Argument commenced.

No.—, appt., v. L. C. Cook, exr., et al., &c.—Argument commenced.

No. 85—Kansas City Motion Picture Machine Operators, &c., et al., plffs., v. J. E. Hughes et al., &c.—Argued for defts. and submitted for plffs.

No.—E. Johnson, plff., v. State of S. C.—Dismissed with costs.

No. 87—V. Gooch, admr., petr., v. Oregon Short Line Rr. Co.—Argument commenced for petr.

Adjourned until Monday.

Call for Jan. 16: Nos. 90, 91, 92, 20, 119, 236, 237, 239 (and 610), 240 and 24.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Weather forecasts:

Illinois—Unsettled north, fair south Saturday, rising temperature Sunday probably rain.

Missouri—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; rising temperature Saturday.

Wisconsin—Unsettled, warmer Saturday, probably light snow; Sunday fair.

Minnesota—Unsettled Saturday, warmer east; Sunday fair.

Iowa—Fair west, unsettled east, Saturday, rising temperature; Sunday fair.

North Dakota—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Montana and Wyoming—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature.

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia—Fair Saturday and Sunday, with rising temperature.

Florida—Fair Saturday and Sunday; slowly rising temperature.

Extreme Northwest Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair, somewhat warmer Saturday; Sunday fair.

Ohio—Cloudy Saturday; Sunday probably snow and warmer.

Indiana—Cloudy, warmer Saturday, possibly light snow in extreme north Sunday fair.

Lower Michigan—Local snows, warmer Saturday; Sunday snow.

Upper Michigan—Snow, somewhat warmer Saturday; Sunday snow.

West Texas—Saturday and Sunday fair, slowly rising temperature except in southwest.

East Texas—Saturday fair, somewhat warmer; Sunday fair.

KEEPS GOOD IN DRY GOODS.

Road Orders Smaller, but Mail Orders Larger Than Year Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was larger than during the corresponding period of last year.

"Orders from the salesmen on the road were somewhat less in volume than for the same week of 1921, owing to the fact that last year salesmen were booking much of our Spring business at this time, whereas this year a large percentage of the book for future delivery has already been placed.

"There were more customers in the market, and mail orders were received in larger amounts.

"Collections were not equal to the corresponding week of last year."

GLOVERS PAY DIVIDEND.

Co-operative Association, Formed by Workers, Vote 6 Per Cent. Return.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—The Co-operative Glove Association, which was formed fourteen months ago by employes of several glove factories following a strike of glove workers, announced at its first annual meeting tonight the payment of a 6 per cent. annual dividend. Officials of the association said the dividend would be paid despite the fact that the last year had been one of the hardest to weather in the history of the glove-making industry.

The association makes heavy work gloves, specializing in those for railroad men.

New Englanders May Lose Out.

Unless they do something to get back into the procession, according to buyers who have recently returned from the shoe districts of New England, the manufacturers in that section are going to lose a good deal of business. Whether they cannot, owing to prevailing conditions, get prices down to a point where they can compete on even terms with manufacturers in the Middle West, or whether they do not want to until they really have to is said to be pretty much of an open question. It is charged, however, that these makers, all things considered, are to be obtained in the Middle West and that the past prestige of the New England producers will not help them much if they do not make more effort to hold their business.

Chicago Photo-Engravers Settle.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—The strike of photo-engravers employed in commercial plants virtually was settled today at a conference between officials of the Photo-Engravers' Union and the Chicago Photo-Engravers' Association, union officials said tonight. The agreement is subject to ratification by the union. A forty-four-hour week and a $44 a week wage form the basis of the settlement, union officials said.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—4¾ to 5 per cent. for the best names.

Thursday—4¾ to 5 per cent. for the best names.

The quotations are for six months' paper.

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Plenty of Neckwear Novelties.

The business on staple women's neckwear has not been very active for some time, but manufacturers of novelty designs have little fault to find with the business they are getting. It is doubted if there was ever so wide a range of materials and patterns offered to customers as at the present time. Leather, caracul, astrakhan, homespun weaves and other unique materials are now to be found in sample collections. Guimpes, with and without sleeves, are promised a good run for Spring as a result of the vogue predicted for suites. Waistcoats are another item expected to be popular.

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Feature Number Lower.

Those who are trying to forecast the values to be established at the Fall opening of American Woolen Company are inclined to believe that some of the featured cloth numbers may be quoted lower. As a reason for this it is put forward that the company may desire to give the impression that other styles are proportionately reduced. Interest centres, of course, on the price of 3192, the Fulton serge, now priced at $2.42½. It is quite common to hear in the market that this number may be priced at $2.87½. But, against the opinion of lower prices, are set advanced wool values, the impending tariff legislation and the small likelihood of further reductions in mill wages.

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Gray Goods More Active.

There was a little more snap to trading in the local gray goods market yesterday, and in at least one instance prices recovered a bit. Fairly sizeable trading in 48½-inch 64-60 printcloths was reported for January-February delivery at 8½ cents. Similar shipments of 39-inch 68-72s were sold at 9¼ cents, with most firms asking 9¾ cents at the close. Trading in sheetings was light, about the most active business reported being in 37-inch 48-square, four-yard goods at 8¾ cents. The finer gray cloths and specialties continued featureless.

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Bonus Bill Interests Clothiers.

Passage of a national bonus bill, according to the wholesale clothiers, would be of decided advantage to their industry, as it is believed that the sums received by ex-service men would in large measure be expended for necessaries. The spurt in the clothing demand right after the war was attributed largely to the payment of the bonus at that time. Not only do the clothiers expect an immediate effect from the bonus, but they claim there would be a lasting and beneficial effect on business in general, since once men became more accustomed to buy they would keep it up.

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Ribbon Trade Improved.

The opinion long held by ribbon manufacturers that the retail stores were short of goods and operating on very light stocks has been confirmed, it is said, by the buyers who have now come into the market. In their purchases the storekeepers now inclined to order more freely, though there is still quite a bit of caution being used. Looking forward to future business, the ribbon houses believe that the demand will improve from now on. The recent advances in the silk goods market generally have had their effect on buying sentiment, which is less inclined to question values. Girdles to be worn with novelty cotton dresses are expected to provide an active trade.

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Burlap Shipments Reported Small.

Cables from Calcutta that have been received in this market place shipments of burlaps from that point to this country during December at 57,000,000 yards, of which all but 8,000,000 yards are headed toward Atlantic Coast ports. The total shipments for 1921 are placed by C. E. Rocktron, a local burlap and bag broker, at 645,654,000 yards, or a monthly average of 70,471,000, which is about equal to the country's normal pre-war consumption. The spot market for burlaps here is quiet, with holders asking 4.05 and 5 cents respectively, for 40-inch 8-ounce and 10½-ounce goods. Prices for January shipments from Calcutta are based on 4.05 cents, cost, insurance and freight, for lightweights and 5.05 cents for heavy goods.

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Manufacturing Switches Hurtful.

One of the disorganizing factors in the wholesale garment trade, according to an observer, is the tendency on the part of manufacturers to switch from one type of product to another. He pointed out that many factories are so constituted that they can change from making one style of apparel to another with very little difficulty. The guimpes produced by neckwear houses, he said, hurt the latter business, just as the jumper dress affected the trade in real dresses. "As long as we have manufacturers who do not stick to the production of certain garment types," he said, "but immediately take up the latest novelty, there will continue to be a good deal of demoralization."

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Hard Coal Movement Better.

Hard coal is moving a little better than in December, Seward's Journal will say today, but as much caution is made with a period when business was very slack it does not follow that the market is back to a state of normal activity. The demand, in fact, is far from brisk for everything except barley, the smallest steam size, which used to be one of the hardest sizes to dispose of. The bulk of the business in bituminous coal is going to those in a position to quote the lowest prices and this means those whose operations or sources of supply are in the non-union districts.

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Jewelry Trade Is Looking Up.

The feeling of optimism that became noticeable in the jewelry trade around Christmas time has not lost any of its force since the turn of the year. Business, though not as active as it could be, is gradually improving, and the recent rise in platinum has given added strength to the situation. There is also said to be some cause for optimism in the final checking up of goods sent out on memorandum over the holidays, a summary of which shows that a good-sized part of them stayed sold.

THE WEEK'S PRICE TREND.

Dairy Products Lower, While Some Vegetables Were Higher.

Although the changes shown in Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices this week were fairly numerous, the greater part of them was confined to one or two particular groups. This left the remainder of the list more settled than is usually the case at this time of the year. The excess of advances over declines was smaller than for the last several weeks, 42 of the 80 revisions being upward and 38 downward.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	5.00	5.00	3.00
Beans, mar., c., 100 lbs.	5.75	5.75	8.75
Butter, creamy, lb.	.35	.35	.53½
Butter, St. Dy., c. to f., lb.	.25	.27	.50
Cabbage, per bbl.	3.75	3.25	1.50
Cheese, w. fn., spl., lb.	.22	.22½	.25
Codfish, Gd. B., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	12.50
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	.12	.12	.09¾
Eggs, near-by, fan., doz.	.47	.55	.75
Onions, bag	5.75	5.25	1.25
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	5.75	5.75	4.00
Potatoes, bbl.	5.50	5.50	3.75
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.06¾	.06¾	.07
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.20	.19	.14
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.16
Bacon, 18/20 lbs.	.13½	.13½	.16
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	8.15	7.60	8.50
Hams, big, in tcs., lb.	.18¾	.18¾	.18¾
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	8.10	7.25	9.75
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	9.75	9.00	8.75
Barley, malting bush.	.63½	.62½	.96
Hay, No. 1, 100 lbs.	1.45	1.50	1.70
Rye, No. 2, bush.	.89¾	.91	1.87½
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.17	.17	.17
Copper, electro., lb.	.13¾	.13¾	.13¾
Spelter, lb.	.05¾	.05¾	.06¾
Brown, sheetings, yd.	.12	.12	.12½
Cloths, print, 64x60, yd.	.07	.07	.08½
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	.16½	.16½	.16
Hides, cows, hvy., lb.	.14½	.14½	.15
Leath., h'lock sole, lb.	.30	.29	.35
Leath., un. thks., cr., lb.	.44	.44	.50
Rubber, up-rivr., fine, lb.	.29	.28	.77
Plan. 1st latex, cr., lb.	.19¾	.20¾	.20
Silk, Ch., st. fl. 1st, lb.	8.50	8.50	6.10
Silk, Jap., f. l., bls., lb.	7.85	7.80	6.00
Wool, dom. av. 70 s c.	.43	.473	.398

The rises in the foodstuffs outnumbered the declines this week by nearly two to one. The only provision to rise in this market during the week was Middle Western lard. At Chicago, however, higher prices were quoted on live hogs and sheep and also on ancort ribs. There were no declines in either market. Excepting for a slight rise in the best cheese, the revisions in the dairy list are all downward this week. The best creamery butter was 2 cents a pound lower, and there was also a break of 2 cents in common to fair State dairy stock. Fancy near-by eggs broke 11 cents a dozen, and now stand 31 cents a dozen lower than at this time last year. The best fresh-gathered eggs broke 6 cents a dozen, with the current quotation on them less than half of last year's.

Excepting for advances in apricots and peaches, neither the fresh nor the dried fruits showed change one way or the other. Substantial increases, however, were shown in several of the leading vegetables. Cabbage, onions and turnips all moved up quite sharply. Several grades of rice declined. In the beverages there was a break in No. 7 Rio coffee and a rise in fair Formosa tea. The best raw sugar again was higher, but there was no further break in fine granulated. In the spices mace and black pepper were higher, while cloves declined. In the grains list rises in wheat, corn and malting barley were numerically offset by declines in oats, rye and hay. There were again no changes in the listed grades of leather, while in the hides the only fluctuation was a rise in No. 1 country steers.

Of the 24 changes in drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils, 12 were upward. There were four, if any, real features. A rise in resin and a drop in turpentine completed the week's revisions in the naval stores. The metals list contributed rises in lead and tin and declines in Bessemer pig iron and spelter. Several grades of domestic wools were again higher, but the advances were not so numerous as in recent weeks. Among the miscellaneous changes were advances in hemp, platinum and tallow. Japanese raw silk was higher, while plantation rubber, newsprint paper and No. 1 old paper pulp were lower.

The week in the textiles was not productive of a great deal of change. There was some easing off in the prices quoted on unfinished cotton goods, and burlaps also dropped a bit. Expected openings in Fall woolens did not take place.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Felsky Co.; C. B. Drake, J. Baruch, leather goods, silverware; Mrs. Dietz, gloves; Miss Miller, art needlework; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

AMARILLO, Texas—Regent Mode Shop, S. J. Braunig, women's ready-to-wear; 1,465 E. Wax, Pennsylvania.

AUSTIN, Texas—Max Sussman; Miss Mosley, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av. (J. J. Roeder).

BLOOMINGTON, Ill.—A. Livingston & Sons; S. Livingston, jobs silk petticoats, sweaters, dollar day mdse.; 3 W. 29th. (Natl. Purchasing Co.)

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Berry, jobs radium silk waists; Miss McGrady, handkerchiefs; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Butler's; A. Leitsky, representing; McAlpin.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—D. M. Read Co.; C. H. Hurlburt, china, glassware; 404 4th Av. (D. C. Alliance).

BUFFALO—Thos. S. Berger & Son; F. Batt, notions; Breslin.

BUTTE, Mont.—Symons D. G. Co.; S. Lipson, men's, boys' clothing; 141 5th Av., 5th floor.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Miller Bros. Co.; L. D. Dail, ready-to-wear; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

CHICAGO—Betty Gordon Co.; H. H. Gordon, women's dresses, fresh goods dresses; 3 W. 29th (Natl. Purchasing Co.).

CHICAGO—J. Schwartz Son & Co.; M. Schwartz, mfgrs. clothing; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—S. Englander & Co.; J. Brock, skirtings; McAlpin.

COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; M. H. Simmons, mdse. mgr.; Mrs. E. Simons, special in women's hosiery; Miss B. Winkler, waists, flannels; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

COLUMBUS—Moore Co.; W. C. Moore, carpets; Martinique.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; J. Davis, boys' clothing; S. K. Norfolk, men's clothing; 19 E. 24th.

DENVER, Col.—Daniels, Fisher Co.; Mrs. M. Wakefield, Miss J. McDonald, infants' wear, underwear; 35 W. 30th (P. A. Shank).

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; Mrs. B. Bowman, women's, misses' dresses, stouts' dresses, coats; G. Sufinsky, taffeta and canton crepe dresses; C. M. Howatt, sporting goods, auto accessories; 120 W. 32d (A. Pauli).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. Rowe, mgr. importing dept.; J. O. Rosenthal, jobs petticoats; pettibockers, kimonos, aprons, bassinet covers; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

EAGLE PASS, Texas—The Pair D'Ge Goods Co.; F. Kranvithor, general merchandise; Martinique.

EL PASO, Texas—J. Blaugrund & Bros.; A. Harris, sweaters, silk petticoats, jobs Fall coats; 3 W. 29th (Natl. Purchasing Co.).

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—John Stillman; J. Stillman, better Spring coats, capes for immediate delivery; 3 W. 29th (F. Levis).

GREENWOOD, Miss.—F. Goodman D. G. Co.; F. Goodman, A. Smith, coats, suits, dresses; 370 7th Av. (L. Landres & Co.).

HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Watts, Ritter & Co.; E. Halstead, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard, Room 209.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss M. Stephens, furs; Miss E. Griffin, women's dresses; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—J. Raph National Outfitting Co.; J. Raph, jobs coats, suits, fine dress skirts; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The Unity Co.; C. M. Blumberg, ready-to-wear; 48 W. 35th (W. M. Van Buren).

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Miss H. Coulson, muslin underwear, negligees, infants' wear, petticoats; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

MUSKOGEE, Okla.—Calhoun D. G. Co.; M. Rea, ready-to-wear, underwear; 1,130 E. Way (Baer & Lilienthal).

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Maison Blanche Co., Inc., Ltd.; L. J. Friedheim, girls' dresses, knit goods, waists, sweaters; 116 W. 32d (M. H. Gradwohl).

OMAHA, Neb.—Hayden Bros.; Mr. Jamieson, men's furnishings; M. Grey, women's children's hosiery; E. Crowe, dresses; 225 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

RACINE, Wis.—Avenue Ladies' Jobbing Co.; M. Nell, polo caps, high-class dresses, tweed coats, suits; 141 W. 33d.

ROME, Ga.—Fahy Store; D. Fahy, ready-to-wear; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Bon Marche; Mrs. Cohen; ready-to-wear; 300 W. 32d (J. A. Hersberg).

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Chas. P. Nathan & Sons; M. W. Nathan; general manager; E. N. Skeels, men's, women's, children's shoes; 109 W. 32d (J. A. Hersberg).

SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros., Inc.; J. R. Zion, waists; Miss C. Kane, infants' wear, tunnels underwear; 50 Union Square, Room 1402.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Seattle D. G. Co.; Miss Wiley, ready-to-wear; 440 4th Av.

SHREVEPORT, La.—J. Grover & Sons; S. Grover, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

SPOKANE, Wash.—Spokane D. G. Co.; A. J. Dodge, shoes; S. G. Nash, men's furnishings, hosiery, underwear (Wholesale); J. C. Eaton, jobs fancy goods (wholesale); C. R. Seagle, domestics, silks, dress goods, prints, gingham (wholesale); 440 4th Av.

SPOKANE, Wash.—The Palace Dept. Store; Miss McBride, dress goods, silks, domestic linens; 225 5th Av. (McGreevey, Werring & Howell).

WACO, Tex.—Sanger Bros.; A. Cohen, wholesale mdse. in 19 E. 24th.

WACO, Tex.—Sneman & Co.; Miss B. Sacks, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av. (J. J. Roeder.)

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla.—Sable Dept. Store; M. Roth, Milk, cotton waists, sport sweaters; Martinique.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A meeting of the Associated Retail Credit Men of New York City, Inc., will be held at the Aldine Club, 200 Fifth Avenue, at 7:30 P. M. on Tuesday next. The speaker will be Dr. Joseph French Johnson, Dean of New York University, who will address the meeting on "Business Conditions and Credits."

Michael Hollander of A. Hollander & Son, fur dyers, 129 West Thirtieth Street, has been elected a Director of the New York Auction Company, Inc., of this city.

Lee Hexter & Co., manufacturers of misses' coats and suits, have removed from 114 West Twenty-sixth Street to 10 West Twenty-ninth Street.

BUSINESS RECORDS

Failures of the Week.

BRADSTREET'S reports 717 failures in the United States for the week as compared with 500 for the previous week and 521, 128, 137, 238 for the corresponding weeks, 1921 to 1918. The New England States had 31 Middle, 128; Western, 146; Northwestern, 66; Southern, 238; Far Western, 53. Canada had 88 failures, against 60 for the preceding week. In the United States about 71.5 per cent. of the failures concerned failing had $5,000 capital or less, and 19.5 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

In Town.

LORD DRYDOCK CORPORATION—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Lord Drydock Corporation, operating a ship repair plant at Wechawken, N. J., with offices at 25 Broadway and 105 West Fortieth Street, by Rollins, Burdick & Hunter, Comdty. Inc., on a claim for $10,000; Arthur Young & Co., $3,040; H. A. Rogers, $2,943. The filing of the bankruptcy petition followed the appointment of Henry M. Waite as receiver in equity for the corporation, under a bond of $50,000, by Judge Mack in an action brought by the Cunard Terminal Corporation, which, with an unliquidated claim of $10,000,000 of deferred stock and 40,000 shares of common stock of no par value. The common has been entirely issued and about $3,000,000 of the preferred. The Lord Construction Company obtained a judgment for $11,079 against the debtor corporation last November, and the inquiry that followed an order for the examination of the officers of the company in supplementary proceedings and an inspection of the books is alleged to have resulted in the cancellation of contracts and prevented the corporation from securing new contracts.

CROATIAN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Croatian Printing and Publishing Company, Inc., of 209 East Thirty-third Street, by Samuel Friedman claiming $500; Schaefer Stereotype Company, $200; Otto C. Boehm, $60. Liabilities are, about $60,000 and assets about $55,000. Judge Mack appointed Lawrence Berenson receiver, under $10,000 bond.

JARDIN CO. INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Jardin Co., Inc., builder, of 507 Fifth Avenue, by Morris Lefkowitz, Inc., on a claim for $9,000; John J. Wise & Co., Inc., $3,000, and Engineering Iron Works, Inc., $11,953. It is stated the liabilities are about $200,000 and assets about $150,000.

TREMONT KNITTING MILLS—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Jacob Bregman and Meyer Keller, doing business as Tremont Knitting Mills, of 910 Courtland Avenue, by Dan's Yarn Co., Inc., for $500; Elizabeth M. Higgins, $55, and Hyman Landau, $550.

MEADOW SILK MILLS—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Samuel J. Meadow, doing business as Meadow Silk Mills, jobber in silks, at 329 Fourth Avenue, by J. H. Fithian & Co., claiming $1,000; Ralph A. Newmark, $1,000, and B. Erst, $1,000.

HALLMAN TEXTILE CO.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Irving Kallman, doing business at Kallman Textile Co., cotton goods, at 34 West Fifteenth Street, by Zelda Chefetz, for $500; George H. Baker, $500, and Philip F. Wickser, $75.

ELITE RESTAURANT—Tom Gar Kwan and Tom Fay Yee, who, with several other Chinamen, operated the Elite Restaurant, at 2,542 Broadway, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $7,027 and assets of $2,695, main item of which is stock, $2,400. The petitioners asked that subpoenas be issued against their business associates, who did not join in the petition. Judge Mack appointed Carol Weiss King receiver, under $1,250 bond.

HENRY A. POSNER, mechanical dentist, at 252 Wadsworth Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $2,925 and no assets. Principal creditors listed are Dr. S. Goldberg, $300, and S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., $675.

IRVING LOVEY, music store manager, of 2,300 Eighth Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $12,885 and assets of $4,086, main items of which are stock, $3,200, and fixtures, $1,810. Principal creditors listed are Franklin Phonograph Co., $1,747, and Emerson Records Sales Co., $1,317. Judge Mack appointed Irving Dorf receiver, under $2,000 bond.

ISAAC REDLO, of 1,420 Wilding Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $6,704 and assets of $1,780, main item of which is fixtures, $1,070. Judge Mack appointed Carol Weiss King receiver, under $1,000 bond.

HARRY PASS, salesman, of 633 First Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $8,070 and no assets. Principal creditors listed are Kerakin Brothers, $2,500; W. G. Wagner & Sons, $2,502; Mrs. Mary Demetropulos, $2,811. The members of the firm are Nicholas Demetropulos and Thomas Demetropulos. Judge Mack appointed Leonard B. Zeisler receiver, under $1,000 bond.

ROSE BLUMENTHAL.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rose Blumenthal, 888 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, by Henry S. Friedman for $500.

ANTHONY D. TADONIO, 194 Bay Twenty-second Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,358 and no assets.

JACOB LEIBOWITZ, 165 South Eighth Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $19,895 and assets of $50.

AARON M. SHAPIRO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Aaron M. Shapiro, 10,920 Jamaica Avenue, Queens, L. I., by H. Wasserstein for $600, Lee Wilinsky, $42, and Ideal Chair Co., $345.

Petitions in bankruptcy were filed against W. Copp Co., 206-214 Fourteenth Street, Long Island City, L. I., by Midland Fabrics Co., $805; Ford News Co., $700, and Charles E. Fischer Co., $100.

SUGAR PRODUCTS COMPANY—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Robert Szold receiver in equity for the Sugar Products Company of 29 Broadway, under $10,000 bond in an action filed by the Continental Sugar Company, which asserts a claim of $5,073. The liabilities of the corporation are said to exceed $5,000,000 and the assets are believed to be largely in excess of that figure, but owing to a shortage of liquid assets and a drop in the sugar market, the company is said to be unable to meet its maturing obligations. A judgment for $230,161, obtained against the corporation by a foreign creditor on Jan. 3, precipitated the receivership suit. The corporation is reported to be a subsidiary of the United State Foods Products Corporation.

KENNEBEC PAPER COMPANY—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Percival Wilds and Walter S. Wyman of Augusta, Me., receivers for the Kennebec Paper Company, pulp and paper manufacturers of Augusta, Me., with offices at 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, under $25,000 bond. The liabilities are said to be $500,000 and assets about $400,000. The company is said to have been operating since last July under the supervision of a committee of the larger creditors and an extension plan has been in contemplation.

CUSHNOC PAPER COMPANY—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Percival Wilds and Walter S. Wyman of Augusta, Me., receivers for the Cushnoc Paper Company, pulp and paper manufacturers of Augusta, Me., with offices at 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, under $25,000 bond. The liabilities are said to be $1,000,000 and assets about $500,000. The company is said to have been operating since last July under the supervision of a committee of the larger creditors.

HIGGINS & RODENBECK, INC.—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Jesse W. Ehrich and E. S. Finch receivers for Higgins & Rodenbeck, Inc., dealers in carbon black, at 431 First Avenue, under $3,000 bond.

HARRIET B. SCHANZER—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Carol Weiss King receiver for Harriet B. Schanzer, doing business as the Perfect Button and Trimming Company at 224 Fifth Avenue, under $500 bond.

TEXTILE TRIMMING WORKS, INC., of 220 West Twentieth Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $23,736 and assets of $7,700, the main items of which are: Accounts, $2,600; fixtures, $2,500; stock, $1,400 and cash, $900. Principal creditors listed are Ernest Monfort Company, $1,460; Mindlin Rosenman, $1,059; Sener & Wertheim, $1,700; Fisch Machine Company, $1,400, and J. Suffin, $5,607.

MORRIS LEFKOWITZ, Inc., of 1,792 Third Avenue, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $8,702 and assets of $1,000.

F. J. KELLY & BROTHER—The Trade of the 5th inst. stated the assets in the schedules in bankruptcy filed by this company at $1,200. Louis M. Krommel, attorney for the firm, calls attention to the fact that they bring the total up to about $14,000. The embarrassments of the firm, Mr. Krommel says, are due to its inability to collect on some open accounts specified in his communication for considerable amounts.

ARTISTIC HAT COMPANY, manufacturers of women's hats at 21 West Thirty-eighth Street, yesterday effected a composition with creditors on a basis of 32½ per cent.

BANKRUPTCY DISMISSALS—The following petitions in bankruptcy were dismissed yesterday by Judge Mack: Nassau Bag and Paper Company, Inc., 598 East 135th Street, upon a settlement of 55 per cent., and Jacob Osirow, manufacturer of children's shoes, of 55 Ridge Street, upon a settlement of 30 per cent.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 13.—Jacques Cohen, wood finisher, filed petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $16,840 and no assets.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Albert Henry Co., Inc.—City of N. Y. $277.02
American Saleshyd Mfg. Co.—Same. 277.02
Auto Section Leather Tire Co.—Same. 277.02
American Shore Repairing Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Blue Mountain Spring Water Corp.—Same. 277.02
Century Gas and Electric Fixture Co.—Same. 277.02
Cuba Construction and Export Co.—Same. 277.02
C. A. Harris & Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Continental Dry Goods Co., of N. Y.—Same. 277.02
Co-operative Mfg. Assn., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Convertible Novelty Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Continental Food Products Co.—Same. 277.02
Curtz Chemical Co.—Same. 277.02
Circulation Syndicate, Inc.—Same. 277.02
Colonial Mfg. Co.—Same. 277.02
College Brand Clothes Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Cambridge Books Corp.—Same. 277.02
Casalyo Chemical Co.—Same. 277.02
Calculator Sales and System Co.—Same. 277.02
Distributing and Importing Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
D. S. Co.—Same. 277.02
Dale-Morton Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Empire Aerial Navigation Co.—Same. 277.02
Gas Safety Electric Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
General War Feature Film Corp.—Same. 277.02
Eureka Packing Co. (Sales Dept.)—Same. 277.02
Hotaling News Vendor Corp.—Same. 277.02
Hiller Bros., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Hill Medicine Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
International Cleaning Houses Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
I. S. R. Van Lear Railway Equipment Co., Inc.—Same. 277.02
Justus Von Lobitz Malt Corp.—Same. 277.02
L. Neraut & Co.—Same. 277.02
Michael Brigante Co.—Same. 277.02
Monmet Industrial Co.—Same.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Adventist

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST TEMPLE, 135th St. and Lenox Av.
CAROLINE S. HAYNES, Pastor.
Today Sabbath School, 9:30; service, 11.
Sunday Night—"ROMANISM AND ITS ACCEPTED AND PRACTICED IN PROTESTANT CHURCHES. MARK THE SEPARATION COMPLETE."

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., BET. 6TH and 7TH AVS.
DR. JOHN MACNEILL STRACHAN, D. D., Pastor.
10:30—Sermon by the Symbolism of the Snow." 12:00—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes. 7:00—Christian Endeavor Society Meeting. 8:00—Sermon: "The World's Greatest Book." Did It Just Happen So?" A further reply to skeptical preachers. Chorus Choir of 60 Voices.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, E. 86, Cor. 86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"The Message of the Star." 8—"Man Without Excuse."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 to 8 West 46th St.,
Rev. Dr. WORLEY K. MINISTER.
Rev. EUGENE C. CARDER at 11.
Sunday School, 9:30; Women's Class at 10.
Men's Class, 9:30. Mr. Carder.
Young People's Service, 6 P. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"THE GOD WHO ANSWERETH BY FIRE; OR WHICH CHRIST SHOULD THE PREACHER PREACH AND THE CHRISTIAN FOLLOW—AN ETHICAL OR A SACRIFICIAL CHRIST?"
8 P. M.—"THE TRANSFIGURATION OF CHRIST. THIS WONDERFUL SCENE GIVES THE COMPLETE STORY OF OUR LORD'S SECOND COMING. MOSES WHO DIED, ELIJAH WHO NEVER DIED, TALK WITH HIM ON THE MOUNT. THEY ARE COMING BACK TO THIS WORLD, WILL DIE AND RISE AGAIN. THE TRANSFIGURATION TELLS US ABOUT THE DEAD AND THE LIVING AT THE COMING OF CHRIST."
Friday Night, January 20, 8 o'clock—" The 139th Psalm."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV. at 31ST ST.
GEORGE CALED MOOR, D. D., Minister.
Every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
A Series of Sunday Eve. Sermons on "THE NATIONS IN PROPHECY."
"What the Bible Says About the United States," Sunday, Jan. 15.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 6th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
CARL WALLACE PETTY, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—" LET US HAVE REALITY "
8 P. M.—" SHALL WE KNOW OUR FRIENDS IN HEAVEN? "

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.
REV. HAROLD DAVIDSON, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—" Truncated Pyramids."
8 P. M.—" The Young Dreamer."

Christian Science

THIRTEENTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Berkeley Irving School, 311 West 83d St. Church services: Sun., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.; Wed., 8 P. M. Reading Room, 906 Broadway, cor. Houston St. The Bible and all Christian Science literature may be read, borrowed or purchased at both places.

FIFTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, A Branch of the Mother Church, the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.—Services: Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Wednesday 8 P. M., in the new Church edifice, 9 East 45th St. Reading room, Platiron Bldg.

Christian Science (Independent)

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCH of N. Y. C. "PLAIN TALKS ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE." SUNDAY, 7 P. M. STUDIO 807, ARNEGIE HALL. INSTRUCTION IN METAPHYSICS. OFFICE, 339 WEST 72D ST.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y. 11 A. M.—Myrtle Theatre, Mr. HOLMES. 3 Av. We Solving This War Problem?" 8:15 P. M.—Forum, Park Av. and 34th St. R. W. HOGUE: "Religion and British Labor."
10 A. M.—Lyric Theatre, Mr. BROWN. "Psychoanalysis and Conscience."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH, BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
The Pastor, DR. JEFFERSON, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Midweek Service.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway at 76th Street.
Sixty-fifth Anniversary, 11 A. M.
REV. HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D.
REV. CHARLES H. PARKHURST, D. D.
REV. EDWARD HENRY EMETT.
Communion.

Disciples of Christ (Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 148 West 81st. Dr. Finis S. Idleman, Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.
Vespers, 7:00 P. M.

Divine Science

REV. W. JOHN MURRAY of the
CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST, Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Sunday, 11 A. M.
" THE EFFECTIVE REMEDY."
Sunday School for Children at 11 o'clock.
Wednesday Evening Meeting at 8 o'clock.
DAILY HEALING MEETING at 12 o'clock.
WALDORF-ASTORIA.
The public is cordially invited to all meetings.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
Founded 1876.
Meeting House, Central Park West at 64th St.
Sunday Morning, Promptly at 11 o'clock.
SPEAKER: DR. FELIX ADLER.
Subject: " A STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES APPLICABLE TO THE LABOR MOVEMENT."
SUNDAY EVENING, 8 P. M.
SPEAKER: ALFRED W. MARTIN.
Subject: " THE BRAHMIC SOMAJ AND THE RELIGION OF TAGORE."
The Public is Invited.

Interdenominational

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock.
Preacher, the Rev. Professor JAMES EVERETT FRAME, D. D., of the Union Theological Seminary.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, Broadway and 104th St.
Rev. Wm. Allan, 11 and 7:45, evening subject, "The Far-Reaching Results of a Jewish Labor Dispute." Jews specially invited.

Jewish

BETH-EL TEMPLE, 215th Av., at 76th St.
Sunday Morning at 11.
Rev. Dr. SAMUEL SCHULMAN
" CHRISTENDOM'S JEWISH HERITAGE "
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Rosslow on "The Spiritual Worth of the Modern Kaddish."
Sunday, 11:15 A. M.—Dr. Silverman, on "The Great Issue: Parenthood or Race Suicide?"
Friday Evening Service, 5:30 o'clock.
Daily Noon-day Service, 12:30 o'clock.
All are welcome.

FREE SYNAGOGUE, Carnegie Hall, 57th St. and Seventh Ave.
Sunday Morning at 10:45.
DR. WISE.
" AMERICA'S AND THE WORLD'S DEBT TO WOODROW WILSON "—A WILSON FOUNDATION ADDRESS.
All Are Welcome.

SOCIETY OF AFFILIED JUDAISM (The Religion of Health and Happiness.)
Rabbi MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, Leader.
Services and Lecture Sunday Morning, 10:45, at 115 West 72d St.
Speaker: Rabbi Beckelman (Green Haven).
Subject: " In the Image of God."
You need us, we want you. COME!

Jewish

TEMPLE ISRAEL, 96th St. and Central Park West (R. W. cor.)
Tel. 4000 Riverside.
RABBI HARRIS.
" AND HE LIVED."
Friday Evening, Jan. 20, 8:15.
" THE STORY OF 1921."

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Avenue at 55th Street.
Saturday, 10:30—Dr. Kraus preaches.
Sunday, 11 P.—" JEWS WHO ARE—AND JEWS WHO THINK THEY ARE NOT JEWS."

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St.
The Rev. A. STEIMLE, D. D., Pastor.
11—" Peculiar." 8—" Texts." D. D. 8—Missionary night. M. Asaji (Japan); A. Taiga, India.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, 65th St.—Central Park West.
The Rev. PAUL SCHERER, Pastor.
11—" From the Background." Evening, 8.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., at 75d. Dr. Remsenyder, 11 A. M.

Annual Meeting, Inner Mission Society.
ST. PETER'S, Lexington Ave. and 54th, Monday, Jan. 16, 8 P.M., Rev. A. G. von Boase, speaker.

Methodist Episcopal.

CHELSEA, 178th, W. of Broadway. CHRISTIAN F. REISNER, D. D. 11, "Modern Women." 8, "Happiness." Hearon Concert Co.

GRACE, WEST 104TH ST., FREDERICK BROWN HARRIS, MINISTER.
11 A. M.—Dr. M. P. Burns.
7:45 P. M.—Gospel Chorr Service, Col. Mites and Dr. Harris Salvation Army Band and Chorus.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60th St.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph.D.
Rev. LELAND F. CARY, M. A., Ministers.
11—Dr. SOCKMAN: " Outwitting Our Sins."
8—" Mirrors of New York" Series.
" A Certain Lawyer."

PARK AV. METHODIST EPISCOPAL.
Park Av. and 86th St.
SAMUEL D. GILLESPIE, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—" The Hidden Word."
8 P. M. " The Christian Challenge."
George Wilton Ballard will sing.
Gypsy Smith coming Feb. 5.

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., near Columbus Av.
J. LEWIS HARTCOCK, Minister.
11 A. M.—" The Bible: The Interpretation of Jesus." 8 P. M.—" Near East." Dr. Mack.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, Madison Av. and 126th St.
DR. GEORGE U. NUCKOLLS, Minister.
11 A. M. " Methodism's Message."
8 P. M., " The Far Look."

ST. PAUL'S, 58th St. and West End Av.
DR. RAYMOND H. STOCKBRIDGE, Minister.
11 A. M.—" Everybody a Preacher."
8 P. M.—" Priming the Pump."
10:15 A. M.—Men's Forum.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 4th St., W. of Sq.
Dr. Stone, 11; Mme. DeMoss, soloist.
Community Chorus, 7:45. J. L. Turner, Dir.

New Church

EVELYN SOCIETY of the NEW CHURCH, Monroe Place, corner Clark St.
Take Interborough Subway to Clark St.
Service at 11 A. M.
Rev. CLYDE W. BROOMELL will preach.

NEW CHURCH (Swedenborgian), 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Bible Classes, 10:15 A. M. Service, 11.
Rev. CHARNEY GILES HUSSELL
Will Preach, Subject:
" QUIET LIGHTS."

New Thought

SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS.
MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND
T. Troward's Only Personal Pupil.
SELWYN THEATRE,
(229 St., west of Broadway).
LECTURES EVERY SUNDAY 4:15 P. M.
Tomorrow's subject:
" HOW TO COME IN CONSCIOUS TOUCH WITH SUBCONSCIOUS MIND."
The subconscious mind is the builder of the body. Your subconscious mind is your creative power.
A copy of a letter written by Judge Troward, in which he explains how to study, will be given to each person attending the lecture.
DAILY FREE LECTURES
at: 11 A. M., except Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays, at: 126 West 72d St.

Church of the Divine Love Universal.
The True Religion of Jesus the Christ.
CARRIE BARBOUR CALYON
Leader and Founder.
Services at the League for the Larger Life, 222 West 72d St., New York City.
Sun., 4 P. M.—" God, the Creator of Eternal Beauty." Wed., 8 P. M., Discussions and Experiences; healing meetings. Sat., 5 to 6 P. M., at 116 W. 72d St.; free to all; spiritual healing, healing of grief, sin, sickness and business problems. By appointment: Columbus 5611.

UNITY SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY. FISK BUILDING, S. W. Cor. 57th St. and B'way, Room 518.
RICHARD LYNCH, Speaker.
SUNDAY, 3 P. M.
" SECRET OF LIFE AND HEALTH."
Richard Lynch also speaks Tuesday, 3:30 P. M., and Wednesday, 8 P. M.
Classes: Weekdays at 2:30 and 8 P. M., Excepting Monday Evenings.
Daily Prosperity Meeting 12:15 P. M.
Library open from 10 A. M. daily.
Public Cordially invited.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE, 222 WEST 72D ST.
Rev. and Mrs. Messmer
Sun. 11:15, Mrs. Messmer
8:15, " Creating Yourself." Mrs. Marr E. T. Chapin.
Tues., 3, " True Success." Julia M. Cooke.
Tues., 8:15, " The Art of Greatness and What It Leads To." Elisabeth Towne.
Wed., 8, Healing. Mrs. Henrietta B. Cooke.
Fri., 3, League Bible Class.
Mrs. Agnes W. Lawson—Offering.
Fri., 8:15, " The Spiritual Birthday," Eleanor Mel of Boston.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE, Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M., Brooklyn Masonic Temple, corner Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y. Subject, Jan. 15, 1922, " Creating, Not Competing, Wins Success."
Congregational Singing. All Welcome.

MRS. MARY CHAPIN, Services every Sunday, 11 A. M. COMMODORE BALLROOM, 212 WEST 59TH ST.
" MYSTERION " (by Request).
" The Master Consciousness."
Inspiration, Suggestion and Success.
All Welcome.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE, SATURDAY, 11 A. M., Jan. 14.
" Your Name and What It Tells."
(Free) Noonday Healing.
HOTEL MAJESTIC,
72d St. and Central Park West.

ANNA C. NOLLE, HOTEL ASTOR, SUNDAY, 11 A. M.
" VIBRATION AND SUGGESTION."

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH, 5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers: { William Pierson Merrill. Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
Dr. MERRILL will preach at 11 and 4.
Subject, 4 P. M.—" The Call for Prophets—Hosea."
Bible School at 9:40.
General Discussion Bible Class at 10:00, Charles Thaddeus Terry, Leader.
FRIDAY NOON HOUR OF MUSIC at 12:30
Organ Recital by Clarence Dickinson of Hayden music, assisted by Donna Easter, soprano, and Arthur Wilde, 'cellist.
NOONDAY SERVICE every weekday at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 114th St.
Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street.
Rev. DWIGHT W. WILIE D. D., LL. D., Pastor.
9:45 A. M. SUNDAY SCHOOL.
11 A. M., 4:30 P. M., Preaching by the Pastor.
Full Choir of 12 voices and 4 Instruments.
Wednesday at 8 P. M. Devotional Meeting.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St.
Ministers: { Rev. JOHN PALEMAN, D. D. Rev. JAMES PALEMAN, Ph. D.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Dr. Peleman will preach at both services.
Sunday School at 9:30. Men's Class at 10.
At 4, Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert.
Tues. 8:30 P. M. in the Chapel, lecture-quartery lecture to " Three Great Victorians."
Dr. Peleman's Class, 8:45 P. M., Midweek Service, Dr. Peleman.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 8th Av. and 11th St.
Ministers: { Rev. Harry E. Fosdick, D. D. Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers, D. D.
9:45 A. M. Church School and Evening School. 11 A. M. Mr. Fosdick.
8 P. M., Mr. Speers.
Mid-Week Service, Wednesday, at 8 P. M.

Presbyterian

FORT WASHINGTON, Broadway at 174th St.
Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor.
Preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesday, Jan. 18, at 8 P. M., under the Near East Committee, the Motion Picture, " ALICE IN HUNGERLAND," Lady Anne Axenphan will deliver her thrilling address.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Avenue and 81st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. W. W. White preaches morning and evening.

HARLEM-NEW YORK CHURCH, Mt. Morris Park West and 120th St.
Dr. FREDERICK W. EVANS, 11, " Lucifer: The Tepid Church." 8, " Wanted: A Present for God."

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner 73d St.
Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Dr. Coffin.
4:30 P. M. Rev. Geo. Stewart, Ph.D.
8 P. M.—Dr. Coffin.
ALL SEATS FREE.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Park Av. and 86th St.
Tertius van Dyke, Pastor, 11 and 8.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS, 130th St., near 5th Av. Services 11 and 8.
Rev. GEORGE J. RUSSELL, Minister.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d Street.
Rev. Daniel Russell, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
8 P. M.—" 111, Character Is It Easy to Get?" Male Quartette.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, AMSTERDAM AV., CORNER 105TH ST.
DR. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN preaches.
11—" WHAT IS SPIRIT?"
8—Hon. Henry Morgenthau, ex-Ambassador.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. and 90th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Evans will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Evening Subject: " SELF-PROTECTION."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 112th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Dean Hewat. C. Robbins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Bishop Herbert Shipman.
Daily Services—7:30 A. M., 5 P. M.
(Choral, except Monday and Saturday).

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, WEST END AV. AND 81ST STREET.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion, 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer & Sermon (Rector), 11 A. M.
Evensong (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas), 4 P. M.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector
11—" Those Education Help Morality?" (Dr. Grant).
4—Cesar Franck's Oratorio, " The Beatitudes."
8—Forum, Mr. Arthur Nash.
" Business and the Golden Rule."

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE, On 90th St., bet. Madison and Park Avs.
REV. GEO. R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., Rector.
Services 9-10-11 (Rector) and 4 P. M.
POPULAR CHORAL VESPERS.
Gaul's " Sun of My Soul," Schubert's " The Lord My Shepherd," Gottlieb's Quartet " Hymnus," Violin, 'Cello, Harp, Organ. Familiar Hymns.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, D.D., Rector.
8 and 10:15—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
8 P. M.—Evening Service.
Preacher—The Rector.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and Tenth Street.
DR. SLATTERY, Rector.
Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M.
Service and Sermon (The Rector)..11 A. M.
Later Evensong (Dr. Lubeck) ..... 3 P. M.
Daily Noonday Service at 12:20.

HOLY APOSTLES, 28th St. and 9th Av.
REV. Dr. A. C. ZEBLETTE, Rector.
8, 11 A. M., Candlemas. Address 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, Fifth Avenue, Above 45th St.
Services: 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
11 A. M.—DR. STUART L. TYSON.
8 P. M.—Rev. CHARLES K. GILBERT.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Av. and 20th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Service, Rev. Dr. Lubeck.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Service, Rev. R. Lewis Jones.
8:15 P. M., Monday, Organ Recital.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St.
The Rev. H. P. SILVER, S. T. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Morning Prayer. Sermon by Rev. G. F. TAYLOR, Vicar of the Chapel of the Incarnation.
4 P. M.—Choral Evensong, with Address. Noonday Service daily, except Saturday, 12:30 to 12:50, with brief address.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION, 240 East 51st St.
Rev. GEORGE FARRAND TAYLOR, Vicar.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Morning Prayer. Sermon by Rev. NEVIN SAYRE.
8 P. M.—Evensong. Sermon by Rev. ROY S. RAWSON.

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION, 74th St., East of Park Av.
Rev. E. RUSSELL BOURNE, Rector.
Services—8, 11 and 4.
AT 11 A. M., BISHOP MANNING.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, 127th Street and 12th Avenue.
Services 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Special music, harp, 'cello, violin.
Preacher, the Rector,
REV. A. E. RIBOURG, D. D.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Park Av. and 51st St.
Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Dr. Leighton Parks will preach.
2 P. M.—Sunday School.
4:30 P. M.—Evensong and Address.
Anthem, " The Spiritual Laudagus," Dvorak.
Preacher: Very Rev. Arthur Dumper.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Stuyvesant Square, 16th St. East of 3d Av.
Rev. Dr. KARL REILAND, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Prayer. Sermon (Rector).
4 P. M.—Vespers. Service one hour.
Address by Dr. REILAND.
Special Music—Congregational singing led by the combined choirs of St. George's.
Soloists: Miss Mozelle Bennett, Violinist. Miss Myra Armstrong, Contralto.
Mr. Percival R. Moore, Reader.
8 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Address.

ST. IGNATIUS, West End Av. and 87th St.
Rev. WILLIAM PITT McCUNIS, Rector.
Masses, 7, 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction, 4.

ST. JAMES CHURCH, Madison Av. and 71st St.
Frank Warfield Crowder, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M. (Rector); 4:30 P. M., to 11 (Rev. Charles L. Pardee, D. D.)

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WILLIAM T. WALSH, Rector.
8, 11 A. M., 8 P. M., Rector preaches.
Healing Service Thursdays, 10:30 A. M.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 133 West 46th Street.
Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.
Low Masses 7:30, 8:15. Children's Mass 9.
High Mass and Sermon (Rector), 10:45.
Vespers and Sermon (Dr. Delany), 4.

Truth-seekers and lovers-of-beauty welcome at **ST. MARY'S IN-THE-BOWERIE.**
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Sunday Services 6, 11, 4, 8.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St. (Amsterdam Av. and 125th St.)—8, 9:30, 11 and 8 P. M.
Rev. CHARLES S. ACKLEY, Rector.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 25 West 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR M. RUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL (Trinity Parish), Broadway, Fulton and Vesey Sts.
Rev. JOSEPH P. McCOMAS, D. D., Vicar.
8, 10:30, 11 A. M. (sermon), 3 (address).

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th St., Near B'way.
DR. SEAGLE, Rector. Services 8-11, 4-8.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5TH AV. AND 53D ST.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector).
4—Evensong and Address (Rector).
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th St. Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector.
COMMUNIONS: 7 8, and 9 A. M.
10:30, CALKINS' MASS and SERMON.
Preacher: Rev. FRANK SIMMONDS.
4 o'clock—CHORAL EVENSONG, GOUNOD'S " NAZARETH."
8 P. M.—COMPLINE and SERMON.

TRINITY CHURCH, Rev. CALEB R. STETSON, Rector.
7:30 and 9—Holy Communion.
10:30—Morning Prayer.
11:00—Holy Communion and Sermon.
3:00—Evensong and Sermon.
SEATS FREE.

Protestant Episcopal

TRINITY CHAPEL, West 25th St., near Broadway.
8:00—The Holy Communion.
11:00—The Litany and the Holy Communion.
4:00—Evening Prayer and Address. Anniversary Service of the Girls' Friendly Society.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, West 57th St., 7 P. M. C. A. Auditorium.
318 West 57th St.
Rev. FRED'K BURGESS, Jr., D. D., Rector.
8, 11 (Rector) & 8 (Rev. C. W. Manser).

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH.
Second Avenue and Seventh Street.
Rev. Edgar Franklin Romig, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
11 A.M. Subject: " Stone Walls are Religion."

THE MARBLE CHURCH.
Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street.
Rev. David James Burrell, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.: Dr. Burrell will preach. Subject: " Out in the Cold."
7:30 P. M. Organ Recital.
8 P. M., Dr. Daniel A. Poling will preach. Subject: " The Patience of the Strong."

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS.
Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street.
Malcolm James MacLeod, Minister.
11 A. M., President Demarest, of Rutgers College.
8 P. M., Dr. MacLeod.
Subject: " Circumspection;" a sermon to young men.

THE WEST END CHURCH.
West End Ave. and Seventy-seventh Street.
Rev. Henry Everton Cobb, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
4:30 P. M. Special Music. Selections from Stainer's Cantata, " The Daughter of Jairus."
7:30 P. M., Young People's Society.

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH, Fort Washington Ave. and 161st St.
All Seats Free.
Rev. Irving E. Palmer, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Hamilton Grange, Convent Av. and 149th St.
ARTHUR FREDERICK MASON, Minister, PREACHES AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Avenue and 122d Street.
Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr. D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS,—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan, and Washington and Lafayette Aves., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH, 105 East 39th St. Sunday, 8 P. M. SPEAKER, MRS. M. E. WILLIAMS. Messages by Various Mediums. All welcome.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, Hotel Astor, 3 P. M. Helen Tumple Brigham, inspirational speaker. Audience gives subject for lecture.

Theosophy

AT 2,328 BROADWAY.
N. Y. LODGE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, Sunday, Jan. 15, 8:30 P. M. Lecture by PROFESSOR ERNEST WOOD.
Fellow English Theosophical Society
" WHAT THEOSOPHY IS."
Free Study Classes and Lending Library.
Public Cordially Invited.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY (Independent), 248 W. 57th. Public lecture Sun. Eve., 8:15. " What the Seness Are." S. B. Gattell.

Unitarian

ALL SOULS' CHURCH.
Fourth Avenue, at 20th Street.
Dr. WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister.
11 A. M. Service. " WHAT DISTINGUISHES A HIGHER RELIGION FROM A LOWER? " will be DR. SULLIVAN'S subject. VISITORS CORDIALLY INVITED.

WEST SIDE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Rev. Charles Francis Potter, Minister. Hubert A. Wright, Sup't School. Frank H. Adams, Organist. Grace Leslie, Soloist.
Earl Hall, B'way at 117th St., 11 A. M. " THE PROBLEM OF PRAYER."
Modern School of Religion. 11 A. M. New " West Side Meeting House " now in construction at 244-252 Cathedral Park way, near B'way, to open Easter, 1922.

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y. (See Heading, " Community Church.")

Universalist

CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th St.
JOSEPH FORT NEWTON, D. Litt., D. D., MINISTER,
will preach Sunday morning, 11 o'clock. " THE UNREASONABLENESS OF JESUS."
Children's Church Service, 11 A. M., Parish House, Quartet. Visitors Welcome.

Y. M. C. A.

" THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S INFLUENCE After Three Years Without Him."
MRS. CORINNE ROOSEVELT ROBINSON.
George Wilton Ballard will sing.
Mr. Wm. Kingsley will preside.
Ladies cordially invited.
West Side Y. M. C. A., 4 P. M. 318 W. 57th.

Other Services

TOWN HALL, 123 West 43d St.
Sunday Morning at 11 o'clock.
Jan. 15, 1922,
DR. CHARLES ZUEBLIN,
on
" LIVE ISSUES."
Series on Internationalism.
AUSPICES OF THE THEOSOPHICAL ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK.
Admission Free.

LITERARY VESPERS conducted by
EDGAR WHITE BURRILL,
Town Hall, 43d St., Sunday, 8:30 P. M.
Subject: " The Ideal of Empire."
Music: Milan Lusk, Violinist; Maurice Eisner, Pianist.
Admission is free.

CHINATOWN.
The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 6-7 Doyers St. Wild Awake Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Supt.

LECTURES AT HOTEL ANSONIA BY A. A. LINDSAY, M. D., Psychologist. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, 8:15 P. M.

BROOKLYN.

Congregational.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Hancock St., between Bedford and Franklin Avs. (Take Fulton St. L or surface to Franklin Av.)
Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., Preaches at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS.
ARTHUR GUNNER, Acting Pastor.
Corner Henry and Remsen Sts., Brooklyn.
SUNDAY, JAN. 15.
REV. CHARLES S. MILLS, D. D., Will preach at 11 A. M.
Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.
Midweek service, conducted by Mr. Reuner in the lecture room, Wednesday evenings at 8 P. M.
The church cordially welcomes friends and strangers to all services.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange St.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M.—" Life's Editorial Appeal to the American People to Consider Whether a Return to the Spirit of Christ Would Not End Our National Peril."
7:45 P. M.—" Lionel Strachey's ' Life of Queen Victoria and Her Sixty Wonderful Years.' " Sermons by Dr. Hillis.

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner South Oxford Street.
Dr. CHARLES CUTHBERTSON will preach at 11 and 7:45.
Morning—Holy Communion.
Evening—Special Music from the compositions of Saint-Saens.

Y. M. C. A.

BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A. Men's Conference Sunday 3:15.
1,121 Bedford Av. Men and Boys Free.
DR. S. PARKES CADMAN
" Science's Science—Christ's Religion."

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Pressure remains high over the Gulf States and generally west of the Rocky Mountains and low along the northern border, with a disturbance of moderate intensity over Lake Huron and one of decided intensity over Saskatchewan. The latter disturbance is moving east-southeastward toward the Great Lakes.

Temperatures remain considerably below the normal in the Mississippi Valley and all sections east thereof and over the western plateau. Temperatures are above the normal on the east slope of the Rocky Mountains and in the Western Canadian provinces. There were frosts and freezing temperatures this morning in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Stations.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Rain-fall.	Zero.	Weather.
Abilene	60	26	30.26		Clear
Albany	22	12	30.08		Cloudy
Atlantic City	28	18	30.08		Clear
Baltimore	30	12	30.04		Cloudy
Bismarck	40	8	29.82		Clear
Boston	28	16	30.14		Clear
Buffalo	26	16	30.18		Pt. Cl'dy
Cincinnati	30	18	30.12	.02	Snow
Charleston	48	30	30.20		Clear
Chicago	20	14	30.06		Cloudy
Cleveland	24	16	30.16	.01	Snow
Denver	52	18	30.02		Clear
Detroit	24	16	29.94		Pt. Cl'dy
Galveston	58	42	30.26		Clear
Helena	40	22	30.40		Clear
Jacksonville	54	34	30.24		Pt. Cl'dy
Kansas City	36	24	30.06		Clear
Los Angeles	78	50	30.04		Clear
Milwaukee	18	12	30.32		Clear
New Orleans	60	36	30.20		Clear
Oklahoma	50	28	30.18		Clear
Philadelphia	32	18	30.08		Clear
Pittsburgh	28	16	30.00		Clear
Portland, Me.	26	14	30.14		Clear
Portland, Ore.	40	30	30.32		Pt. Cl'dy
Salt Lake City	50	14	30.50		Clear
San Antonio	62	38	30.30		Clear
San Diego	70	52	30.06		Clear
San Francisco	58	44	30.20		Pt. Cl'dy
Seattle	56	50	30.10		Foggy

Republic of Costa Rica

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Advance in Bond Prices, Stocks Firm, Recovery in Exchange.

Perhaps none of the markets was watched with greater interest yesterday than foreign exchange; because in that market's action, if anywhere, there should logically have been expression of financial judgment on the French political situation and its meaning. The recent rapid advance in exchange rates on London and Paris was declared to have been based upon what was expected from the conference at Cannes; therefore the sudden turn of affairs in the French Ministry would seem to have warranted some positive movement of the market. Since the political correspondents have drawn extremely gloomy conclusions as to the bearing of Briand's withdrawal on the economic negotiations, the disposition was to look for a further decline in exchange. It did not occur, however; even the rate on Paris, though variable in action during the day, opened and closed at a substantial recovery from Thursday's low and closing rate, while sterling got back for a time to Thursday's best price, the highest except for the day when it crossed $4.24.

It would be premature to accept this steadiness as a sign that the financial community regards the Paris occurrence without concern. At the same time the calmness of the market, after Thursday's temporary burst of misgiving, was perhaps a fair reflection of the feeling among judicious financial observers. At present that feeling is that Poincaré in office will be held by force of circumstances to a constructive attitude toward international questions, as Poincaré in opposition did not need to be. Undoubtedly the crux of the situation will come in the matter of the German moratorium.

In yesterday's money market there was no change except for a fractional lowering of rates for discounting acceptances. This, however, is an excellent measure of the rediscount situation, and the fact that those rates were yesterday fairly below the figure to which the Reserve Bank rate would go if it were to be reduced is by no means without significance. In the bond market, the trend toward higher prices was perhaps more general than on any other day this week, though the Liberty bonds were slightly lower. In the stock market there were numerous recoveries of a point or more, and railway shares were unusually strong. That was not because of anything in the news, which is still perplexing so far as traffic is concerned. The "car loadings" reported yesterday for the final week of December indicate very poor showing of gross earnings for the month.

The Government's foreign trade report for December shows that our ocean commerce suffered in that month the same reaction from the brief midsummer recovery as overtook home industry. Exports for the month were smaller than in the previous December by $425,000,000, or 59 per cent. To what extent this means decrease in quantity and not merely decrease in prices may be judged from the fact that Bradstreet's price average on Dec. 1 was barely 17 per cent. below the preceding year. Since imports increased substantially (they were less than $30,000,000 below even those of December, 1920), it was inevitable that the month's surplus of exports should have fallen to the lowest figure in many years, amounting to only $59,100,000, as against $434,000,000 in the previous December and the $635,000,000 high mark of June, 1919. It is the smallest of any month since September, 1914, when German warships were still infesting the seas. The export surplus of December, 1912, was $96,000,000; in 1911 it was $84,000,000.

This monthly shrinkage is the important fact about the statement, though the figures for the full calendar year will naturally attract wider attention. The course of foreign exchange will certainly find some explanation in the fact that last year's surplus of exports was nearly $1,000,000,000 less than in 1920 and fell short of 1919 by upward of $2,000,000,000. When one learns from the same Government report that our gold imports last year exceeded exports by no less than $667,000,000, it is evident enough to what extent the country's utterly abnormal position of a year or two ago in the matter of its foreign debit and credit balances has been corrected.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, JAN. 13, 1922.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange continued at 3½ per cent. all day, unchanged from the rate prevailing since Wednesday. No change was reported in the quoted rates for fixed period money, half and half going at 4¼ per cent., with industrial money at 4½@4¾ with 4¼ per cent. where the collateral was Liberty paper. Market is quiet. Commercial paper market is broadening at the 4¾ per cent. rate for choice names, with others at 5@5¼. Acceptances, up to 120 days, moved off again, as on Wednesday, an eighth of one per cent. to 3⅞ and 3¾, buyers' and sellers' rates.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thurs. day's Last.
3½	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days..... 4¼
4, 5 and 6 months..... 4¼
All industrial collaterals, 60-90 days. 4¼@4¾
4, 5 and 6 months..... 4¼@4¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months..... 4¾@5
Other names, 4 to 6 months..... 5 @5¼

Discount Rates Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 16 to 90 days..... 4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 16 to 90 days..... 4½

Open Market Rates.

Call loans against acceptances..... 3½
Prime bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	3⅞	3¾
60 days	3⅞	3¾
90 days	3⅞	3¾
4 months	3⅞	3¾
5 months	4¼	4
6 months	4	3⅞

Non-members and private bankers, 60-90 days..... 4¼ 4

London Market.

Money on the London market unchanged at 3¼ per cent.; short bills up ¼ at 3⅝ per cent.; three months up ¼ at 3¾ per cent.

Gold bullion on the London market up 1d at 97s 4d. Taking the British Mint's standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 114⅛ for gold at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year 1921 was 116, on Jan. 3; the highest of the period, 119¾, on Feb. 6, 1920.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $742,400,000; balances, $77,100,000; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $67,300,000; clearing this day a year ago, $762,031,422.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Market Active, With Recoveries in Most Rates—Francs Rally but Sag Later.

With the dealings in the European exchanges heavier than on any of the preceding days of the week, yesterday's trading also brought with it some recoveries and a more stable market for most classes of remittances.

French francs showed a recovery at the day's high of 8.22¼ cents or an eighth of a cent over Thursday's closing, but later reacted from this to 8.13¾. Sterling again equaled 4.23¾ rate of previous day, with 4.22½ at close. Rome, Holland and the Belgian remittances were firm and slightly higher, with German marks moving off to 53¼-100ths, after an opening at .54¼. South Americans and Far Easterns were irregular.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

FRIDAY, JAN. 13, 1922.
Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Thu'y's Final.
LONDON	$4.23⅝	$4.22¼	$4.22½	$4.22½
PARIS	8.22¼	8.13¾	8.13¾	8.05¾
ROME	4.31⅛	4.30¾	4.30¾	4.30¾
AMSTERDAM	36.80	36.75	36.80	36.77
BERLIN	.54⅛	.53¼	.53¼	.54¼
MADRID	14.99	14.90	14.98	14.98

CLOSING RATES.

Europe.

	Fri. day.	Thurs. day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.22¾	4.22¾	4.19⅝	3.72½
Cables	4.22¾	4.22⅝	4.20	3.72⅝
Com., 60 days	4.19¼	4.19	4.16¾	3.67¾
Com., 90 days	4.17⅜	4.17⅜	4.15	3.65½
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	8.13⅛	8.05¾	8.03	6.07⅛
Cables	8.14	8.10	8.05½	6.08
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.36	4.34	4.33	3.45
Cables	4.36½	4.34½	4.33½	3.46
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	7.80⅛	7.76¼	7.68¾	6.37
Cables	7.81	7.77	7.69	6.38
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.53⅛	.54¼	.53¼	1.47⅜
Cables	.53⅝	.54⅜	.53⅝	1.48¼
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.03⅝	.03¼	.03¼	.20
Cables	.07¾	.04	.04	.21
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.21
Cables	1.63	1.63	1.64	1.21½
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	19.95	19.90	19.80	17.60
Cables	20.00	19.95	19.83	17.70
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	1.88	1.86	1.86	2.80
Cables	1.89	1.87	1.88	2.85

Europe.

	Fri. day.	Thurs. day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	4.49	4.40	4.42	7.95
Cables	4.59	4.45	4.46	7.20
HOLLAND—Par 40.3 cents per florin.				
Demand	36.30	36.77	36.60	32.65
Cabled	36.85	36.82	36.65	32.40
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.15¼	.15¼	.16¼	.19
Cables	.17	.17¼	.17	.20
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.34	.33½	.35	.60
Cables	.35	.34½	.36	.70
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	15.62	15.70	15.52	17.30
Cables	15.67	15.75	15.56	17.35
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.				
Demand	.03⅜	.03⅜	.03⅜	.16
Cables	.04¼	.04¼	.04¼	.17
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.82	.82¼	.82	1.24
Cables	.82½	.82⅝	.83	1.25
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	1.36	1.33	1.40	2.75
Cables	1.37	1.34	1.42	2.74
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per pesata.				
Demand	14.96	14.88	14.90	13.21
Cables	15.00	15.00	14.92	13.23
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	24.90	24.90	24.70	21.30
Cables	24.95	24.95	24.75	21.35
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	19.40	19.38	19.32	15.60
Cables	19.42	19.40	19.35	15.65

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hong-Kong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.

Hongkong				
Demand	55.625	55.375	55.375	57.00
Cables	55.75	55.50	55.50	57.10
Peking—				
Demand	79.50	79.50	80.00	81.50
Shanghai—				
Demand	74.75	75.00	74.75	75.00
Cables	75.00	75.25	75.00	75.50

Far East.

	Fri. day.	Thurs. day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally established at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	27.53	28.00	27.53	29.00
Cables	28.06	28.125	28.06	29.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.75	49.00	50.00	46.00
Cables	49.00	49.25	50.25	46.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	37.50	37.00	37.25	34.50
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	47.56	47.75	47.81	48.25
Cables	47.68	47.875	47.93	48.375

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	33.50	33.50	33.25	34.50
Cables	33.625	33.625	33.375	34.625
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	12.75	12.75	12.75	15.375
Cables	12.875	12.875	12.875	15.50
CHILE—Par 25 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	9.52	9.55	10.20	12.57
Cables	9.55	9.57	10.29	13.64
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	73.05	73.04	70.70	75.68
Cables	73.26	73.26	70.92	76.04

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	94.7	94.8	94.1	87.3

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par, 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.11	.27½
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.11⅜	.15½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Low Money a Stock Market Influence.

The stock market scored further improvement yesterday, gains of from 1 to 2 points being made in many of the recent speculative favorites. The upward movement was due mainly to covering by speculators who had recently sold for the decline, but this movement was in part forced by the easier conditions of the money market and the favorable showing made by the Federal Reserve Bank in its weekly statement. In fact, Wall Street is now more convinced than ever that there will be an early reduction in the Federal Reserve discount rate, and action is expected next week. In some quarters it had been predicted that the situation in regard to Treasury politics would have an unsettling effect on market quotations, but of that there was no indication.

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Dividend Paying Railway Strong.

Almost from the very opening of the market yesterday railroad stocks, especially the dividend issues, displayed a firm tone. In some quarters the buying of the stocks was classed as of the investment character. This interest is believed to be due to the fact that the better grade of bonds have gradually advanced to a point where they are more in line with the open market rate for money. The stocks which showed the most striking gain yesterday included Union Pacific, Atchison, and Northern Pacific.

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Time Money Ualent.

Some kind oracle who could step into Wall Street at the moment and tell some of the bankers what they could do with about $25,000,000 profitably for the next ninety days or so would find a number of receptive ears—always provided he could get by various and sundry doormen, and get to these ears. It is just now the daily problem with most bankers. Yet, on the other hand, call money at 3½ per cent. and time money at 4½ per cent. do not interest most of the interior institutions, and withdrawals of New York balances by them after this week are anticipated. It was estimated by one banker yesterday that no less than $25,000,000 was available for time loans at 4½ per cent., and that only $1,000,000 of the total offered found employment.

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Motors Prominent on the Rise.

Despite the various reductions in prices for cars, trading in the motor stocks was active yesterday, with prices in some instances 1 to 3 points above the previous close. These stocks have been heavy of late, because of the low demand for cars and a large short interest was built up in this group. Consequently with the circulation of optimistic reports on the outlook for increased business, the short interest was "crowded" yesterday, and the rise in prices followed. Studebaker and Chandler were the leaders. In regard to the former the advance was helped by the circulation of rumors that extra dividends could be expected on the common stock before very long. Such stories have been circulated many times before. In the case of Chandler, it is said that the company during the first three months of this year will ship as many cars as during the last eight months of 1921.

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Bonds Gain Strength.

Practically all bonds were strong again yesterday, with the railroad issues exhibiting sharp gains in the better class of issues. The Northern Pacific-Great Northern 6½s gained almost a point, while the Baltimore & Ohio convertible 4½s also responded to accumulation. The general strength of the market was reflected in advances in such diversified issues as the new Missouri Kansas & Texas bonds of all classes, the Interborough refunding 5s and the New York Telephone 6s. With the exception of French bonds, which appeared to be under the influence of political developments abroad, all foreign Government issues were steady, and even the French 8 per cents. sold ¼ point above last week's closing.

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The Reading Case.

A final decision in the Reading case, settling questions surrounding the segregation of the railroad's coal properties, cannot be expected until about March, according to advices in railway quarters yesterday. It is understood that briefs on the part of both common and preferred stockholders have been filed with the Supreme Court in anticipation of the next hearing, which is scheduled to start Monday and that some of the angles of the case are so involved that quick action is hardly to be expected. The essential point in the decision of the Supreme Court will be whether 1,400,000 shares in the new coal company, formed according to the provisions of the segregation plan, shall be offered preferred as well as common stockholders. If the Court rules out the preferred stockholders, there is a possibility that the Reading Company will exercise its privilege of converting the outstanding second preferred half into common and half first preferred.

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As to a Lower Bank Rate.

The remarkable showing made by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in its weekly statement of Thursday, along with an improvement of 7.6 points in the reserve ratio over the previous week, has again revived the belief in Wall Street that the discount rate cannot remain at 4½ per cent. very much longer. The guess most frequently heard is that the reduction will be made during the coming week. Although bankers had anticipated an improvement in the reserve ratio, knowing that loans had been sharply reduced, the extent of the gain was a surprise. On yesterday's market the rate for bankers' acceptances declined ⅛ of 1 per cent., the second reduction of the week. The buying rate quoted now by most of the big dealers is 3⅝ per cent and the selling rate 3¾ per cent. The last change was on Wednesday of this week, when the drop was from 4⅛ to 4 per cent. In some quarters the decline in the market rate for acceptances is taken as indicating belief that the Federal Reserve discount rate will be reduced in the near future.

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"Martial Law" in Mexia.

Reports from Texas that martial law had been declared in the new oil town, Mexia, occasioned considerable interest in the financial district, although the heads of most of the companies expressed the belief that the situation was not so desperate as so meroports would lead the world to believe. Practically all of the big corporations engaged in the field received a report on the affair yesterday from their superintendents. One of them sent this wire to his head office here: "We understand there was a conflict between the local authorities and state authorities as to the enforcement of the prohibition law. There may be other reasons, but certainly there is no such reason as the general public outside of Mexia is led to believe by newspaper headlines. The general public and business men are absolutely undisturbed and the people are going about their daily occupations in a regular and orderly way."

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, JAN. 13, 1922.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
609,699	500,385	454,660	517,819	1,048,930

Year to Date.	Same Period 1921.	1920.	1919.
5,449,629	9,170,902	12,568,897	6,156,682

1922. High.	Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rates.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net. Chge.	Closing Bid.	Ask.
50⅝	48	900	Adams Express	49	50⅝	49	50⅛	+ 2⅛	50	51
46⅝	45¼	200	Air Reduction (4)	48	48	46	48	+ 1	45½	48¼
17	14	2,200	Ajax Rubber	14½	14½	14	14½	+ ⅛	14½	14⅝
		100	Alaska Juneau	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝		½	¾
107	107	20	All Am. Cables (7)	107	107	107	107		103½	110
59⅜	55¼	6,800	Allied Ch. & Dye (4)	57⅜	58⅜	57⅜	58⅜	+ ⅜	58⅛	58½
105	101	700	Allied C. & D. pf. (7)	105	105	105	105	+ ¼	105	105½
30½	27¾	1,000	Alls-Cham. (4)	29	30⅛	29	29¾	+ ⅜	29	30
90	86¼	100	Allis-Chalm. pf. (7)	90	90	90	90	+ ¾	89½	90
31½	29¾	100	Am. Ag. Chem	31	31	31	31	+ ¼	30¾	31
59¾	57	300	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	57½	57⅞	57	57	+ ⅛	57	57½
60	57	100	Am. Bank Note (4)	60	60	60	60		59½	63
36⅛	31⅜	800	Am. Beet Sugar	34½	35¼	34½	35	+ ⅝	34½	35
36⅞	33½	700	Am. Bosch Mag	35¼	36¼	35⅝	36	+ 1	36¼	36½
54¾	51	400	Am. Brake S. & F. (4)	54½	54⅝	54	54	+ ¼	53	55
99½	96⅛	200	Am. B. S. & F. pf. (7)	99	99½	99	99½	+ 1	100	103
37¾	32⅝	1,300	Am. Can	33½	34½	33¾	34½	+ 1¼	34¾	34½
97¾	93¼	500	Am. Can pf. (7)	95⅝	96½	95⅜	96⅛	+ 1⅝	96½	97
146	141	400	Am. Car & Fdy. (12)	143¾	146	143¾	146	+ 3½	145	146
21⅝	19¼	200	Am. Cotton Oil	20¾	21	20⅝	21		21	22
44	41	400	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	43	43	42	42	— ¼	42	44
4⅞	4⅛	600	Am. Drug Synd	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4⅝	+ ⅛	4⅝	4⅝
13⅜	12	200	Am. Hide & Leath.	12¾	12¾	12½	12½	— ¼	12½	13
60	58	800	Am. Hide & L. pf.	59	59½	59	59¼	+ 1	59¼	60
82	78	300	Am. Ice (7)	78	80	78	80	+ 2	79	80¼
74	72	100	Am. Ice pf. (6)	72	74	72	74		73½	75
41¾	38¼	1,500	Am. Internat	39¼	39¾	39¼	39⅝	+ ⅜	39⅝	39¾
94	90	200	Am. La F. E. En. (1)	94	94	94	94		94	94½
31⅝	29¾	800	Am. Linseed	30½	31½	30½	31½	+ 1⅛	30⅜	31½
106¼	102	3,800	Am. Locomot. (6)	104	105¾	104	105¼	+ 1⅜	105¼	105½
113	112	100	Am. Loco. pf. (7)	113	113	113	113	— 1	113	6
86	83⅝	300	Am. Radiator (4)	84	84	83⅝	83⅝	— 2⅜	84	85
4	4	300	Am. Safety Razor	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼		4¼	4¾
7⅝	5¼	1,100	Am. Ship & Com	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝		7⅝	7⅞
45¾	43⅝	1,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	43⅞	45	43⅞	44⅞	+ 1	44¾	44⅞
33	31⅛	1,300	Am. Steel F. (3)	32⅜	33	32⅜	33		32⅝	33
97	94	100	Am. Steel F. pf. (7)	96½	96½	96½	96½	— ½	96	97
90	86	7,500	Am. Sugar Ref.	89	90	88	90	+ 1⅝	89	90¼
84	81	500	Am. Sug. Ref. pf. (7)	83⅝	84	83⅝	84	+ 2⅜	84	85
35¾	33⅝	1,200	Am. Sum. Tob	33⅝	34½	33½	34½	+ ⅝	34¼	34⅝
118⅝	116⅝	9,600	Am. Tel. & Tel (9)	116⅝	117⅝	116⅝	117⅜	+ ¾	117⅛	117¼
134	130	600	Am. Tobacco (12)	133	134½	133	133½		133	134
128⅝	125⅜	100	Am. Tob., Cl. B (12)	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	+ ⅛	128½	129⅝
99	96¼	300	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	98	99	98	99	+ 1	98	99
69¾	67	100	Am. Water Works & El. pf. (7)	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	+ 1⅝	69	70
1,100			Do partl. pf.	20	21¾	20	21⅝	+ ¾	22	22½
94	94	100	Am. W'sale pf. (7)	94	94	94	94	+ 1	92	97
2,600	30¼	100	Am. Woolen (7)	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼		30¼	30¾
104	102¾	200	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	103¾	104	103¾	104	+ 1⅛	104	105
23¾	22¼	100	Am. Writ. Paper pf.	22¾	22½	22½	22½	— ½	22½	22½
13⅞	13⅛	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	13⅞	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛	13	13⅜
49¾	48¼	7,950	Anaconda Copper	48¾	48¾	48	48⅝	+ ⅜	48⅝	49
48	43	2,300	Assoc. D. G. (4), x d.	47⅞	48	47¼	47⅝	+ ⅜	47⅝	48
96¾	93¾	4,000	Atch., T. & S. F. (6)	94⅝	96¾	94¾	96⅜	+ 1	96	96⅜
87	80¾	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf. (5)	86¾	87	86¾	86¾	— ¼	86¼	87
2⅜	2¼	300	Atlantic Fruit	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜		2⅜	2⅝
29¾	28¼	1,000	At., Gulf & W. I.	29¼	29¾	28⅞	28½	+ ⅜	29½	29¾
22	20	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	22	22	22	22	+ ½	21	22½
10	9¾	400	Austin Nichols	10	10	10	10¼	+ ⅛	10¼	10½
96	95¾	12,500	Baldwin Locomo. (7)	96¼	96	95¾	96	+ ¼	95⅝	96
104	104	600	Do pf.	104	104	104	104		104	104½
36¾	34½	2,500	Balt. & Ohio	34½	35¼	34½	35⅛	+ ⅝	34¾	35⅛
54¾	53¼	600	Balt. & Ohio pf. (4)	53¾	54⅛	53¾	53½	— ¼	53¾	54
52	52	500	Beth. Steel (5)	52	52	52	52		52¾	55
58⅞	55½	2,300	Do Class B (5)	56⅜	57⅜	56¾	57⅜	+ 1¼	57¾	58
6	6	800	Booth Fisheries	6	6	5¾	5¾		6	6¼
9⅞	9	200	British Emp. Steel	9⅞	9	9	9	+ ⅛	8¾	9⅞
23	21¾	200	British Emp. 8.2d pf	23	23	23	23		23	24
6	5⅝	100	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛	5⅞	6
73	71¾	600	Brooklyn Union Gas	73	73	73	73		73	75
116¼	116	1,100	Burns Bros., Cl. A.	116¼	116⅝	116	116⅝	+ ⅛	116⅛	116¼
32⅝	28¾	500	Burns Bros. Inc. (1)	29¼	29¼	28⅝	28⅝	— ¾	29½	29½
91	87¾	100	Bush Term. B.pf.(7)	91	91	91	91	+ ¾	90	91
116	109¾	200	Butte Copper & Zinc	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝		5½	5⅝
23¾	22¾	600	Butte & Superior	23¼	23½	23	23¼	+ ⅜	22½	23⅝
30⅞	29¾	1,800	Butterick Co.	29¾	30¼	29	30½	+ 1	30	31
10⅝	10¼	2,100	Caddo Cent. & R.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛	10⅝	10¾
70	68	1,900	Cal. Packing (6)	68½	70	68½	70	+ 1½	69	70
47¾	44¾	1,000	Cal. Petroleum	45⅞	46⅜	45	46		45⅝	48
6¼	5¼	1,200	Calahan Zinc Lead	5⅞	6	5⅝	5⅝		5⅝	6
122	119¾	2,400	Canadian Pac. (10)	121¼	122	120½	121¾	+ ¼	121¾	121¾
12⅝	11	100	Carson Hill Gold	12	12	12	12	— ⅛	11⅝	12¼
31½	29⅝	300	Cent. Leather	30	30¾	30	30⅜		30⅜	31
69¾	67	300	Cent. Leather pf.	67	69	67	69	+ 1	68	69
190	190	100	Cent. R.R.of N.J.(8)	190	190	190	190	+ 4	186	193
35¾	33½	200	Cerro de P. Copper	34¾	34½	34¾	34½		34¼	34⅞
		200	Certain-Teed Prod. 1st pf. (7)	85	85	85	85	+ ⅛	85	87
53¾	48¾	21,100	Chandler Motor (6)	49⅝	53⅞	49½	53⅛	+ 3¾	53	55½
56¼	54	700	Ches. & Ohio	56¼	56¼	56¼	56¼	+ ¾	56	56⅜
14¾	13⅝	300	Chi. & E. Ill.	13⅝	14	13⅝	14	— ⅛	14	14¼
34¾	32¾	740	Chi. & E. Ill. pf.	33¼	34	33¼	34		33⅜	34
17⅞	16¾	900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	17⅜	17⅞	17⅛	17⅝	+ ⅜	17⅝	17⅞
31¾	30¾	1,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	30¾	31¼	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅝	30⅝	31
63	62¼	2,600	Chi. & North'w'n	62	62¾	62	62¾	+ ¾	62	62¾
102	100	300	Do pf. (7)	102	102

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CHATHAM & PHENIX NATIONAL BANK

Capital & Surplus $12,000,000
149 Broadway, Singer Bldg.
And 18 Branches.

First!

During 1921 this agency, although specializing in financial advertising, headed the list of ALL advertising agencies in total volume of advertising placed in The New York Times. We also held this same record for 1920.

During the closing months of 1921 each month showed a substantial increase in volume over the corresponding month of the previous year.

Rudolph Guenther-Russell Law
Incorporated
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Guenther-Law Building
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HONEST ADVERTISING.

Despite the fact that advertisements offered for publication in The New York Times Automobile Exchange was subjected to investigation and censorship, doubtful announcements sometimes elude the censor. The Times will appreciate the action of readers who direct attention to misleading advertisements.—Edit.

WAR BONDS FEATURE OF WEEK'S MARKET

Liberties and Victories Advance and Large Volume of Business is Transacted.

CHEAPER MONEY AIDS SALES

Total of $48,628,700 in New Issues Offered During the Week—Public Funds Popular.

Further easing of the market rates for money, new high marks for more than a year for Government Liberty and Victory issues, and the continued flooding of the financial centers with surplus funds have resulted in a bond market exhibiting the same firm, upward tendencies that have characterised it for several weeks. Trading, if the Liberty issues are eliminated from consideration, has been on a more moderate scale during most of this week, and this in itself has brought some degree of irregularity. There is evidence that a large part of the January reinvestment demand has been filled, although the removal of this annual factor from the market has not had a great deal of effect.

Two factors of the week stand out in relief against the balance of the market. One is the remarkable advance in Liberty bonds and Victory notes, and the tremendous volume of business transacted in these issues. The other is the general turning by traders from the stock market to the speculative bonds for a turn. Both of the Victory issues, the 4¾s and the 3¾s, established new high marks during the week and both now are selling at a substantial premium. Total sales of all bonds of the Government classification has run far ahead of normal and the daily turnover has been in the neighborhood of $18,000,000.

This figure includes merely the transactions recorded on the New York Stock Exchange. The exact total is much larger, for many of the Government issues are traded in "over the counter" and passed from hand to hand in New York, as well as other financial centres.

Demand Is Widespread.

Inquiries among the large dealers in Liberty bonds and Victory notes brought the information that the inquiry for the Government issues was well distributed and came from all parts of the country, for individuals, for firms with idle money to invest and for institutions. Recently, it is reported, some of the savings banks have been "nibbling" at the Liberty bond market as a safe channel for surplus investment funds.

The new offerings of the week, which totaled short of $50,000,000, presented to the investor a wide range of bonds from which to choose, from the 5 per cent. of the semi-speculative security down to the municipals and States, offered on a basis yielding, according to maturity, from 4.30 to a little above 5 per cent. for the first-grade paper.

The four classifications of bonds offered for sale by New York investment bankers and the total par value of each were as follows:

Municipal, State and county	$18,781,700
Railroad	2,627,000
Public utility	18,960,000
Industrial	5,750,000
Total	$45,628,700

In the State and municipal groups, now the most popular bonds that can be offered, the problem of the dealers has been to find the bonds to be sold rather than customers. Shelves were practically bare at the start of the year, and while there have been securities of this class totalling $40,000,000 or $50,000,000 offered since that time, they have been snapped up rapidly. Two features in the State and municipal issues are particularly tempting to investors. One is the tax exemption which practically all of them carry. The other is the safety of principal.

Bonds of Southern Cities.

Bonds of cities in the South have featured the offerings of the week. The largest was of $6,000,000 5s of the Port Commission of New Orleans, sold to provide funds to improve the harbor. They are serial bonds and were offered by the bankers on a basis to yield from 4.75 per cent. to 4.85 per cent. to the investor. The State of North Carolina sold an issue of $4,500,000 6s to bankers here during the week, and they are being re-offered on a basis which yields 4.65 to 4.75 per cent. The purpose of the issue is to refund a State maturity.

Other offerings of the week included $1,750,000 short term notes of Salt Lake City, Utah; $1,000,000 of the State of Louisiana gold 5s; $710,000 5.90 per cent. school notes of the State of North Carolina; $2,000,000 improvement 5s of the City of Wheeling and $500,000 public hall bonds of the City of Cleveland, Ohio.

The popularity of public utility securities was demonstrated in the quick sale of $12,000,000 short term gold notes of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston. A total of $4,000,000 bore a 6½ per cent. coupon and mature in one year and were offered at par. The balance of $12,000,000, which pay the same rate of interest, mature in five years and were offered at 99.15 to yield 6.80 per cent. An issue of Providence Gas Company first mortgage series A 6½s, with a maturity of twenty years, was sold at par during the week.

Industrial issues continues at the minimum. There were only three new issues of this class of security in the New York market during the week, totaling $5,500,000.

Awaiting a Further Decline.

There is a great deal of industrial financing and refinancing to be done in the near future, but most corporation Directors object strenuously to the 6 per cent. rate for new money, which generally is quoted to them. As the general trend of the money market is downward and this must eventually affect the industrial bond group, a large number are awaiting the decline to their figure, whatever it may be. The three industrial issues of the week were sold at prices which will yield the investor from 7.40 to 8.15 per cent.

A significant development of the week was the purchase by a number of banking groups of approximately six and one-half million 6 per cent. car trust certificates from the United States Railroad Administration, of which the majority have been resold on approximately a 5.80 per cent. basis. There have been sold to date approximately $147,301,000 of these certificates, taken by the Government from the railroads for equipment furnished by the Railroad Administration during Federal control.

When the first few sales were made the 6 per cent. rate and the 5.75 to 5.80 per cent. basis, on which the bankers desired to retail them, was considerably above the market. In the intervening months, however, the market has declined to the level at which the equipments are eagerly sought. In fact, one of the banking institutions which purchased a block from the Railroad Administration during the week will retain the securities in portfolio, for a time at least. The 6 per cent. return possible now is considerably in excess of the going rate for either call or time money, and of the safety of the principal and interest there is no question.

Burns Brothers Declare Dividends.

The Directors of Burns Brothers have declared an initial dividend of $2.50 a share on the Class A common stock, payable Feb. 15 to stockholders of record Feb. 1. This stock is exchangeable for the old Burns Brothers common on a share for share basis. No action was taken on the dividend expected to be declared on the Class B stock. An initial dividend of $1.75 also was declared on the prior preferred stock, which corresponds with the old class of preferred stock. There was no action on the regular preferred stock, which was exchanged for the preferred stock of William Farrell & Sons, Inc. The dividend on this stock is not expected until March.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	54.48	53.79	54.10	+ .36
25 industrials	82.57	81.11	82.31	+ .97
50 stocks	68.50	67.45	68.22	+ .67

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 13	67.99	67.24	67.99	+ .13
Jan. 12	67.85	66.99	67.48	+ .64
Jan. 11	67.00	66.21	66.83	+ .02
Jan. 10	67.44	66.49	66.80	+ .24
Jan. 9	67.74	67.02	67.54	+ .54
Jan. 7	67.43	66.64	67.15	+ .15
Jan. 6	67.97	66.83	66.99	+ .16
Jan. 5	67.83	66.66	67.00	+ .64

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1922	68.61 Jan. 3	66.21 Jan. 10	67.99
1921	72.83 Jan. 11	67.00 Jan. 5	70.98
1920	92.18 Jan. 5	85.25 Jan. 19	87.57
1919	74.00 Jan. 3	69.72 Jan. 21	71.15
1918	80.00 Jan. 21	64.12 Jan. 15	66.01
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	84.71 Jan. 31	86.21

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Full Years.

1921	72.12	May 6	64.56	June 21	68.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 5	61.70	Dec. 22	67.99
1919	89.30	Nov. 5	69.72	Jan. 21	74.00
1918	80.18	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	72.29
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 29	68.84

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change.	Year Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.97	+.39	+1.51	+6.23

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

Jan. 13	76.49	+.27	Jan. 8	Holiday.	
Jan. 11	76.22	+.31	Dec. 31	75.27	+.20
Jan. 10	76.01	+.35	Dec. 30	75.07	+.07
Jan. 9	75.66	+.10	Dec. 29	75.00	
Jan. 7	75.38	+.03	Dec. 28	75.00	+.01
Jan. 6	75.25	+.15	Dec. 27	74.89	—.06
Jan. 5	75.07	+.08	Dec. 26	Holiday.	
Jan. 4	75.04	+.04	Dec. 24	75.03	+.13
Jan. 3	75.01	—.26			

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

Full Years.

1921	76.21	Nov. 20	67.56	June 20	73.27
1920	78.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	69.66
1919	72.05	June 14	71.06	Dec. 18	71.06
1918	82.16	Nov. 12	70.65	Sept. 24	74.76
1917	90.46	Jan. 20	74.34	Dec. 29	76.40

*To date.

NO CUT IN COAL RATES.

Eastern Railroads Say They Cannot Afford $1 Reduction.

The eastern railroads carrying bituminous coal to tidewater have advised the Interstate Commerce Commission that they cannot agree to a reduction of $1 a ton in freight rates on export coal, it was reported yesterday in traffic circles. This was the second refusal of the carriers, as a conference was held on the matter a short time ago.

While no statement was given out by local traffic executives yesterday, it is understood that the roads felt justified in this action on the grounds that to reduce rates for export coal might lead ultimately to a demand for a cut in domestic rates. This would be impossible for the carriers to entertain at the present time, according to the executives. Although the coal producers argued that such a rate adjustment would enable them to compete with English coal, the carriers stated that investigation failed to convince them of this fact, adding that they would hardly be able to cover the actual out-of-pocket cost of hauling the coal under the reduced tariff scale demanded by the coal companies.

Arbuckle Meets Sugar Cut.

Arbuckle Brothers have announced a reduction of 10 points in the wholesale price of refined sugar to 4.60 cents, thus meeting the price which has been quoted by the Federal Sugar Refining Company for some time. The raw sugar market is slightly firmer. It is reported that local agents are withdrawing their offers of 2 cents a pound because of the increased demand from abroad.

NASH MOTORS PROFIT FOR YEAR $2,226,078

Equivalent to $35 a Share Against $122 in the Preceding Twelve Months.

SURPLUS OF $13,418,094

President Nash Says Prices Are Nearly Down to Pre-War Figures—His Views on 1922.

The Nash Motors Company in its report for the fiscal year closed Nov. 30, 1921, shows a net profit, after deducting all expenses, reserves, inventory markdowns and taxes, amounting to $2,226,078. Allowing for dividend requirements of $386,750, this is equivalent to approximately $35 a share earned on the 54,000 shares of common stock outstanding. In 1920 the company showed a net income of $7,007,471, which is at the rate of $122 a share on the same amount of common stock outstanding, after allowing for preferred dividends of $315,000.

The balance sheet shows accounts payable of $620,164, cash on hand and in the bank $13,275,966, and Liberty Loan bonds amounting to $1,200,802. According to the profit and loss account the company's surplus on Nov. 30, 1921, stood at $13,418,094, which figure allows for an adjustment of the surplus account amounting to $177,471. Real estate, plant and equipment are valued at $7,589,040, according to the report, while $2,531,686 was charged off for depreciation. The profit and loss surplus in 1920 was $12,531,837.

The company also announced yesterday the declaration of a dividend of $10 a share on the common stock, payable Feb. 1 to stock of record Jan. 20, and the regular quarterly disbursement of $1.75 a share on the preferred stock, payable Feb. 1 to stock of record Jan. 20.

Outstanding items of the annual report as compared with 1920 are shown in the following table:

Net income	$2,226,078	$7,007,471
Preferred dividends	386,750	315,000
Common dividends	873,600	872,000
Surplus	1,063,728	5,820,471
Profit and loss surp.	13,418,094	12,531,837

In his remarks to the stockholders President Charles W. Nash said in part:

"We feel now that the price situation is pretty well leveled out. The prices of automobiles have been reduced to near pre-war prices, and without doubt automobiles are being sold today at a smaller margin of profit than ever before since the inception of the industry. We are of the opinion that volume of sales for 1922 will not be extremely large, but we have a feeling that the business will run along in a more uniform manner, which makes a better manufacturing proposition."

Postal Savings Decrease 1%.

The total deposits in the United States Postal Savings on Jan. 1, 1922, were approximately $146,300,000, a decrease of $1,500,000, or about 1 per cent., compared with the previous monthly report. Postal authorities report the outlook "quite encouraging," however, explaining that December is always a heavy withdrawal month because of Christmas. New York City reported savings of $45,702,612, while Brooklyn's showing was $14,188,219.

APPROVES GERMAN LAW TO SEND GOLD ABROAD

Federal Council Prepares the Way for Deposit of Reserves in the Bank of England.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—The Federal Council today approved the Government draft of a new law which will be submitted to the Reichstag permitting the Reichsbank to send any part of its cherished gold reserve out of Germany and still include it in its weekly statements as gold reserve, provided the Reichsbank can theoretically freely dispose of such foreign gold deposits. This is the most radical measure affecting the Reichsbank ever proposed, but its passage by the Reichstag is assured.

Behind this blanket law is the fact that Germany will send a part of the Reichsbank gold reserve to the Bank of England as a result of negotiations culminating in an agreement between the Governor of the Bank of England and the Reichsbank President, von Ravenstein, on the latter's recent visit to London. As soon as Germany's gold is deposited in the Bank of England the latter will grant the Reichsbank short-time credits. These in no case are to be used for reparation purposes. These Bank of England credits against German gold are intended to simplify and smooth Germany's monthly payments of English claims under the Clearing House system.

In the second line the Bank of England, on the strength of the German gold deposit, will guarantee short-time credits and loans by other foreign note banks to the Reichsbank. Thus the Bank of Holland will give Germany a 20,000,000 gulden short-time loan as soon as the German gold lands in the Bank of England.

Particular significance attaches to the recent report that the Reichsbank was negotiating with the Federal Reserve Bank, and possible future transactions with that institution would be routed via the Bank of England.

RAIL BONDS OFFERED.

Fort Worth & Denver City Railway Co. Issue to Pay 5.35 Per Cent.

Miller & Co. are offering a block of $750,000 Fort Worth & Denver City Railway Co. (Colorado & Southern System) first mortgage 5½ per cent. gold bonds, due in 1961. They are offered to yield about 5.35 per cent. The bonds are a first mortgage on the road of the company, operating 454 miles between Fort Worth, Texas, and the Texas-New Mexico State line.

Cassatt & Co. have purchased from the War Finance Corporation $543,500 Virginian Railway equipment trust 6 per cent. certificates, maturing 1923 to 1927 inclusive.

Prices Higher in Wool Market.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—The Commercial Bulletin tomorrow will say:

"There has been a fairly considerable business accomplished in the seaboard markets during the last week, manufacturers showing decided interest in certain wools, which they needed for filling out contracts. Prices have been marked up again this week, as the knowledge of the growing shortage of wool has become more general and certain. The situation in the foreign markets is very strong. As for the goods market and the tariff situation, there seems to be little change."

LONDON, Jan. 13. — Today's wool auction sales were postponed until Monday on account of fog.

CALL COPPER EXPORT NOTES

$7,000,000 of Secured Issue to Be Paid by Guaranty Trust Co.

Seven million dollars of the outstanding 8 per cent. notes of the Copper Export Association, Inc., will be redeemed at 101 and accrued interest on Feb. 15 by the Guaranty Trust Company, trustee. This announcement was made to the holders of the Copper Export Association, 8 per cent. secured gold notes, Series B, due Feb. 15, 1923, by C. W. Welch, Treasurer. The redemption will be made under the provisions of the trust agreement dated Feb. 15, 1921.

Seven thousand numbers were involved in the drawing. Holders of the notes drawn should present them for payment on or before Feb. 15, 1922, at the trust department of the Guaranty Trust Company. After Feb. 15 interest will become null and void. Coupons due Feb. 15 should be detached and presented for payment in the usual manner.

Standard Oil Adjusts Gasoline Price.

The Standard Oil Company of New York has announced a reduction of 1 cent a gallon in the wholesale price of gasoline in New York State and New England, bringing the price to the level quoted in New York City.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 13, 1922.

	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's sales	$26,443,000	$12,809,000	$13,581,500
Year to date	199,728,000	149,881,050	190,009,150

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
290	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	97.90	97.90	97.62	97.90	— .20	97.82	97.90	3.65
..	—Liberty 1st conv. 4s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	97.66	97.84	4.34
2	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	97.76	97.76	97.76	97.76	+ .06	97.80	97.80	4.32
4	—Liberty 2d 4s, registered	97.74	97.76	97.74	97.76		..	..	
448	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, 1932-47	97.92	98.36	97.76	97.76	— .14	97.76	97.86	4.40
6	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, reg.	97.90	97.90	97.90	97.90		..	..	
2,385¾	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, 1927-42	97.94	98.00	97.74	97.80	— .14	97.76	97.80	4.41
4,864¾	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, reg.	97.80	97.80	97.60	97.60	— .06	..	..	
4,123¾	—Liberty 3d 4¼s, 1928	98.04	98.14	97.94	97.96	— .10	97.96	97.98	4.40
21	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.10	98.16	97.96	97.96	— .10	97.96	97.98	4.42
134	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	97.30	97.30	97.30	97.30	+ .02	..	..	
1,786	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	100.20	100.50	100.20	100.22	+ .02	100.22	100.24	3.52
21	—Victory 4¾s, registered	100.04	100.50	100.20	100.22	+ .02	100.22	100.38	4.84
..	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-23	100.04	100.10	100.04	100.10	+ .06	..	..	

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Argentine 6s	31	99½	1	97½	4	94½	2	91¼	3	88¾
	2	99¾	2	97¾	22	95	2	92		
City of Bergen 8s	1	99¾	At. Top & S F gen 4s		2	94½	Den. & R G gen 4s		Ind. Nat. Gas 6s	
	1	99¾			4	94¾				
	1	99¾	2	97½	10	95	3	74½	1	100
City of Bermuda 5s	1	99¾	1	98	5	94¾	1st & ref 5s		2	99¾
	2	100⅛	10	98⅛	conv 5s		1	95½	1	99¾
	1	100⅛	2	98¼	47	96	4	95¾	1	99¾
	7	100⅛	15	98⅛	2	96¼	4	95¾	Ia Con ref 4s	
City of Bord'x 6s	1	99¾	adj 4s, stpd		15	96¾	1	95¾	1sdf.. 23	
	2	99¾	2	97½	gen 4½s		2	95¾		
	1	99¾	1	97¾	10	94¾	1	95¾	Kan&M 1st 4s	
	1	99¾	5	98	Chic & Alt 3s		2	100	1	75¼
City of Chris'a 8 f 6s	1	100⅛	5	98¼	ref 5s	95½	2	100¼	24 1s	
	1	100⅛	2	98¼	2	96	1	100¼		
City of Cope'n 6½s	10	101⅛	1	98¼	1	96¼	1st & ref 5s		KCy FS&M 4s	
	1	102¼	1	98¼	2½s		2	96¾	5	75¾
	4	97¾	2	98¼	3	33½	1	96¾	5	75¾
	4	97¾	1	98¼	3	35¾	1st & ref 6s		5	75¾
	22	102	5	98¼	1	35¾	1	96¾	5	75¾
	5	102¼	1	98¼	1	36	Detroit River Tunnel 4½s		5	75¾
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			5	75¾
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			33	76
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼	Det United Ry con 4½s		Kan Cy So 5s	
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			1	83½
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			1	83½
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼	Diamond Match s f 7½s		7	64½
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			7	64½
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			1	100⅝
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			10	100⅝
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			Kan Cy Ter 4s	
	1	102¼	1	98¼	1	36¼			1	81¼

WARNS OF CHANGING THE RESERVE BOARD

Advisory Council Asks Harding to Oppose Pressure to Appoint a Farmer.

ASSAILED AS CLASS MOVE

President Against Compulsory Feature, but Confers With Senators on the Amendment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Members of the Federal Reserve Advisory Council protested to President Harding today against legislation now before Congress requesting the President to appoint a farmer to the next vacancy in the Reserve Board.

This body, which acts in an unofficial capacity, declares the bill fostered by the "agricultural bloc" in Congress to be "objectionable class legislation" and that "it should be either defeated or withdrawn."

The President let it be known that he is in accord with the recommendation of his visitors that the appointment of a farmer to the Federal Reserve Board should not be obligatory upon the Executive. It is known here that Mr. Harding is not averse to appointing a farmer to the board and that he favors legislation permitting him to do so, but he regards compulsory legislation as unwarranted interference by Congress in the Executive's appointing power.

The delegation which called at the White House was composed of bankers and business men, one from each Federal Reserve district. It included L. L. Rue, President of the council, Philadelphia; Paul M. Warburg of New York, Vice President; Philip Stockton, Boston; C. E. Sullivan, Cleveland; A. G. Brown, Richmond; E. W. Lane, Atlanta; J. J. Mitchell, Chicago; F. O. Watts, St. Louis; G. H. Prince, Minneapolis; E. St. Swinney, Kansas City; R. L. Ball, Dallas, and D. W. Twohey, San Francisco.

Petition to the President.

A petition was left by the delegation with the President in which it was declared that the proposed legislation "endangers the safety of the Federal Reserve system and seriously menaces the future of the entire country.

"If the law should be amended so as to oblige you to put a farmer on the board," the statement to the President read, "one might ask in that case why should not labor insist that it as a class should also be represented, and why should not similar claims be made by merchants, manufacturers, exporters, or any other special interest or group. Indeed, two other bills of this nature have already been introduced. That it might or might not be desirable to put a farmer on the board is not the question—the wrong is in requiring, as a matter of law, that one special interest shall always be represented on the board.

"Furthermore, such a bill, if enacted, would seem to endorse the unwarranted assertion that the present plight of the farmer is due to the alleged maladministration of the Federal Reserve system. This slander has been spread so persistently and unscrupulously that a large percentage of our agricultural population have accepted it as true, and the council fears that even by a substantial number of members of Congress the real facts of the case are not sufficiently well understood.

"The council begs of you, therefore, to use your great influence with leading Senators to oppose this proposed bill and the principles on which it embodies. The future success of the operation of the Federal Reserve system and of the welfare of the country demands that the Federal Reserve Board shall be a judicial and non-partisan body, acting in the interest of the country as a whole, not a body influenced by political pressure and expediency in furtherance of the claims of special interests.

Political Encroachment Feared.

"The appointment of a farmer to the Federal Reserve Board by special act of Congress would not improve or add to to present agricultural credit facilities. It would, however, be fateful notice to the entire country that the Federal Reserve system had come under the domination of a powerful political group designed to secure special privileges for a single class, of which approximately thirty bills already introduced in Congress serve as a sufficient and significant illustration.

"A consistent campaign has been carried on in order to make the farmers believe that they are suffering because the Federal Reserve system sucked up the people's gold, and, having corralled it, is withholding it in order to exact it available to Wall Street and to exact high interest rates. It is significant that the agitators should have been able to maintain this myth in the face of the fact that New York banks have reduced their borrowings from the Federal Reserve system by 70 per cent.—(from a maximum of $1,208,384,000 to $361,575,000) more than banks of any other part of the country.

"In any event, our past experiences have shown that easy money rates do not necessarily bring relief to agricultural distress; any more than high rates are responsible for it. It may be interesting to recall that pressure for cheap money in times adverse to the farmer is not a novel occurrence. Similar pressure was also brought upon the Federal Reserve Board shortly after the Federal Reserve system began to operate, when, in spite of the fact that the country was swamped with easy money due to the release of reserve money which had just taken place, there was a most determined political pressure in order to force the reserve banks to reduce rates and to flood the country with loans on top of the already existing plethora of money.

"If the Federal Reserve Board had not withstood this pressure, it is safe to say that the Federal Reserve system would have squandered its strength before the subsequent demands occasioned by the war began, and it is not difficult to conceive the consequences that might have followed for the country, and, indeed, for the successful prosecution of the war.

"It is these grave questions that have impelled the council not to disregard the move involved in the Senate's bill, insignificant as it may appear, and not to disregard the attacks against the Federal Reserve system, no matter how ill-founded they may be.

Standard for System Outlined.

"The council, therefore, finally wishes to stress with all the emphasis of which it is capable two principles:

"1. The Federal Reserve system must be kept inviolate as a reserve system; its assets must remain safe and liquid. It must, therefore, always restrict its investments to those having reasonably short maturity and it must not be permitted to deal with customers direct and thereby incur the risk of immobilizing its funds in credits that conceivably may become 'frozen.'

"Whatever relief Federal Reserve banks may furnish must, therefore, be granted through the intermediary and under the responsibility of banking channels. If the existing country banking machinery is inadequate in certain sections, it ought to be strengthened and supplemented, but there should always be a 'buffer' between the borrower and the Federal Reserve Bank. It is as such that Federal land banks, as above recommended, may be developed to render a distinct national service.

"2. The independence of the Federal Reserve Board must be strengthened and protected, and every effort made to secure for service on it men of the highest integrity, intelligence and strength. The board, like a court of supreme standing, must be able to act from an entirely judicial point of view, uninfluenced by the wishes of parties or classes, but seeking to fashion its policies with the sole aim of serving the best advantage of the country as a whole. If political pressure for the interests of a single class—be it the farmer, laborer, big industry, or capital—are ever permitted to dominate the Federal Reserve system, it will become the gravest menace to the future of the United States. If the Federal Reserve system is surrendered to political domination, history will repeat itself and from the greatest blessing that this system is today, it will turn into a curse."

Senators Consult Harding on Change.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—President Harding had another conference with Senators today on the subject of the proposed amendment to the Federal Reserve act directing that a man whose principal occupation and business is farming be named to fill the next vacancy on the Reserve Board. He talked over the bill with its author, Senator Smith, of South Carolina, and Senators Simmons of North Carolina and Kellogg of Minnesota.

The three Senators, after their conference, were hopeful that means had been found to remove Presidential objections to the amendment.

"I think daylight is coming," commented Mr. Smith. "I am confident that before long a real farmer will be a member of the powerful board."

It was understood that the President reiterated that he was not opposed in any way to the legislation specifying a farmer member of the board, but that the law should contemplate representation of other industries.

There was the suggestion that the attempts to work out means of meeting the demand of the Senate agricultural bloc had opened an entirely new question with respect to the make-up of the Reserve Board. While no Senators would be quoted on the situation, it appeared that the idea was in the minds of some that the whole reserve act with respect to specification of membership qualifications should be redrafted.

As it stands, the law provides that two members of the board shall have been experienced in banking. Some Senators said that this provision should go.

Work on a suggested substitute bill probably will be started at once, it was said, embodying the bloc's demand. Final action on the Smith bill has been set for next Tuesday and every effort will be made, it was declared, to have a compromise proposal ready for that date.

GERMAN BANK STATEMENT.

Large Decrease in Note Issues at Opening of New Year.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany as of Jan. 7, shows the following changes, in marks:

Total coin and bullion	increased	103,000
Gold	increased	5,000
Treasury notes	decreased	2,000,551,000
Notes of other banks	increased	1,514,000
Bills discounted	increased	14,383,576,000
Advances	decreased	25,331,000
Investments	decreased	5,964,000
Other securities	decreased	934,915,000
Notes in circulation	decreased	16,082,908,000
Deposits	decreased	78,684,000
Other liabilities	decreased	

Total gold holdings of the Bank of Germany as of Jan. 7, were 995,395,000 marks, as compared with 1,001,634,000 in the same week of 1921 and 1,089,820 in 1920.

The following table gives the total of German note circulation over a period of weeks, including the third week of May, when purchases of foreign cash balances for reparations payments began; also for the corresponding week of 1918, and for the week in which the war began. Figures are in thousands of marks:

	1922	1921	1920	1919
Jan. 7	112,959,297	67,916,378	35,763,740	
14		68,805,608	35,483,350	
21	118,458,880	68,665,204	34,126,600	
28	108,814,975	64,684,636	32,875,540	
Dec. 31	104,387,275	64,284,400	32,460,140	
Dec. 23	104,387,275	63,815,000	31,905,820	
Dec. 15	102,849,059	62,592,800	31,219,060	
Dec. 7	100,763,057	63,583,243	31,123,480	
Nov. 30	98,283,320	63,000,100	31,075,380	
Nov. 23	95,005,545	63,000,113	30,928,620	
Nov. 15	92,429,417	60,099,100	30,772,960	
Nov. 7	91,347,101	62,128,700	29,988,920	
Oct. 31	87,903,670	62,078,404	29,784,100	
Oct. 23	87,547,633	62,735,489	28,492,231	
Oct. 15	87,781,076	64,735,489	28,639,556	
Oct. 7	86,208,711	64,407,308	28,963,360	
Sept. 30	80,072,146	65,708,500	29,048,360	
Aug. 31	77,390,633	63,975,180	28,244,920	
July 30	75,321,093	49,127,520	27,286,480	
June 28	71,938,826	49,127,540	1916	
May 31	69,724,409	1917	10,103,740	
May 24	1918	10,103,740	1913	
	16,959,208	1913	1,044,200	
Nov. 6	1914	1,836,920		
	1,890,995			
July 25				

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1909	M. & S. 78	78½
Belgium 5s, 1925	J. & D. 105¾	106
Belgium 7½s, 1945	F. & A. 106¾	107
Belgium 5s, 1941	M. & N. 106¾	107
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N. 107	107½
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N. 83	83½
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	J. & D. 102	104¾
King. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & J. 94	97
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O. 96⅞	98⅛
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	F. & A. 98¾	99⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O. 96½	98⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1938	F. & A. 101¾	102
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	J. & O. 99¼	99¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N. 101¼	101⅝
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	J. & D. 44¾	45
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	J. & J. 88	107
City of Christiania 8s, 1945	A. & O. 106	
City of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944	J. & J. 88	88½
Copenhagen 5s, 1952	M. & S. 84¾	85
Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S. 84¾	
Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A. 81	77
Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. & A. 76¼	76½
Denmark 8s, 1942	A. & O. 106	106¼
Denmark 8s, 1945	J. & J. 94½	94⅝
Denmark 6s, 1942	A. & O. 106½	107
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A '46	F. & A. 106½	107
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B '46	F. & A. 106½	95
Dan. Mun. 5s, 1941	J. & D. 94½	95
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	F. & A. 100	100¼
French Gov. 8s, 1945	F. & A. 93	93½
Italy 6½s, 1925	J. & J. 74	74⅜
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & A. 87¾	88
Japanese 4½s, 1925	J. & J. 86¾	86⅞
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser.	J. & J. 83½	83¾
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N. 83	83½
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	J. & D. 40	40¾
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	J. Jan. 53¾	54
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1940	J. & O. 109¼	109⅝
King. of Norway 5s, 1940	J. & O. 107¼	107½
State of Queensland 5s, '41	A. & O. 100⅜	100½
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	J. & J. 84½	84½
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	F. & A. 88¼	88¾
Dom. Republic 5s, 1958	J. & J. 101	101½
San Paulo 8s, 1939	J. & D. 95¾	96¼
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939	J. & J. 113¾	114¼
Confed. 8s, 1940	M. & S. 68	68¼
City of Tokio 5s, 1946	F. & A. 104	104⅜
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A. 107	108
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O. 100¼	100⅝
Un. K. 5½s, 1922	F. & A. 100¼	100⅜
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	F. & A. 100¼	100⅜
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	F. & A. 98½	98⅝

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	101¼	101¼
2s, c, 1930	101¼	101¼
4s, r, 1925	104¼	104⅜
4s, c, 1925	104¼	104⅜
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	
Pan 2s, c, 1936	100¼	
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	
Pan 2s, c, 1938	100¼	
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	
Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	
P 1-4s, '54-'64	80	
P 1-4s, '55-'65	80	
P 1-4s, '36-'86	80	
Dist of Col 3-65s	95	

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely, pf	10¾	11¼
Do pf	32	32¾
Alle & W, pf	96	
Alas G M	½	
Alas & Sus, 1st pf	133	
Am S 1st pf	88	
Am Bk N	64	
Am B Sug pf	52	64
Am C & F pf	62¼	62¾
Am Chicle	10	11
Am Coal	22	
Am Exp	133	
Am Lin pf	50	56
Am M & G	15	18
Am R pf	114	
Am Sm pf	80	
Am Snuff	86	90
Do pf	87	100
Am S & R pf	87¼	87¾
Am Snuff	112	115
Do pf	80	91
Am S Tob pf	70	74
Am T & C	52	57
Am W W & pf	6¾	7
Am Z pf	36¼	39
Ann Arbor	10	35
Do pf	30	
Art Metal	13	15
ex div	13	
Do ctfs	10¾	
ex div	1	
Assets R G 1st pf	76	76¾
Do 2d pf	75¾	76¾
Assoc Oil	99¼	99½
Atl C L	84½	87½
Atl Fruit	6¾	6¾
Atl Petrol	23¾	24
Atl Ref	960	1,020
Atlas T	12½	16
Aus N pf	65	70½
Auto Sales	3¼	4
Do pf	13½	15
Bear Leath	35	45
Do pf	89	92
Barnsdall, Class A	18½	20
Cl B	19¾	20
Batop M	½	⅝
B'ch Creek	22	
B'nut pf	101	
Beth B 7% pf	80½	91
8% pf	104¾	106
Booth Fish pf	32	38
B E Steel 1st pf	61½	64
B'klyn Ed	101	104
B R T	6	7
Brown Sh	85	90
Do pf	85	94
Bruns Ter	2¾	3¾
B, S & P	53	60
Do pf	79	90
Buff & S	65	75
Do pf	45	48
Burns Bros	92	96
Do pf old	106	118
Do B pf	101	97
Do pf	92	100
Bush Ter	23	24
Cal P pf	82½	84
Cal & Ar	54½	58½
Can Sc	4	5
Case Plow	3	
Case (J I) pf	68	75
C'tain-teed	32	35
Do 2d pf	75	80
Chi, St P, M & Om	51	54
Do pf	82	87
Chi & Alt	6	7
Do pf	6	7
Chi Gt W	6	6¼
Do pf	15½	16½
Chi Pn T pf	60	61½
Chi R div		
C, C, C & St L pf	75	76
Cl & Pitts pf	75	80
Do spec	35½	
Clu-P pf	88	
C & S 1st pf	55	57
Do 2d pf	48	50
Con Cigar	26	27
Cont C pf	99	100½
Cont Ins	64½	66
Crex Carp	25	35
Cruc S pf	82¼	83
C-Am Sug pf	72¼	73
D & Co pf	60	63
Det U Ry		70
D, E S & A pf	2¾	3½
Do pf	4	5
Dom Bk	205	
Dur Hos	29	32
Do pf	80	90
East Kod	650	675
Do pf	107	
Elec S, B pf	125	
Elk H Coal	16	16¼
Do pf	4	4½
Em Brant	18	22
Do pf	39	50
Fairbanks	18	20
F M & P	9	12
Fisher Bdy	79	81
Do pf	100	104¾
G A T Car	45	60
Gen El pf	91½	94
Gen Cig pf	100	102¼
Do pf	96¼	97½
Gen M pf	70¼	74
ex div	70¼	55
Gil Oil pf	45	30¼
Goodrich	31½	84
Do pf	82	29¾
Granby C	27	
G, M & N pf	17	17¾
G S S 1st pf	85	95
Hack W	16	
Do pf	22	28½
Hartman	80	84
Homestake	54	55
Hyd Steel	5¾	6¾
Ill Cent	99	99¾
Do L	67	
Int Agric	7¼	34
Do pf	32	
Int Paper pf	107	
Int Mer M	14½	14¾
Int Mot Tr	69½	70
1st pf	54	58
10s 2d	65½	66
Int N pf	80	100
Int Pa pf	43	
Int Salt	3	6
Iowa Cent	22	26
Iron Prod	106	
K C, Ft S & M pf	67	90
Kayser (J)	81	
Kelly Sp T	78	
6% pf	72¾	93
8% pf	92½	
Kelsey Wh	61	94
Do pf	92	
K & D M	4¼	6
Do pf	20	
Kresge (S S)	106	
Kress (S H)	90	115
Do pf	100	113
L E & W	104	30
Do pf	29	
L & M, Cl B	155	160
Loews, Inc	13	13¼
L-W B	90	110
Do pf	96	100
Mah Coal	850	900
M'kay Cos	72¾	80
Do pf	57¾	65
Manhattan	12¾	15¼
Do pf	62	65½
Man Beach	¼	2
Man Shirt pf	101¾	110½
Manati Sug pf	65	90
Mkt St Ry	16¼	20
Do 2d pf	6	8
Marlin R	5	9
Max M, Cl A	5	8
Do 1st pf	5	9
Do 2d pf	2	5
Max M, A	47¾	50
M Dep Sts	104	106
Do pf	107	112
M, St P & S S M	61	63
Do pf	83	90
Mont Pow pf	62	
Mullins Body	101	
N C & St L	101¾	110
Nat C & C	22	26
Nat En pf	87	
Nat Ld pf	109¾	110¼
Nat Rys pf	4	9
N O, T & Mex	56½	57½
N Y A B	60	61¼
N Y B, L, St L	51¾	53
Do 1st pf	70¼	73
Do 2d pf	60½	63
N Y Dock	52	54½
pf	65	
N Y, L & W	91	
N Y Shipb	10	20
N Y S Rys pf		55
Norf So	8	9
N F Power	99	
North Cent	71	71¼
Nunnally	10¾	11¼
Ohio F S	4	8
Ont Min	4½	5
Otis El pf	40¼	47
Owens Bot	25½	26¾
Pac C 1st pf	40	50
2d pf	20	50
Pac Dev	7¾	7½
P T & Tel	55	60
P P R	5¾	9
pf	73	79
Penney pf	89	97
Peo & E	10¾	11¼
Pere M pf	62	64
Pierce O pf	65	70
Pitts Coal pf, ext	90¾	93
P R Steel pf	36	39
Pt W & C	101	
pf	102½	
Pitts S pf	84½	92
Pond C C	14¾	15
Pr Stl Car	63½	64½
Do pf	91	93½
R R Secur, I stk ct	53	64
Ry Stl Spr pf	108	20
Rand M	20	21
Reon T pf	47	50
Rens & S	112	8
Rep Truck	7½	10
Do pf	40	47
Rep I & S 1st pf	12¾	13¾
Savage A	12	13½
Sears-R pf	93	94
Shell Trans, ex div	37¼	38
S-S El & F pf	72	74
So P R S pf	82	85
Stand Mill	108	118
Do pf	81	84½
Stern Bros pf	91¼	97
Sup Steel pf	26	26¼
T C, Class A	3½	3¾
T P L Tr	360	400
Tide W pf	91	150
Tob Pr pf	91	92
T St L & W	14	15
Do pf	22	24
Trans-C R T	32	33
Do pf	34	36¾
Und Type	116	130
Do pf	104	113¾
U Alloy S	67¾	68
Do pf	25	26¼
U Alloy S	25	150
U Cig Sts	136	
Do pf	6¾	6¾
U S Sm pf	43	44
Van R 1st pf	91	95
Va-Car Ch	27½	28
Do pf	67	70
Vivaudou	6¾	6¾
Wab pf B	10½	11¾
Weber & H	10½	8½
Do pf	13	14½
West U T	91¾	93
West A E	93	
W E & M pf	65	70
W-Over pf	21¾	29
Wilson pf	67	70
Wis Cent pf	25¾	26
Woolworth pf	118	119
Wor Pump pf	83	86
Wright A	8	8¼

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at the close of business Jan. 11:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month 1921.	*Fiscal Year 1922.	*Corresponding Fiscal Year 1921.
Customs	$7,688,265.83	$3,051,331.11	$154,896,627.13	$155,148,406.84
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	11,318,729.16	3,186,268.83	1,220,734,900.71	1,631,360,199.57
Miscellaneous	46,206,185.81	45,933,539.60	736,051,788.40	816,017,850.89
Miscellaneous revenue	11,850,616.23	72,546,249.02	245,146,047.87	427,998,377.09
Panama Canal tolls, &c	410,732.72	774,420.53	6,448,363.01	4,476,063.38
Total ordinary	$77,514,529.75	$27,461,710.09	$2,392,277,587.12	$3,035,000,997.97
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements			435,411,001.41	337,363,635.59
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	41,144,533.16	122,141,306.84	1,936,866,495.71	2,697,637,351.96
Expenditures	118,659,062.91	149,603,016.93		

*Receipts and disbursements for June res ching Treasury in July included.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue

At Forty-first Street

New York

London Paris

Foreign Exchange

Administrator Guardian

Member Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House

To the Holders of

Copper Export Association, Inc.

Eight Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, Series "B." Due February 15, 1923

Notice is hereby given as provided in Article IV of the Trust Agreement dated February 15, 1921, between Copper Export Association, Inc., and Guaranty Trust Company of New York as Trustee, that Seven Million Dollars ($7,000,000), par value Copper Export Association, Inc., Eight Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, Series "B," due February 15, 1923, issued under said Agreement, bearing the following numbers have been drawn for redemption and will be paid on February 15, 1922, at 101 per cent. of their par value and accrued interest to that date:

NOTES AT $1,000 EACH

Numbers B

6001 6063 6834 7107 7378 7637 7918 8212 8464 8755 9037 9319 9605 9899 10199 10514 10844 11138 11432 11694 11973 12272 12556 12837 13107 13486 13691 13969 14261 14536 14827 15149 15434 15721
6002 6305 6544 6835 7108 7379 7640 7920 8213 8465 8757 9038 9321 9607 9902 10191 10515 10846 11136 11424 11695 11974 12273 12558 12838 13108 13487 13692 13970 14262 14539 14828 15150 15435 15722
6003 6306 6545 6836 7112 7380 7641 7921 8214 8466 8761 9039 9322 9608 9903 10192 10516 10847 11137 11425 11696 11975 12274 12559 12840 13109 13488 13693 13971 14263 14540 14829 15151 15436 15723
6004 6307 6546 6838 7113 7382 7642 7922 8215 8467 8762 9040 9323 9609 9904 10193 10517 10848 11139 11427 11697 11976 12275 12560 12841 13110 13489 13694 13972 14264 14541 14830 15152 15437 15724
6005 6308 6547 6840 7114 7383 7643 7925 8217 8468 8764 9041 9325 9610 9905 10194 10518 10849 11140 11429 11698 11977 12276 12561 12842 13111 13490 13695 13973 14265 14542 14831 15153 15438 15725
6006 6310 6548 6841 7115 7384 7644 7926 8219 8471 8765 9042 9326 9611 9906 10195 10520 10851 11141 11430 11699 11978 12278 12562 12843 13112 13491 13696 13974 14266 14543 14832 15154 15439 15726
6007 6311 6549 6843 7116 7385 7646 7927 8220 8472 8766 9043 9327 9612 9907 10196 10521 10852 11142 11431 11701 11979 12279 12563 12844 13113 13492 13697 13975 14267 14544 14833 15155 15440 15727
6008 6312 6550 6845 7117 7386 7647 7928 8221 8474 8767 9044 9328 9613 9908 10201 10522 10853 11143 11432 11702 11980 12280 12564 12845 13114 13493 13698 13976 14268 14545 14834 15156 15441 15728
6009 6313 6551 6846 7118 7388 7648 7929 8224 8475 8768 9045 9330 9614 9909 10202 10523 10854 11144 11433 11703 11981 12281 12565 12846 13115 13494 13699 13977 14269 14546 14835 15157 15442 15729
6010 6314 6552 6847 7119 7389 7649 7930 8226 8476 8773 9046 9331 9615 9910 10203 10524 10855 11145 11434 11704 11982 12282 12566 12847 13116 13495 13700 13978 14270 14547 14836 15158 15443 15730
6011 6315 6553 6848 7120 7390 7650 7931 8228 8478 8774 9047 9332 9616 9911 10204 10525 10856 11146 11435 11705 11983 12283 12567 12848 13117 13496 13701 13979 14271 14548 14837 15159 15444 15731
6012 6316 6554 6849 7122 7391 7651 7932 8229 8479 8775 9048 9333 9617 9912 10205 10526 10857 11147 11436 11707 11984 12284 12568 12849 13118 13497 13702 13980 14272 14549 14838 15160 15445 15732
6013 6317 6555 6850 7123 7392 7652 7933 8230 8480 8776 9049 9334 9618 9913 10206 10527 10858 11148 11437 11708 11985 12285 12569 12850 13119 13498 13703 13981 14273 14550 14839 15161 15446 15733
6014 6319 6556 6851 7124 7393 7653 7934 8231 8481 8777 9050 9335 9619 9914 10207 10528 10859 11149 11438 11709 11986 12286 12570 12851 13120 13499 13704 13982 14274 14551 14840 15162 15447 15734
6015 6320 6557 6852 7125 7394 7654 7935 8232 8482 8778 9051 9336 9620 9915 10208 10529 10860 11150 11439 11710 11987 12287 12571 12852 13121 13500 13705 13983 14275 14552 14841 15163 15448 15735
6016 6321 6558 6853 7126 7396 7655 7936 8233 8483 8779 9052 9337 9621 9916 10209 10530 10861 11151 11440 11711 11988 12289 12572 12853 13122 13501 13706 13984 14276 14553 14842 15164 15449 15736
6017 6322 6559 6854 7127 7397 7657 7937 8234 8484 8781 9053 9338 9622 9917 10210 10531 10862 11152 11441 11712 11989 12290 12573 12854 13123 13502 13707 13985 14277 14554 14843 15165 15450 15737
6018 6323 6560 6855 7128 7398 7658 7938 8235 8485 8782 9054 9339 9623 9918 10211 10532 10863 11153 11442 11713 11990 12291 12574 12855 13124 13503 13708 13986 14278 14555 14844 15166 15451 15738
6019 6324 6561 6856 7129 7399 7659 7939 8236 8486 8783 9055 9340 9624 9919 10212 10533 10864 11154 11443 11714 11991 12292 12575 12856 13125 13504 13709 13987 14279 14556 14845 15167 15452 15739
6020 6325 6562 6857 7130 7400 7660 7940 8237 8487 8784 9056 9341 9625 9920 10213 10534 10865 11155 11444 11715 11992 12293 12576 12857 13126 13505 13710 13988 14280 14557 14846 15168 15453 15740
6021 6326 6563 6858 7131 7401 7661 7941 8238 8488 8785 9057 9342 9626 9921 10214 10535 10866 11156 11445 11716 11993 12294 12577 12858 13127 13506 13711 13989 14281 14558 14847 15169 15454 15741
6022 6327 6564 6859 7132 7402 7662 7942 8239 8489 8786 9058 9343 9627 9922 10215 10536 10867 11157 11446 11717 11994 12295 12578 12859 13128 13507 13712 13990 14282 14559 14848 15170 15455 15742
6023 6329 6565 6860 7133 7403 7663 7943 8240 8490 8787 9059 9344 9628 9923 10216 10537 10868 11158 11447 11718 11995 12296 12579 12860 13129 13508 13713 13991 14283 14560 14849 15171 15456 15743
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SUGAR SURPLUS PUT AT 1,443,000 TONS

Federal Refinery Says Hoover's Figures Were Unjustifiably Used to "Bull" the Market.

HEAVY CARRYOVER IN SIGHT

Cuba Moving Her Excess in Fair Volume and May Not Need Projected Loans.

The surplus stock of sugar in the United States and Cuba at the close of the current year will be 1,443,000 tons, according to an estimate made by the Federal Sugar Refining Company. "The figures issued by Secretary of Commerce Hoover the other day were unjustifiably used to 'bull' the market," points out the company, "because they should have been coupled with a statement to the effect that the carryover in 1922 from 1921 in this country and Cuba is about 2,000,000 tons. The effect of a rising market at this time is bound to overstimulate production all over the world and result later in reaction to the disadvantage of producer and trade.

"The carryover of 2,000,000 tons at the beginning of this year is at least 1,250,000 tons above normal," according to the Federal's figures. "It is made up of 1,400,000 tons of Cuban and Hawaiian raws, raw sugar afloat, refiners' stocks of raws and unsold Louisiana sugar (1,500,000 tons, refined basis), together with 700,000 tons of refiners' stocks of refined sugar and carryover of domestic beet sugar. The new 1921-22 crops available in United States and Cuba are estimated by Federal statisticians and correspondents at 4,283,000 tons refined sugar, including 3,500,000 tons of Cuban sugar (raw basis). The total supplies available up to Oct. 1, 1922, will therefore be 6,283,000 tons.

"A balance of 1,793,000 tons will remain on Oct. 1, 1922," according to the estimates, "which allow for exports during 1922 from Cuba and the United States of 1,250,000 tons and consumption in this country at the rate of 360,000 tons a month, a total of 3,240,000 tons up to Sept. 30. On this date the new domestic beet and cane sugar will be coming on the market to the extent of 880,000 tons (conservatively reducing the last crop production of 1,100,000 tons by 20 per cent.). Consumption during the last three months of the year and Cuban local consumption leave the estimated carryover at the end of 1922 of 1,443,000 tons.

"Cuba is now moving her excess carryover of sugar in fair volume.

"Cuba may not need any of the projected loans, is the increasing opinion on the island," according to the Federal correspondent there. "It is now believed by many that by various economies Cuba will be able to overcome her difficulties unaided. Apparently the Government itself now shares this opinion."

GERMANS ARE PLANNING TRANS-EUROPEAN CANAL

Deep Waterway From North to Black Sea Expected to Furnish Waterpower.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—With the formation in Munich of the Rhine-Main-Danube Company, a scheme for a transcontinental waterway for ships up to 1,200 tons from Rotterdam, on the North Sea, to Galatsin, on the Black Sea, a distance of 1,600 or 1,700 miles through the heart of Europe, comes within sight of realization.

It is possible to use the Rhine-Main-Danube route today, but only with comparatively small barges. It is now proposed to do canalization work on some parts of the route and widen and deepen other parts, including the canal cutting between Bamberg and Kelheim. It is also planned to canalize the upper Danube from Kelheim to Ulm and link Munich and Augsburg with the great waterway.

The company will have a capital of 1,200,000,000 marks, 600,000,000 of which will be taken up by the German Federal Government, the Governments of Bavaria and other States of Germany and various public bodies. Subscriptions of 858,000,000 marks will be made by the Deutsche Bank, three large Bavarian banks and an important Rhineland bank.

The chief financial basis of this vast undertaking is a great scheme within a larger scheme. At locks all along the German part of the waterway forty large electric power stations will be erected. It is estimated that they will have a total capacity of 400,000 horse power. The aim is eventually to electrify the whole industry of Bavaria. This will provide the company with its most important source of income. It is reckoned, too, that this supply of electricity will result in the saving of 5,000,000 tons of coal yearly.

The scheme will not be completed for about twenty years, but it will be so carried out that the waterway will be opened within two years.

BUYERS STILL CAUTIOUS.

Confidence Stronger but Price Concessions Are Sought.

Increase in general activity in business is still delayed, but the prospect for gradual revival remains, say R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review. Many interests are disposed to adhere to a conservative policy.

"While confidence has unmistakably strengthened, different uncertainties make for continued caution and rapid commercial expansion is not to be expected," the review says. "A number of factors, however, encourage the release of some orders that have been held in abeyance, and the larger attendance of merchants in some of the primary markets occasions favorable comment.

"Dealers' demands to cover probable future requirements are chiefly of moderate size, although appearing more frequently.

"Additional reduction of retail stocks has resulted from storms and lower temperatures in the East and elsewhere, but discrimination in purchasing is still a pronounced feature, with price concessions often necessary to stimulate distribution. Such phases are not surprising after many months of far-reaching readjustments, and the business recovery which is now in progress will be more lasting because of the absence of the previous extravagances and speculative excesses."

Bradstreet's says:

Jobbers report Spring goods in better call and shipments of these are unquestionably larger, but seasonal goods are not especially active in the matter of reorders. Judging from reports, a good deal of buying was held back until after the holidays to take advantage of expected reductions. As regards new buying, iron and steel lines generally report the usual January quiet, with railway buying of cars and rails attracting most attention.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Chase National Bank has been appointed registrar of the preferred stock of Hardings Company, Inc.

Reports of proposed mergers, particularly with reference to the large steel companies, are the basis of a special review just issued by Charles H. Clarkson & Co.

J. Spencer Weed, Vice President of the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company, was elected a Director of the Mercantile Trust Company at the stockholders' meeting yesterday. The other members of the board were re-elected.

Rollo H. Bolling and Henry R. Johnston have been elected Vice Presidents of the Bankers and Phenix National Bank. Mr. Bolling was formerly President of the Continental National Bank of Washington, D. C.

Spencer Trask & Co. have issued for free distribution a brief survey of nine dividend paying oil stocks.

EXPORT SURPLUS DOWN $1,000,000,000 FROM 1920

Decrease of $3,743,000,000 in the Country's Outward Trade Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—A decrease of nearly $1,000,000,000 in the favorable trade balance of the United States during 1921 on merchandise account was indicated in the foreign trade statistics for December issued today by the Commerce Department. Exports decreased in value from 1920 by $3,743,000,000 and imports by $2,777,000,000. The report attributes much of the reduction to the material decline last year in prices of commodities which made up the bulk of the country's foreign trade.

"The lower values of imports in 1921, as compared with 1920 and previous years," the department said, "do not represent corresponding declines in volume of trade, but are to a great extent due to the falling prices."

During the year 1921 exports amounted to $4,485,000,000 as compared with $8,228,000,000 during the previous year, while imports aggregated $2,508,000,000 against $5,278,000,000 in 1920.

Exports in December totaled $295,900,000 as against $294,000,000 in November and $750,000,000 in December, 1920, while imports amounted to $236,800,000 against $211,000,000 in November and $266,000,000 in December a year ago.

The foreign trade of the United States in merchandise during December compares with the preceding month and with the same month last year as follows:

	Dec., 1921.	Nov., 1921.	Dec., 1920
Exports	$295,900,000	$294,437,397	$720,852,515
Imports	236,800,000	211,027,080	286,112,819
Excess exports	$59,100,000	$83,410,317	$454,739,696

The December results compare thus with preceding months of 1921:

	Exports.	Imports.	Exc. Exports.
Dec., '21	$295,900,000	$236,800,000	$59,100,000
Nov., '21	294,437,397	211,027,080	83,410,317
Oct., '21	343,397,418	188,027,901	155,369,517
Sep., '21	325,773,531	179,282,568	146,490,963
Aug., '21	371,935,299	194,767,564	177,167,735
July, '21	320,708,574	178,636,711	142,071,863
June, '21	336,958,412	165,679,883	151,278,519
May, '21	329,746,370	204,810,665	124,835,514
April, '21	339,914,987	354,571,024	85,343,963
Mar., '21	380,811,138	251,068,741	134,822,397
Feb., '21	480,297,067	214,525,137	274,771,930
Jan., '21	654,740,158	209,814,382	445,025,770

Export and import trade in merchandise for the calendar year 1921 compares thus with previous years (000 omitted):

	Exports.	Imports.	Exc. Exports.
1921	$4,485,000	$2,508,000	$1,977,000
1920	8,228,759	5,278,396	2,949,361
1919	7,920,425	3,904,364	4,016,061
1918	6,149,067	3,031,212	3,117,674
1917	6,231,244	2,952,467	3,278,777
1916	5,483,641	2,391,535	3,091,005
1915	3,554,670	1,778,596	1,776,074
1914	2,113,624	1,789,276	324,348
1913	2,484,018	1,792,506	691,421

A Treasury Certificate Redemption.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Secretary Mellon announced today that he has authorized the Federal Reserve Banks on and after Monday, Jan. 16, 1922, and until further notice, to redeem in cash, before Feb. 16, 1922, at the holders' option, at par and accrued interest to the date of such optional redemption, Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series A-1922, dated May 16, 1921, maturing Feb. 16, 1922.

Piggly Wiggly Earnings $282,000.

The net earnings of the Piggly Wiggly Stores, Inc., for December, after all charges and depreciation, amounted to $101,000, making a total of $282,000 for the final quarter of 1921. December sales were reported at $2,508,212, while aggregate sales for the full year of 1921 were $30,204,420, an increase of $806,598.

2% Pierce Oil Dividend.

The Directors of the Pierce Oil Corporation yesterday declared a dividend of 2 per cent. on the preferred stock, payable Feb. 1 to holders of record of Jan. 26. It was expected that two dividends of 2 per cent. would be declared, one for this quarter and one for the last quarter of 1921. The preferred stock dividend is cumulative.

NATIONAL BISCUIT SHOWS SMALL GAIN

Net Earnings for 1921 Are $5,677,461, Compared With $5,543,120 for Previous Year.

INDEBTEDNESS IS SMALL

New Bethune Street Bakery Develops Great Production Facilities—Plan New Buffalo Plant.

The National Biscuit Company, for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, reports net earnings after taxes of $5,677,461, which after allowing for the regular dividends on the preferred stock was equal to $13.48 a share on the $39,236,000 of common stock outstanding. In 1920 the company reported earnings of $5,543,120, or $13.02 a share after preferred dividends.

The income account for 1921 and 1920 follows:

	1921.	1920.
Net earnings	$5,677,461	$5,543,120
Preferred dividends	1,736,815	1,736,815
Common dividends	2,046,320	2,046,320
Surplus	$1,894,326	$1,760,280
Previous surplus	21,009,097	19,328,812
P & L surplus	$22,983,728	$21,089,097

Roy E. Tomlinson, President of the company, in his remarks to stockholders, in part pointed out that "the only indebtedness is for raw materials and other incidental items incurred so recently that the accounts could not be audited and paid before the close of the year." He further pointed out that it was the practice of the company to buy raw materials only as they are needed.

"The new Bethune Street bakery in New York City," he said further, "has shown great production facilities. A class of product has been baked there which has found ready sale. The new warehouse and manufacturing building at Marseilles, Ill., has been in use since last May for cartons and paperboard containers.

"Contract has been made for a new bakery in Buffalo on a piece of land located on the Belt Line tracks, having an area of about 141,000 square feet. This new bakery in time will take the place of the present bakery in Buffalo, which is located in a leased building."

CREDITORS TO PUSH CLAIMS.

E. W. Wagner & Co. Committee Seeks to Protect All Claimants.

The Customers' Reclamation Committee of the bankrupt brokerage firm of E. W. Wagner & Co. has engaged R. B. Hand of 52 Wall Street as attorney for the committee to push the claims of customer creditors. The committee has been formed for the purpose of protecting the interests of both classes of creditors, those who had bought their securities and paid for them and those who bought on a margin basis. W. J. Talt is Secretary of the committee. It is said certified public accountants will be employed.

A letter sent to the customers, of whom it is estimated there are about 17,000 in this city, says:

"It is frequently possible to recover possession of securities from a trustee or receiver if proper action is taken promptly. This is so whether the securities were owned outright or purchased on margin. Under certain conditions customers owning securities paid in full have a prior right to reclaim. Success depends upon establishing your right to securities coming into the hands of the receiver. If it can be found, you must establish your right to the proceeds realized from the sale. Claim must be made promptly and before a proof of debt is filed, otherwise you may lose your right to reclaim your securities and the advantages that follow reclamation."

COTTON SUPPORTED BY SHORT COVERING

Acts as Offset to Unfavorable Foreign News—Prices Little Changed at Close.

The feature in cotton yesterday was the covering of between 20,000 and 25,000 bales, attributed to a prominent operator who has been out of the market for some months. This served to offset the unsettling influence of foreign news and turned an early decline of 25 points into a recovery of the entire loss. Purchases of wheat and stocks were also attributed to the same interest. January sold even with March losing all its recent premium. Prices did not respond to the day's buying, as readily as usually results from such large operations, and the tone, at times, proved heavy. Final prices were unchanged to 6 points higher.

French political news had a depressing effect on Liverpool. Prices abroad declined, bringing foreign selling orders to New York. Added to this, was liquidation from various quarters in volume beyond demand. Lines of both March and May came out, forcing a quarter of a cent decline shortly after the opening. This ran May back to a 17¾ cent level but, as was the case on Wednesday, there was sufficient buying power at that point to provide a resting place. Contracts were sold freely for half an hour, without weakening quotations further. An irregular stock market early, and uncertainty over immediate results of developments in France, had disturbing influence on sentiment for a time. It was not until bids for large blocks of March around 17.60 and absorption of May at 17.25 indicated trade interest wanted cotton, that room operators furnished support. Demand appeared on an increased scale and when Liverpool recovered a few points improvement started here.

When brokers discovered early selling had exhausted pressure, confidence grew with rising quotations. After an advance of 15 points orders were received from sources outside the Exchange. This carried March over 17.80 when heaviest buying in several days occurred. Two orders for 5,000 bales each entered the ring in quick succession. As this buying failed to start increased general activity and contracts were obtained easily, a slow setback followed around midday. Both May and July came under pressure and holders seized the occasion of an advance to sell out cotton taken on the early decline.

A feature in trading was the action of January. For the first time in weeks January sold even with March, indicating that confidence interest in that month has been reduced materially. Early this week January sold 20 points over March and the reduced premium is attributed to the fact that an easier spot basis at many points South has brought New York points to deliverable basis. To the struggling tendency of January was due in great measure the quantity of March for sale on the upturn. Norfolk has a stock of 144,000 bales and middling cotton there was quoted a full cent under New York.

A third order for 5,000 bales of March and one for 5,000 July were executed in the afternoon. Prices advanced to 17.95, but again met so much cotton that quotations receded. That this quantity of contracts could be taken from the ring with such slight effect on prices came as a surprise. Considering a similar covering movement in grain and stocks, cotton made a poor response to the day's operations. Yet the fact that the market held in face of unsettling foreign news induced professional covering on all declines.

Spinners took 212,000 bales this week against 248,000 last year. This made 6,739,000 for the season, compared with 4,498,000 last year. Visible supply decreased 29,000 bales against 8,000 bales a year ago, leaving 4,526,000 against 4,840,000 a year ago.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Jan.	17.82	17.95	17.75	17.93	17.95
March	17.75	17.95	17.62	17.88@17.90	17.83
May	17.36	17.57	17.23	17.54	17.48
July	16.90	17.09	16.83	17.07@17.09	17.06
Oct.	16.30	16.46	16.15	16.45	16.42

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged to 18.25c for middling upland; sales nill.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 17.70c, 10 points advance; New Orleans 16.75c, unchanged; Savannah 17.50c, unchanged; Augusta 17.13c, unchanged; Memphis 15c, unchanged; Houston 17.00c, unchanged; Little Rock 17.75c unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last w'k.	Last yr.
Port receipts	16,265	11,400	19,540
Exports	11,265	12,379	82,008
Exports, season	5,124,929	3,062,169	2,628,027
New York stocks	85,826	88,817	35,088
Port stocks	1,287,238	1,254,806	1,452,747
N. Y. arrivals	3,602	..	1,640

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, quiet, 1 point decline; 10.70d for middling. Sales 5,000 bales, American 3,000. Imports 9,000, American 1,000. Futures opened quiet 8 to 11 points decline; closed quiet but steady, 9 to 11 points decline. Prices: Jan. 10.58d, March 10.51d, May 10.40d, July 10.25d, Oct. 9.29d.

Manchester—Yarns and cloths: Moderate demand.

New York Title & Mortgage Co. Gains.

According to the annual report of the New York Title and Mortgage Company, made public yesterday by Harry A. Kahler, President, the corporation had 7,070 depositors in its branch, the American Trust Company, at the end of the year, an increase of 1,565. At the end of the year the corporation had $25,201,821 lent on bonds and mortgages, an increase of $9,177,707 over the same item for the previous year.

To Redeem Treasury Certificates.

Secretary Mellon announced yesterday that he has authorized the Federal Reserve Banks on and after next Monday to redeem in cash before Feb. 16, at the holder's option, Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series A, 1922, dated May 16, 1921, maturing Feb. 16, 1922.

Annual Meeting Postponed.

The annual meeting of the South Porto Rico Sugar Company, which was to have been held yesterday, was postponed until Monday. The indenture securing the 7 per cent. bonds has been approved by the stockholders.

E. T. Bedford Takes a Vacation.

E. T. Bedford, President of the Corn Products Refining Company, left yesterday for Winter Park, Florida, for a vacation of several weeks.

AVERAGE LOADINGS LOWEST SINCE 1918

Cars Used in Week Ended Dec. 31 Fewer by 134,893, Report Shows.

1921 TOTAL OFF 3,000,000

All Commodities in All Districts Declined Heavily During Five-Day Week.

Car loadings totaled 531,034 cars during the week ended Dec. 31, 1921, a reduction of 134,893 cars as compared with the previous week, it was shown by reports received yesterday from the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. This was a decrease of 71,334 cars as compared with the total for the corresponding week of 1920, and 31,707 cars below the same week of 1919.

Although it was a five-day week, due to the observance of Christmas, the reports show that the average number of cars loaded per day was the lowest for any week recorded since January, 1918.

The only commodity to show a gain as compared with the week of Dec. 24, was live stock, which increased 1,609 cars, to a total of 24,567. The loading of merchandise and miscellaneous freight, which included manufactured products, amounted to 328,017 cars, a reduction of 54,160 cars as against the previous week, but an increase of 519 cars over the corresponding week in 1920. Coal loadings totaled 105,062 cars, 30,190 cars under the week before, while grain and grain products amounted to 30,075 cars, a decrease within a week of 6,718 cars, but 1,302 cars more than last year.

All the districts reported reductions from the week before in total loadings of all commodities. The Northwest district alone reported an increase over the corresponding week of 1920.

Car loadings by weeks since the end of September are compared with the corresponding weeks of two previous years in the following table:

Week ended	1921.	1920.	1919.
Dec. 31	531,034	602,368	612,741
Dec. 24	665,927	848,466	884,352
Dec. 17	727,002	902,271	906,734
Dec. 10	742,986	837,953	761,940
Dec. 3	747,454	882,604	799,296
Nov. 26	673,827	903,781	839,107
Nov. 19	736,071	936,133	834,601
Nov. 12	753,046	927,596	808,304
Nov. 5	839,722	915,615	826,724
Oct. 29	852,027	901,242	837,478
Oct. 22	843,226	1,008,619	977,031
Oct. 15	906,034	1,018,539	972,079
Oct. 8	895,740	1,011,666	982,171
Oct. 1	901,078	992,283	957,506

The total loadings for the year 1921 were 37,918,739 cars, as compared with 43,729,067 in 1920 and 40,243,530 in 1919.

Report Calumet and Hecla Will Start Up.

The management of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company is making preparations to resume operations in some of its principal mines on April 1, according to advices received in Wall Street from Boston. The mines closed down on April 1, 1921.

North American Light Surplus.

The North American Light and Power Company, in its twelve months' report ending Nov. 30, 1921, shows a surplus, after charges and taxes, amounting to $358,018. Gross earnings stand at $3,570,571, an increase of $585,350 as compared with the report for the same period of 1920. Preferred dividend requirements during the year were $59,076.

Demand Deposits of Member Banks Show Post-Holiday Increase of $242,000,000

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Condition of member banks in leading cities:

Aggregate increases of $242,000,000 in net demand deposits, following end-of-year interest and dividend payments by banking, industrial and commercial corporations, and large increases of bank balances carried by member banks in Federal Reserve Bank cities, also the return flow of Federal Reserve notes and other currency, account for the principal changes in the condition on Jan. 4 of 808 member banks in leading cities.

Considerable amounts of currency, after serving the needs of the holiday trade, were returned to the reporting member banks during the week, and, after being credited to customers' deposit accounts, were used by the member banks to reduce their own borrowings at the Federal Reserve Banks and to increase their reserve balances.

As against a further increase of $19,000,000 in loans secured by corporate stocks and bonds, loans secured by United States Government obligations show a decline for the week of $14,000,000, and all other loans and discounts, comprising largely industrial and commercial loans, a decrease of $19,000,000. Corresponding changes for members in New York City include a reduction of $6,000,000 in loans secured by Government obligations and increases of $25,000,000 each of loans secured by stocks and bonds and of commercial loans proper.

Investments of the reporting institutions in United States bonds and Victory notes show but nominal changes. Holdings of Treasury notes increased by $1,000,000, while those of Treasury certificates declined by $5,000,000. Member banks in New York City report a nominal increase in their holdings of United States bonds and Victory notes and increases of $4,000,000 in Treasury notes and of $2,000,000 in Treasury certificates. Investments of the reporting institutions in corporate and other securities show an increase for the week of $6,000,000, largely by member banks in New York City. Total loans and investments of the reporting institutions in consequence of the changes noted are shown by $9,000,000 less than the week before, while member banks in New York City report an increase of $56,000,000 under this head.

Accommodation of the reporting member banks at Federal Reserve Banks, mainly in consequence of the substantial amount of currency returned to the latter, shows a reduction from $698,000,000 to $647,000,000, or from 4.7 to 4.4 per cent. of the banks' total loans and investments. For member banks in New York City a decrease from $131,000,000 to $125,000,000 in total borrowings from the local reserve bank and from 2.8 to 2.6 per cent. in the ratio of accommodation is noted.

Government balances with the reporting institutions show practically no changes. Net demand deposits as shown above, increased by $242,000,000, mainly because of the increase in bank balances carried, while time deposits show a gain for the week of $13,000,000. Member banks in New York City report an increase of $138,000,000 in net demand deposits, mainly because of increases in amounts due to out-of-town banks. Only nominal changes in Government and time deposits are shown.

Reserve balances of the reporting institutions with the Federal Reserve Banks, in keeping with the large increase in net demand deposits, show an increase of $47,000,000, while cash in vault, composed largely of Federal Reserve notes, declined about $13,000,000. Corresponding changes for the New York City banks include an increase of $31,000,000 in reserve balances and a reduction of $7,000,000 in cash on hand.

Some details are in this table:

CONDITION OF MEMBER BANKS IN LEADING CITIES.

	All Fed. Res. Cities.	Branch. Fed. Res. Cities.	Other Selected Cities.	New York.	Chicago.
No. reporting banks	276	215	318	67	50
Loans and discounts, incl. bills rediscounted with F. R. Banks, loans secured by U. S. Govt. obligat'ns.	$348,307,000	$83,401,000	$66,697,000	$173,445,000	$48,658,000
Loans secured by stocks and bonds	2,300,030,000	462,179,000	422,090,00	1,209,238,000	319,257,000
All other loans and discounts	4,788,406,000	1,416,227,000	1,318,432,000	2,198,227,000	688,619,000
Total loans and discounts	7,436,743,000	1,961,807,000	1,807,219,000	3,640,970,000	1,055,534,000
U. S. bonds	506,333,000	222,947,000	220,365,000	216,392,000	22,151,000
U. S. Victory notes	115,136,000	37,805,000	19,427,000	80,981,000	14,457,000
U. S. Treasury notes	97,953,000	17,165,000	13,373,000	86,806,000	3,193,000
U. S. certif. of indeb.	167,143,000	25,569,000	22,573,000	117,628,000	14,318,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	1,157,945,000	588,008,000	352,118,000	539,198,000	172,995,000
Total loans and discounts and inc. including bills rediscounted with F. R. Banks	9,481,253,000	2,854,312,000	2,435,575,000	4,801,975,000	1,282,986,000
Res. balance with F. R. Banks	984,199,000	184,905,000	144,927,000	612,586,000	124,609,000
Cash in vault	184,915,000	22,977,000	79,756,000	90,000,000	36,254,000
Net demand deposits	7,390,077,000	1,577,443,000	1,448,949,000	4,350,255,000	887,357,000
Time deposits	1,406,995,000	923,975,000	480,244,000	300,688,000	314,846,000
Government deposits	194,893,000	39,000,000	22,977,000	93,423,000	25,000,000
Bills payable with F.R.Bks. Secured by U. S. Govt obligations	155,628,000	68,782,000	38,118,000	107,030,000	5,549,000
Bills rediscounted, &c.	201,208,000	87,840,000	66,320,000	17,752,000	39,441,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 13.—Sixty-eight new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,800,500, were chartered today. They include:

New Era Cloak and Suit Company, Manhattan, $5,000; H. Verick, D. Joseph, S. Wisser. (Attorney, S. L. Wallerstein, 38 Park Row.)

Dessart Brothers, Brooklyn, hair goods, $150,000; E. S. and F. M. and C. H. Dessart. (Attorney, E. S Clinch, 41 Park Row.)

Lorraine Electric Company, Lorraine, Jefferson Co., $5,000; C. W. Tucker, O. L. Smelzinline, C. A. Caulkins. (Attorney, H. M. Brown, Utica.)

S. & R. Lunch, Manhattan, $10,000; N. and C. Rolnik, S. S. Klar. (Attorney, B. Krauss, 233 Broadway.)

Nirvanberg Brothers, Mount Vernon, paints and wall paper, $6,000; W. and J. and L. Nirenberg. (Attorney, J. B. Cortright, Mount Vernon.)

G. H. G. Building Corp., Brooklyn, $12,000; S. and I. Goldstein, I. Hoffman. (Attorney, C. M. Hiesiger, 299 Broadway.)

Poliportner Realty and Construction Company, Brooklyn, $20,000; N. and W. N. Polilack, S. Ortner. (Attorney, I. Apfel, 299 Broadway.)

Empior Research Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $10,000; M. Freeman, M. Green, E. Kast. (Attorneys, Sacob & Rakins, 1,500 Broadway.)

Motorship Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $5,000; A. G. Hendricks, V. Preston, A. S. Nolan. (Attorney, J. J. Delahanty, 220 Broadway.)

Marmon-Utica Corp., Utica, autos, $25,000; H. W. and M. R. Winslow, W. C. Jacobus. (Attorneys, Sexton & Sexton, Utica.)

Regan Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Sager, E. M. Bernstein, B. Robins. (Attorney, M. M. Onfried, 299 Broadway.)

Krants Realty and Garage Co., Bronx, $30,000; S. and M. and S. Krants. (Attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St.)

Quinn Stationery and Printing Co., Buffalo, $10,000; V. M. Quinn, C. S. MacKearin, V. Straus. (Attorney, T. M. Feeney, Buffalo.)

Julio Balderamam, Manhattan, commission merchant and motion pictures, $15,000; J. Gossner, J. Balderamam, M. Leopold. (Attorney, S. H. Benton, foot 36th St., Brooklyn.)

Bryden & Co., Jamestown, stocks and bonds, $10,000; M. J. and F. H. Bryden. (Attorney, A. C. Nelson, Jamestown.)

Foster Oil and Gasoline Co., Jamestown, $50,000; A. C. Foster, W. J. Haehn, A. Kramer. (Attorney, A. C. Nelson, Jamestown.)

Adam Trepel, Brooklyn, flowers and seeds, $20,000; A. A. Trepel, A. Fulgie, N. Fendrick. (Attorneys, Ottorburg, Steindler & Houston, 200 5th Av.)

A. & L. Amusement Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; L. E. and D. Cohn, A. Schwartz. (Attorney, L. W. Osterweis, 200 5th Av.)

Bookmar Construction Co., Manhattan, $20,000; H. S. Berlin, J. Levkov. (Attorney, A. Gross, 261 Broadway.)

J. O. Zook Organization, Queens, realty, $25,000; J. C. Zook, E. C. Mussler. (Attorney, B. G. McConnell, 46 Cedar St.)

Forty-ninth, Manhattan, advertising and information, $6,000; H. Antell, F. A. Cochrane, H. W. Cowan. (Attorneys, Medina & Sherpick, 24 Nassau St.)

Atlantic Mail Corp., Manhattan, commerce and navigation, $500,000; E. N. Abbey, W. D. Ahearn, R. L. Carr. (Attorneys, Clark, Carr & Ellis, 120 Broadway.)

Chas. C. Green Advertising Agency, Manhattan, $20,000; C. C. Green, L. Fairman, J. Hanfield. (Attorney, P. L. Liebman, 302 Broadway.)

Dascos Import Co., Manhattan, 3,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $15,000; D. A. Shulte, L. and H. Goldvogel. (Attorney, J. Elsner, 41 Park Row.)

Harris J. Wilcox, Binghamton, shoe store supplies, $100,000; H. J. Wilcox, E. A. Sweet, A. D. Taft. (Attorney, A. S. Barnes, Binghamton.)

Bloch & Sandberg, Manhattan, furs, $5,000; W. and J. J. Bloch, P. Sandberg. (Attorney, M. Miller, 45 West 34th St.)

Ralph Worms, Manhattan, jewelry, $150,000; M. Kraus, J. Kronman, B. Kramer. (Attorneys, Stern & Hirshfeld, Albany.)

Beck Yarn Co., Manhattan, $30,000; I. L. and A. L. and J. Beck. (Attorney, B. Fingerhut, 200 Broadway.)

Amsterdam Shirt Manufacturing Co., Amsterdam, $30,000; J. Nowak, F. Rokita, D. P. Wojicki. (Attorney, A. J. Culick, Amsterdam.)

Arrowhead Trading Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; K. Kalman, Fe Scandella Jr., E. Reyes. (Attorney, H. Goldmark, 70 Wall St.)

Cardon Wholesale Grocery Co., Elmira, $50,000; J. G. Cardon, R. R. Welch, F. Hagen Jr. (Attorney, T. M. Louie, Elmira.)

Broadway Roofing Co., Buffalo, $10,000; J. G. Hery, F. J. Rieden, J. Blackwell. (Attorney, R. F. Fenton, Buffalo.)

Fair Mills Corp., Brooklyn, women's underwear, $15,000; S. Spielberg, A. H. Brill. (Attorney, J. Cohen, 277 Broadway.)

Central Brokers, Albany, realty and insurance, $10,000; J. A. Halleran, J. A. Farrell, D. A. Whalen. (Attorney, C. I. Oliver, Albany.)

Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Manhattan, $250,000; W. J. Gilleran, J. F. Wharton, R. M. Cook. (Attorneys, Rounds, Hatch, Dillingham & Debevoise, 62 Cedar St.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Dean Drum Metal Corp., Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

Tire Export Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $150,000.

Molleson Realty Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $25,000.

Republic Storage Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Battery and Starter Co., Buffalo, $20,000 to $100,000.

Cree-Dipt, No. Tewanda, $150,000 to $200,000.

Bristol-Lite, Syracuse, $20,000 to $40,000.

Riesner & Farrow, Brooklyn, $1,000 to $10,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Fuffin & Ferry, Manhattan, to Ferry Photo Novelty Corp.

Service Tire Rubber Co., Manhattan, to Keystone Tire Rubber Co., Inc.

Hansel Mulrenan Co., Syracuse, to Tip Top Manufacturing Co.

DISSOLUTIONS OF AFFILIATIONS.

Southern Finance Colonials Affiliation, Roanoke.

DISSOLUTIONS.

C. F. Kundigraber & Co., Manhattan.

J. G. Morris Co., Manhattan.

Charles D. Schmidt Co., Manhattan.

Kandel-Posner Knitting Mills Corp., Manhattan.

Berdy, Lerner & Pearl, Manhattan.

Vanicase Mfg. Co., Brooklyn.

HOYE—E. W. Kahn, representing the Katterman-Co. & Mitchell Co., silk manufacturers of Paterson, advises THE TIMES that the capital of the company is $3,000,000 and not $1,000,000, as noted in this column of THE TIMES of the 4th inst.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Jan. 13.—New charters granted:

Poultry and Farm Products Corp., Newark, $500,000; George Alexander, Olga Cunison, Eupio Demarco, Newark.

H. Koch & Co., Newark, wholesale grocery, $250,000; William Greenfield, Louis Koch, William F. Koch, Newark.

Radd Organ Corp., Belleville, $250,000; Anthony Radzevicz, John Hodell, George Lalasher, Newark.

Toms River Poultry Development Assn., Toms River, $125,000; Frank W. Sutton Jr., William H. Fisher, Charles N. Warner, Toms River.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Jan. 13.—Charters filed today:

Peerless Drug Co., retail and wholesale stores, $30,250,000. (Agent, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.)

Milliken Traetor Corp., tractors, plows, $5,000,000; Norman J. Milliken, Edward E. Perkins, H. A. Schatze, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. (Agent, U. S. Corporation Co.)

Pecos Mex Oil Corp., marketing, $3,000,000. (Agent, U. S. Corporation Co., New York.)

Amera Products Corp., magnetos, horns, $2,750,000; Sidney M. Sternbach, Walter L. Clark, Rector W. Thomas, New York. (Agent, U. S. Corporation Co.)

Founders of Manhattan Extension, development of public and private works, $2,500,000; Horace G. Knowles, Jos. M. Tobin, M. J. Bidwell, New York. (Agent, Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Baltimore Mortgage Co., stocks and bonds, $2,500,000. (Agent, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.)

Collateral Finance Corp., $2,000,000. (Agent, Colonial Charter Co., Wilmington.)

Dry Color Corp., $2,050,000. (Agent, U. S. Corporation Co., Dover.)

Ivyton Oil and Gas Co., market, $1,000,000. (Agent, Corporation Trust Co. of America, Wilmington.)

Bradley Photo Play Corp., $1,000,000. (Agent, Capital Trust Co. of Delaware, Dover.)

R. and M. Auto Supply Co., tires, tubes, $400,000. (Agent, Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co., Philadelphia.)

Textile Fibre Silk Corp., $200,000. (Agent, Capital Trust Co. of Delaware, Dover.)

Standard Fruit Co., real estate, $250,000. (Agent, Corporation Service Co., Wilmington.)

American Fuel Co. of Mount Vernon, N.Y., manufacture "American fuel," $200,000; Chandler S. Woolley, Buffalo, N. Y.; Dion E. Woolley, Anita W. Shear, Mount Vernon. (Agent, Delaware Corporation Co.)

United States Radio Corp., $300,000. (Agent, United States Corporation Co., New York.)

Frutcher Service Corp., brok

WHEAT GAINS A BIT ON LIGHT OFFERINGS

Trading at Chicago Marked by Lack of Export Demand and of Outside Support.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Heavy covering of short wheat, credited to Livermore, was mainly responsible for the reversal in the action of the market today. The opening was weak and ¼@¾ cent lower on local selling, influenced by the decline in Liverpool and reports of a slow export demand. Later reports that 1,600,000 bushels of Manitobas had been sold for export at Toronto, and an advance of 1@2 cents in premiums at Minneapolis, started the pit element to covering, and the bulge was helped along by houses with Eastern connections, presumably acting for Livermore.

This found offering light and at the top, prices were up 1½@2¼ cents from the low, with the finish at net gains of 1@1⅛ cents, May leading. There were free buying of May and selling of July, and the difference widened to 13 cents at one time.

There was little in the news to account for the buying. In some quarters the belief was expressed that the markets had turned for the better, but on the whole traders took part only as trading affairs and believe that on any further upturn offerings will increase, and that unless there is active support a lower range will be witnessed. European economics and financial conditions are being closely watched.

The dominating influence at the moment is the lack of speculative interest which causes the market to quickly get oversold or overbought.

Milling demand for wheat seems to be confined at the present time to the choice kinds, of which there is a scarcity and has been for some time past. Very little of the ordinary grain has been taken so far. Omaha sold 200,000 bushels of hard Winter to the Gulf for export, and while Gulf prices were reported as on a parity with Liverpool for quick shipment, no business was claimed, scarcity of freight room being a factor.

Some increase in the movement in the Northwest is anticipated before the end of the month, especially should there be a fair upturn in prices, but in the Southwest bids of $1 per bushel net to the producer are needed to bring out grain.

At no time were corn prices as high as the previous day's close, and the finish was ¼@¾ cent lower, while oats were unchanged for the day. Cash houses sold corn early, hedging against purchases to arrive, which increased considerably in some sections, where 40 cents and over was bid by outside markets. Export business was not as brisk as of late, with sales of 190,000 bushels to the seaboard here and outside points, the latter selling the grain at 7¼@7½ cents over May track, Baltimore, for No. 2 mixed. The bulk of the trade in coarse grains is of a local character, there being practically no outside interest.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were: 527,000 bushels, week ago 563,000, last year 1,148,000. Shipments were 409,000 bushels, week ago 348,000, last year 747,000.

Corn receipts were 1,922,000 bushels, week ago 1,258,000, last year 1,219,000, and shipments 1,941,000 bushels, week ago 820,000, last year 762,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	1.04	1.03	1.04		
May	1.12¾	1.06¾	1.11⅛	1.10⅛	1.70⅛
July	1.01⅛	.99⅛	1.00	.99⅛	

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.53⅜	.53	.53¼	.53⅜	.74⅛
July	.54⅞	.54⅜	.54¾	.54⅜	.76⅛

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.38⅛	.38⅛	.38⅜	.38⅜	.48⅛
July	.39¼	.38⅛	.39¼	.39¼	.47⅜

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.84	.82⅜	.83⅝	.83¼	1.58¼

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.			9.19	9.05	9.10
March	9.25	9.17	9.25	9.25	
May	9.47	9.37	9.47	9.37	10.00
July	9.65	9.65	9.65	9.70	
Ribs—					
May	8.45	8.35	8.45	8.45	12.70

COMMODITY PRICES.

Butter and Eggs Recover Some of Recent Losses—Other Articles Firm.

Further recovery was reported yesterday in the dairy products, which was natural and somewhat to be expected after the recent drastic declines, butter advancing 1½ cents the pound and eggs 3 cents the dozen.

In other departments of the market prices were steady and unchanged over Thursday.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	Jan. 13.	Jan. 6	Jan. 14, '21.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.21¼	$1.21¼	$2.06
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.66¾	.65¾	.92½
Oats, No. 2 white	.47¾	.47¾	.60
Flour, Minn., patent	7.25	7.25	10.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.09¾	.09½	.07
Sugar, granulated	.048	.048	.07¾
Butter, cream, 92 score	.36½	.37	.54
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.40	.42	.72
Lard, Mid. W	9.85	9.45	12.85
Pork, mess	25.00	25.00	39.00
Beef, family	16.00	16.00	26.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	21.75	21.75	33.00
Steel billets, Pittsburgh	29.00	29.00	43.50
Lead	4.75	4.85	5.12½
Copper	13.62½	13.62½	13.00
Tin	33.25	32.50	36.00
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	18.25	18.63	17.65
Print cloths	.06⅝	.05⅞	.06⅝

Highest and lowest of the year 1921 are as follows:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat (new)	$1.46⅝	July 14	$1.08	Nov. 3
Wheat (old)	2.12	Jan. 12	1.42	July 5
Corn	.96⅜	Jan. 3	.61¼	Oct. 14
Oats	.48¾	Jan. 3	.34	Oct. 17
Flour	10.50	18	7.50	Dec. 6
Coffee	.09½	Dec. 6	.05⅝	Mar. 12
Sugar	.08¾	Mar. 18	.048	Dec. 29
Lard	13.85	Jan. 7	9.40	Dec. 5
Butter	.57	29	.36	May 30
Eggs	.79	Jan. 7	.23½	May 25
Pork	32.50	Feb. 2	24.00	July 19
Beef	20.00	Jan. 28	14.00	July 9
Tallow	10.75	Jan. 3	7.00	Apr. 19
Steel	43.50	Jan. 6	29.00	Sep. 9
Lead	5.25	Jan. 10	4.00	Feb. 28
Tin	39.50	Jan. 10	26.26	Aug. 2
Copper	13.75	Dec. 9	11.75	Mar. 11
Cotton	21.53	Sep. 27	10.85	June 20
Printcloths	.06⅝	Oct. 1	.04½	June 24

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 8,423 packages. Advance of 1½@2c on top grades and 1@2c on other qualities. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 37@37½c; extras (92 score) 36½c; firsts, 32@33½c; seconds, 29@31c; lower grades, 27½@28½c; centralized (88 score), 35½c; (86 score), 33½c; (85 to 87 score) 29@31c; unsalted, higher than extras, 35½@36c; extras (92 score), 36½@37c; firsts, 32@36c; seconds, 30@31c; lower grades, 27½@29½c; held for storage, high scoring, 33@34c; extras, 32@32½c; firsts, 30@31½c; seconds, 28@29½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 34½@35c; good to prime, 31@34c; common to fair, 29@30c. Ladles, current make, extras, 29@31c; firsts, 26@27c; seconds, 23@25c; lower grades, 20@21½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 21@22c; No. 3, 19@20c; lower grades, 16@18c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 12,029 cases. Further sharp advance in fresh gathered but opinion general that top has been reached. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, choice, extra firsts, 41@43c; firsts, 37@40c; seconds, 35@36c; dirties, regular packed, No. 1, 31@33c; No. 2 and poorer, 29@30c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 28@29c. Refrigerator certificates, charges paid to expiring dates, firsts, 27@29c; seconds, 25@26½c; white eggs, 38@31c; sterilized whites, 28@32c; brown and mixed colors, 25@28c; fresh gathered, larger hennery whites, extra firsts, sandled selections, 48c; nearby and nearby western hennery whites, average extras, 45@46c; extra firsts, 42@44c; firsts, 40@42c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 40@44c; mixed colors, under grades, 39@39c; pullets' eggs, graded, smallest out, 37@38c; unassorted, 34@39c; Pacific coast whites, extras, 46@48c; extra firsts, 43@44c; firsts, 40@42c; under grades, 38@39c; pullets, ungraded, smallest out, 37@38c; unassorted, 34@36c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 39@42c; nearby and nearby western hennery browns, extra, 44@45c; nearby brown and mixed colors, gathered extras, 42c; firsts to extra firsts, 40@42c.

RECEIVER FOR SHIPPER.

Frank Waterhouse & Co. of Seattle Has Liabilities of $500,000.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 13.—Federal Judge Jeremiah Neterer today appointed C. E. Bissett, Professor of Law at the University of Washington, receiver for Frank Waterhouse & Co., pioneer shipping and commercial corporation of Seattle. The receivership was asked by the Northern Pacific Railroad.

The petition recited that the Waterhouse company was indebted to the Northern Pacific Railroad to the extent of $7,000 and that other liabilities, due and about to fall due, amounted to approximately $500,000.

The Waterhouse company filed an answer to the petition admitting the indebtedness and approved the appointment of Mr. Bissett as receiver.

PRUDENTIAL'S BIG YEAR.

More Than a Billion in 1921; Total Insurance $5,600,000,000.

Preliminary figures compiled by the Prudential Insurance Company indicate that more than $1,100,000,000 of paid-for new business was obtained in 1921, making an aggregate of more than $5,600,000,000 of insurance on the company's books at the present time.

During the year just ended the Prudential paid more than $88,000,000 to its policy holders, according to the preliminary statement. The completed figures will be announced to the Directors at the February meeting.

$2,625,000 in Gold Arrives.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have received $2,625,000 in gold on the Red Star liner Zeeland.

NO ITALIAN CITY LOAN HERE.

Rome Government, It Is Stated, Has Not Issued Authorization.

ROME, Jan. 13.—The semi-official Stefani Agency declares reports recently published that Italian cities are seeking loans in the United States unfounded. It points out that authorization by the Italian Government is necessary for any such step by a municipality, and says that to date no such authorization has been issued.

It was reported last October that negotiations had been started in New York City between officials of an Italian city, presumably Florence, and an American banking firm for a municipal loan of $10,000,000.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Alum. Co. Am.		Nov., 1923	101½	101⅝	6.43
Alum. Co. Am.		Dec., 1923	101⅜	101⅝	6.51
Am. Cot. Oil		Sep. 1, '24	99¾	99⅞	6.40
Am. T. & T.		Oct., 1922	100⅝	100⅞	6.15
Am. T. & T.		Feb., 1924	101⅛	101⅜	6.15
Am. Tobacco		Nov., 1923	102½	102⅝	5.61
Am. Tob. Co.		Dec., 1923	102⅜	102⅝	5.65
Anaconda Co.		Jan., 1923	98	98¼	6.32
Anaconda Co.		Jan., 1923	102	102⅜	6.39
Anglo-Am. Oil Co., Ltd.	7¼	Apr., 1925	103½	104	6.15
Arm. & Co.		July, 1923	100½	100⅝	6.35
Bell T. of Can.		Apr., 1923	100¾	101	6.65
Beth. Stl. Co.		July 15, '22	100	100⅛	6.06
Beth. Stl. Co.		July 15, '23	101⅛	101⅜	6.03
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar., 1924	101½	101⅝	5.95
Cent. Argent.	6	Feb., 1927	95¾	96	7.00
Ch. R. & I.		Feb., 1922	99⅞	100¼	5.95
Cons. Gas Co. N. Y.		Dec. 1, '22	101⅛	101⅞	4.70
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July 15, '22	100⅝	101⅛	6.12
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1924	97½	98	6.90
The R. G. Good-rich Co.		Apr., 1925	98	98½	7.65
Gulf Oil Co.	6	July, 1923	99⅞	100¼	6.35
Gulf Oil Corp.	7	Feb., 1923	103¼	103⅝	6.34
Int. Mercan. Co.	7	Nov., 1924	102	104	6.85
Hock. Val.	6	Mar., 1924	99	99½	6.55
Hum. O. R.	7	Mar., 1923	101½	101⅝	5.70
Int. Rap. Tr.	6	Sep., 1924	101½	102	
Kan. City Ter.		Nov. 15, '23	99½	100⅛	5.55
Kennecott Co.	7	Feb., 1930	102⅜	103¼	6.40
Laclede Gas.	7	Jan., 1930	97¾	97¾	7.55
Nat. Ck. & S.		Sep., 1930	99	99½	6.35
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	101¼	101⅜	6.40
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J.	cv. 7	Mar., 1922	99⅞	100⅛	6.80
R. J. Reyn'ds.	6	Aug., 1924	100⅜	100⅝	6.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Feb. 15, '22	99⅞	100⅛	6.98
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	99½	99⅞	7.00
Sloss-S. S. & I.	6	Aug., 1922	99	99½	7.55
Solvay Co.	7	Oct., 1922	100⅛	100⅜	6.75
Southern Ry.	6	Dec., 1923	99¼	99⅝	6.70
Swift & Co.	7	Aug., 1925	102	102⅛	6.30
Stand. Oil Co. N. Y.		Jan. 25, '31	104½	110½	
Stand. Oil Co. N. Y.	6½	May, 1933	108¼	109	5.40
St. P. D. G.	5½	Dec. 15, '22	100	100⅜	5.50
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	101¼	101⅞	6.45
Swift & Co.	7	Aug. 15, '21	102¼	103⅛	6.50
Texas Co.	7	May 7, '23	101⅝	102¼	4.80
Utah St. Co.	6	Sep. 15, '22	97¼	98½	6.70
Vac'm O. Co.	7	Apr., 1926	107	107½	6.17
W'n E. Co. cv.	7	Apr., 1923	104½	104⅝	6.32

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1945	78	74
Belgian (restor'n)	6	Sep., 1925	97	98
Belgian	7	Sep., 1920	74	77
British Victory	5½	Sep., 1919	343	358
British Fund	4½	Mar., 1960	319	334
Brit. Nat. W.	5½	Oct., 1922	432	442
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1923	433	447
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5½		429	443
French Govt. Vic.	5	Jan., 1943	63¼	64½
French Loan, '11	4	Jan., 1963	63¼	64½
French Loan	5-6	May, 1920	72	74½
French Loan	4-6		72	73½
City Copenhagen	4	Apr., 1901	69¾	70
Canada	5½	Nov., 1931	99¼	99½
Canada	5	Mar., 1937	96¼	96½
City of Pelotas	5	June, 1911	56	58½
Italy War Loan	5		35	36
City of Costa Rica	7		107	109
Russian ruble bds.	4½	Feb., 1925	4	6
Russian external	5½	Dec., 1931	19	21
Do (Nat. City Bank cfts.)			18	20
Russian external	6	June, 1919	19	21
Do (Nat. City Bank cfts.)			18	20
Russian rents of 1914			8½	10
Sweden	5	June, 1939	90¾	90¾
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	97¼	97½
Uruguay	5	1919	64¼	64¾

*Dollar bonds issued in this country.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	66	70	*68	
American Cigar, pfd.	81	85	81	
American Tobacco, scrip	114⅜	116¼	114½	
George W. Helme	102	106	102	
McAndrews & Forbes	103	107	103	
McAndrews & Forbes, pfd.	87	93	87	
Mengel	25	27½	27	
J. Young	80	90	80	
J. S. Young, pfd.	87	95	87	
Porto Rico-Amer.	64	70	64	
Porto Rico-Amer., scrip	64	70	64	
R. J. Reynolds, new A	65	75	65	
R. J. Reynolds, pfd. B	36	38	36	
R. J. Reynolds, pfd.	106½	108	106½	
Tobacco Products, com.	99	101	99	
Tobacco Products, 7 p. c.	99	101	99	
Universal Leaf	125	135	125	
Universal Leaf, pfd.	99	103	99	
Weyman-Bruton	134	144	147	
Weyman-Bruton, pfd.	102	106	100	

*Ex. 2%.

EARNINGS.

SUBSIDIARY SOUTHWESTERN POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY for November—

	1921.	1920.	Increase.
Gross	$836,407	$695,528	*$118,121
Net earnings	460,675	359,180	101,495
12 mos. gross	10,064,829	9,015,374	1,019,255
Net earnings	4,382,202	3,315,356	1,046,814

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the ideal Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	4.50	4.75	4.50	4.75
Quicksilver		51.00		51.00
Aluminum	.17¼	.18½	.17	.18
Iron No. 2X Silicon	22.00	22.50	22.00	22.50

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 13½c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday.			Thursday.		
	£	s	d	£	s	d
Copper, spot	66	10	0	66	5	0
Copper, futures	66	5	0	66	5	0
Tin, spot	168	5	0	167	5	0
Tin, futures	168	5	0	168	15	0
Spelter, spot	27	0	0	26	17	6
Spelter, futures	27	0	0	26	17	6
Lead, spot	24	2	6	24	5	0
Lead, futures	24	0	0	24	0	0

Short-Term Government Obligations

Following are the closing prices bid in the open market yesterday for United States certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.	Approx. Yield.
Feb., 1922	5	100⅛	100⅛	3.37
*March	1922	5	100⅛	100⅛	3.37
*March	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅛	3.40
*March	1923	5½	100⅛	100⅛	3.37
April	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅛	3.37
*June	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅛	3.38
*June	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅛	3.83
August	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅛	4.00
*September	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅛	4.10
*September	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅛	4.03
*December	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅛	4.23
*June	1924	5½	102⅛	102⅜	4.40
*September	1924	5½	102⅛	102⅜	4.36

*Acceptable in payment of Federal taxes on date of maturity.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights today. Expire.	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.
Ajax Rubber				
Anaconda Copper	Jan. 25	1-64	1-32	1-32
Chatham and Phenix National Bank		36	38	36
Common'h Edis. Co.	Jan. 14	¾		¾
Corn Exchange Bank	Sep. 1	25	28½	24
Guantanamo	Feb. 10	⅛	¼	⅛

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London up ⅛ at 35⅝d. New York price for domestic bar silver was 99⅝c per ounce, the Mint price: "foreign" silver ⅛c higher at 64¼c. Range of prices for silver bullion for the year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	35¾d	Jan. 9	34¼d	Jan. 5
New York	66¾c	Jan. 10	64¼c	Jan. 2

Range for the year 1921:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	45⅝d	Sep. 27	30¾d	Mar. 8
New York	73⅝c	Oct. 17	52⅜c	Mar. 8

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Cleveland Railway	88	88	87½	87½
Glidden	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
Goodyear pf.	25½	25½	25½	25½
Grabl	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Sherwin-Williams	20¼	20½	20¼	20¼
Standard Parts	3½	3½	3½	3½
Brier Hill	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾
Stearns	20¾	20¾	20	20

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		DIVIDE.	
Andes	.16	Aladdin	.04
Best & Belcher	.12	Brougher	.03
Caledonia	.16	Divide Tonopah	.01
Chollar	.08	Dividend	.08
Concordia	.02	Extension	.17
Con. Virginia	.05	Hazelle	.03
Gould & Curry	.05	Kernick	.03
Justice	.06	Knox	.01
Mexican	.10	Zone	.10
Ophir	.12	GOLDFIELD.	
Savage	.04	Booth	.02
Scorpion	.06	Consolidated	.04
Sierra Nevada	.11	Florence	.32
Union	.04	Jumbo Extension	.02
Utah	.04	Silver Pick	.03
TONOPAH.		OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Belmont	1.40	Arrowhead	.02
Cash Boy	.03	Broken Hills	.03
McNamara	.06	Bullfrog Jumbo	.03
McNamara Cres.	.03	Hamilton	.02
Midway	.06	Holly	.06
Monarch	.02	Manhattan Cons.	.02
North Star	.02	Round Mountain	.12
Rescue	.03	Silver Hills	.03
Tonopah Extension	1.50	Simon	.31
Tonopah 79	.04	Sterling	.04
West End	.11	Uncle Sam	.01
West Tonopah	.06	White Caps	.06

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2¾	2¾	Mary McK.	1⅛	
Elkton	1¼	2	Portland	28	43
El Paso	8	10	U. Gold M.	1¾	2
Gold Dollar	1½	2	Vindicator	28	34
Granite	6	12	Rose Nicol	5	6
Isabella					

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Name.	Security.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atch. T. & S. F.	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Atlantic Coast L.	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Do	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Balt. & Ohio	1922-27	6	5.75	5.75
Bethlehem Steel	1922-30	7	5.85	5.85
Buff. & Susq.	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Cent. R.R. of N. J.	1922-32	6	5.60	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Chi. Bur. & Q.	1922-30	4½	5.60	5.50
Chi. & N. W.	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Do	1922-23	4½	5.60	5.50
Do	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Do	1922-23	4½	5.60	5.50
Chi. R. I. & P.	1922-27	4½	5.60	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1922-23	5	5.65	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922-23	6	5.75	5.75
Do	1922-27	6	5.75	5.75
Erie Railroad	1922-23	6	5.60	5.50
Gt. Northern Ry.	1922-23	6	5.85	5.80
Illinois Central	1922-27	4½	5.85	5.80
Do	1922-27	6	5.85	5.80
Do	1922-27	4½	5.85	5.80
Do	1922-36	6	5.80	5.80
Kanawha & Mich.	1922-23	6	5.80	5.80
Do	1922-23	6	5.80	5.80
Do	1922-35	6	5.80	5.80
Louis. & Nash.	1922-23	6	5.80	5.80
Do	1922-23	6	5.80	5.80
Do	1922-35	7	5.85	5.85
Michigan Central	1922-35	5	5.80	5.80
N. Y. C. & St. L.	1922-23	6	5.75	5.75
Do	1922-23	6	5.75	5.75
Do	1922-35	6	5.85	5.80
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-23	6	5.60	5.60
Norfolk & West.	1922-24	4½	5.80	5.80
Do	1922-41	6	5.80	5.80
Northern Pacific	1922-23	6	5.60	5.60
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1922-35	7	5.85	5.80
Penn. Gen. Pur.	1922-23	4	5.80	5.80
Pere Marquette	1922-23	6	5.80	5.80
Pitts. & L. E.	1922-35	6½	5.85	5.80
Reading Company	1922-27	4½	5.80	5.80
Seaboard Air L.	1922-27	4½	6.60	6.15
Southern Pacific	1922-26	4½	5.80	5.80
Do	1922-34	4½	5.75	5.75
Southern Railway	1922-26	4½	6.25	5.85
Union Pacific	1922-33	4	5.75	5.50
Virginian Railway	1922-35	6	6.10	5.75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co.	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co., pf.	28	40	28	
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	17¼	17⅝	17¼	17⅝
Atlantic Refining Co.	995	1010	995	
Atlantic Refining Co., pfd.	115	118	114	
Borne-Scrymser Co.	240	250	240	
Buckeye Pipe Line	85	88	86	
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. cons.	175	185	175	
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. cons. pf.	108	110	107	
Continental Oil Co.	110	112	110	
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	28	30	28	
Cumberland Pipe Line Co.	128	135	120	
Eureka Pipe Line Co.	80	82½	82	
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf. new	100	105	100	
Galena-Sig. Oil Co., pf., old	100	105	100	
Galena-Signal Oil Co.	40	42	40	
Illinois Pipe Line Co.	165	170	165	
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	102	104	102	
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	107	110	107	
International Pet. Co., Ltd.	14½	15	14¾	
National Transit Co.	28	29	28	
New York Transit Co.	142	145	140	
Northern Pipe Line Co.	93	95	94	
Ohio Oil Co.	265	270	260	
Penn-Mex. Fuel Co.	16	18	16	
Prairie Oil & Gas Co.	525	530	515	
Prairie Pipe Line Co.	225	230	225	
Solar Refining Co.	350	370	355	
Southern Pipe Line Co.	75	80	77	
South Penn Oil Co.	180	183	180	
Southwest Penn. Pipe Li.	50	54	50	
Stand. Oil of Cal.	225	230	94	
Stand. Oil of Ind., $25 par	83¾	84¼	83¾	
Stand. Oil of Kansas	360	370	360	
Stand. Oil of Kentucky	435	445	435	
Stand. Oil of Nebraska	160	170	160	
Stand. Oil of N. Y., $25 par	170	175	174	
Stand. Oil of N. Y. pf.	114¾	115	114¾	
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	355	360	350	
Stand. Oil of Ohio	350	360	350	
Stand. Oil of Ohio, pf.	114	115	114	
Swan & Finch Co.	25	30	25	
Union Tank Car Co.	94	98	94	
Union Tank Car Co. pf.	102	105	102	
Vacuum Oil Co.	315	325	308	
Washington Oil Co.	30	35	30	

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Caracas Sugar	10	14	10	
Central Aguirre	58	61	59	
Cuba Cane	8	9	8	
Federal Sugar	109	113	108	
Great Western	109	113	108	
Great Western, pf.	97	100	97	
Godchaux	10	15	10	
Godchaux pf.	39	43	39	
Holly	12	15	12	
Holly pf.	37	43	37	
National	25	28	25	
Savannah	15	20	15	
Savannah pf.	57	59	57	
West India pf.	60	64	60	

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass	203	208	201	
Amalgamated Leather	8¼	10	8¼	
Amalgamated Leather pf.	30	40	30	
Atlas Power	114	117	114	
Atlas Powder pf.	73	77	75	
Babcock & Wilcox	105	108	102	
E. W. Bliss	22	25	23	
Borden Co., The	99½	101	99½	
Borden Co., The, pf.	91	94	91	
Chile Copper	102	104	101	
Childs Co. pf.	101	102	100	
Du Pont	83	87	83	
Du Pont pf.	71½	72½	71½	
Gillette Safety Razor	184½	185	184	
Do fraction shares	18	19	18	
Hercules	150	160	150	
Hercules pf.	95	97	95	
Ingersoll-Rand	145	150	145	
Ingersoll-Rand pf.	100	103	100	
Merck & Co.	60	65	60	
New Jersey Zinc	125	126	124	
Niles-Bement-Pond	40	43	40	
Niles-Bement-Pond pfd.	95	98	95	
Northern Securities	94	97	94	
Royal Baking Powder	90	94	90	
Royal Baking Powder pf.	91	94	91	
Safety C. H. & L.	81

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Active Trading by Operators and Small Investors in Apartments and Tenements.

$310,000 SALE ON HEIGHTS

Operator Buys East 84th Street Flats—$500,000 Loan on Lexington Avenue Apartment House.

Trading in the real estate market was confined almost entirely to apartment houses and tenements for which there is a good demand by operators and small investors.

In the Washington Heights section, which had been the centre of activity during the past week, the Stirling Realty Company sold the six-story apartment with stores, 100 by 100, at the northeast corner of 192d Street and St. Nicholas Avenue to Meyer Iscar. It was held at $310,000.

Joseph Shenk, operator, sold to the Vermilyea Avenue Corporation (Isidor Schweidel) 58 Vermilyea Avenue, north of Academy Street, a five-story apartment house, on plot 50 by 100.

Nehring Brothers sold for Richard Cronin, for investment, 580 West 172d Street, a five-story 25-family apartment, on plot 62.6 by 100, renting for $19,000 and held at $110,000. It adjoins St. Nicholas Avenue and was built by Paterno Brothers.

Frank Volz sold for A. Kramer and L. Grodsky the five-story apartment, 75 Post Avenue, 175 feet north of Academy Street, to Dr. A. Wolfson, an investor.

Joseph Nasanowitz purchased from the estate of Francis C. Wilde 456 West 152d Street, a four-story dwelling, 16.8 by 100.11. Max Moser, broker.

Frank Sullivan sold for a client of George W. Mercer & Son a five-story tenement, 25 by 100, at 432 West Fifty-third Street, held at $20,000.

The Real Estate Management Company sold for the Mary G. Pinkney estate to the Ediar Realty Corp. the plot, 100 by 100, at the southeast corner of Broadway and Tiemann Place.

East Side Deals.

Harry L. Weil has purchased from Mrs. Isabella V. Adams the two four-story brick flats, with stores, at 413 and 415 East Thirty-fourth Street, on plot 49.6 by 98.9. The property was held at $80,000, and was purchased for cash. The broker was Albert Ashforth & Co., Inc. Walter M. Wechsler acted as attorney for the purchaser.

Mr. Weil has sold to an investor for cash four-story flat known as 400½ East Fifty-eighth Street, on plot 20 by 64 by irregular, commencing forty-nine feet east of First Avenue. The broker was Everett M. Seixas Company.

The Minor Realty Corporation sold to Margaret M. Hatch a three-story house, 20 by 45, at 998 Madison Avenue.

Henrietta Kestenbaum sold to Herman M. Innerfield a five-story tenement, at 146 East Houston Street.

The New Holding Company sold to Nathan S. Schiff a five-story store tenement, at 71 East 113th Street.

$500,000 Apartment Loan.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned on first mortgage to the Rhinelander Real Estate Company $500,000 on the southeast corner of Ninetieth Street and Lexington Avenue. The dimensions of the property are 145 by 100 feet. The mortgage is at 6 per cent. for five years. The Rhinelander Company is erecting a ten-story apartment house on the property.

PRIVATE HOUSE BUYERS.

New Owners For Greenwich Village Dwellings and Tenements.

Herbert and Albert Marshall sold the three-story brick store and dwelling at 555 Hudson Street to the tenant. The same broker sold for Janet B. Foster, the four-story brick store and tenement 381 Bleecker Street, also for Jacob A. Peiter the three-story brick dwelling at 290 West Fourth Street to a client for his residence, who resold his contract at a profit to another client.

Joseph Nasanowitz bought from the estate of Francis C. Wilde the four-story dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 100.11, at 456 West 152d Street.

The three-story dwelling on lot 16.8 by 99.11, at 66 East 130th Street was sold by James C. Green to Thomas Canoher.

Realty Notes.

Wm. B. May & Company were associated with Douglas Gibbons & Company as brokers in the sale of 44 East Seventy-third Street.

Rice & Hill were the brokers who leased the property known as 207 West Forty-eighth Street, adjoining the corner of Broadway, for the Equitable Trust Company, as trustee of the Cencl Trust, to the newly organized 207 West Forty-eighth Street Corporation for a period of 21 years at a rental of approximately $126,000.

The newly formed 485 Park Avenue, Inc., with E. S. Pinney, H. L. Dunn and C. V. Rose as directors, and capitalized at $600,000, is the purchaser of the Princeton Club property at the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street, on which site the company will erect a fourteen-story apartment house, part of which will be sold to tenants on a co-operative plan.

John Dunphy is the buyer of the Rivercrest apartments, at the southwest corner of Fort Washington Avenue and 169th Street, sold recently.

Justice McAvoy of Supreme Court appointed Thomas J. O'Reilly of 31 Chambers Street receiver of the rents of the left building at 30 Great Jones Street.

Suburban Properties.

C. William Widmayer has purchased from the Gedney Farm Company, Inc., the corner plot at Park Drive and Gedney Esplanade, White Plains, N. Y., through Prince & Ripley. The purchaser is having plans prepared by Harold E. Paddon, architect, for a dwelling and garage for his occupancy.

Hamilton, Iselin & Co. have sold to George W. Given, for Cyril Crimmins, a plot of about two acres on the Connecticut Turnpike at Darien. This is to round out and protect Mr. Given's property that he acquired some time ago.

Matthew A. Boylan has sold to Munson Young a tract of five acres of land, located on the Morristown-Dover Road, Montclair, N. J.

Miss Alwilda May King has sold her residence property on Speedwell Avenue, Morristown, to Philip H. Loeb.

Eugene V. Welsh was the broker in both transactions.

Commercial Leases.

The entire five-story building at 65 to 67 Wooster Street, running through to 379 and 381 West Broadway, in size 55 by 200, containing 66,000 square feet, for a term of years to the Lightoller Company, manufacturers of lighting fixtures, was leased by L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co. for Edward C. Cammann, trustee.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., have leased for John J. Radley the entire building at 617 to 621 East Eighteenth Street, to the Perfect White Steam Laundry Company, Inc., for a period of years at an aggregate rental of over $75,000.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., have leased the corner store at 903 to 907 Broadway to Joseph Robinson, hosiery and underwear.

Bank Sells Bronx Plot.

The Twenty-third Ward Bank sold to a client of J. Clarence Davies the vacant plot 100 by 95 on the west side of Carpenter Avenue, 200 feet south of 241st Street.

BRONX TRADING.

Builder Buys West Bronx Corner For Apartment Site.

Abner Distillator purchased the southeast corner of 230th Street and Kingsbridge Avenue, consisting of seven lots, size 190 feet on Kingsbridge Avenue and 100 feet on 230th Street. Plans are being filed for the immediate erection of a five and a half story, up-to-date apartment house, containing all modern improvements. This house will accommodate ninety families, and will cost $350,000.

Pace & Leisinger have purchased the three lots adjoining, size 75 by 100 feet, and are also having plans filed for the immediate erection of a five and a half story apartment house to contain twenty-five families, and to cost $150,000.

On the northeast corner of 231st Street and Kingsbridge Avenue, Max Cohen has just finished a large apartment house, which will be ready for occupancy Feb. 15.

Frank Volz sold for A. Kramer to a client for investment the apartment house at 75 Post Avenue, between Academy Street and West 204th Street, to Dr. A. Wolfsong.

The three-family frame dwelling, on a lot 25 by 125 feet, at 741 Fairmont Place, was sold by M. Reinholt to a client in an all cash transaction.

Alexander Selkin and David Minis have sold the plot 24 by 100 on the west side of Webster Avenue, 197 feet north of 169th Street, immediately adjoining the new theatre now in course of construction. The purchaser will immediately erect stores.

The Estate of Peter Fox sold to an investing client of Butler & Balwin 3,623 Third Avenue, a lot 20 by 100 feet, on which there is a two-story building. The property was held at $50,000, and will probably be improved.

The newly formed Shakespeare Construction Corporation, Salvat P. Lasperches, President, and Edward Segal, Treasurer, purchased from the Nearby Realty Corporation eight lots on the southwest side of Shakespeare Avenue; 150 feet south of Featherbed Lane, for improvement with eight two-family semi-detached dwellings, with garages, costing $152,000.

Frederick Johnson, one of the largest holders of real estate in the East Bronx, has completed the purchase, through Jacob & Emil Leitner, Inc. as brokers, of a plotage of land at the subway station corner at Longwood Avenue and Southern Boulevard. The land is located at the southwest corner of Southern Boulevard and Longwood Avenue, 110 feet on Longwood Avenue and 135 feet on Southern Boulevard.

Mr. Johnson will immediately improve the property with a one-story business building consisting of twenty stores.

He has recently sold and finished the building adjoining and the three houses now under construction on Southern Boulevard, and plans to build eighteen similar houses on several of which the foundations are already under way.

Mr. Johnson's operations when completed will provide additional housing accommodations for about 1,500 families.

NEW DOWNTOWN GARAGE.

Two-Story Structure For One of Last Greenwich Village Sites.

The Tunnel Garage, Inc., has purchased one of the last large plots of ground remaining in the lower end of Greenwich Village, located at the northwest corner of Broome and Thompson Streets, occupied at present by old-time connected two and three story tenements, comprising 120 feet on Broome Street and 100 feet on Thompson Street.

These tenements are soon to be demolished and on the site a modern two-story garage will be erected, which will be within one and one-half blocks of the entrance to the new vehicle tunnel to Jersey City.

The plot has been in the possession of the Bullows estate for the last twenty years and must make way for the coming development of all property in the vicinity of the new tunnel.

The Tunnel Garage, Inc., is composed of local business men who have developed the Community West Houston Street Garage, Inc. George L. Stivers is President of the new Tunnel Garage, Inc.

The Interboro Realty Company were the brokers who brought about the sale.

CONEY ISLAND DEEDS.

Property Owners Suffer Setback In Fight With City.

Owners of property on the north shore of Coney Island suffered a severe setback yesterday in their fight with the city when the Appellate Division reversed all the orders made directing Mayor Hylan to give them quit claim deeds releasing the city's claim to their property in accordance with the terms of resolutions and agreement between the Board of Estimate and the property owners.

The fight of the owners of lands on Bayview Avenue, Neptune Avenue, Mermaid Avenue and West Thirty-seventh and Thirty-sixth and West Twenty-fifth Streets to clear off the city's long-standing claim and to remove this cloud from their titles has been conducted in the courts for many years. In an effort to clear up the situation, the city officials got through the Board of Estimate certain resolutions whereby the city would give quit claim deeds in return for payment of taxes, assessments, &c., levied against the properties, if made within a certain time.

Later the Board of Estimate adopted a resolution rescinding this plan after some of the property owners had sent in their money.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—FREDERICK W. SQUIRES and WILLIAM B. GOWER, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of SQUIRES & GOWER MANUFACTURING CO., Plaintiffs, vs. ALUMINUM WARE MANUFACTURING CO., Inc., Defendant.—IN EQUITY No. E-22,347.

To all Claimants against the Estate of the above-named Defendant:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order dated the 30th day of December, 1921, the undersigned were appointed permanent receivers of the property, &c., of the above-named defendant.

Said order further provided: That all persons, firms and corporations who claim to be creditors of the defendant, or that said defendant is indebted to them, or that they possess a cause of action against the defendant, or who assert any claim against any property in possession of the receivers, and all other persons whatsoever who assert or claim against said defendant or against any property in the possession of the receivers, are required to assert their claims against said defendant or against the estate of said defendant, or against any property in possession of the receivers of said defendant, at the office of Zalkin & Cohen, solicitors for the receivers, No. 49 Chambers Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

It is further provided by said order: That no person whatsoever who asserts any claim against said defendant or against the estate of said defendant, or against any property in the possession of the receivers, who fails to file a verified statement or proof of claim on or before May 1st, 1922, as aforesaid, shall thereafter be permitted to assert any claim whatsoever against the estate or assets of the defendant or against any property in the possession of the receivers, or to share in any distribution thereof.

Dated, New York, January 4, 1922.

WILLIAM H. MANDEVILLE,
DAVID J. FOX,
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY,
Permanent Receivers.

ZALKIN & COHEN, Solicitors for Receivers, No. 49 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—Annie Pittel, plaintiff, against Barnet Pittel, defendant. Summons. Action for Absolute Divorce.

To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer, or, if the complaint is not served with this summons, to serve a notice of appearance on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service. In case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, December 15th, 1921.

JACOB MANICOFF,
Attorney for plaintiff, No. 51 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To Barnet Pittel:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. William P. Burr, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated December 16th, 1921, and filed with the complaint in the Clerk's office of New York County, at the County Court House, in Manhattan Borough, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, December 21st, 1921.

JACOB MANICOFF,
Attorney for plaintiff, 51 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

THE BROOKLYN MARKET.

Private Houses and Home Sites In Good Demand.

The one-family dwelling at 900 East Tenth Street, in Midwood Manor, was sold by the Glaterson Construction Company to M. Rapaport for occupancy. A. Mishkin was the broker.

J. Lacov has sold for Leroy Zider to Samuel Jacobs a two-family house known as 1,024 East Twelfth Street, being on a plot 40 by 100 for $15,000.

The frame three-family apartment house at 372 Reid Avenue, near Marion Street, has been sold for Hilda C. Yeoman to a client of Charles Partridge for investment.

Meister Builders have purchased from Gutman Semel a plot 100 by 100 at the northwest corner of Seventy-fifth Street and Twenty-first Avenue; a plot 100 by 100 at the southwest corner of Seventy-fifth Street and Twenty-first Avenue and a plot 120 by 100 on the south side of Seventy-fourth Street between Twelfth and Thirteenth Avenues. The brokers in this transaction were Miller & Scheinkoff.

Sales on their Marlboro property have been made by William E. Harmon & Co. as follows: Southwesterly corner of West Third Street and Avenue Q to Benjamin Kramer; southwesterly corner of Avenue O and West Sixth Street to Joseph Berger; plots on West Second Street, near King's Highway, to Francesco Mirabile, John Turner and A. B. Schlett; plots on West Second Street, near Avenue P, to A. Dimattia and A. J. Stern; plots on West Second Street, near Avenue Q, to James A. McHugh and E. H. Howard; plots on West Third Street, near Avenue O, to Charles Mirabile; plots on West Fourth Street, near Avenue P, to V. S. Meringol, and plots on West Sixth Street, near Avenue P, to George A. Sampson, A. H. Bonci, R. Dweck and Catherine Sexton.

The Martin Company, as broker, has sold for the account of theRealty Associates to Quenton Guala and Joseph M. Perazio the residence at 163 Joralemon Street.

Optician Buys on Lexington Avenue.

M. H. Harris, the optician, has purchased from the Estate of Philip Smith, 746 Lexington Avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth Streets, a tenement property on lot 20 by 600. The property was held at $75,000. This was an all cash transaction.

The buyer will convert the site into a store and loft building at a cost of $25,000. Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the deal.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED
Suburban Development Salesman of high character for best type of Long Island residential community. Box W 836 Times Downtown.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Three Bennett Homes
FOR SALE
FLUSHING
WHITESTONE
COLLEGE POINT
6 rooms, all improvements, finest condition; immediate possession; near water and bathing beach; can be bought on terms.
STANLEY JAHODA
New York Representative.
Bennett Homes
Call, Phone, Write, Dept. J.
Fitz Roy 5392-5393.
ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS
Room 204, Marbridge Building, 47 W. 34th St. corner Broadway
OPEN SAT. NIGHT AND SUNDAY.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Suburban Home Bargain
$2,000 SECURES TITLE AND OCCUPANCY. Balance $5,000; on Easy Term Mortgages.
8 BIG ROOMS, 2 TILED BATHROOMS. Plot 100 ft. street frontage by 180 ft. deep. Bathing, boating, fishing in Summer, skating and Winter sports in season. 800 ft. elevation. Less than 1 hr. on the train from N. Y. City; on best commuting R. R. in Jersey's finest suburban residential section. No extras. Price includes everything, ready for occupancy.
Investigate—This—Now
Write Apartment 35, 645 Madison Ave., N. Y. City. Please do not call.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

BRONX PARKWAY COMMISSION. PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all whom it may concern that pursuant to an Act of the Legislature entitled: "An Act to provide for preserving the waters of the Bronx River from pollution, creating a Reservation of the lands on either side of the River, authorizing the taking of land for that purpose, and providing for the payment thereof, and appointing a Commission to carry out the purposes of the Act," being Chapter 594 of the Laws of 1907, as amended, the BRONX PARKWAY COMMISSION has caused an accurate survey to be made of the lands within the Park area and a map to be prepared therefrom showing the boundaries thereof and so far as may be the several parcels of real estate to be taken, which map is made in six sections comprising in all thirty sheets, and has heretofore duly filed Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 of said map, and has published the notice of filing of said sections as required by law, and has now filed Sheet 9-A, being a portion of Sheet 9 included in Section 2 of said map, duly certified by a majority of the Commissioners as follows:

Sheet 9-A includes those parcels in the City of Yonkers lying within that portion of the Bronx River Parkway Reservation as described in Section 1 of said Act, the acquisition of which was approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York on July 8th, 1921, bounded on the south by Bronxville or Fleetwood Avenue, on the west and north by Midland Avenue, on the east by lands of the New York Central Railroad and Bronx Parkway Commission, and was filed, one copy thereof in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 29th day of November, 1921, under Map No. 2053; one copy thereof in the office of the Register of the County of Westchester on the 29th day of November, 1921, under the Map No. 2361, and one copy thereof in the office of the Register of the County of Bronx on the 29th day of November, 1921, under the Map No. 530; and

BRONX PARKWAY COMMISSION HEREBY GIVES NOTICE OF SUCH FILING by publishing the notice thereof as required by law.

Dated, Bronxville, N. Y., December 29th, 1921.

BRONX PARKWAY COMMISSION.
MADISON GRANT,
WILLIAM W. NILES,
FRANK R. BETHELL,
Commissioners.
JAY DOWNER, Engineer and Secretary.
THEODOSIUS STEVENS, Counsel, No. 280 Madison Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that pursuant to Section 3 of Article XI. of the Indenture of Trust, dated December 29, 1916, made between ASTMAHCO NAVIGATION COMPANY, INC., and the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, Trustee, this Bank has resigned and discharged the trust created thereby, and has filed its resignation as such Trustee with said Company. This resignation shall take effect upon January 31, 1922.

Dated, New York, January 9, 1922.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.
By W. W. HOFFMAN,
Trust Officer.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & CO., Auctioneers
1519-21 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA REAL ESTATE

THE 4 CORNERS
OF
TABOR ROAD AND ADAMS AVE.

Ninety-six-odd acres of ground in five parcels on Frankford Branch Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.
Crossed by two main streets and Reading Railroad.
Passenger station on property.
Adjoining Electric Storage Battery Company's plant and near Sears-Roebuck Eastern distributing plant.
All adjacent to the Roosevelt Boulevard.

At

PUBLIC SALE

Wednesday, January 25, 1922, at 12 M.,

In our Real Estate Salesrooms, 2nd floor, 1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. Sold by order of the Orphans' Court for the estate of Ann Whitaker, dec'd. M. Hampton Todd, Esq., Trustee, No. 133 South 12th St., Philadelphia.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & CO., Auctioneers
1519-21 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Well-known Retailer will Sublet
Fifth Ave. Store
in the Forties
Rental below market value
Apply to
BRETT & GOODE CO.
583 Fifth Ave. Bryant 6095.

251-57TH AVE.
N. E. Cor. 28th St.
2500 SQ. FT.
Light, Attractive Lofts
Immediate Possession or Feb. 1, 1922
No Manufacturing
Apply
Arthur Greenbaum, 110 W. 40th St.
Tel. 4198 Bryant
Or your own broker

20,000 SQUARE FEET,
Fireproof, Good Light,
Large Elevator & Loading Platform,
$60,000.
JAMES B. FISHER,
174 Montague St. Main 7267

8 East 12th St.
STORE and BASEMENT
5,000 Sq. Ft. @ 80c.
Fireproof Building; Very High Ceilings; Very Low Insurance Rate.
INQUIRE MR. DRUCKMAN,
140 W. 23d St. Phone Watkins 4916

LEASE FOR 21 YEARS
6-STORY BUILDING
38thSt.,nr.5thAv.
Possession in few months.
JOHN OTTO—S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.
17 West 44th St. Tel. 5610 Vanderbilt

5-7-9West37thSt.
1st Loft
75x100. Possession At Once.
SPRINKLER
H. J. Sachs & Co., 38 W. 21st St.

Business Loft Property
All Over New York.
Also Attractive Suburban Properties on Long Island.
C. H. LUERSSEN
F. G. Smith, Manager, Vanderbilt Avenue Building, 51 East 42d St., New York. Rooms 308-311. Telephone Vanderbilt 6462.

124 WEST 24TH STREET
OPPOSITE MACY'S
EXCELLENT FLOOR WITH SKYLIGHT
MOST DESIRABLE LOCATION FOR PHOTOGRAPHER OR ARCHITECT
ELEVATOR SERVICE
RULAND & BENJAMIN,
14 East 48th Street. Van. 9063.
OR ON PREMISES.

Remarkably Cheap Fireproof
Lofts, 75 x 100
Two elevators, all improvements. Top floor exceptionally light, skylights, etc. RENTS $3,500 to $4,500.
141-5 WOOSTER STREET
Apply R. F. KILPATRICK,
135 Broadway Phone Rector 5190

INVESTIGATE THESE STORES
In new apartment covering block front at subway station. Can only rent for men's and women's apparel, housefurnishings, confectionery, phonographs and music, barber and hairdresser, auto accessories. Ten stores already rented for other lines. Apply ROMAN-CALLMAN CO., Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City. Tel. Astoria 725.

GREAT OPPORTUNITY IN IMPERIAL BUILDING
22-24-26 WEST 32nd ST.
Loft to lease with show room, fixtures and racks for dresses and coats and suits. Also machines for sale. Apply immediately.
ROOM 1110, 1 WEST 34th ST.

241-245 W. 37TH ST.
Modern Third Floor Loft
GARMENT CENTRE.
For rent. Possession February 1st.
Michael J. Malegeon, 291 Broadway.

UNUSUAL FLOOR
About 14,000 feet, perfect light; rent $22,000, with long lease; suitable for showrooms or offices. Near Times Square, in highest type of modern building. Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc., 297 Madison Avenue. Phone 0640 Vanderbilt.

Hosiery and Knit Goods Trade
877 Broadway, corner White St., corner room, 30x45, sign privilege on building. Apply to superintendent at building or agent, F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 7475.

High Class Store
Reasonable Rent
33 West 50th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

REDUCED RENTS
Light Lofts
In Heart of Manufacturing Center
At 122 Fifth Ave.
BETWEEN 17TH & 18TH STS.
LOFTS 1,000 SQ. FT. 1,500 " " 2,400 " " 3,700 " " 5,300 " "
UP TO 10,000 SQUARE FEET. MANUFACTURING ALLOWED.
Fireproof Building, 100% Sprinkler
BROKERS PROTECTED
E. SHARUM
170 BROADWAY. TEL. CORTLANDT 7302.

A Stock Exchange Firm
will sublet a newly equipped and centrally located office in the 42nd Street Financial District. Includes private offices and board. Address "W. S.", P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, N. Y.

TO LET
614-618 W. 131st St.
Entire Building
45,000 SQ. FEET
Equipped as service station or garage.
Immediate Possession
907 Broadway HESS INC. Stuyvesant 4200

West 39th St.
Store & Basement
Store 9,000—Basement 4,000 ft.
Can Be Secured for Very Attractive Figure.
HIGH CLASS MODERN BUILDING
Fireproof, 100% Sprinkler. Light.
Immediate Possession.
Wolser Realty Co., 1472 B'way
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38-44 W. 21st St.
STORE & BASE
also 1st LOFT 67x92
TOGETHER OR SEPARATELY
100% SPRINKLER
POSSESSION LOFT AT ONCE
H. J. Sachs & Co., 38 W. 21st St.
OR YOUR BROKER

Exceptional Store—Basement and First Loft
FIREPROOF 50x92 SPRINKLER
13-15 West 20th St.
Store & Loft, 190 Bleecker St., 26x100.
Store & Loft, 188 W. 24th St., 25x116.
Loft, 21-23 White St., 25x100.
PHONE OWNER, FITZROY 4642.
or Your own broker.

OFFICE TO LET
125th St., 500 W. Junction Cor. Amst. Ave.
In 2-Story Cor. Bank Bldg.
Single Office with Fover Hall Space. Suitable Lawyer, Real Estate, General Contractor, etc. Rent $45.
Convenient to B'way Sub. and all transit. Supt., on premises, or Owner
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APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.

120 East 31st St.
Central Location—Murray Hill
Fireproof Elevator Apartment
Unequalled Service—Moderate Rent

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

For Large
MANUFACTURING CONCERN
Fireproof Building Classified As Garage.
Floors and Elevators of Extraordinary Carrying Capacity
West Side Midtown Section
Permanent Daylight—Corner Building
FOR LEASE
on basis affording about 20,000 sq. ft. for immediate use at extremely low cost
Principals Apply
WILLIAM J. SUSSMAN INCORPORATED REAL ESTATE ADMINISTRATORS
1725-5682-5683 Vanderbilt
300 MADISON AVENUE
Full Commissions to Brokers

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The Uptown Business District of New York
because of a recent influx of prominent banking, industrial and mercantile interests, has come to be known as "Little Wall Street." This "Gateway to the Terminal Zone" is only 22 minutes by Subway from
Jackson Heights
where new apartments constantly are being erected to meet the demand.
New 3 to 10 Room Garden Apartments 1 to 3 Baths
On Tenant-Ownership Plan Moderate Price—Liberal Terms
Total and Business References Required
Visit Jackson Heights Today—Take Subway to Grand Central, transfer to QUEENSBORO SUBWAY (Corona Line) to 25th St. (Jackson Heights) Station—(Office Opposite Station)
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The Queensboro Corporation Manhattan Office 50 E. 42d St.
Send for Illustrated Copy of "Jackson Heights News"—Mailed Free.

Unfurnished—East Side.

Park Ave., 571
CORNER 63 STREET
Most Exclusive Section
APARTMENTS
WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS PERFECT IN EVERY RESPECT
8 Rooms and Bath
RENTALS
$2400 to $3300.
APPLY ON PREMISES OR YOUR OWN BROKER

New Building
Ready for Occupancy
116 E. 83rd St.
Near Park Ave.
2 and 3 rooms
Bath and Kitchenette
Every Modern Improvement
Ground Floor Suitable for Doctor
Apply on Premises

Unfurnished—West Side.

FORDHAM HEIGHTS
The most picturesque section at Fordham, overlooking the beautiful Concourse, St. James and Poe Parks.
193d St.
Creston Ave.
High Class Elevator Apartments
OPEN FOR INSPECTION
3-4-5 Rooms
At Extremely Low Rentals
LARGE, LIGHT AND AIRY
Every Conceivable Improvement
2 blocks to Fordham and Kingsbridge Road express station Lexington Ave. subway, 6th and 9th Ave. "L." 5 minutes' walk from Fordham station, New York Central.
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19 W. 69th St.
New Fireproof Apartment Hotel
A Few Steps from Central Park
1, 2 and 3 Room
Apartments
REASONABLE RENTS.
APPLY ON PREMISES or
SHARP & CO.,
2,489 BROADWAY.

The Strafford
777 West End Ave.
Cor. 96th Street
12-story fireproof building, complete in every detail. Corner apartment with all outside rooms overlooking West End Avenue and the Hudson River.
One Apartment Left.
10 ROOMS—3 BATHS
Supt. on Premises or
Sharp & Company, Agents,
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The Eldorado
302 Central Park West
cor. 91st St.
RESTAURANT ON ROOF
Corner Apartment
Southern Exposure
3 ROOMS & BATH
2 ROOMS & BATH
$1,200 upwards
Rent Includes Maid and Porter Service.
APPLY ON PREMISES.
SHARP & CO.
2,489 BROADWAY

414 W. 120th St.
6 Room Apartment
All Modern Conveniences
High-Class Elevator Apartment
Immediate Possession
INQUIRE SUPT. ON PREMISES
TEL. MORNINGSIDE 8760

Unfurnished—Bronx.

MELROSE COURTS
NEW BUILDINGS
163d St. & Park Ave.
CHOICE LOCATION
All Transit Facilities Within Short Distance of Property
4-6 ROOMS
Beautiful, large light rooms. East and west exposure. All modern improvements.
Inquire Premises, or
NIEWENHOUS CO., INC.
316 E. 161st St.

BEDFORD PARK SECTION
New Building
READY FOR OCCUPANCY
Valentine Ave.
S. E. Cor. 199th St.
3-4 ROOMS
Every Conceivable Improvement
Five minutes to Lexington Ave. subway, 6th-9th Ave. elevated station at Kingsbridge Road or 200th St. or 196th St. 3d Ave. "L" and N. Y. C. R. R.
RENTS MODERATE
APPLY ON PREMISES

Just Completed
2 Blocks East of Concourse
Half block north of Fordham Rd.
2600
Briggs Ave.
NEAR 194TH ST.
3-4 Rooms
Every Conceivable Improvement
Reasonable Rental
Agent on Premises

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—Bronx.

JUST COMPLETED
University Heights
Kingsbridge Road and Webb Avenue
BLOCK WEST of UNIVERSITY AV.
3-4-5-6 ROOMS
All living rooms have latest wall lights
Every Modern Improvement
3 min. walk to Lexington Ave. Sub., 6th & 9th Ave. "L" Express Station, Kingsbridge Rd.
REASONABLE RENT
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Just Completed
S. W. Corner
Walton Ave.
181st Street
2-3-4 Rooms
Every Conceivable Improvement
One block east of Lexington-Jerome Ave. subway, 6th and 9th Ave. "L" at Burnside Ave.
Reasonable Rental. Agt. on Premises.

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BROOKLYN HEIGHTS
Overlooking Lower New York

2-3-4-5 ROOMS
New Elevator Apartments
Subway Corner
Clark & Henry Sts.
3 MINUTES FROM WALL ST.
Take Broadway, I. R. T. Sub. to Clark St.
J. M. Mengal, on premises. Tel. Beekman 9430.

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Modern Apartments
QUEENS BOULEVARD
12 Minutes from Grand Central.
At Lowery St. Sta., Queensboro Sub.
3, 4, 5 ROOMS
RENTS $57—$85
All Large Outside Rooms. Interior Park
NIGHT AND DAY SERVICE
ROMAN-CALLMAN CO.,
On Premises or Bridge Plaza North.
Hunters Point 4924. Astoria 725

LONG ISLAND CITY
AT ELMHURST
Floors to let in two-family houses, 6 and 7 rooms, bath and pantry, electric light, parquet flooring; heat furnished; 2 blocks from L station. Rent $75 to $85. Apply
THOS. DALY, at foot of Junction Ave. L Station, Corona.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FOR SALE—Guaranteed mortgages from $1,000 to $3,000; 6 per cent. interest. S. Eichen, 243 West 34th.

LOANS on second mortgages promptly made. New York property. Cosmopolitan Credit Corporation, 152 West 42d St.

HAVE small amounts of $2,000 to $5,000 for second mortgages. Jesse Oppenheim, 1,819 Broadway, Columbus 9788.

FUNDS for first mortgages; amounts up to $50,000; Mount Vernon and New York. Losere, 371 Brook Av.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

WANTED—First mortgage loan of $6,000 on Harlem east side tenement, valued $15,000. Francis M. Santora, 1,475 Broadway. Bryant 8250.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

GREENWICH VILLAGE.
Small houses at moderate prices on very easy terms.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich St. Chelsea 8092.

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL ZONE.
801 Madison Av., between 41st and 42d Sts.; lot 24x100; immediate possession; suitable for alteration or improvement with new building; an ideal location for bank, trust company or similar concern, likewise for any business to which this central, busy section is essential; brokers are requested to help sell, lease or exchange. William D. Kilpatrick, Singer Building.

$5,000 CASH.
Private house, West 69th St., near Broadway; 4-story, 11 rooms, 3 baths, modern improvements, including electric light, parquet floors; price $32,500. Brown-Wheelock Co., Inc., 10 East 45th St. Telephone 3100 Murray Hill.

PRIVATE DWELLING, Turtle Bay section, East 48th St.; price reasonable; must be sold or exchanged quickly. All particulars at 103 West 73d St. Harry R. Roeder. Columbus 8848. Brokers protected.

SEE 36 WEST 75TH ST.; in fine condition, with extra size rooms, extension on two floors; just the home you will like. Mrs. I. B. Evans, with Pierre & Golden Co., 299 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6014.

TO close estate, will sell one family three-story brick house, six-family three-story brick, and also two-story and store, with garage. For particulars apply 7 J. Croton, Room 443, 299 Broadway. Tel. Worth 3.

NEAR 86TH ST.—Dwelling, three baths, electric lights, parquet floors, good condition, $27,500; occupied by owner, who is anxious to sell. Tel. 224 Columbus.

VALUABLE Manhattan land, including water front; big commission to live broker; big profits to speculator. Owner, V 748 Times Downtown.

TWO four-story, with stores, 34th. Inquire Hilson Co., 115 East 34th.

STORES, low rent, long lease; drug, restaurant, &c. 3,102 Broadway (126th).

PARK AV., 506—Store and basement; sell lease, 5½ years; reasonable rents.

5-STORY, modern American basement dwelling; 70x; $36,500; bargain. M. Hill 4629.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

PORTABLE garages and buildings for city and country; manufactured by R. P. Sterling, 1,801 Amsterdam Av., New York.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FURNISHED house to lease till June 1; ten rooms; 1,908 Jerome Av., Sheepshead Bay. Inquire Vogel, next house.

WILL build on your improved, free and clear lots in Greater New York. Mack Building Co., 249 West 34th St.

MODERN two-family; Wall St., 15 minutes; $14,000; cash, $6,000. 678 Sterling Place.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

BEST residential section of Jamaica, near main station, 9 rooms, 2 baths, garage in new two-family detached house; all the latest improvements. 70 Terrace Avenue, Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 2913.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE
Bronxville beautiful 10-room house, 3 baths, a $48,000 proposition for $30,000, a wonderful opportunity to get a beautiful home at a real sacrifice.
J. S. TOBIN,
106 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.

UNUSUAL offering in suburban residence of 7 rooms; most attractive Colonial exterior; built last year by owner for his use; vapor heat, heated garage; 4 minutes from station; asking price $18,500; owner would like offer. BURKE-STONE, INC. PELHAM 1073.

DOBBS FERRY-ON-HUDSON (Broadway)—Corner six-room home; steam, gas, electricity; two fireplaces; porches; garage; fruit, shade, garden; large plot; $8,000; easy terms; immediate possession. Calhoun, Dobbs Ferry 481W.

CRESTWOOD—New stucco, 6 rooms, 2 tiled baths, sun parlor, garage, gas, electricity, five minutes

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Continued from Preceding Page.

WIDOW MUST SELL PELHAM HOUSE.

A 2-story and basement brick and timber and stucco home, in the choice Heights section; five sleeping, walk to station; corner plot, with 150 ft. front; fine trees and shrubs; hard-firing room, dining room, sun parlor, five bedrooms, two tiled baths; maids' room and bath; hot water heat; oak floors; solid mahogany doors; metal weather strips; absolutely complete and perfect in every detail; garage; such houses are to be bought only under such unusual circumstances; the price is made low for purpose of quick sale. Fee payment of commission.

PRINCE & RIPLEY, Pelham, N. Y.
Tel. Pelham 1105 or Murray Hill 666.

PRICE $17,000—TERMS ARRANGED.

Most distinctive dwelling—modern type and choicest section of PELHAM MANOR; seven rooms, two baths, open fireplace, all improvements; steam-heated garage; short walk to station; about 25 minutes from Grand Central; near schools and clubs.

Partimer, Inc., 25 West 42d St., New York.
Tel. Murray Hill 6992.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

CANTERBURY.

$9,500; 7-room, white clapboard, Colonial home, recently built on plot 60x100, in beautiful wooded residential section; 35 minutes from Penn. Station, Hempstead Station, Inc., 1 mile to Country Club; 2 miles to Roslyn Country Club. Tel. Roslyn Cedre 580.

LONG BEACH ON THE OCEAN.

All-year steam cottage, $5,850; easy terms; bungalow, $2,550; $250 down; lots $675 up; special FURNISHED BUNGALOW, $2,700. Phone Pierce 6084, or SIDE MATHURST, opposite station.

FLORAL PARK, 35 minutes out, new house, 7 rooms, bath, steam heat, oak floors, glass porch, two lots, near school and station, tax exempt; $7,500, cash $2,000, balance easy terms. Owner, 17 Hinsdale Av., Floral Park.

KEW GARDENS—Beautiful, modern residence; large living room, sun parlor, library, dining room, six bedrooms, two baths, shower; garage; for sale, furnished or unfurnished. Manly, telephone Richmond Hill 3023.

BROADWAY-Flushing—New, tax exempt; 7-room colonial; tiled bath, steam heat, oak floors; 50-ft. lot; price $9,900, cash $2,000. Kerrin, corner Broadway and 22d St., Flushing. Tel. Flushing 700.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.

Ten-room house, four baths; near station; completely furnished; $650 per month. Telephone Boulevard 6209.

DO YOU NEED CASH?

Client with money ready to purchase small home, Woodhaven or Hewlett. Frankfort, Far Rockaway, Phone Far Rockaway 257.

FORT WASHINGTON, L. I.—Farm house; 7 rooms and bath; lot 60x100; near station. $6,500. Montfort & Hageman. Telephone 162.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

AT FREEPORT—9 rooms and bath, hot water heat; all improvements; plot 100x100; 7 minutes to station; price $8,500; also 7-room semi-bungalow, 7 rooms, parquet floors; all improvements; plot 50x150; price $7,750; 100 others to select from. George E. Wheeler, 45 Railroad Av., Freeport. Telephone 432. Opposite station. Open Sunday.

A BARGAIN AT GREAT NECK.

English stucco, seven rooms, three baths; garage; large plot; all improvements; magnificent views; 200 ft. elevation; $15,000; terms. H. H. Hoyer, Broadway and 224 St., Broadway-Flushing, telephone passing 5508 or 220 Broadway, New York, telephone Cortlandt 2262, or telephone Great Neck 114.

KEW GARDENS

New house, 8 rooms, 3 baths, 1-car garage; designed by a famous architect and beautifully built; owner must consider offer. Terms. Edgeworth Smith, Inc., 1 West 34th St., or at Kew Gardens. Phone any day, Richmond Hill 1713.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

$1,000 CASH, $30 and interest monthly, buys new 6-room tax exempt home; steam heat, parquet floors, tile bath, hardwood trim, sewer, curb and sidewalks; no assessments; high location, excellent neighborhood; near station, stores and schools. Act quickly. John A. Baldwin, Ridgefield Park, opposite station.

LEONIA.

Attractive homes, on Pine Terrace; finest location in Leonia; for less than rent of sixroom apartment; SEND FOR CHARTS.

PINE TERRACE REALTY CO.,
480 Broad Av. Phone 432 Leonia.

FULL price $6,500. $1,000 cash buys up-to-date 6-room house, every modern improvement; plot 50x150; tax exempt. Call today or write for particulars. Hallberg & Longfellow, builders, Ridgefield Park and Bogota, opposite station.

HOUSE—7 large rooms, bath, heat, electric; restricted neighborhood, near cars and park; 45 minutes from Broadway; $8,500, mortgage $4,000, low taxes, immediate possession. Owner, 212 Shippen St., Weehawken Heights.

FOR RENT with option; in Bound Brook, 28 miles to N. Y.; house of eleven rooms, hardwood, electric, excellent heating; beautiful location, 3 minutes to station; could easily be remodeled for 2 families. Cathedral 6514.

SEASHORE PROPERTIES
FOR SALE AND RENT
ASBURY PARK AND VICINITY
HARRINGTON AGENCY
TELEPHONE 1422 ASBURY PARK

TEANECK—6-room house, beautifully furnished; rent $125; responsible people. Responsible people. 1003, Hackensack 2005M.

BARGAIN.

Best two-family house in city; must be sold. Inquire 115 Wegman Parkway, Jersey City.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

VALUABLE Manhattan land, including vacant tract; want buyer; big brokerage commission; big speculators' profit. Owner, Y. 747 Times Downtown.

WILL INVEST $50,000 in Manhattan, moderate apartments or investments; income producing and good terms. X 2264 Times Annex.

HAVE clients for cold water flats. Quick sale if price is right. Owners only. W. F., 220 Times.

AM interested in purchase in Italian section; submit particulars. S. F., 243 Times.

WANTED—To buy Harlem property, east 5th Av. Write R. E., Box 249 Times.

Country Property.

WANTED—To rent, furnished, house within easy commuting distance of New York; at least four bedrooms; immediate possession; will take lease until first of June, or, if particularly attractive, until the third; Christian family of 3 adults, 3 small children. W 230 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE

DYCKMAN TRACT, Broadway frontage, 250 x160, assessment $138,000; want income, Brooklyn or Manhattan. Henry Pierson, 326 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Real Estate—Other Cities and Towns.

Florida—For Sale or to Let.

TEN ACRES of orange groves, planted, cultivated, cared for for five years without cost, brought to bearing; a property that will support you for life; this is offered you at beautiful Lake Avalon, near Orlando, Fla., by a company composed of thirty bankers and business men of Orlando, who are developing 4,000 acres of finest citrus fruit lands in the United States; easy terms; six years to pay. Ask for booklet and details. Orlando Orange Groves Co., 217 Broadway. Tel. Barclay 2750.

FARMS.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—23-acre farm, eleven-room house with all improvements; 4 other buildings; almost new; in town of 6,000; one mile from station; good land, numerous fruit trees; fishing, bathing, &c.; spring and town water; located at foot of Berkshires, making it an ideal summer home, as well as suitable for dairy farming and tobacco growing. Address P. O. Box 280, New Milford, Conn.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

SEVEN ROOMS, well furnished, centrally located; modern conveniences; reasonable; no agents. Stuyvesant 3177, 1-2 P. M.

UNTIL April 1, four rooms, bath, large kitchen, front, high-grade elevator apartment; leaving town; sacrifice $260 monthly. Telephone evenings, Madison Square 6909.

Furnished—West Side.

127th, WEST—3 well furnished rooms, including kitchen, bath; electricity; responsible people; piano, victrola, Chelsea 5174, 2-4, 30.

167th, 81 WEST—$85-$95; double room apartments; completely furnished; antique, mahogany, fireplaces; cream-colored walls; rent includes heat, light, continuous hot water, maid and telephone service; restaurant, moderate prices.

49th (near 5th)—Unusual apartment, furniture and lease for sale or rent. Madison Square 5688.

406—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; bargain, $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

43D ST., 206 WEST, AT TIMES SQUARE, HOTEL RICARDO, 2 AND 3 ROOM APARTMENTS WITH BATH; NEWLY RENOVATED, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; FIRST-CLASS HOTEL SERVICES. 271 PENN. TERMINAL BUILDING. BRYANT 1446.

147th, 210 WEST (Westover Court)—Bachelor apartment; high-class hotel service; meals; fine resident Manager. Bryant 5860.

48TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness, furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchen; discriminating respectful applicants; highest references essential; $75-$125 per monthly. Longacre 3540.

45TH ST., 119 WEST—Rialto Apts.; 2 rooms and bath; hotel service.

49TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, automatic elevator, $175 monthly. Lisette.

50'S—Four rooms, two bedrooms, twin beds, parlor, grand piano; immediate possession; $225 to June 1st. Vanderbilt 1451.

51ST NEAR 5TH AV.—Entire top floor; two large rooms, kitchen, two baths; well furnished; phone; fireplace; private roof garden; sunny and quiet; $250. Circle 6129 or Stuyvesant 4244.

51ST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

52D ST., 229 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY)—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; 1 ROOM AND BATH, $75 UP; 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $120 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

52D ST., 48 WEST—One, very large, artistically furnished room, bath; lease.

55TH, 105 WEST—Beautifully furnished apt.; very large living room and bedroom, bath and kitchen; 2 large closets; modern elevator building; will lease until Oct. 1st, $300 per month. Apply Mr. Van Allen, 4up.

56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE).
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE
WITH PRIVATE BATH.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH, 100 WEST—Small apartment, richly furnished; short or long lease.

57TH ST., 153 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished, 2 rooms and bath.

57TH ST., 113 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished, 2 rooms and bath.

58TH ST., 166 WEST—Exceptional apartment; handsomely furnished; entire floor; sunny. Young, Tel. 6717 Circle, seen 10-6.

61ST, 10 WEST, COR. B'WAY.
HOTEL PASADINA.
A SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK. TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $125 MONTHLY UP; ALSO THREE LARGE ROOMS AND BATH ON GROUND FLOOR; SUITABLE FOR DOCTOR, DENTIST OR ANY SELECT COMMERCIAL BUSINESS.

69TH ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette, $80-$100; references required.

72D, 20 WEST — VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-3 ROOMS; KITCHENETTE; PRIVATE TILED BATH. LAVATORY; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE, DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

72D ST., 9 East—Large, all outside rooms, bath, private hall; piano; sleepy furnished; elevator; 5 to 6 months; references required. Phone Columbus 5180.

72D, 344 WEST—Private apartment, two housekeeping rooms; immense, beautifully furnished; first class apartment house; 3 months or longer.

72D, 166 WEST—Physician wishes to sublet his furnished office to a physician from one to five o'clock. Phone Col. 8079.

72D, 28 WEST—Apartments, artistically furnished, also parlor floor; suitable for studio.

73D ST., 128 WEST (Hotel Nouleton)—Newly decorated and furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms, bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; room, bath, $90 monthly and up; 600 hotel restaurants; tiled kitchen; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $75-$125 per monthly. Longacre 3540.

75TH, 103 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; also one room, with bath.

76TH, (344 WEST END)—Luxuriously furnished 2-room apartment; high-class service; telephone.

77TH, 335 WEST (NEAR DRIVE).
Attractive rooms, by the week or month; very low rates. Apply Superintendent.

77TH, 336 WEST (NEAR DRIVE).
Attractive rooms, by the week or month; very low rates. Apply Superintendent.

78TH, 134 WEST—Excellent room, bath, kitchenette, accommodate two to four.

80TH, WEST—3 rooms and bath, $82.50; must see exquisite furniture, cost over $5,000. Perry, 47 West 42d St.

80th—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

81ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $60 room, bath; hotel service; restaurant; 600 hotels; tiled kitchenette; $75-$125 per monthly. Longacre 3540.

84TH, 15 WEST—Two or three connecting rooms, with private bath, for light housekeeping, electricity.

86TH ST. AND BROADWAY—Two-room, bath and kitchenette, completely furnished; $300 month. Phone mornings, 6210 Schuyler.

86TH—2 rooms, 4 baths, piano; $185; high class. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

86TH, 308 WEST (at West End Av.)—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette.

87TH, 305 WEST—Sunny suites; bath, kitchen; $90; two rooms, $75.

87TH, 255 WEST (corner Broadway)—Beautiful apartment; rooms, 3 baths, 4 master bedrooms. Riverside 8010. Rose.

90TH—Beautiful five-room, two baths apartment, southern exposure; $200. Bryant 8765.

90th—Apartment, 5 rooms, bath, $150 month; piano. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

91ST ST., 27 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, 2 ROOMS AND BATH; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; $100 UP.

92D ST., 60 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, TWO ROOMS AND BATH; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; $100 UP.

93D ST., 306-311 WEST.
Going to Europe; will sublet my apartment to Sept. 30th; five rooms and bath, all outside, beautifully furnished and newly decorated; full hotel service. Apt. 7D.

104TH, 141 WEST—Parlor and bedroom, front apartment; kitchen privileges; telephone. Fulford.

106TH ST.—3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; Victrola; reasonable rent. Broad 5096.

107TH, 11 WEST—Two rooms, bath, phone, electricity, $50. Academy 597. Haggerty.

109TH ST. (315 MANHATTAN AV.)—Two to six rooms, elevator, non-elevator; kitchen and kitchenette, $70 month and up; open Sunday and evenings; references required. Telephone Academy 1647.

110TH ST., Cor. Amsterdam and Col. Av.—100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, two and three rooms, with kitchenette; hotel service if desired; complete for housekeeping, from $60 upward. Open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Phone Academy 613.

111TH—Attractive three-room kitchenette apartment; sunshine; elevator; sacrifice $125. Bryant 8736.

114TH, 504 WEST—Comfortably furnished, three room bath, kitchenette apartment; rent reasonable. Phone Cathedral 7670.

115TH, 257 WEST—Furnished apartment, 2 rooms, front; elevator, piano; immediate. Cathedral 9220.

115TH, 302 WEST—Very attractive; sunny, four-room, elevator apartment; everything for housekeeping; exceptionally comfortable; desirable location; $140.

118TH ST., 530 WEST—Two rooms, bath; high class; elevator apartment; completely furnished; Sept. Cathedral 7080, Apt. 6C.

114TH, 403 WEST—Choice five rooms; $135; concessions to couple; afternoon. Lyman.

115TH, 630 WEST—3 rooms, attractively furnished, kitchenette; rent $125. Sept.

116TH, 434 WEST—Attractively furnished, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Miss Dawley.

118TH, 510 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 139 WEST—Lease, furniture for sale; call apartment 8L. Morningside 8206 P. M.

120D, 500 WEST (Apt. 16)—Sunny, six room, front, apartment, newly decorated and furnished, elevator, reasonable.

127TH, 619 WEST—Business woman wishes to share apartment with another business woman. Call Morningside 2926, after 6:30 P. M., or all day Sunday; references.

127TH ST., 600 WEST (40 Tiemann Pl.)—Attractively furnished apartment, 2 bedrooms, living room; all outside rooms; $100.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

170TH, 620 WEST—Comfortable furnished three rooms, bath; apartment. Siegel, Wadsworth 4600.

162D, 570 WEST—Attractively furnished three rooms, bath; $80 monthly. Inquire janitor.

APARTMENTS for lease, immediate possession; Barnett & Smith, Room 2326, Grand Central Terminal Building. Vanderbilt 2870.

BANK ST., 35 (near Sheridan Theatre)—Furnished private apartment, 3 rooms and bath, telephone, steam heat, hot water supply; $100. Apply Superintendent.

BEST value suites in New York; steam heat, electricity, telephones; 1-room unit, maid service. The Suborel, 126 West 65th.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (80's)—Eight rooms, elevator; sell furniture $400; income two rooms 75% rent. L. 46 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65—Parlor, bedroom, bath, kitchenette facilities; light, cheerful; $128.

160 CLAREMONT AV. (Apt. 4C)—Attractive warm room; business woman only; references; open Saturday afternoon, all day Sunday.

EDGECOMBE AV., 867—North of 150th St.; six rooms and bath; $100; beautiful location; immediate possession. See Mrs. Finch, 863 Edgecombe Av.

FOR SALE—7 beautiful outside rooms; handsomely furnished; piano, Victrola; reasonable rent; sell $2,000. 547 West 142d. Sterns.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO RENT, SEASON OR LONGER. LAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 780 (Cor. 157th), Apt. 5C—Beautiful five-room apartment, southeastern exposure; exceptionally furnished, Graphonola table, vacuum cleaner, fireless cooker, sewing machine; two bedrooms; $150. Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 620 (640 West 139th)—five room front apartment; newly furnished; twin beds; Victrola. O'Brien. Audubon 2130.

SEVEN-ROOM apartment, furnished; steam heat, electricity, two open fireplaces, improvements; may be seen from 7 to 10 P. M. 177 Macdougal St., near 8th. Telephone Spring 7831; $140.

SEVEN room apartment; splendid park view; attractive rent; well furnished. Daniel Shone, 1906 Broadway.

STUDIO apartment, one room, bath, kitchenette. Daniel Shone, 1906, Broadway.

TWO nicely furnished, front, sunny rooms; gentlemen or business people. Schuyler 7084.

TWO rooms, bath, kitchenette; artistically furnished. Daniel Shone, 1906 Broadway.

WEST END AV., 355—Three rooms, kitchenette, for short period; seen Sunday.

4 ROOMS, bath, elevator, $95. Inquire operator, 196 Claremont Av., 127th-Riverside.

4-5 ROOMS, bath, elevator; $95-$115. Rose, 547 West 123d, Broadway.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.
Monroe Place, 11; furnished two rooms and bath; maid service; $85; sublet.

Furnished—Queens.

FOUR large, light rooms, well furnished; modern building; all improvements; Jackson Heights. Phone Platt, Newtown 2261.

Furnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS—Furnished five room apartment to sublet; $160. Gardens Apartment No. 8, Forest Hills, Long Island.

5 ROOMS, kitchenette and bath; beautiful neighborhood; private house. Telephone 1256 Far Rockaway, L. I. Mason.

Unfurnished—East Side.

15TH, 105 EAST—One room, elevator apartment; bath, kitchenette; $80.

17TH ST., EAST—4-room apartment; all improvements; 3d floor front; rent $55. Inquire Berlin Renting Agency, 141 East 17th.

36TH, 163 EAST—EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL SECTION, 2, 3, 5, ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; 2 OPEN FIREPLACES, ELEVATOR, ROOF GARDENS; $1,800 TO $5,000; ALSO DOCTOR'S APARTMENT.

40TH, 21 EAST—2 rooms, bath; elevator; immediate possession; $900 per annum.

51ST ST. (West of Lexington)—Sunny apartment; 5 rooms, tile bath and kitchen, steam, electricity; admirably arranged for 2 persons wishing separate apartments; furnished if desired. Telephone after 2, Plaza 4883.

59TH, 51 EAST—Parlor, chamber, bath, $80. Housing Bureau, 507 5th Av. 5022 Mur. Hill.

66TH ST.—Beautiful 2-4 room suites, elevator building, exclusive section Madison Av.; maid service; moderate rental. Rhinelander 3681.

71ST, 151 EAST—Large room, kitchenette, bath, in private house; references; lease.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 EAST 45TH ST. TEL. VAND. 324.
APARTMENTS, FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, PARK AV. AND VICINITY.

FIVE ROOMS AND BATH, $140 TO $160.
Beautifully located; 17 and 19 East 95th St., near 5th Av.; elevator apartments; living room 24 feet long; kitchens; apartments will be put in first-class order; service not stinted, as these houses are co-operatively owned. William Crufkshank's Sons, 55 Liberty St., Agents.

FOUR ROOMS, bath and kitchenette; all modern improvements; rent $100; convenient location on East 57th St., New York City. Call 224 East 57th St.

IRVING PLACE, 53 (Corner 17th St.)—Two rooms, bath, southwest exposure; quiet, convenient, modern apartment; gentlemen or married couples.

LEXINGTON AV., 662 (near 55th)—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; light, airy, modern; sublease Feb. 15-Oct. 1; furnished if desired. Apply Apt. 7 or 1.

LEXINGTON AV., 965 (70TH ST.)
Four rooms, all improvements; completely redecorated.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,643—Modern apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; reasonable price.

LEXINGTON, 1,378—2 and 3 rooms, electric light, all improvements; $45-$55. Rose.

PARK AV., 965—4 rooms, electric light, all improvements; $90.

PARK AV., 985—5 rooms, electric light, all improvements; $90.

Unfurnished—West Side.

6TH AV., and 56th St. (corner)—Dentist's apartment, 7 rooms and 2 baths; rent $2,000 per year; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent, 6 West 56th St., or William D. Bloodgood & Co., Queensboro Plaza, Long Island City. Phone Astoria 1605.

16TH, 332-360 WEST—Handsome three-four room apartment; telephone; steam; modern.

67TH, 140 WEST—Seven exceptional rooms; electricity, parquet floors, telephone; reasonable rent.

81ST, 19-21 WEST—Two room fireproof apartment, including service, $1,300. Longacre 4834.

46TH, 71 WEST (near 5th Av.)—High-class two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; newly renovated, parquet floors; immediate possession; lease; agent on premises.

47TH, 333 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, newly altered dwelling; reasonable rent.

46TH, 13 WEST—Elegant 3-room apt., kitchenette, bath; all improvements. Feinberg.

46TH, 61 WEST—Two light, large, airy rooms, kitchenette and bath; rent $70. Apply Superintendent.

50TH, 54 WEST—Two rooms, bath; reasonable. See agent, 3 West 50th.

51ST, 22 WEST—Unusually attractive apartments, maid service, dining room, switchboard; elevator.

51ST ST., 64 WEST—Living room, 2 bedrooms, bath, kitchenette. Dr. King's bell.

55TH, 136 WEST—Handsome two-room suite, suitable for studio. Inquire superintendent at No. 106.

56TH ST., 56 WEST—Attractive seven-room apartment, two baths; corner, north light; excellent location for studio or professional man; rental, $3,000 per year. Apply Supt., on premises, or Wm. D. Bloodgood & Co., Queensboro Plaza, Long Island City. Phone 1605 Astoria.

56TH, 152 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; could be used by physician; $150 month. Lease. Telephone Circle 247.

64TH ST., 168 WEST—Two rooms, bath, rest, kitchen; sunny rooms; side-wall electric fixtures; modern. Frank Casey.

71ST ST. (355 West End Av.)—Four exceptionally light rooms and bath; complete kitchen; parquet floors throughout; modern.

74TH—Apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $85. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

75TH, 240 WEST (between West End Av. and Pkway)—Unusually spacious 2-room housekeeping apartment in high-class fireproof building; immediate possession; $2,100 per year. Telephone Columbus 538.

75TH ST., 24 WEST—Excellent location, overlooking Central Park; 3 and 5 room apartments, private bath and kitchenette.

PRE-WAR PRICES.

75TH, 145 WEST.
SUBLET TWO ROOMS,
BATH; $75.

76TH ST., 142 WEST—Third floor private house, newly renovated; modern conveniences; private bath; with or without kitchenette.

76TH ST., 20 WEST.
2 rooms, one small, one large, 4th floor.

76TH, 45 WEST—Beautiful parlor floor, parquet floors, electricity; telephone; reasonable.

84TH, 17 WEST—2 rooms, bath, electric light, steam heat; one flight up; $125.

85TH, 118 WEST—Two and three rooms, bath, kitchenette; desirable floor for physician or dentist; renovated; immediate possession.

86TH ST., 77 WEST—Seven rooms, elevator apartment; every modern improvement; decorated to suit. Apply.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

86TH, 243 WEST—Eight-room apartment, all improvements; will not object to subletting rooms; rent $2,500. Inquire Superintendent.

86TH ST., 343 WEST—5 rooms, bath, large light kitchen; unfurnished or furnished. Phone Schuyler 9467 or call.

86TH, 350 WEST—Adjoining Riverside, three beautiful parquet rooms, conveniences, exclusive, reduced.

87TH, 250 WEST—Elegantly renovated, entire floor, 2 rooms, foyer, bath, kitchen.

88TH ST., 331 WEST—Whole floor, 3 large rooms, kitchen, bath, including maid service, gas and electricity; $155.

94TH ST., 310 WEST.
Am forced to live in Europe; will sacrifice charming apartment of eight all outside rooms; will either dispose of furniture and apartment or give possession unfurnished. Pelanne. Phone River. 4546, or Sharp & Co., real estate.

94TH, 303 WEST—3 large, light rooms, 1 baths; good for doctor.

102D, 165 WEST—Six light rooms; bath; steam; electricity; attractive; $75.

105TH, 258 WEST (corner West End Av.)—Two-room apartment, newly decorated, $2,000. Apply Superintendent.

110TH ST., 337 WEST—Modern fireproof, new, three large rooms, bath, kitchen and kitchenette, $1,500 to $1,600; six rooms, two baths; $1,800 to $2,000; special seven rooms, four maiden bedrooms and two master baths, extra lavatory and toilet, $2,700.

112TH ST., 811 WEST.
1 rooms; rent reasonable.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

906 WEST 112TH ST.
Two rooms, bath, kitchen.
7 rooms; rent reasonable.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

113TH, 507 WEST.
5 rooms; rent reasonable.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

114TH ST., 417 WEST—Six rooms and bath, sublet, rent reasonable; all improvements. Tel. Cathedral 7740.

116TH ST., 334 WEST—Near park, seven large and airy rooms in modern elevator apartment house. Supt. on premises.

118TH, 253 WEST—Seven rooms, $125; elevator, steam, electricity. Telephone Supt., Morningside 7190, or Rhinelander 2690.

118TH, 348 WEST—6 rooms, newly decorated; high-class elevator; $110.

121ST ST., 414 WEST.
Adjoining Columbia College.
5 rooms, bath; rent reasonable.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

125TH ST., 462 WEST—Three outside rooms; hot water, bath, electricity; newly decorated; corner house; $60.

126TH ST., 330 WEST—Six rooms, elevator apartment house; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

141ST, 930 WEST (Corner Drive)—Elevator, 4 rooms; rent reasonable; immediate possession.

143D, 462 WEST—3 rooms, 2 baths, elevator apartment; reasonable.

146TH, 601 WEST—5 rooms, 2 baths; fireproof elevator apartment. Inquire Supt.

161ST (Between Ft. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—6 rooms, elevator apartment building. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Phone Wadsworth 6335.

161ST, 577 WEST—Five rooms, all improvements, private house; $85. Wadsworth 206.

162D ST., 615 WEST—Modern six-room and bath elevator apartment; completely renovated; immediate occupancy; rent $1,400 annually. Phone Hanover 793.

163D ST. (corner St. Nicholas Av.)—4-5 rooms, ground floor, front; suitable for business or doctor.

163D ST. (cor. St. Nicholas Av.)—5-6 rooms, new house; immediate possession.

173D, 519 WEST—Three large, sunny rooms and kitchenette; many closets, pantries, spacious bathroom, laundry; all improvements; $65.

177TH ST., 601 WEST (northwest corner St. Nicholas Av.)—Elevator apt., 5 large, airy rooms, bath and foyer, southerly exposure, finest in the city for $123 per month; immediate possession. Supt. on premises.

179TH, 662 WEST (corner Wadsworth)—4-5 rooms, modern apartment; $65-$85.

179TH, 512 WEST—High-class apartment, 4 rooms, front, $80.

AUDUBON PARK APARTMENTS,
Opposite Hispanic Museum Grounds,
3,750 Broadway, southeast cor. 156th St.
Desirable apart., 5 rooms, $125.

BROADWAY (N. W. corner 92d, Roxborough)—Very desirable corner apartment, 9 rooms; superior location; 12-story fireproof building; moderate rental; immediate possession. Inquire Supt. or Harlem Realty Co., 200 B'way. Worth 374.

BROADWAY (174th), 15 Wadsworth Av.—Five outside rooms, all conveniences, three flights; clean, quiet house; references; $85; possession.

BROADWAY, 6,201 (opposite Van Cortlandt Park)—3, 4, 5 rooms, all modern improvements; rent $75-$110; lease.

520 CENTRAL PARK WEST, COR. 92D ST.
Riverside 4805.
High-class, fireproof apartment house; exceptional apartment of 6 rooms, overlooking Central Park; exclusive neighborhood; rents reasonable; one left. Supt. on premises or

SHARP & CO.,
B'way at 92d St. Phone Riverside 4374.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 83 (Cor. 69th, facing Park)—6 large rooms, 2 baths; April to Oct., $260 month; lease can be renewed. Col. 4733.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 424 (Cor. 108d St.)—8 rooms, elevator apartment, redecorated; immediate occupancy; $1,800. Phone Lenox 6611.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 448 (105th)—Seven large rooms, facing park; elevator; reasonable.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 271, at 171st St.—5-room corner apartment, suitable for doctor; $42.50 rental; also 4-room apartments. Mr. Sailer.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Studio apartments, two, three rooms and bath, $65, $85, $100, furnished, unfurnished. 116 Washington Place.

HIGH-CLASS elevator apartment, 7 rooms and 2 baths, on West 100th St., between West End Av. and the Drive; fine view of the river. Full particulars from Fredk. Seibel & Son, Broadway and 79th St. Telephone 9700 Schuyler.

MANHATTAN AV., 370 (115th St.)—Three, four, five beautiful rooms, elevator; reasonable.

MORTON ST., 47 (below 10th)—Handsome five-room elevator apartment; parquet, electricity.

POST AV., 180 (Corner 207th St.)—4 outside rooms, southern exposure; elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575 (Corner 135th)—Elevator apartment, newly decorated throughout; 3-room apartment, all rooms, including kitchen, bath, extra toilet, facing river and on Drive, $100; 3-room, bath apartment, $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 854 (near 158th St.)—Three large rooms, housekeeping apartment; in high-class non-elevator apartment house; $75 a month; immediate possession. Columbus 838.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 768 (146th)—4 rooms, fireproof building; 3 separate entrances; modern decorations. Audubon 6834. Cortlandt 3661.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450 (118th)—High-class 7-room apartments, $2,500; several from choice; immediate possession. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (109th)—High-class elevator apartment, $4,200-$4,500; 9-10 rooms, 3 baths; renovated; immediate. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 200 (corner 86th)—Seven-eight rooms, two-three baths; corner apartment; all rooms facing Drive.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 453-9, 5 and 4 rooms, with large studio room; fireproof elevator building. See superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440—Four rooms, overlooking the Hudson. Apply Superintendent.

TO RENT FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT; NEWLY DECORATED THROUGHOUT; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; $70 MONTHLY. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, 600 ACADEMY ST., 3 BLOCKS FROM DYCKMAN ST. SUBWAY STATION. WADSWORTH 2403.

TWO ROOM APARTMENT.
20 West 10th, all modern improvements, telephone and maid service; lease until October; $65 per month; will consider renting furnished. Phone Miss Conklin, Murray Hill 9351 during business hours, or Stuyvesant 5170 evenings.

WADSWORTH AV., 351 (191st)—4 and 5 room apts.; corner house; block from subway. Phone Wadsworth 2445.

WEST END AV., 348.
Best section city; very modern large front room, bay window; private bath, shower, steam heat; artistically decorated.

WEST END AV., 355—Four rooms, including kitchen, high up, beautiful view of the Hudson; windows face three ways. See Superintendent of building.

WEST END AV., 918 (corner 105th St.)—Two-room apartment, newly decorated; $2,600. Apply Superintendent.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

FORDHAM HEIGHTS Section, Claflin Estate—Seven high-class rooms, bath, sun parlor; garage; every improvement; new two-family detached brick house; convenient to all subways and elevated trains; ideal location; owner occupies other apartment; best reference necessary. Telephone owner after 5, Morningside 0965.

POPHAM AND MONTGOMERY AV.
New building.
4-5-6 rooms, all improvements.
One block west of University Av.
Agent on premises.

HEATH AV., 3004
near 241st St., Broadway subway station, four and five large rooms, all improvements; telephone; southern exposure. Inquire superintendent.

EDISON AV., 1,018—Six and three large light rooms, heat, electricity, bath, all improvements, in three-family house, near subway station. Telephone Westchester 2218.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

7-ROOM apartment, 3 baths, all modern improvements. Apply resting office, Melrose Court, Park Av., 163d St., or Nieuwpatra Co., Inc., 816 Beck 161st.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,863 (Apt. 23)—Sublet, 3 rooms, all outside; lease expires Sept. 30; specially decorated; all improvements. Telephone Tremont 1184.

HOE AV., 1,012—7 large rooms, all improvements, new decorations; immediate possession; block Simpson St. station. Inquire premises.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,403 (at 170th St.)—4 and 5 desirable rooms, in Crystal dwellings. See agent.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS, 179th St., 186 WEST—six rooms; garage; new 2-family house; $120.

LORING PLACE, 1,912 (Corner Burnside Av.)—Five rooms, 6th-8th Av. L subway.

196TH (1,065 Grand Concourse)—Three and four rooms. Apply Supt. on premises. Jerome 5080.

MORRIS AV., 2,011—4-5 rooms, all facing street; elevator apartment. Supt.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS APARTMENTS.
Clinton St., 2 and 3 rooms, $50 & $60.
Columbia Heights, 61 rooms and kitchen.
Henry St., 236—6 rooms and bath, 4th; will be adapted for doctor or dentist.
G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St. Main 9054.

GLENWOOD ROAD, 1,412 (between East 34th and 35th Sts.)—4 rooms with private bath, steam heat, electric light; upper floor of private house. Take Nostrand Av. subway to Flatbush Av. Telephone Mansfield 2425W.

BEAUTIFUL 6-room apartment; garage, new two-family house; latest improvements. 314 Av. N, Brooklyn, block from Ocean Parkway, and Culver

The New York Times
Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an agate line. Per Agate Line.
(Minimum space two lines.)
Situations Wanted..... 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted..... 40c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 45c
Help Wanted..... 50c
Real Estate, &c..... 55c
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For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Thursday. Real Estate and apartments display announcements and advertisements for insertion in the Editorial section by 6 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. today. All other classified advertisements not later than 1 P. M. today.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 5 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

84TH, 58 WEST—Nicely furnished single room; private house; $7.

87TH, 207 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water; also single; elevator. Sharples.

89TH, 140 WEST—Large front room, twin beds, electric; all improvements; reasonable.

89TH ST., 34 WEST—Newly furnished small and large rooms; homelike; improvements.

89TH, 130 WEST—Back parlor, private bath; other rooms; newly furnished; reference.

90TH, 139 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, LAVATORY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

90TH, 338 WEST—Front parlor, attractively furnished; also medium room; bath adjoining.

90TH, 345 WEST—Desirable, large, outside, private bath; kitchenette privilege; also single.

90TH, 200 WEST (Apartment 7I)—Exceptionally well furnished room; running water; references.

90TH, 182 WEST—Large front room, with without bath; also small room.

90TH, 329 WEST—Large sunny front room, kitchenette, steam electricity; $20 week.

91ST WEST—Large sunny outside room, elevator; owner home; gentlemen. Schuyler 8528.

91TH, 58 WEST—Beautifully furnished parlor, light housekeeping, electricity, telephone; owner's residence.

91TH, 234 WEST—Exceptionally large front second-floor beautifully furnished; unexcelled service.

91TH, 235 WEST—Nice, large, sunny room, parquet, electricity, dressing room; gentlemen.

91TH, 20 WEST—Splendid medium sunny room, dressing room, bath floor, telephone.

91TH, 19 WEST—Splendid, large, sunny alcove room, every modern convenience; $14.

91TH, 344 WEST—Single front room; absolutely first class every particular; $10.

91TH ST., 183 WEST—Large room, private bath, kitchenette; business people.

92TH, 812 WEST—Attractive rooms, private baths; apartment; conveniences, electricity, telephone; reasonable.

92TH, 303 WEST—Large room, with bath; also small room; telephone.

92TH, 311 WEST—Beautiful rooms, dressing room, $18-$25; single, $10; references.

92D, 61 WEST—Beautiful room, southern, private bath, twin beds, electricity, reasonable.

92D ST., 259 WEST—Warm, medium-sized room, private washroom; elevator. Apt. 4E.

92D, 64 WEST—Large, sunny room, running water; also single; references.

92D, 257 WEST—Parlor; $12 for two; near bath; gentlemen. Wesley.

93D, 57 WEST (Apt. 1E)—Comfortably furnished room in high-class apartment house; suitable 1 or 2; breakfast and dinner if desired. Phone Riverside 7425.

93D, 264 WEST—Large front room, private house; lavatory, connecting bath; telephone; every convenience; newly decorated and furnished.

96TH, 231 WEST—Large, sunny room; running water, for gentlemen; private family; elevator; breakfast optional. Apt. 7C.

96D ST. (676 West End Av.)—Large, attractive front room, bath adjoining, suitable for two; exclusive, private house.

96D, 200 WEST—Sublet large room and bath; furnished or unfurnished. Superintendent.

96TH, 54 WEST—Well-furnished warm rooms, running water, electricity; second floor; $12; private family; "L," subway. Anderson.

94TH, 45 WEST—Attractive small and large room, southern exposure; private house.

95TH ST., 60 WEST—Newly furnished rooms, kitchenette; parquet floors; electricity; telephone; reasonable.

95TH ST., 108—Comfortable furnished room, modern apartment. Phone after 6:30 Riverside 6764.

95TH, 320 WEST—Comfortable, attractive rooms; Riverside; gentlemen; $7, $9. Apt. 4S.

95TH, 316 WEST—Large, warm front room; subway express; gentleman. Inquire elevator.

95TH ST., 316 WEST—Clean, quiet, cozy room; bachelor apt.; reasonable.

97TH, NEAR BROADWAY—Most desirable double room, absolutely clean; elevator, electricity, homelike, desirable. Riverside 4682.

97TH, 209 W. (B'way)—Exclusive, large, attractive room; gentleman. River. 1953, Apt. 12F.

97TH, 316 WEST—Warm single room, running water, family, $10; references. Brown.

97TH, 300 WEST (near subway)—Attractive, large room, adjoining bath. Riverside 0068.

97TH, 1 WEST (corner Central Park)—Furnished front rooms, steam, elevator; $10.

98TH, 251 WEST—Large, well furnished room, adjoining bath, in modern apartment; rent to gentleman only; private family; no other rooms. Phone Riverside 6725, 9-12, or after 6 o'clock.

98TH ST. (Broadway)—Attractive, large, warm room, modern elevator apartment; suitable two gentlemen; $14; references. Riverside 7362.

98TH, 157 WEST (West End Av.)—Exceptional front parlor and bedroom; private bath.

99TH ST., 309 WEST—Desirable, well-furnished, light, airy room in private family; refined surroundings; exceptional opportunity for business man or woman; permanent room; references required; seen by appointment; $65 a month. Telephone Riverside 2305. Apartment 8C.

99TH, 310 WEST (Riverside Drive)—Two-room suite, single room, modern; all conveniences; reasonable. Winderley.

99TH, 306 WEST—Attractive room, running water, conveniences; subway, elevated; reasonable. Smith.

99TH, 260 WEST—Large and medium-sized rooms; kitchen privileges; reasonable. Thomas.

99TH, 306 WEST (2E)—Comfortable room; running water; homelike; elevator.

100ST, 14 WEST—Beautiful suites and rooms; housekeeping privileges; $8-$14. McNamara.

100TH, 206 WEST—Single, modern; running water; private family; reasonable. Apt. 3I.

100TH, 61 WEST—Single, double rooms, refined, all conveniences, elevator. Apt. 2I.

100TH, 245 WEST—Medium size front room, all improvements; private; one flight; gentlemen. Solly.

100TH ST., 315 WEST—Elegant room, bath adjoining; conveniences; high-class residence.

100TH, 230 WEST—Nicely furnished; private family; Academy 1135. Eaton.

100TH, 3 WEST (Apt. 6)—In refined French family, pleasant medium size room, elevator; references. Phone Academy 1877.

100TH, 3 WEST, Apt. 6, in refined French family pleasant middle size room, elevator; references. Phone Academy 1877.

100TH, 250 WEST (corner Broadway)—Comfortable room, adjoining bath, $7; gentleman. Rogers.

100TH, 259 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large, pretty front room, conveniences; subway; gentleman; no other roomers. Illig. Academy 1746.

100TH ST., 141 WEST—Attractive, large, light, single room with small cultured family; accessible; all conveniences; reasonable. Dresler.

100TH ST., 112 WEST—Front room, private family. Apartment 2A. Academy 1117.

101TH, 201 WEST (corner 7th Av.)—4 beautiful furnished, warm, connecting front and back parlors; kitchen privileges all modern improvements; $110 monthly. Higgins.

101TH, 311 WEST—Housekeeping accommodations, $7; couple $11; modern apartment. Rodgers.

102TH ST., 338 WEST—Room, adjoining bath; newly decorated; every convenience; no other roomers. Apt. 8A. Cathedral 7820.

102TH, 611 WEST—Attractive, newly furnished single, double rooms; elevator. 2 Northwest.

102TH, 552 WEST—Newly furnished room, reasonable; refined gentleman. Apt. 2J.

102TH, 604 WEST—2 delightful connecting rooms, private; Allen, Cathedral 6710.

103TH, 621 WEST—Private house; large, well-furnished room; large private bath.

103TH, 561 WEST—Attractive, large front room; electricity, phone; $10. Thone.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

114TH, 251 WEST—Large, attractive, facing park; all conveniences; elevator; $12. Fischer.

115TH, 415 WEST—Large, sunny front room for two; reasonable, modern. Parson.

116TH, 404 WEST—Large, attractive, single room, $8; private; elevator. Apt. 5A.

116TH ST., WEST (Columbia University neighborhood)—Single room, adjoining bath, for business man desiring a home of refinement; no other roomers. Phone Cathedral 5688.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL). ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

120TH, 109 WEST—Gentleman only, beautiful room in private home; reference required.

121ST, 501 WEST (Morningside Heights)—Attractive all-year location, near restaurants, parks, Columbia University and all transportation; artistically furnished rooms and suites, all sizes and exposures, some with running water or exclusive kitchen privileges; $8 to $25 weekly; showers; parlors, dancing; references required; excellent dining room. Hostesses: Mrs. Young, Miss Williams. Telephone Morningside 4850.

121ST, 320 WEST—Large front room, beautifully furnished; kitchen privileges. Apt. 6Z.

121ST, 322 WEST—Attractive, double rooms, piano; reasonable; ladies. Apt. 21.

122D ST., 620 WEST—Attractive south room, adjoining bath; private Christian family; Columbia neighborhood; gentleman; references. Tel. Morningside 3677, Apt. 4S.

122D, 620 WEST—Two spacious, sunlit, handsomely furnished, newly decorated combination bedroom, sitting room; kitchen privileges; high-class, full service apartment house; references. Apply Supt.

122D, 521 WEST—Attractive front room, large, sunny; private family. Apt. 4I.

122D, 520 WEST (Apt. 6D)—Attractive outside room; splendid view; elevator.

124TH, 557 WEST—Single room, near bath; elevator apartment; reasonable; gentleman. Karlson.

126TH, 308 WEST—Large front room, bedroom adjoining; running water; $12; references.

128TH, 630 WEST—Home-like room, private family; all conveniences; elevator. Apt. 3I.

126TH, 607 WEST—Sunny, warm room, near subway, Riverside; gentleman; $6.50. Thomas.

127TH, 632 WEST (Apt. 9)—Sunny room, private lavatory; single, double; reasonable.

129TH, 508 WEST—Nicely furnished room; steam heat, electricity, elevator; two in family; no other roomers. Apt. 2S.

131ST (87 Hamilton Place)—Large comfortable outside room, two gentlemen; elevator. Crawford.

131ST ST., 505 WEST (Apt. 14)—Large, comfortable, outside room; only roomer.

143D, 506 WEST—Beautiful sunny living room, bedroom; piano; reasonable; private; elevator; references. Apart. 5S. Audubon 1180.

145TH (253 Edgecombe Av.)—Large rooms, newly decorated; suitable office; opposite park.

156TH, 550 WEST (Broadway)—Large, handsomely furnished room; refined apartment; all night elevator and telephone; references. Apt. 44. Story.

157TH, 544 WEST—Exceptional room, bath adjoining; one-two gentlemen. Apartment 82.

158TH (961 St; Nicholas Av., Apt. 2Z)—Neatly furnished; conveniences; private family

159TH ST., WEST (corner 5,510 Broadway)—Front room, newly furnished. Telephone. Apt. 8F.

164TH, 548 WEST—Comfortable room adjoining bath; telephone, electricity; congenial; moderate. Strauss.

169TH, 600 WEST—Handsome parlor suite, double room, next bath. Apartment 31.

182D, 601 WEST (Apt. 42)—Attractive room, southern exposure; convenient; electricity, telephone.

SEDGEWICK, 1 AVE.—Beautiful room, private bath, telephone; excellent meals; two $30. Perry.

WEST END AV., 896 (104th)—Ideal Jewish home offers exceptional accommodation; superior food; individual service to discriminating guests. Phone Academy 2165.

132 WEST END AV. (95th)—Are you looking for bright, warm, single, double room, running water, reasonable; excellent food; opposite outdoor skating rink?

Brooklyn.

PARK PLACE, 169 (Brooklyn)—Both subways; newly decorated room with board for two; steam heated; electricity; references; telephone.

COUNTRY BOARD.

THE ELMWOOD HOTEL, East Orange, N. J., 35 minutes from N. Y. D., L. & W. R. R., offers reduced rates from Jan. 1; room and bath, with meals, one person, $21; two persons, $35; suites of two rooms and bath for three persons, $75 up; telephones and baths in all of 100 rooms; first-class table. Phone Orange 1461.

SUNSET LODGE,
Beach 50th and Surf Av.
Sea Gate, Norton's Point, N. Y. Harbor.
Comfortable steam-heated rooms, with or without bath; 45 minutes Times Sq., 35 minutes Chambers St., municipal subway; reasonable. Phone Coney Island 1271.

MOUNT VERNON (102 Summit Av.)—One single, one double room; steam heat; private family; 8 minutes to station.

LAKEWOOD health resort; refined clients. Address Troy Cottage, 426 3d St., Lakewood.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

407TH, 74 WEST — Large, attractive front room; bath adjoining; exceptional location; $40.

73D, 42 WEST—Exceptional front studio basement, bath, closets, electricity, phone; reasonable.

73D ST., 43 WEST—LARGE ROOM AND BATH.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

FROM daily advertising and other sources I constantly have calls for rooms; registration $2; commission 1-3 week's rent. DANIEL SHONE, 1,006 BROADWAY.

REFINED business girl wants room, $6; use kitchenette or share apartment with girl, around 72d St. A 244 Times.

COUPLE desire furnished room and bath, West side, 85th to 115th; will pay $14 week. A 171 Times.

YOUNG man wants room, centrally located, modern conveniences. H 353 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED

East Side.

30TH ST. (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Rutledge, for ladies; one room and meals from $18 up; elevator, telephone, &c.; full hotel service; newly decorated.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 26th)—Attractive room; excellent table; references.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST—Large room, private bath; southern exposure; also single room.

706, WEST—In highest class apartment; meals optional; subway express. Columbus 1045.

72D, 260 WEST—Suite of two large rooms and bath; excellent table.

73D ST. (corner, 279 West End Av.)—The William Henry, overlooking river and Schwab mansion; elegantly appointed suites or rooms with private baths; excellent table. Phone 7478 Schuyler.

74TH ST., 164-166 WEST (Marbury Hall)—Most exclusive American-plan hotel in New York; one 4-room, one 5-room apartments; also room and bath; now available. Columbus 3296.

76TH ST., 9 WEST—Miss Edwards (formerly 63 West 56th), sunny room; references.

76TH, 6 WEST—Elegant large, also medium sized rooms; bath adjoining; refined Jewish boarding house; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

76TH, 114-132 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors; tastefully furnished; steam heat.

80TH, 144 WEST—Attractive large, small rooms, electricity; table guests; reasonable; references.

80TH, 143 WEST—Large, warm room; private bath; single room; home-like; references.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Spacious parlors, lounge, steam heat; rooms, single, en suite.

83D, 9 WEST—Large, well furnished double room, second floor; excellent table.

87TH, 201 WEST—Truly superior residence, outside rooms; excellent chef and service; select clientele; home comforts; telephone each room; elevator; $20 up; American plan.

83D ST., 507 WEST—Large front room, twin beds; small room; home cooking. Apt. 3.

85TH ST., 65 WEST — Nicely furnished, large rooms; all conveniences; reasonable; switchboard.

106D, 239 WEST (The Rutherford)—Double, single front rooms, $12; meals, hotel.

108TH, 330 WEST — Two beautiful rooms, overlooking Hudson and Drive; excellent table.

118TH, 151 WEST—Double room, private bath; also single; excellent table.

120TH, 128 WEST—Double room; modern house; good Jewish table. University 1385.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT-SECRETARY.

Fifteen years thorough training and experience; initial salary $40. G 371 Times.

ART student desires studio desk space, return part services. H 311 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced control accounts, trial balance, also typewriting; salary $30. D 251 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, French, returned from Paris with all new "Spring models"; appreciated work, $12 up. 502 West 122d St., Apt. 21. Tel. Morningside 6020.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted by a reduced Canadian lady, position as housekeeper; competent to take entire charge of house and servants; or as companion, chaperon to young ladies; highest references, socially and as to character. Address Mrs. G. S., care General Post Office, Toronto, Canada.

KINDERGARTNER will take care of children, 10-5; also nights. Riverside 8756.

LADY, distinguished family, trustworthy as companion to lady or girl, age 40. Cathedral 9, speak Italian, French, German, English, would undertake duties in America or Europe, January or later; references. Write full particulars. X 2175 Times Annex.

LADY, refined, educated, speaking English, French, Spanish, Portuguese, seeks position with American family, lady's maid and companion; references. L. P., 130 West 80th St.

LAUNDRESS, Swedish, wishes family washing at home. Freedson, 108 East 92d. Phone 9070.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

NURSE, registered, middle-aged, day, part day. Box 141, 852 Columbus Av.

SECRETARY, correspondent, stenographer, valuable assistant, managerial experience; $35. D 707 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, conscientious, refined, high school graduate; moderate salary; best references. Box 402, 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced, part time position. H. B., 49 7th St., City. D 698 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent; high school education; A1 references. A 216 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, educated 8 years' experience; best references. L 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER takes dictation 150 words; willing, efficient, hard worker. J 595 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, English woman, 10 years' institutional experience, requires responsible position; would teach; Colonial testimonials. A 222 Times.

WOMAN, refined, educated, 24, desires position where loyalty, sincerity and determination to success can offset business experience. G 381 Times.

WOMAN, capable, wishes position as housekeeper where she could take entire charge. X 2139 Times Annex.

West Side.

121ST, 414 WEST (near Columbia)—Rooms and board; table guests; home cooking. Kazis.

163D, 560 WEST (corner Broadway)—Attractive outside room, excellent table, homelike, private family; reasonable. Apt. 22, 6206 Wadsworth.

EVELYN LODGE—A truly superior charming Winter residence, 56 sunny outside rooms, lovely furnishings, excellent chef and service; select clientele; home comforts; 14 years one management; 25 min. downtown N. Y.; weekly, $18 up with meals; booklet. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Tel. 379 Tompkinsville.

LOWER 508 (AT 87TH AV.)—2-ROOM SUITE FOR 4 OR 5 ADULTS; EXCELLENT TABLE; ELEVATOR; STEAM HEAT, PRIVATE BATH; ALSO SINGLE ROOMS. PHONE RIVERSIDE 7825.

MANHATTAN AV., 312 (corner 118th)—Apt. 3, large front room, conveniences; piano.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549—Cozy rooms, bath, telephone; excellent meals; two $30. Perry.

WEST END AV., 896 (104th)—Ideal Jewish home offers exceptional accommodation; superior food; individual service to discriminating guests. Phone Academy 2165.

132 WEST END AV. (95th)—Are you looking for bright, warm, single, double room, running water, reasonable; excellent food; opposite outdoor skating rink?

Brooklyn.

PARK PLACE, 169 (Brooklyn)—Both subways; newly decorated room with board for two; steam heated; electricity; references; telephone.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

WOMAN, educated, wants position as governess or companion to small children. X 2244 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, Swiss-French teacher, music, French, Italian, English, German, experience, one year Red Cross, wishes position as teacher or private secretary to lady; willing to travel. H 382 Times.

YOUNG LADY desires position, assistant bookkeeper and clerical worker; high school graduate, $15. Y. Shore, 9 East 96th.

YOUNG WOMAN of refinement and education, good housekeeper, desires position with private family; references. H 282 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Junior, New York University senior; four years' active bookkeeping; rapid, accurate, ambitious. B 606 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, university graduate; four years' bookkeeping experience. H 290 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 22, college student, desires connection with C. P. A. X 2258 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, with certified experience; university graduate. H 380 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—(27) married, Christian, 10 years' experience also stenography and typewriting; capable taking full charge; first-class references. B 732 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, knowledge double entry systems, trial balance, statements; four years' experience; $25. Samuel Schiffman, 851 Hunts Point Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer (28), married; 12 years' experience; can take full charge; highest credentials; $35. Saland, 1637 Park Ave.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 22, evening college student, four years' experience; reliable, accurate; best references. X 2272 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, ten years' experience, salary $30 week, married. A 174 Times.

BOY, American, bright, reliable, best reference; some experience. B 700, Times Downtown.

BUTLER, Spanish, speaks English, Italian; intelligent, young and good appearance; references. L. Crespo, 100 West 115th St.

CASHIER, bookkeeper's assistant, timekeeper, 28, Christian, honest and reliable; good penmanship, quick and accurate at figures; $22-$25; A1 references. H 371 Times.

CASHIER, bookkeeper, restaurant, hotel experience, wishes position. M 529 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, thoroughly experienced all cars, foreign, domestic, with over ten years' experience as mechanic and expert driver; best of city references, neat, careful, desires position city or country. Andrews, Watkins 3223. 205 7th Av.

CHAUFFEUR—Swiss-American, expert mechanic and chauffeur; 15 years of experience; excellent references; U. S. and Europe. G. Wollman, care Automobile Club, 248 West 55th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC — Would like to place my chauffeur, whom I could recommend in every way, before leaving country. Phone Dr. Ferrara, Plaza 1740, Hotel Plaza, Room 107.

CHAUFFEUR, 40, married, expert driver, mechanic, 23 years' experience, excellent private references. Man, 26 West 81st. Riverside 4427-J.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, Rolls-Royce, Crane, Pierce, &c.; expert ignition man; 12 years' A1 references; city or shop. Ist Class concern. Kuypers, 1,046 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, single; wishes private position; best of reference. Edward Cery, 66 Bennett Ave., Yonkers. Phone Yonkers 5028.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, experienced mechanic, wishes position, private family, in country or shop. Ist Class; 1545 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, refined, neat; position private; 8 years' experience. Mahoney, 15 West 106th.

CHAUFFEUR—Colored, neat, long experience, careful driver; $25 week. Smith, 6006 Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR—5 years' experience, Locomobile, Cadillac; city or country; best reference. Box 140, 852 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, eight years' private reference. Jorns, 563 West 50th. Circle 721.

CLUB MANAGER—Refined gentleman, married, no encumbrance, responsible, tactful; can assume all details management any high-class town or country club. A. S. Ames, Whitehall, N. Y.

COOKS, houseman, butler, by three Chinese, experienced and reliable; best references. Canal 0765. D. Degere Sr., Kochin.

ESTIMATOR, canvasser, supervise new, alterations, all building lines. A 142 Times.

GARDENER superintendent wants to take charge of well-kept estate, only where wide experience and high ability is essential in horticulture, agriculture and landscape; is able to develop new place; long, faithful service with former employers; married. Address H 316 Times.

JAPANESE BUTLER, VALET.
Refined, strong, competent, desires permanent situation; highest references. Kato, 23 W. 65th St.

JAPANESE wishes position general housework; small family, in city; experienced. Phone 8., Plaza 8260.

LAWYER graduated from Italian college who has numerous connections in the Italian colony wishes position in law office. Write Vincent, Box 870, City Hall Station.

SALESMAN (40), with experience, ability, initiative, brim full of confidence and energy, seeks connection with concern of repute; have sold toys, housefurnishings, cutlery, leather goods and fancy jewelry in Middle Suth and Northwest; Christian, American; salary and expenses. X 2196 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, Christian, clean cut, former army officer, now selling cutting-up trade, desires change to staple line less affected by strikes and slumps; excellent record and references. A 186 Times.

SALESMAN, Christian, best references; will handle department for importer. H 316 Times.

SALESMAN, acquainted with cutting-up and woolen jobbing trade; well recommended. P 484 Times.

YOUNG Korean student seeks position; part time; capable of all duties. Young, 204 East 60th.

YOUNG MAN, 26; speaking German, Polish, English; business college graduate; shipping experience; desires position; references. H 385 Times.

YOUNG man, 24, neat appearance, desires clerical position in steamship office; salary secondary; references. D 693 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—Christian, typist, bookkeeper, clerk; best references. D 693 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, willing worker, desires position, anything; advancement. M 507 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school education, intelligent, inexperienced, stock or clerical. A 223 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, wishes position at anything; discharged from army. Irvin Weitmen, 1,634 King's Highway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 20; a conscientious, reliable and hard working young man desires responsible position. J 591 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in hosiery, gloves, wishes inside position. H 388 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, college education, desires opportunity learn business. M 503 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, to take full charge of double entry books, with control and depreciation accounts, make trial balances, annual balance sheet; state in own handwriting age, experience and salary expected; must be able to take at least 100 words per minute simple dictation and transcribe at least 50 words per minute on No. 10 Remington. R 201 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, quick and accurate at figures; give references, salary expected, &c. S 204 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, moderate salary. Call Oscar Kirsch, 56 West 22d.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; salary $25. Acme Agency, 45 William St., N. Y. C.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS.

A large financial institution desires to place several young women, 17 years of age or over, in permanent positions; high school education desirable; hours are short; luncheons are provided free; the starting salary is $12 per week, and many advantages and opportunities for rapid advancement are offered to those who qualify, as all advanced positions in the company are filled by promotion; state age, education and experience, if any. S 477 Times.

FORELADY, thoroughly experienced on flat and flaks; infants' wear; excellent opportunity for a capable young lady to take charge of large knitting mill. Needham, 253 Irving Av., Brooklyn.

GENERAL housework, white girl, small family, small apartment; good wages. 615 West 162d St., Apt. 7A.

GIRL, refined, experienced young person, to take care of 1 or 2 children; city reference. Call mornings Mrs. D. Rosenmeckne, 817 West End Av.

HOMEWORKERS

on millinery ornaments; steady work; good pay. Apply Workroom, 1,
METZGER, 37 WEST 38TH ST.

HOUSEKEEPER, trained dietitian for small hospital near New York; write stating age, training experience, giving references and mentioning salary desired. P. O. Box 11, Ardsley-on-Hudson, New York.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, refined, capable, light housework; good cooking; adult family; references. Apply 342 Amity St., Flushing, L. I. Phone Flushing 1257.

HELP WANTED—Female.

HOUSEWORKER wanted by small family residing in apartment in West 95th St.; 2 hours mornings; no washing or cooking. S 1082 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white; small family. Apartment 9, 40 Claremont Av.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white, small family. Apt. 6C, 644 Riverside Drive.

MODELS.

Wholesale dress house; tall, attractive young women, full 16; thoroughly experienced; permanent positions.
C. H. D. ROBBINS CO.,
250 MADISON AV.

MODEL, size 16, for coats and suits. Zuckerman & Bellasy, 130 West 25th.

MODEL, tall, for dresses, size 16. Litwin Brilliant Co., 500 7th Av.

NURSE, competent, for two babies, 18 months and infant; best references required. Call between 11 and 12 or phone Schuyler 7776, Apt 7B.

NURSE, white, for two children 3½ years old and infant; good city references required. Apply in the evening or Sunday afternoon, 607 West End Av., Apt. O.

NURSE, white, for baby 4 years old; references. Brownell, New Gardens Apartments, Richmond Hill 8065.

NURSE, experienced, care 15 months' baby; sleep out. Phone Spring 6760, Courtenaye.

SALESWOMEN, competent, for dresses; Spring season; steady positions. Apply immediately, Mr. Vickers, Wm. Davies & Co., 368 5th Av., corner 34th.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, prominent automobile concern requires thoroughly experienced and competent young lady, familiar with records of sales department; automobile experience preferred; state salary and experience. S 211 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to executive, to take charge of office and sales; must be intelligent, experienced and accurate; unusual opportunity; salary to commence $25. W 825 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—General secretarial and office work in university office; no one without high school education need apply. X 2268 Times Annex.

TEACHER wanted to manage San Francisco office Eastern preparatory school; give full particulars as to experience, &c., in replying. A 196 Times.

TYPIST wanted, with knowledge bookkeeping. Apply between 12 and 1, Gotham Theatre, 139th St. and Broadway.

WOMAN, educated, pleasing personality, executive ability, educational work; commission earnings $35 to $75 weekly to start. B. Thorp, Room 823, 522 5th Av.

WOMEN—Exclusive hosiery shop wants ladies with large acquaintance sell silk hosiery, commission; good opportunity. A 140 Times.

WOMAN for general housework, no objection to child; state wages expected and reference. Robinson, Box 63, Jamaica, N. Y.

YOUNG LADY to represent Fashion Sketch Service to high-class wholesale and retail trade; mornings only; drawing account and commission. S 166 Times.

Employment Agencies.

GIRLS, office, learn switchboard, $12 week; clerk, hotel, laundry, $15 week. Interstate Employment Exchange, 101 West 46th.

Instruction.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN.
Nation-wide demand for trained women; all departments, hotels, clubs, apartment houses; uncrowded field; fine living, quick advancement. Our methods endorsed by leading hotels everywhere. Write for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 122, Washington, D. C.

CANDY MAKING
Taught, all branches; independent; yields big income; unlimited possibilities. IRIDES CONFECTIONS, 25 East 42d St. Plaza 0140.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS

While waiting for permanent employment join us in the sale of the only Explanatory Income Tax Return Service on the market; an intensive eight-week campaign is now on; every taxpayer wants it; liberal commissions, paid daily. Sinclair Murray & Co., Inc., 18 Vesey St.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, age 22 to 25, city position; excellent opportunity; salary $1,200 to start. D 753 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER to take charge advertising department newspaper, near New York; only experienced executive need apply. X 2186 Times Annex.

ASST. FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT, experienced handling help in paper box factory; man who understands production; good opportunity for competent party. 7 West 22d, Room 806.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, general office assistant; preference given to one familiar with import and wholesale floor coverings; good opportunity for party with executive ability. Apply, stating experience and salary expected, L 34 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly capable taking full charge; must have commission house experience. Room 1001, 248 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, garage experience preferred; complete set and financial statements. Letter only, to 150 West 83d.

BOYS.

A large financial institution desires to employ a few boys, 17 years or more of age, who are willing to start at the bottom and earn their own advancement; all advanced positions in the company are filled by promotions and there is opportunity for a good future for any boy who is selected for one of these positions, who will show himself to be earnest and industrious; no experience is necessary; the starting salary is $12 and luncheons are provided free; give full particulars as to age, education and experience, if any. S 306 Times.

CALIBRAE CUTTER wanted; steady job for first class man. X 2183 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR — White, American, experienced, careful; chauffeur and mechanic, at New Rochelle; best of references required; salary $25 week, board and room; one who is willing to do odd jobs around place; state age and experience. X 2285 Times Annex.

CHEMIST—RUBBER

Wanted, a rubber chemist who can make rubber mixtures and analyze simple rubber compounds. A man with experience preferred. High technical training is not essential. Location vicinity of New York City. Applicant will state all particulars concerning age, education, experience and salary expected. Write Box 886, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

CLERK—Young man wanted for office work; in applying give age, education and salary expected. S 248 Times.

CONTRACTORS with equipment to move soil, etc.; in country near city. Browning, 29 West 31st. Schuyler 4675.

CORRESPONDENT, thoroughly experienced in collections, with at least high school education and good knowledge commercial law. If you can consistently answer, give full details as to references, experience, education and salary expected. S 247 Times.

ESTIMATOR and detailer, sash and trim, woodworking mill; good chance for capable man; out of town job; state experience and salary. X 2245 Times Annex.

FOREMAN, thoroughly experienced on flat and flaks, infants' wear; excellent opportunity for a capable man to take charge of a large knitting mill. Needham, 253 Irving Av., Brooklyn.

KNITTER, mechanic, experienced on Raschel machine; $75 start; steady. Trabulsi, 599 Broadway.

MANAGER or salesman, over 40, who has been trained by one of the so-called one-call investment houses, to take charge of our New York office, selling bonds; commission. L. A. Tomlinson & Co., Suite 306-307, 145 West 45st.

MAN, AMERICAN OR BRITISHER, CONSCIENTIOUS, ENERGETIC AND SELF-RELIANT, CAPABLE OF ESTABLISHING AND MANAGING BRANCH OFFICE IN SOUTH AMERICA; SHOULD BE OF GOOD STANDING WITH DRUG TRADE AND HAVE THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF BOTH SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE. WRITE PARTICULARS, WITH COPIES OF CREDENTIALS, TO X 2251 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN to take charge of a soft hat finishing room; out of town; union shop; must have had experience; reference with first answer. Room 408, 13 Astor Pl.

MEN—We have a few openings in one of our electrical departments for high-grade men, between ages of 20 and 30; technical or college men preferred, who have executive ability; write, stating age, education, previous experience and salary expected. S 231 Times.

NEWSPAPER EXPERT to take entire charge classified advertising in paper near city; only experienced, practical executive. X 2183 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK, first-class, capable of handling fine glass and chins. S 203 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and clerk, one with initiative; railroad experience preferred; salary $100 monthly. D 720 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, experienced, wanted for sweater house; also taking charge of filling orders; must be a live wire and fully experienced; answer by mail; state salary. W 319 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MEN.

We have openings for single men between the ages of 19 and 25 years to learn the installation of telephone switchboards; no experience necessary; good pay while learning. Apply by letter only.

N. W., 111 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN (2), between 20 and 25 years of age, in railroad accounting office, one for permanent and one for temporary position; those having experience in railroad disbursement and general accounts preferred; reply in own handwriting, giving age, full particulars as to experience, salary expected and reference. W 825 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, ground 40 years of age, unmarried preferred, as private secretary to a gentleman of affairs; must have had experience in this capacity and understand double entry bookkeeping; best personal references and good personality essential. Address, giving full particulars, S 144 Times.

YOUNG MAN, expert stenographer and familiar with clerical work, to assist manager of branch sales office; big sales future for one who qualifies; business hosiery and underwear; Christian firm; salary to start $25; write full details. T 219 Times.

YOUNG MAN to connect with a concern that places chattel mortgages on automobiles, printing plants, &c.; commission. Jacob Cash, Auctioneer, 299 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, clean-cut, between ages of 19-25, wanted as stenographer by Christian firm; salary $25 week, with early advancement. H 360 Times.

YOUNG MAN typist for billing and other office details; salary $15; write full details. T 220 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 25 years, to live on yacht to act as watchman and must eat on board; keep boat clean. A 242 Times.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING salesman; live wire; experienced; future for hustler; substantial commission. Call this morning or Monday, 706 Broadway, Room 611.

CLOTHING SALESMEN.
100 EXPERIENCED MEN
CAN SECURE GOOD POSITIONS
BY APPLYING AT ONCE.
WALLACH BROS.,
265 BROADWAY.
BROADWAY, COR

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

15 cents a word each insertion.

Bank and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

REPUTABLE FIRM will advance money on unlisted securities of merit, and foreign exchange; reasonable and advantageous terms. V 719 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE: Christian; will invest $5,000, with service; established concern. D 698 Times Downtown.

LOANS on chattel mortgages or other good collateral. N. Y. Finance Brokerage, 67 West 125th. Harlem 905.

CAPITAL WANTED.

A REPUTABLE paper manufacturing concern offers a rare opportunity to a capable business man who can invest $25,000 to $35,000; full information and investigation to the right party. X 2262 Times Annex.

WAIST MANUFACTURER has proposition for man with $7,500-$10,000 to invest in a well-established business. X 2276 Times Annex.

OLD ESTABLISHED manufacturing concern seeking partner with capital from $20,000 to $30,000. S 212 Times.

WANT $500-$1,000 for 3 months; monthly payments on good endorser. D 717 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

MANUFACTURER agents and distributors, Virginia territory, will represent responsible manufacturers of various lines of merit; established office, fully qualified for executive as well as sales end of business; replies must contain full details. Seaboard Ship Supply Co., Haddington Bldg., Norfolk, Va.

ACCOUNTANTS, ATTENTION!
Well-established firm of accountants will purchase clientele of retiring accountants. Address 1042 Times, 2 Rector St.

ACCOUNTANT, well established, will purchase clientele of practicing accountant. Write Room 629, Tribune Building.

FOR SALE.

WOULD you buy a big paying medium sized department store catering to over 350,000 people if the present owner could show that he made over $100,000 out of this business and was forced to retire due to health? Stock, fixtures and store building reasonably priced for quick action; you will have to come and see for yourself and talk business to get this proposition. Address P. O. 253, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.

PASSENGER CHASSIS.
Brand new, in original crates, 114-inch wheelbase, 5 wire wheels, high tension magneto, Zenith carburetor, &c.
PRICE HALF OF MANUFACTURING COST.
Associated Motors Corporation,
1,926 Broadway, at 64th St.

200 FEET on main street, on two corners, in heart of village, most desirable for stores or moving picture theatre, for sale at $50 per foot less than market price. Lorenzo, 5 Grand Av., Baldwin, L. I. Tel. Freeport 1048.

PHONOGRAPH store, central shopping location, handling standard and other makes; fully equipped with record booths; must sell immediately; exceptional opportunity. Eastern Talking Machine Co., 11 East 14th St.

SANITARY shop, fitted with 46 sewing machines, equipped complete with modern machinery, 16 months ago, for making men's fine coats; will sell cheap; low rent and low rate insurance. W 500 Times Downtown.

LADIES' SHOE STORE.
Broadway, uptown; excellent location; large stock up-to-date styles and lasts; price $15,000; half or controlling interest if desired. X 899 Times Downtown.

TIMES SQUARE—21-year lease for sale, $13,000; five-story building; rent $4,000; after alterations will net $15,000 yearly; investigate quickly. Lewis Rosenthal, 1,540 Broadway.

CARPENTER, electrical shop; good income; Broadway location; no competition; owner sick; opportunity good, live man. S 115 Times Harlem.

CLOTHING STORE, ready made and to order, excellent location, splendid opportunity for good tailor. Inquire 568 West 125th St., cor. Broadway.

WELL established men's pants and boys' suit business for sale; does big volume of business; would consider partner. X 2223 Times Annex.

WHY waste your spare time? $400 buys established business; stands strictest investigation; substantial earning capacity. Millard, 400 Broadway.

COMPLETE dress plant for sale with 14 machines; very light loft; act quick. M 869 Times.

COMPLETE cloak and suit plant with lease; low rent. Inquire Spitzer, 37 5th Av. Stuyvesant 1784.

DRESSMAKING establishment on Fifth Av. for sale, high class, established 20 years; price $15,000. Write Box Y C, 1358 B'way.

MILLINERY STORE, finest Broadway section, to be sold on account of illness. M. W. 893 Times.

FOR SALE—Men's furnishing store, located on one of Brooklyn's busy corners. X 2231 Times Annex.

WELL-ESTABLISHED stationery, paper and twine business; best location; bargain. H 802 Times.

SMALL investment will start you in a going hair net business. L 65 Times.

CLOAK SHOP, complete, bargain. 208 Fulton St., top floor.

SODA FOUNTAIN and back bar for sale; bargain. 338 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

8,000 BROADWAY, near 162d St., desirable store; great future.

BUSINESS LOANS.

EMERGENCY FINANCING — Our clientele includes many successful and respected merchants; jewelry collateral only; large or small amounts; strictly legal rates. L. E. Lennon & Co. (Est. 1875), 412 6th Av., at 26th St. Tel. Watkins 4180.

NOTICE TO READERS.
The New York Times maintains a certain censorship over its advertising columns, but it, despite this fact, a reader has doubts as to the reliability of a particular announcement, The Times will appreciate such information as will enable it to make investigation.—Advt.

ADVERTISEMENT.

RHEUMATIC ACHES RELIEVED

THE racking, agonizing rheumatic ache is relieved by applying Sloan's Liniment freely. *It penetrates without rubbing.*

For forty years, folks all over the world have used Sloan's pain and ache liniment. Ask your neighbor.

Sloan's Liniment is clean and non-skin-staining.

Keep Sloan's handy for those sudden and unexpected attacks of neuralgia, lumbago, sciatics, lame back, stiff joints, sprains and strains, bruises, cold-weather after-effects.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, $1.40.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

EMPLOYERS REOPEN GARMENT SHOPS

Complying With Justice Wagner's Order, Manufacturers Offer Old Jobs to Strikers.

WILL FIGHT AGREEMENT

Appeal to Be Pushed—They Welcome Federal Inquiry Proposed by Hoover and Davis.

Complying with the decision of Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner, the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association announced last night that the shops of its members were open to the 55,000 workers in the women's garment industry who went on strike about eight weeks ago. The manufacturers, however, do not admit that they are bound by the terms of the so-called agreement of 1919, and they will contipue to fight to the last ditch their employes who are seeking through the courts to compel the manufacturers to abide by that agreement.

The announcement of the manufacturers' willingness to take back their employes concluding a strike precipitated when the members of the association sought to place the workers on a piece-work basis, was made at the headquarters of the association in the Textile Building last evening at the same time that the association made public the text of a letter to Secretary of Commerce Hoover and Secretary of Labor Davis, expressing their willingness to take back the workers.

Employers on Public Opinion.

Soon after the text of this letter was handed out by the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, its President, Louis Lustig, said: "Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, knows the value of publicity and publicity has created the public opinion which we have no intention of opposing."

The letter to Secretaries Hoover and Davis follows:

New York, Jan. 13, 1922.

Hon. Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce;
Hon. James J. Davis, Secretary of Labor,
Washington, D. C.

Sirs:

I have for acknowledgment your communication of the 11th inst. The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association is in absolute accord with every expression therein contained. It is unqualifiedly in favor of a commission to investigate thoroughly the conditions in the cloak, suit and skirt industry and trusts that one will be appointed in the immediate future to the end that its report will not be long delayed and that its findings and conclusions will not only constitute, but will be accepted as the basis for future contracts between the unions and the employers and that they will result in a lasting peace in the garment-making industry.

Since receiving your communication, Justice Wagner of the Supreme Court of New York has handed down a decision from which we have been advised to, and from which we feel in duty bound to appeal. The appeal has been set for argument for the 24th inst.

Pending such appeal we must comply with the terms of the decision; whatever we now do we are compelled to do pursuant to the directions therein contained and not otherwise. The member of our association will open their shops and resume operations under the conditions as therein set forth immediately.

We will do everything in our power to co-operate with the commission appointed by you, knowing its study of the requirements of the industry will be exhaustive and complete and honing that it will bring about the result so much desired by all concerned.

Very truly yours,
LOUIS LUSTIG,
Chairman, Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association.

When the letter of the manufacturers to Secretaries Hoover and Davis was read to Mr. Schlesinger and he was asked whether the workers would be instructed to return to their jobs, he said he must decline to make any comment, because the document was "framed by clever lawyers" and because he desired to lay it before the Executive Committee of the union before making any announcement on behalf of the garment workers.

MELLON DENIES STORY OF $10,000,000 DEPOSIT

Secretary Says Money Belonged to Grain Corporation, Which Did Not Have to Report.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The publication of a report that th United States Treasury had recently discovered on deposit in a bank in New York City $10,000,000 of Government funds of which there was no record brought a denial today from Secretary Mellon. The money belonged to the United States Grain Corporation, which was fully aware of its existence, but had not made a report to the Treasury, as the law under which the corporation was created does not compel it to do so.

The situation arose when Congress adopted legislation on Dec. 22 which authorized the President to spend "out of the funds of the United States Grain Corporation" a sum not exceeding $20,000,000 for the relief work in Russia.

The Grain Corporation is an independent corporation, organized under the auspices of the United States Food Administration during the war period, and the Treasury had no control over its funds. It is now liquidating its accounts. When the act for Russian relief was adopted the Grain Corporation had on deposit with the Treasury about $7,000,000, and, according to Secretary Mellon, "it was the Treasury's understanding that this constituted substantially all of its available funds."

This made it appear that there was not sufficient money for the relief work and that Congress would have to adopt legislation making an additional appropriation. This condition was brought to the attention of the Grain Corporation, which then announced that it had on deposit in a New York bank approximately $12,000,000 which had never been reported to the Treasury.

"This is not a Treasury deposit," said Secretary Mellon today, "and the Treasury is not able to even enforce its transfer to the Treasury."

WELCOME AWAITS TROOPS.

Whalen to Greet Men on Storm-Tossed Transport Due Today.

According to the last report received from the army transport Crook by wireless yesterday she was making ten knots 128 miles east of Ambrose Lightship at noon, and her Captain expected to reach Quarantine during the night. The Saint Mihiel, which went out to meet her when endangered by the storm, was keeping her company.

The 900 soldiers returning from Coblenz will be met by the Mayor's Welcome Committe on the John F. Hylan with the police band. Grover S. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structure, will greet the soldiers on behalf of the Mayor, who has invited relatives of the men to go down the bay on the Hylan. When the troops land at 9 o'clock today they will be greeted by representatives of welfare committees which served in the war. Arrangements also have been made to look after the thirty war brides on their arrival.

NECKLACE MYSTERY STILL SHIELDS BUYER

Many Prominent Men Suggested as Purchasers of $825,000 String of Pearls.

BOTH SIDES SILENT IN SUIT

Cartier, Inc., Sued Over Sales Price, Denies There Is Any Special Reason to Hide Patron's Name.

Reports were common yesterday in the jewelry trade as to who bought the pearl necklace from Cartier, Inc., for $825,000, according to one version, or $1,500,000, according to another, and which has caused suit to be brought against the jewelry concern by V. and L. Benguiat, who shared in the sale. Nobody could be found who was able to give substantial reasons for the contention that any reported purchaser was the real one.

There probably are only a few men in the country who could afford to spend $1,000,000 at present for a necklace. Most of the wealthy men who have figured in the past as being interested in precious stones were on yesterday's list, and, although each jewel expert was certain that his information was correct, there were hardly any two who guessed alike.

One suggestion which reached the ears of Cartier yesterday, that the purchaser could not, for embarrassing personal reasons, permit his name to become known, was emphatically denied. It was said that the only reason Cartier could not disclose th name was that its business ethics, as between firm and client, prevented revealing who bought from the house, unless the buyer specifically suggested that the sale be made known. It was said that the purchaser in this case was made for the purchaser's family and that there was no reason for concealment.

David Leventritt, attorney for the Benguiats, and Maurice Leon of counsel for Cartier maintained silence following the disclosures in the complaint and the public reply made by the lawyers for the jewelers.

It was said that there was a slight misconception due to a portion of th Cartier statement having been omitted before being made public. One of the charges made by Benguiat was that Cartier had neglected to inform him for many months that the necklace had been sold in June, and that it was not until November that a statement of the sale and incidental expenses was furnished. Benguiat was out of the country at the time of the sale, a representative of Cartier said, and as the jewelry firm did not have his address and he had no representative in this country, there was no way to notify him until he returned in the Fall.

The source of the jewels was also as much of a mystery yesterday as the day before. Cartier knows but won't tell, and Benguiat also refused to disclose where he got the gems. Jewel experts said that the Benguiats long had been known as dealers in antiques and art objects, but that they never had been known before to handle gems of great value. Vitali Benguiat, who brought the pearls to this country, is an importer of rare rugs from the East, and it was said to have been possible that on one of these trips he found the necklace in the hands of the Bolsheviki or other Russians who did not know how to dispose of it for anything near actual value.

ASSOCIATE EXPLORER ASSAILS STEFANSSON

Charges Extravagance in Arctic Expedition — Demands for a Canadian Government Inquiry.

OTTAWA, Jan. 13 (Associated Press).—Demands for a thorough governmental inquiry into Vilhjalmur Stefansson's official expedition to the Arctic and the loss of the Karluk, with eleven of her crew, have been made, it was learned tonight, by members of the explorer's party.

The publication of "The Friendly Arctic" by Stefansson, leader of the expedition, which was financed by the Dominion Government, has brought to a head friction which apparently existed among members of the party from the outset.

Dr. R. M. Anderson, geologist, now Acting Chief of the Biological Division, Department of Mines, was in charge of the southern party which was engaged in scientific work in the extreme northern land of Canada, while Stefansson himself lead the northern party, which was assigned to explore the unknown wastes of Beaufort Sea.

Dr. Anderson declared today that "friction started at the time Mr. Stefansson informed members of the expedition that he had sold out the newspaper rights of both parties."

"The men were not allowed to write home, except through Ottawa," Dr. Anderson said, "and were not allowed to send telegrams to their relatives. The feeling spread among the men that a supposedly scientific expedition was really a newspaper and magazine exploiting enterprise."

Dr. Anderson also charged Mr. Stefansson with endeavoring to change the whole conduct of the expedition as outlined in orders from the Government and with pursuing a policy of wild extravagance. The expedition, Dr. Anderson asserted, was supposed to cost $75,000, but actually cost more than $500,000.

PROSECUTOR WOULD BRAND CRIMINALS

Favors a Mark on Forearm, District Attorney Ruston Tells Kings Grand Jurors.

District Attorney John E. Ruston of Kings County, recently appointed by Governor Miller to fill the place vacated when Harry E. Lewis was elected a Justice of the Supreme Court, declared last night that he was in favor of the branding and deportation of alien criminals. He made this statement at a special meeting of the Kings County Grand Jurors' Association, held to discuss the following question: "The Criminal Element Among Our Aliens in This Country."

"I am in favor of placing a tattoo mark on the body of alien criminals so that when an alien criminal is deported he cannot find his way back into this country under another name," said District Attorney Ruston. "I am in favor of branding the alien criminal. In some parts of Europe the brand is placed upon the forearm, where it is not conspicuous and would be covered by the clothing of the person branded. I think this would be a good place to put it."

District Attorney Ruston urged the cooperation of State and Federal authorities in dealing with alien criminals, and said that records of aliens who commit crimes should be compiled separately.

MRS. HARBAUGH KILLED.

Wife of Fox Film Official Meets Instant Death in Sled Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Frances Lawson Harbaugh, wife of Carl Lee Harbaugh, Managing Director of the Fox Film Corporation of New York, was instantly killed and Miss Clyata Engle of 320 Niagara Street, Buffalo, N. Y., was seriously injured in a coasting accident here last night.

Miss Engle was a guest of Mrs. Harbaugh at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Bouis of Mount Washington, a suburb. The young women were on a single sled, which Mrs. Harbaugh was guiding. As they approached the bottom of a hill the sled veered toward a stone wall. In trying to keep away from this Mrs. Harbaugh turned the sled too far and it struck a telephone pole. Mrs. Harbaugh's back was broken.

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